

# Kerala Police

Police & Community -  
Activity Report - 2018

IN CHARGE.  
IN COMMAND.









KERALA POLICE















































## CREDITS

Kerala Police extends it's heartfelt thanks to the Honourable Chief Minister of Kerala and Minister for Home & Vigilance, Sri. Pinarayi Vijayan for his unflicking leadership and support that has made the publication of this volume a reality.

The State Police Chief, Sri. Loknath Behera IPS for his vision and guidance which resulted in this publication being compiled and prepared in a record span of time.

Inspector General of Police (Crimes), Sri. S. Sreejith IPS for taking on this challenging task of publishing the Activity Book and actively pooling all the resources of the department into this effort, to make it a grand success.

Superintendent of Police, Railways, Smt. Merin Joseph IPS, for writing the content, collating the statistics and data, choosing the photographs, editing and planning the design and layout.

Thanks are also due to all officers of Kerala Police for providing material, department photographers for supplying the beautiful images, SCRB for providing timely statistics, proofreaders and to Ms. Rachana and team of Andmore Creative Solutions Pvt. Ltd. for all their effort in designing the layout.





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## FROM THE DESK OF THE STATE POLICE CHIEF

We in the Kerala Police believe that we are one of the finest Police forces in the country. Why do we think so?

Most importantly, with over 7 lakh First Information Reports (FIRs) in a year, Kerala Police records the highest number of crimes in the country, contributing to 15% of the national share of recorded crimes. Having to cater to less than 3% of India's population, this clearly indicates that the force has effectively ensured that no crime is burked.

Second, of the 7.5 lakh persons that were charge sheeted for various offences in 2016, fewer than 53,000 persons were acquitted or discharged after trial, giving us a conviction rate that is far superior to our peers. This indicates that not only do we register every instance of crime, but also that we investigate and prosecute fairly and professionally.

Third, conscious of the challenge of transforming Policing to suit the needs of a modern democratic society, we have constantly reinvented ourselves. We are proud to administer the largest array of Social Policing Programmes, each carefully crafted to meet the diverse needs of various strata of society. All police stations in Kerala have been designated as "Service Delivery Centres" under the Janamaithri (Community Policing) programme. We have introduced Women Help Desks, Reception Desks, PROs, Sentry/ Guards with pistols in all police stations before any other Police force did that.

Our Child Friendly Police Stations have been rated the best by the UNICEF. We have all Women Police managed Hi-Tech "Pink Patrols" for safety of women. The Student Police Cadet Programme, and a host of other programmes ensure that our next generation is protected and nurtured.

Fourth, over time, we have successfully given up the vestiges of colonial rule. The Kerala Police Act, 2011, the modern Station Security Guard System, and the recently revamped Mob Operation Drills are few significant measures in this regard.

Fifth, Kerala Police has a long tradition of being technology driven. We started this process over ten years ago by ensuring Internet connectivity at all police stations (first in India), and training all Police personnel in the basics of computers. Subsequently, we built the Cyberdome in three cities, Cyber Crime Police Stations in each range, Hi-Tech Cell at the State level and Cyber Cells at all district centres, which are now the pillars on which this infrastructure is built. We have used technology in every sphere of activity. We have brought in the first humanoid Robot. We have the much acclaimed Cyberdomes and we will shortly commence a state-of-the-art Cyber Security and Investigation Division, for the State.

Sixth, we also believe that effective training is an essential ingredient of our improvement process. Towards this end, we have revised both the content as well as the methodology of Police Training. For instance, in the first fifteen days of training, we focus on purely reorienting our trainees and providing them with the human skill sets required of a good Police Officer. No Policing subject is even uttered during this time. The E-Academy, which takes electronic learning to the new level, and multiple scientific advancements in training are significant aspects of this model. Signalling the primacy of training in Policing, 2018 was declared as the year of training and learning ensuring probably for the first time in the history of a force that all Police personnel from the State Police Chief to the Camp Follower underwent some form of training. We covered about 58,000 officials in 2018.

Seventh, we have a legacy of excellent sports teams and sportspersons including Arjuna awardees which has been closely nurtured over time. We have world-class sports infrastructure also.

Eighth, most significantly, we have been fortunate to serve a vibrant, progressive and socially advanced population which strongly understands and believes that in a democracy, the unstinted cooperation of the public is integral to public safety. Little wonder that organisations like Common Cause, and media houses like India Today have consistently recognised us as the Best Performing Police Force in the country.

During the next year, we propose to build on our strengths, learn from our failures, and continually challenge ourselves in the task of ensuring public safety. Given our innate strengths, our industry, social commitment, and a futuristic vision, I am sure that 2019 will see many more laurels come our way.

We are publishing this book "Police & Community – Activity Report – 2018" humbly showcasing our Efforts, Activities & Community Interphase in 2018.

Jai Hind.

Police Headquarters  
Thiruvananthapuram

**Loknath Behera IPS**  
DGP/State Police Chief  
Kerala







CHAPTER 01

CRIME



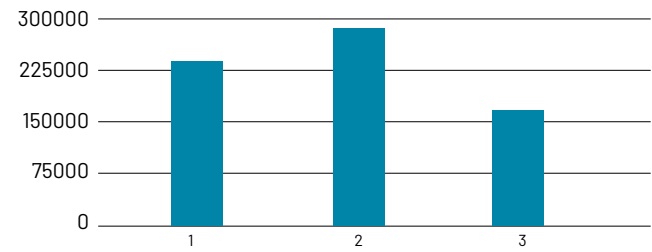
CRIME IN KERALA



A total of 1,87,381 IPC crime cases were reported in Kerala during the year 2018. In 2016, 2,60,097 cases were reported and in 2017, 2,88,731 were reported. Based on the numbers and analysis we can see that there is a decrease of almost 28% in crimes reported during 2018, in comparison to 2016.

|                               |          |          |          |
|-------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|
| Crime Heads                   | 2016     | 2017     | 2018     |
| Total cognizable crimes (IPC) | 2,60,097 | 2,88,731 | 1,87,381 |

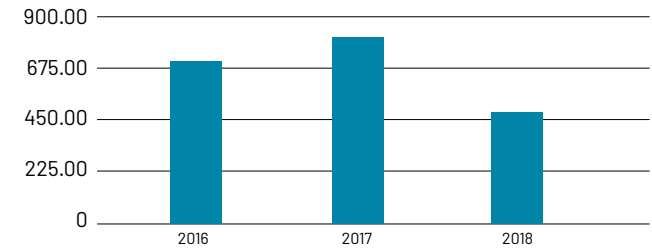
TOTAL COGNIZABLE CRIMES (IPC)



Total IPC crimes shows 9.9% increase in 2017 compared 2016 and 54% decrease in 2018 compared with 2017.



TOTAL IPC CRIMES (Per Lakh Population)



|  |              |          |          |
|--|--------------|----------|----------|
| Crime Heads                            | 2016         | 2017     | 2018     |
| TOTAL IPC CRIMES (Per lakh Population) | 2,60,097     | 2,88,731 | 1,87,381 |
| Population                             | 357.46 lakhs |          |          |

Total IPC crimes per lakh population in 2016 is 727.63, in 2017 is 807.73 and in 2018 is 524.20.  
More than 50% decrease can be seen in 2018.

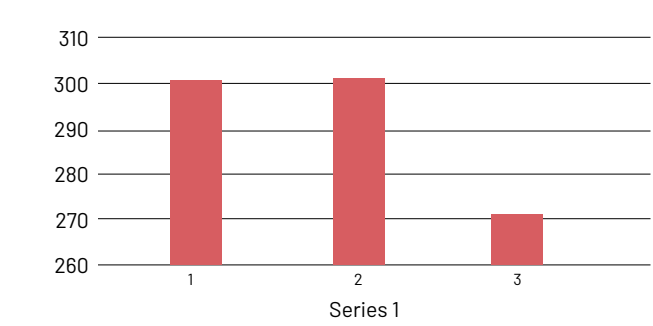
| INCIDENCE OF COGNIZABLE CRIMES UNDER INDIAN PENAL CODE (IPC) UNDER DIFFERENT CRIME HEADS |   |        |        |        |           |           |
|--|---|--------|--------|--------|-----------|-----------|
| SL.No.   | Crime Heads                             | 2016   | 2017   | 2018   | VARIATION |           |
|  |   |        |        |        | from 2016 | from 2017 |
| 1  | Murder                                  | 305    | 305    | 276    | 0.00      | -10.51    |
| 2  | Attempt to commit murder                | 622    | 583    | 673    | -6.69     | 13.37     |
| 3  | CH not amounting to murder              | 132    | 112    | 75     | -17.86    | -49.33    |
| 4  | Rape                                    | 1656   | 2003   | 2015   | 17.32     | 0.60      |
| 5  | Kidnapping & abduction of women & girls | 241    | 293    | 297    | 17.75     | 1.35      |
|  | of others                               | 173    | 184    | 181    | 5.98      | -1.66     |
| 6  | Dacoity                                 | 68     | 109    | 116    | 37.61     | 6.03      |
| 7  | Robbery                                 | 71     | 63     | 68     | -12.70    | 7.35      |
| 8  | Burglary                                | 908    | 807    | 890    | -12.52    | 9.33      |
| 9  | Theft                                   | 2579   | 2380   | 2407   | -8.36     | 1.12      |
|  | Auto theft                              | 3936   | 3844   | 3551   | -2.39     | -8.25     |
|  | Other theft                             | 1294   | 1249   | 1155   | -3.60     | -8.14     |
| 10   | Riots                                   | 2642   | 2595   | 2396   | -1.81     | -8.31     |
| 11   | Criminal breach of trust                | 5089   | 4689   | 4441   | -8.53     | -5.58     |
| 12   | Cheating                                | 274    | 220    | 175    | -24.55    | -25.71    |
| 13   | Counterfeiting                          | 4623   | 4433   | 4602   | -4.29     | 3.67      |
| 14   | Arson                                   | 43     | 25     | 42     | -72.00    | 40.48     |
| 15   | Hurt                                    | 554    | 405    | 303    | -36.79    | -33.66    |
| 16   | Hurt                                    | 17388  | 20323  | 15977  | 14.44     | -27.20    |
| 17   | Dowry deaths                            | 25     | 12     | 16     | -108.33   | 25.00     |
| 18   | Molestation                             | 4029   | 4413   | 4589   | 8.70      | 3.84      |
| 19   | Sexual harassment                       | 328    | 421    | 460    | 22.09     | 8.48      |
| 20   | Cruelty by husband or relatives         | 3455   | 2856   | 2048   | -20.97    | -39.45    |
|  | Other IPC Crimes                        | 213839 | 240544 | 144476 | 11.10     | -66.49    |
|  | Total cognizable crimes (IPC)           | 260097 | 288731 | 187381 | 9.92      | -54.09    |



MURDER

Murder cases have been showing a declining trend over the years. In comparison to 2016, there is a decrease of almost 10%.

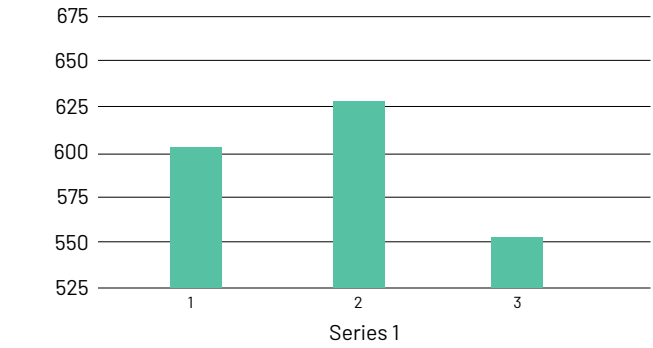
| Crime Heads | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
|-------------|------|------|------|
| Murder      | 305  | 305  | 276  |



ATTEMPT TO COMMIT MURDER

Attempted cases of attempted murder show a mixed trend. While from 2016 to 2017 there was a decline, from 2017 to 2018 there is a marked increase.

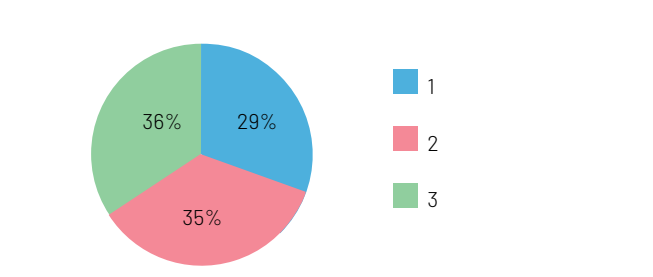
| Crime Heads              | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
|--------------------------|------|------|------|
| Attempt to commit murder | 622  | 583  | 673  |



RAPE

Rape cases have been witnessing an increase in Kerala over the last few years. In 2016, 1,656 cases were registered while in 2018, 2,015 cases were registered. Which shows an 18% increase in 2018 in comparison to 2016.

| Crime Heads | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
|-------------|------|------|------|
| Rape        | 1656 | 2003 | 2015 |



KIDNAPPING & ABDUCTION

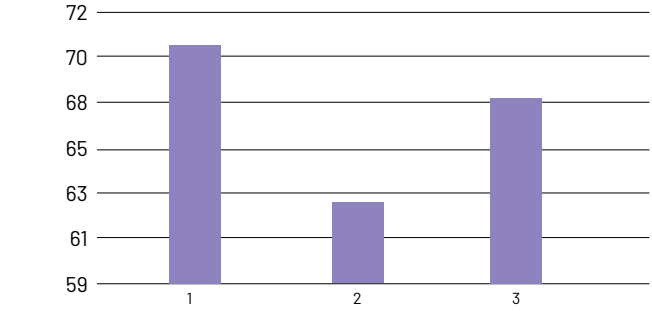
Cases of kidnapping and abduction is also showing a rise in comparison to the previous two years. In 2018, 297 cases of kidnapping and abduction were registered of which 181 were of women and girls. That accounts for close to 60% of total such cases registered.

| Crime Heads              | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
|--------------------------|------|------|------|
| Kidnapping & abduction   | 241  | 293  | 297  |
| Attempt to commit murder | 173  | 184  | 181  |
| of others                | 68   | 109  | 116  |

DACOITY

Dacoity cases account for a nominal percentage of overall crimes registered in the State. In 2016, the number of cases of dacoity were 71 while in 2018 there was a marginal decrease and the number was 68.

| Crime Heads | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
|-------------|------|------|------|
| Dacoity     | 71   | 63   | 68   |



ROBBERY

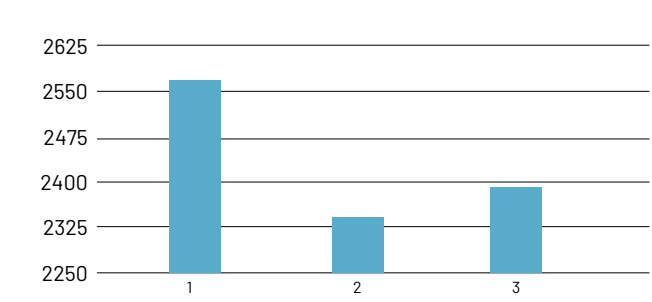
When compared to 2016, the number of robberies in 2018 shows a slight decrease; but in comparison to 2017, there is actually a 10% increase in the number of cases.

| Crime Heads | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
|-------------|------|------|------|
| Robbery     | 908  | 807  | 890  |

BURGLARY

Burglary also shows a decrease when compared to 2016.

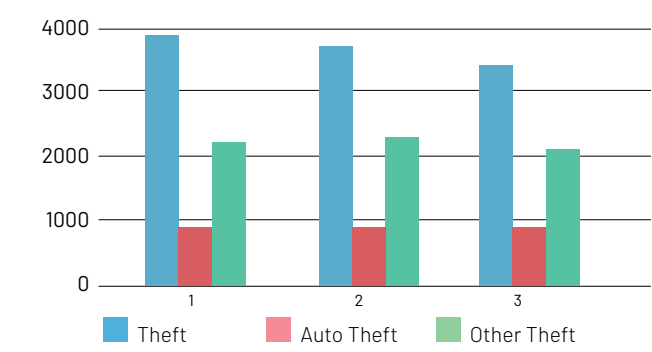
| Crime Heads | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
|-------------|------|------|------|
| Burglary    | 2579 | 2380 | 2407 |



THEFT

Theft cases have witnessed a marginal decrease in 2018 with one-third of the cases being registered during the year being auto theft cases.

| Crime Heads | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
|-------------|------|------|------|
| Theft       | 3936 | 3844 | 3551 |
| Auto theft  | 1294 | 1249 | 1155 |
| Other theft | 2642 | 2595 | 2396 |

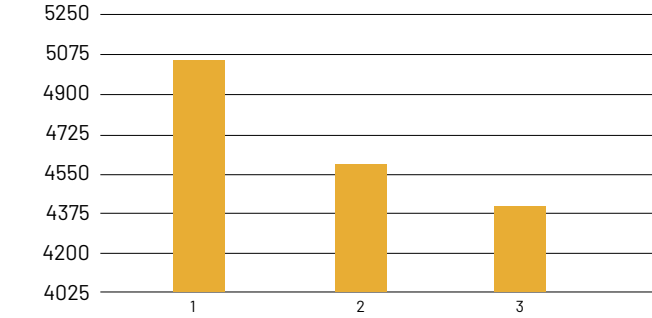


RIOTS

Riot cases in Kerala have been seeing a decrease with a significant 14% decrease in 2018 in comparison to 2016, though that drops to only a marginal decrease of about 5.5% when compared to 2017.

| Crime Heads | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
|-------------|------|------|------|
| Riots       | 5089 | 4689 | 4441 |

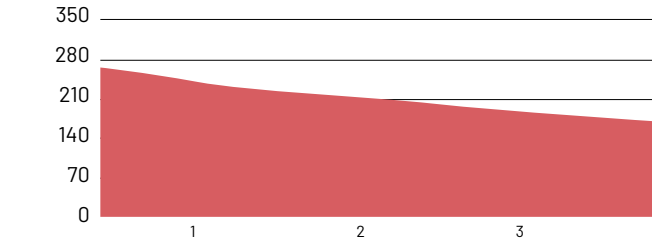
Riot cases shows a decreasing trend



CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST (CBT)

CBT cases have been witnessing a decline over the years with 2018 seeing 56% lesser cases than in 2016.

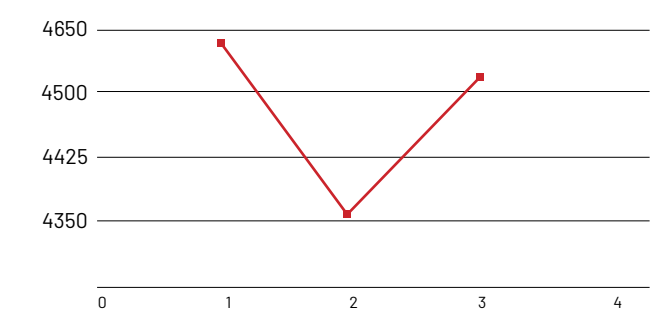
| Crime Heads              | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
|--------------------------|------|------|------|
| Criminal breach of trust | 274  | 220  | 175  |



CHEATING

Cheating cases have shown a mixed trend over the last few years with there being a 4% decrease in cases registered in 2017 in comparison to 2016, but the same has seen an increase of 3% in 2018 over 2017.

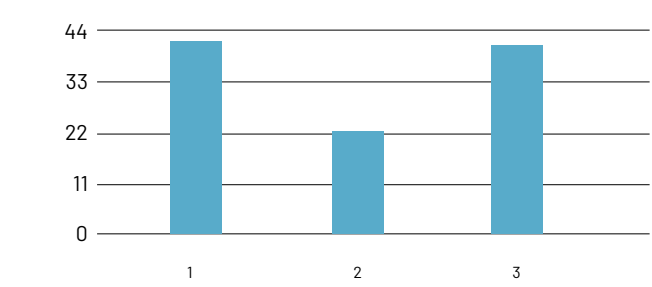
| Crime Heads | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
|-------------|------|------|------|
| Cheating    | 4623 | 4433 | 4602 |



COUNTERFEITING

Counterfeit cases have also shown a mixed trend over the last 3 years with a increase in 2018 in comparison to 2017.

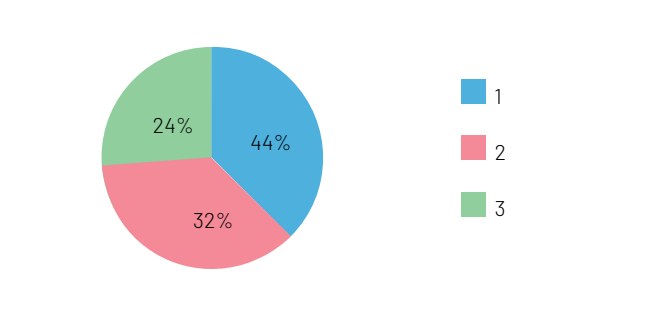
| Crime Heads    | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
|----------------|------|------|------|
| Counterfeiting | 43   | 25   | 42   |



ARSON

A significant and consistent decrease can be seen in the cases of arson over the last three years with a whopping decrease of 83% in 2018 in comparison to 2016.

| Crime Heads | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
|-------------|------|------|------|
| Arson       | 554  | 405  | 303  |

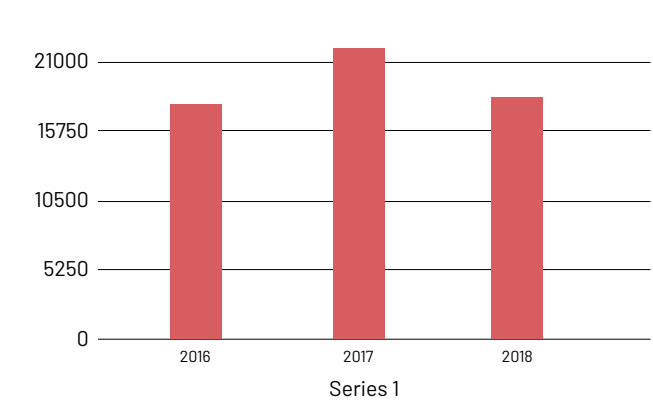




HURT

Hurt cases comes as a major part in IPC cases registered in the State. In 2017, the number of cases increased from 2016, but in 2018 the number of cases declined by 8%.

| Crime Heads | 2016  | 2017  | 2018  |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Hurt        | 17388 | 20323 | 15977 |



DOWRY DEATH

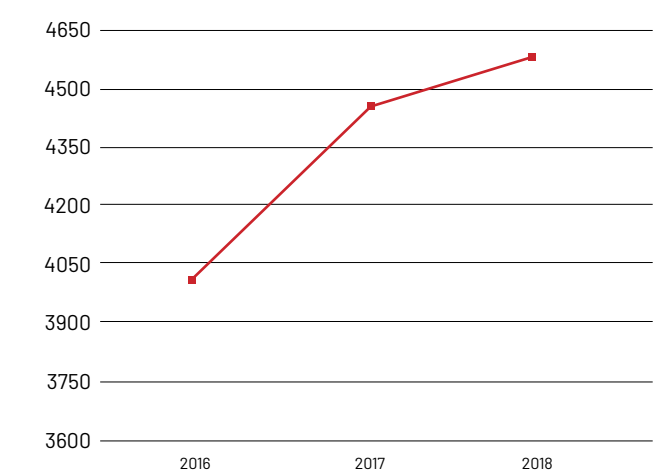
Dowry death cases showed a decrease in 2018 in comparison to 2016.

| Crime Heads  | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
|--------------|------|------|------|
| Dowry Deaths | 25   | 12   | 16   |

MOLESTATION

Molestation cases have seen an increase consistently over the years. In 2018 the cases reported were 4,589, an increase from the 4,029 cases in 2016. An increase of 4% can be seen in the number of cases in 2018 as against 2017.

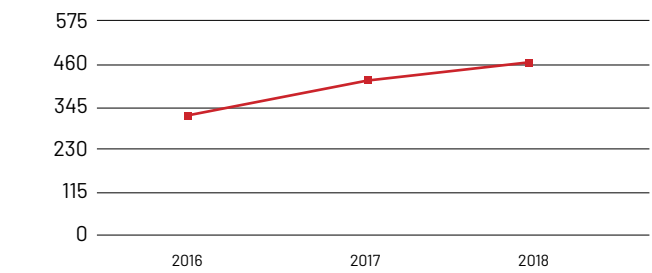
| Crime Heads | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
|-------------|------|------|------|
| Molestation | 4029 | 4413 | 4589 |



SEXUAL HARASSMENT

Sexual harassment cases have been on the rise in the last 3 years. An increase of 8% witnessed in cases registered in 2018 as against 2017.

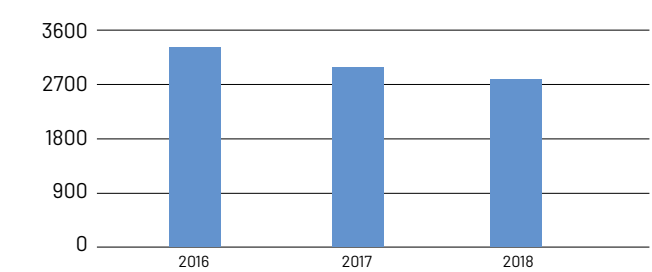
| Crime Heads       | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
|-------------------|------|------|------|
| Sexual harassment | 328  | 421  | 460  |



CRUELTY BY HUSBAND OR RELATIVES

Cruelty by husband or relatives cases shows a declining trend over the years. In 2016, 3,455 cases were registered while in 2018, only 2,048 cases were registered.

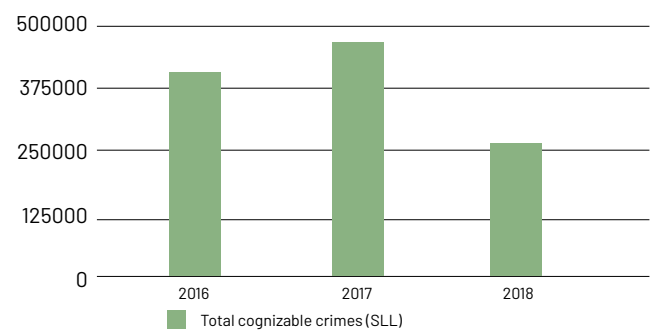
| Crime Heads                     | 2016 | 2017 | 2017 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|
| Cruelty by husband or relatives | 3455 | 2856 | 2048 |



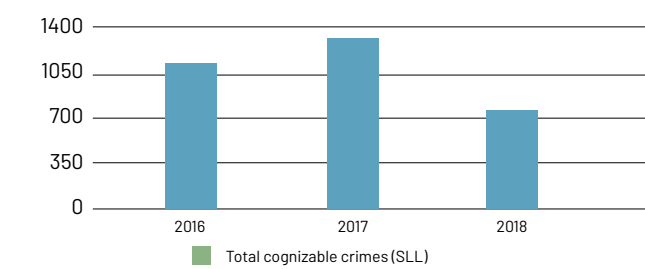
CRIMES UNDER SPECIAL & LOCAL LAWS(SLL)

A total of 3,24,447 SLL crimes were registered in 2018 as compared to 4,90,419 in 2017 and 4,47,773 in 2016, which is a 27% decrease in 2018 in comparison to 2016.

| Crime Heads                    | 2016   | 2017   | 2018   |
|--------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| Total cognizable crimes (SLL ) | 447773 | 490419 | 324447 |



TOTAL SLL CRIME (Per Lakh Population)



| CRIME HEADS                            | 2016         | 2017 | 2018 |
|--|--------------|------|------|
| TOTAL SLL CRIMES (Per lakh Population) | 173          | 184  | 181  |
| Population                             | 357.46 lakhs |      |      |

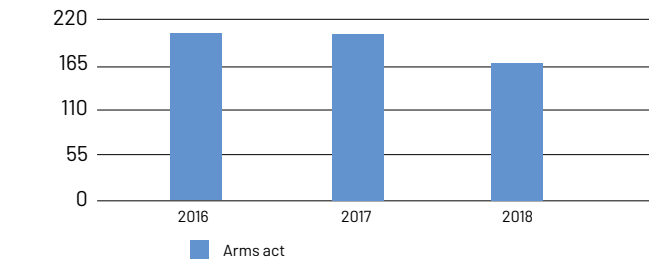
| INCIDENCE OF COGNIZABLE CRIMES UNDER SPECIAL AND LOCAL LAWS (SLL) UNDER DIFFERENT CRIME HEADS |                                     |        |        |                  |           |           |
|---|-------------------------------------|--------|--------|------------------|-----------|-----------|
| SL.No.  | Crime Heads                         | 2016   | 2017   | 2018 Provisional | VARIATION |           |
|   |                                     |        |        |                  | from 2016 | from 2017 |
| 1   | Arms Act                            | 215    | 215    | 176              | 0.00      | -22.16    |
| 2   | NDPS Act                            | 5924   | 9244   | 8700             | 35.92     | -6.25     |
| 3   | Gambling Act                        | 3556   | 3112   | 2492             | -14.27    | -24.88    |
| 4   | Abkari Act                          | 65046  | 58994  | 38763            | -10.26    | -52.19    |
| 5   | Explosive & Explosive Substance Act | 782    | 458    | 315              | -70.74    | -45.40    |
| 6   | Immoral Traffic (P) Act             | 121    | 52     | 14               | -132.69   | -271.43   |
| 7   | Railways Act                        | 11     | 3      | 1                | -266.67   | -200.00   |
| 8   | Registration of Foreigners Act      | 7      | 31     | 3                | 77.42     | -933.33   |
| 9   | Protection of Civil Rights Act      | 0      | 1      | 0                | 100.00    | 0.00      |
| 10  | Indian Passport Act                 | 94     | 74     | 47               | -27.03    | -57.45    |
| 11  | Essential Commodities Act           | 123    | 119    | 46               | -3.36     | -158.70   |
| 12  | Antiquity and Art Treasure Act      | 0      | 1      | 0                | 100.00    | 0.00      |
| 13  | Dowry Prohibition Act               | 3      | 9      | 2                | 66.67     | -350.00   |
| 14  | Child Marriage Restraint Act        | 8      | 15     | 15               | 46.67     | 0.00      |
| 15  | Indecent Rep of Women Act           | 2      | 4      | 1                | 50.00     | -300.00   |
| 16  | SC/ST (POA) Act                     | 99     | 165    | 89               | 40.00     | -85.39    |
| 17  | Forest Act                          | 15     | 12     | 11               | -25.00    | -9.09     |
| 18  | Other SLL Crimes                    | 371767 | 417910 | 273772           | 11.04     | -52.65    |
|   | Total cognizable crimes (SLL )      | 447773 | 490419 | 324447           | 8.70      | -51.16    |

SLL cases shows more than 50% decrease in 2018 when compared to 2017.

ARMS ACT

Arms Act cases in 2018 shows a 22% decrease from the past two years.

| Crime Heads | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
|-------------|------|------|------|
| Arms Act    | 215  | 215  | 176  |

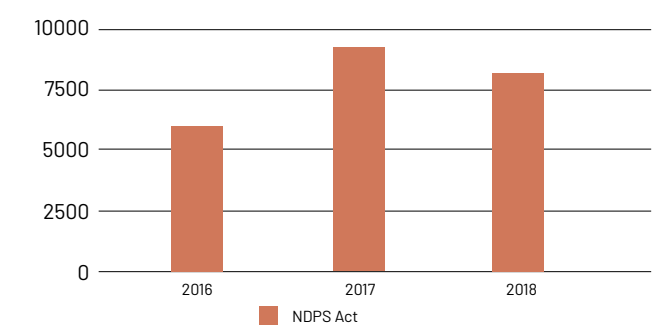




NDPS ACT

NDPS Act cases showed a huge increase in 2017 compared to that of 2016, but in 2018 the cases declined by 6%.

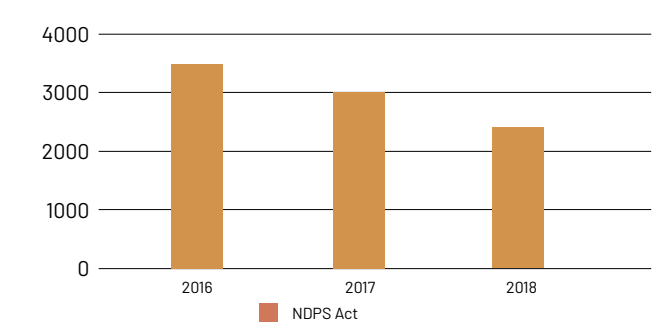
| Crime Heads | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
|-------------|------|------|------|
| NDPS Act    | 5924 | 9244 | 8700 |



GAMBLING ACT

Cases under Gambling Act has witnessed a decline over the years with a 25% decrease in 2018 in comparison to 2017.

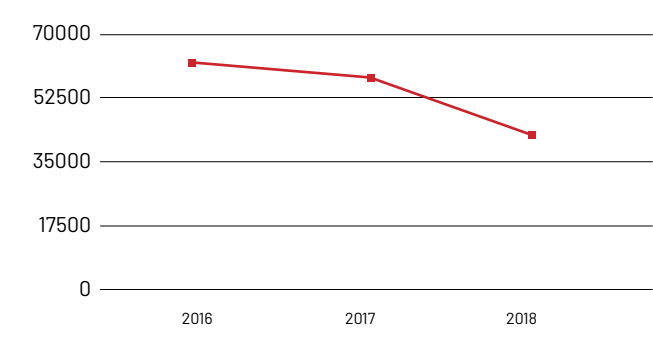
| Crime Heads  | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
|--------------|------|------|------|
| Gambling Act | 3556 | 3112 | 2492 |



ABKARI ACT

Abkari Act cases clearly show a declining trend over the years with a significant 50% decrease in cases registered in 2018 as compared to 2017.

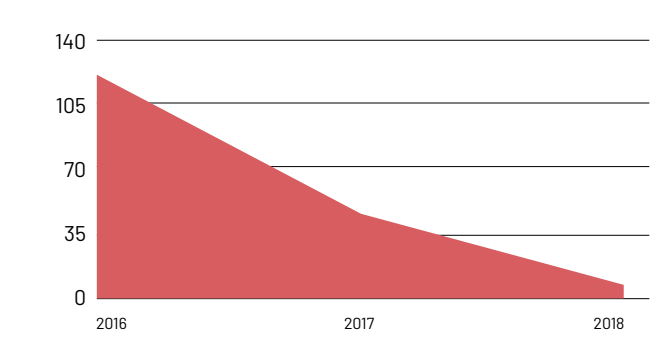
| Crime Heads | 2016  | 2017  | 2018  |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Abkari Act  | 65046 | 58994 | 38763 |



IMMORAL TRAFFIC (P) ACT

Immoral traffic cases shows a huge decline for the last three years. When compared to that in 2017, the cases become one third in 2018.

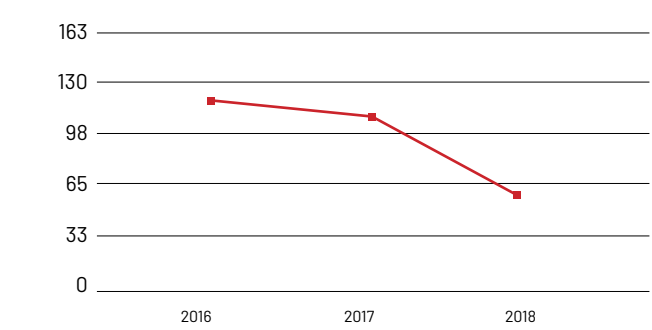
| Crime Heads             | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
|-------------------------|------|------|------|
| Immoral Traffic (P) Act | 121  | 52   | 14   |



ESSENTIAL COMMODITIES ACT

Essential Commodities Act cases shows a decreasing trend. In 2018, only 46 cases were registered.

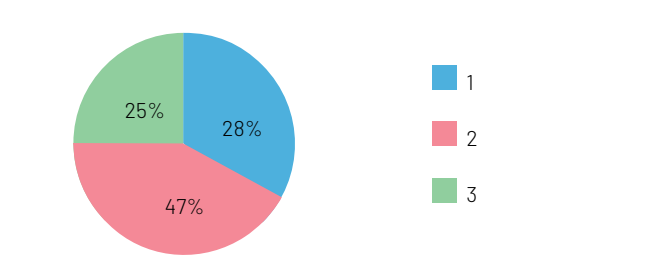
| Crime Heads               | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
|---------------------------|------|------|------|
| Essential Commodities Act | 123  | 119  | 46   |



SC/ST (POA) ACT

SC/ST (POA) Act cases shows a huge increase in 2017 from 2016. In 2018, the number of cases registered decreased by about 85% when compared to 2017.

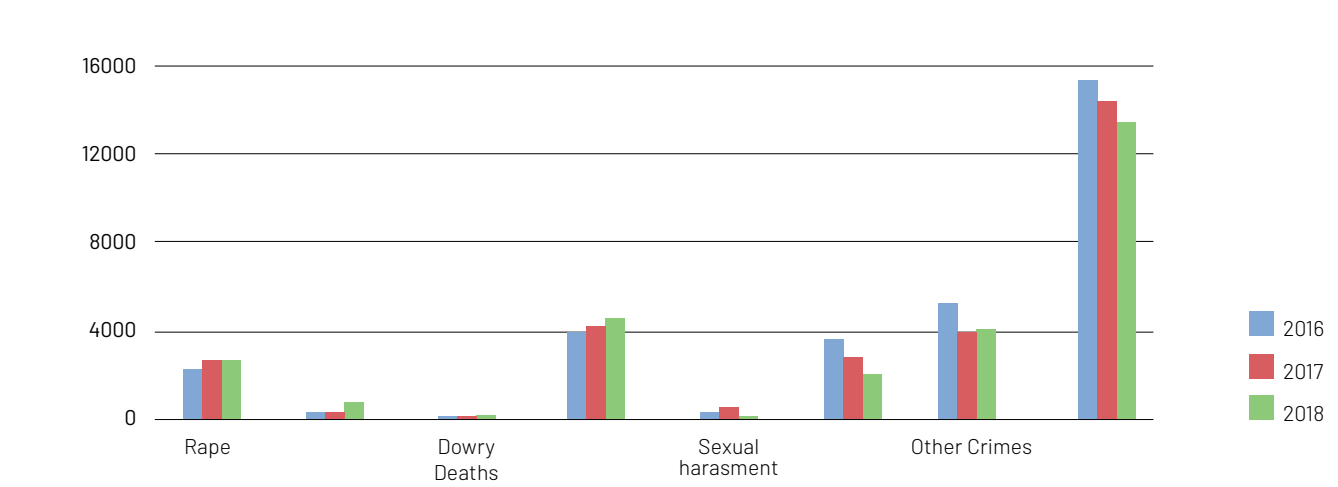
| Crime Heads      | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
|------------------|------|------|------|
| SC /ST (POA) Act | 99   | 165  | 89   |



CRIME AGAINST WOMEN

Cases of Immoral Traffic have witnessed a decline over the last three years. Compared to 2017 the cases registered came down by one third in 2018.

| SL. No. |   | 2016  | 2017  | 2018 Provisional | VARIATION |           |
|---------|---|-------|-------|------------------|-----------|-----------|
|         |   |       |       |                  | from 2016 | from 2017 |
| 1       | Rape                                    | 1656  | 2003  | 2015             | 17.32     | 0.60      |
| 2       | Kidnapping & Abduction                  | 166   | 184   | 460              | 9.78      | 60.00     |
| 3       | Dowry Deaths                            | 25    | 12    | -108.3           | 25.00     |           |
| 4       | Molestation (354 IPC)                   | 4029  | 4413  | 4589             | 8.70      | 3.84      |
| 5       | Sexual Harassment (eve-teasing 509 IPC) | 328   | 421   | 181              | 22.09     | -132.60   |
| 6       | Cruelty by Husband or Relatives         | 3455  | 2856  | 2048             | -20.97    | -39.45    |
| 7       | Other Crimes                            | 5455  | 4374  | 4427             | -24.71    | 1.20      |
|         | TOTAL                                   | 15114 | 14263 | 13736            | -5.97     | -3.84     |



SENSATIONAL MURDER CASES SOLVED IN 2018

1. Mannarkkad PS Crime No. 182/18 U/S 143,147,148,449,a341,323,32,302 r/ w 149 IPC D/o 25.02.18 at 20.45 hrs, D/R-26.02.18 at 02.10 hrs P/O- Court Jn, N/C- Mansoor, age - 20, S/o Hamsa, Perambath veedu, Kundhipuzha, N/D - Shafeer, age - 22, S/o Sirajudheen, Varodan veedu, Kundhipuzha N/A Abdul Bahseer, age - 24 S/o Moidu, Thachankunnnan, Kundhipuzha, 2) Muhammed Sharjin, age - 25, S/o Muhammedkutty, Melepeediyekkal Veedu Kacheripadi 3) Rashid, age-25, S/o Muhammedali, Mulayamkayil Veedu, Kundhipuzha 4) Ajeesh, S/o Kuttan, age - 24, Pandikattil Veedu, Kundhipuzha 5) Muhammed Subuhan, age - 20, S/o Saithalavi, Kolothodi Veedu, Chomeri, Kundhipuzha 6) Hareez, age - 28, S/o Muhammed, Pullath Veedu, MES College Post,

Banglawpadi, Kunthipuzha, Mannarkkad 7) Safeer @ Kochu, age - 28, S/o Mohammedkutty, Melepeediyekkal Veedu, Kacheriparambu Post, Kottopadam, Mannarkkad 8) Muhammed Rafeek @ Rafeek, age - 23 ,S/o Alavi, Nellikavattayil Veedu, MES College Post, Banglawpadi, Kunthipuzha, Mannarkkad 9) Saifali @ Saifu, S/o Sakeer Hussain, age - 22, Thodiyil Veedu, Nambiankunnu, Mannarkkad 10) Mohammed Habeeb @ Habeeb, age - 20 ,S/o Mehaboob, Puthanveetil House, Kunthipuzha, Mannarkkad. Brief- On 25.02.18 at 20.45 hrs 1 to 5 accused persons due to previous enmity, knowingly armed themselves with an intention to kill and murdered the victim etc. facts.



**2.** Agali PS Crime 87/18 u/s 143, 147, 148, 323, 324, 325, 364, 365, 367, 368, 302 r/w 149 IPC, Sec 3(1)(d) (r) r/w. 3(2)(V) of SC/ST (PoA) Act and Sec 27(2)(c) of Kerala Forest Act Occurred in between 22.02.18 at 15.30 hrs to 16.15 hrs and reported on 22.02.18 at 17.15 hrs. From CHC Agali N/C: Prasad Varky, Addl. Sub Inspector, Agali police station. Victim – Madhu S/o Mallan, age – 30, Chindakki ooru, Mukkali– ST– Kurumba N/A: 1. Hussain age – 50 S/o Muhammed, Pakkulam 2. Marakkar, age – 33 S/o Unni, Mukkali 3. Shamsudheen, age – 34, S/o Muhammed, Mukkali 4. Aneesh, age – 30, S/o Rajagopalan, Kalkandi 5. Radhakrishnan, age – 34, S/o Balan, Mukkali 6. Aboobacker, age – 31, S/o Muhammed, Pallipadi, Anamooli 7. Siddique, age – 38, S/o Saithu, Mukkali 8. Ubaidu, age – 25, S/o Ummer, Mukkali 9. Najeeb, age – 33 S/o Latheef, Mukkali 10. Jaijumon, age – 44 S/o Ayyappankutty, Mukkali 11. Abdul Kareem, age – 48, S/o Thajudheen, Mukkali 12. Sajeev, age – 30, S/o Raveendranath, Mukkali 13. Satheesh, age – 39, S/o Govindan, Mukkali 14. Hareesh, age – 34, S/o Sivaraman, Mukkali 15. Biju, age – 41, S/o Sivaraman, Mukkali 16. Muneer, age – 28, S/o Latheef, Mukkali Brief: On 22.02.2018 at about 14:15 hrs information was received in Agali Police Station that one Madhu, (belongs to ST Community) S/o Mallan, aged – 30, has been confined by some people in the locality at the public road at Mukkali Junction, knowing that he is a wanted accused in a theft case registered in Agali PS. Addl. SI Sri. Prasad Varkey and CPD 6469 Mohandas, CPD 6952 Sujilal rushed to the spot and reached at about 15:00 hrs. On reaching Mukkali Junction, Police found that Madhu was surrounded by local people. It is also noted that Madhu was in bad physical condition. The public handed over Madhu to the Police party. Police recorded the details of some of the public who were present there. The police party returned to Agali along with Madhu in the Police Jeep. On the way Madhu vomited and he became weak and faint. Noticing the bad physical condition of Madhu, and realising the emergency, Police party took him directly to the Community Health Centre, Agali. At 16:15 hrs the doctor examined him and declared his death.

**3.** Central PS Cr.1548/18, U/s. 120(B),143,148,323,324,506(ii),326,307,302, 201, 212 r/w 149 IPC. The case is that, enmity arose due to the issues between Campus Front Activists and SFI Activists relating to poster pasting, A1 to A15 knowingly members of that gang, at 00.30 hrs on 02.07.2018 near the back gate of Ernakulam Maharajas College, caused provocation by pasting posters on a wall where SFI activists had written. When questioned by the SFI Activists including one Rahul, then opponent party slapped Rahul on his face and hit second year history student Rahul with the intention to kill and inflicted severe injury to Arjun with a weapon and committed murder of Abhimanyu by stabbing with a common object. Investigation of the case against A-1 to A-16 has been completed and charge sheet submitted before the Hon. Court on 24-09-2018. The charge sheet has been taken into cognisance as CP 33/2018. The investigation of the case pertaining to the conspiracy, harbouring and destruction of evidence are continuing in a wider angle and charge sheet against the remaining accused will be filed separately, on completion of the investigation.

**4.** Kaduthuruthy Police Station, Crime No: 1242/18 u/s 449, 411, 201, 120 (b) 302 & 397 IPC, Name of Complainant: Babychan @ M.P. Kurian, age – 73/18, S/O Pathrose, Mulamattathil House, Pulinthara Kavala, Omalloor, Kothanelloor, Name of Accused: 1) Jobin, age – 19, S/o Jaimon Kulangara (H) Omalloor kara Kothanelloor village. 2) Adarsh, S/o Sudheendran, Kizhakkethayil House, Aravukadu, Punnapra, Alleppy. 3) Arunkumar, age – 19, S/o Anilkumar, Konginiparambil, Aravukadu, Punnapra, Alleppy. Brief of the case is that the accused, with the intention and preparation to murder the victim and commit robbery from his house criminally trespassed into the house and attacked him with deadly weapon and inflicted grievous injuries on his neck and body and thereby murdered him and robbed an amount of rupees seven lakhs twenty thousand (7,20,000/-) from the house. A2 and A3 took part in the criminal conspiracy and they dishonestly received a part of the stolen property and helped in the concealing of evidence. Initially there was no clue about the accused and later on due to the sincere effort of the police, all the accused were arrested and the case was solved.

**5.** Kaliyar PS Cr. 302/18 U/s U/s 120(B), 449, 302, 392, 397, 376, 201, 202, 411 R/w 34 IPC. D/o. Bet 29.07.18 at 07.00 Hrs & 01.08.18 at 06.45 Hrs. Accused: A1) Aneesh, age – 30/18, S/o Kutty, Thevarkuzhiyil House, Korangatty Bhagam, Machiplavu Kara, Mannamkandam Village. A2) Libeesh Babu, age – 28/18, S/o Babu Gopalan, Sali Bhavan House, Keerikodu Bhagam, Keerikodu Kara, Karikkodu Village. A3) Shyam Prasad, age – 22/18, S/o Prasad, Elavumchuvattil House, Chathanmala Bhagam, Thodupuzha Kara, Thodupuzha Village. A4) Suneesh P.U., age – 33/18, S/o Unnikrishnan, Pattarumadathil House, Velloorkunnam Bhagam, Velloorkunnam Kara, Muvattupuzha Village. A5) Jithesh, Adimaly. The case is that the accused persons murdered the deceased persons at their house by beating with iron rod and stabbing and dragged the dead body on the next night and kept the 4 bodies together buried behind the house. Accused persons raped the deceased women by fingering and committed theft of 13 sovereign of gold ornaments worn and kept in the almirah. Initially it was registered as missing person case and investigation revealed the murder. A2 was arrested on 06.08.18, A1 on 08.08.18, and A3 & A4 on 10.08.18.

**6.** Vellamunda 209/18 449,302,397 IPC. Brief of the case is that between 21.00 hrs on 05.07.2018 and 08.30 hrs on 06.07.2018 somebody trespassed in the house of the victim at 12th mile, Vellamunda and murdered 25 year old Ummer and his wife 20 year old Fathima in their house. During the course of investigation, it was also revealed that around 9 sovereign of gold ornaments wore by Fathima and a mobile total worth Rs.2,00,000/- was also lost. Viswanathan K. @ Viswan, S/o Valsan, age – 45/18, Kalangottumel (h), Maruthora, Kavilumparam, Thottilpalam.

**7.** Peravoor Cr.48/18341,302,120(b) r/w 34 IPC. Adwaith T., S/o Govindan, 18/18, Ayannur Shyam Prasad K.V., S/o Raveendran, 24/18, Kavunguvally (H), Thodeekkalam (ABVP/RSS) 1. Muhammed Shahim 2. Muhammed P.V., 3. Salim 4. Sameer Faisal 5. Faisal 6. Nizamudheen 7. Aswar 8. Salim V.M. 9. Noushad and 4 persons (SDPI) .9 Accused arrested UI remaining accused to be arrested. The brief of the case is that while the deceased Shyam Prasad and his friend Adwaith were travelling by a motorcycle bearing Registration Number KL 58 T 4791, the accused persons obstructed the motorcycle with a Ritz Car bearing Registration Number KL 58 M 4238 from Kolayad amsam, Kommeri and murdered Shyam Prasad with Bill Hook due to Political enmity etc. facts. All accused were arrested on 20.01.2018 at 00.15 hrs from Thalappuzha. The case is being investigated by IP SHO Peravoor PS. The case is pending for the arrest of remaining accused involved in the conspiracy. Chemical report to be obtained and to find out the source of weapon etc..

**8.** Mattannur Cr.202/18 341,324,307,302 r/w 34 IPC and sec. 3 & 5 of ES Act and added sec.109,120(b) Riyas K. S/o Muhammed 40/18, Riyas Manzil (H), Edayannur (Youth Cong.)Shuhaib S.P. S/o Muhammed 29/18, Choolparambath (H), Edayannur (Youth Cong.)”1. Akash M.P. 2. Rejilraj 3. Jithin 4. Deepchand 5. Askar 6. Byju 7.Anwar Sadath 8. Akhil 9. Sanjay 10. Rajath 11. Sangeeth 12. Abhinash 13. Nijin 14. Prasanth 15. Sinish 16. Subin 17. Prajith (CPM)

”All accused arrested PT Nil. Brief of the case is that at 22.50 hrs on 12.02.2018, while the complainant Riyas K. and his 3 friends including Shuhaib, Youth Congress Leader, who were sitting in the tea shop named ‘Uri’ at Keezhallur Amsom, Therur, accused 1 to 4 CPM workers reached there in a white colour car with sword, created a terrible atmosphere by hurling bombs there, chopped Shuhaib. While his friends including the complainant trying to intercept, accused chopped them and inflicted serious injuries to them with the intention to kill them due to political enmity. Shuhaib succumbed to injuries on the way to the hospital etc. facts. A special investigation team was constituted by Inspector General of Police, Kannur Range under his direct supervision.

## SENSATIONAL ROBBERY AND DACOITY CASES

**1.** Kozhinjampara Police Station Crime No. 329/18 U/s 364(A), 342, 392,395 IPC D/O: 29.04.2018 at 01.30 hrs and 03.30 hrs D/R: 29.04.2018 at 20.00 hrs P/O: Kuthiran, Thrissur and Kinarppallam, Kozhinjampara N/C:Arun Venkidesh Prabhu, age – 27, S/o Angamuthu, 1/5, MGR Ellam, Kattabomman Street, Pollachi, Tamilnadu N/A: Navas S/o Muhammed Ibrahim, age – 29, Door No.12, Pallivasal Veethi,Kumaran Nagar, Pollachi 2. Maheswaran @ Madhesh, age – 34, S/o Krishnan, Door 306/120, Kannappan Nagar, Meenkara Road, Pollachi and 4 others. Brief: On 29.04.18 at 01.30 hrs the 1 to 4 accused committed offence with common intention by kidnapping and after reaching Kinarppallam, Kozhinjampara, accused persons robbed currency of Rs. 4,40,000/- from the complainant and demanded more money by threatening the brother and obtained Rs. 1,50,000/- as ransom etc. facts.

**2.** Nenmara PS Crime No. 477/18 u/s 341, 323, 395, 506 (ii) IPC DO – 03.04.18 at 18.30hrs, DR – 04.04.18 at 22.06 hrs, PO – Kaipanchery – NC – Adarsh, S/o Radharkrishnan, age – 22, Veezhlikalam, Veezhli, NA – ‘01. Ramesh, 02. Nimesh, S/o Vijayakrishnan, age – 22, Kaipanchery house, Ayilur, 03. Akshay S/o Sudevan, age – 23, Idyampotta House, Kaipanchery. 04. Isahak, S/o Ismail, age – 25, Valappil House, Olippara, Sanesh, S/o Chandran, Chakrayi, Thiruvizhiyad, 06. Ajith, 07. Askar, S/o Saleena, age – 24, Payyamkodu, Kayaradi The case is that on 03.04.18 at 18.50 hrs the accused persons blocked complainant who was travelling in KL-70-C-8787 car and assaulted by beating with hand and also robbed an amount of Rs. 60,500/- etc. facts.

**3.** Town North PS Crime No. 707/18 U/s 395 IPC D/O:31.05.18 at 21.45 hrs D/R:01.06.18 at 18.17 hrs P/O: Puthiyapalam, Olavakkode N/C: Ummar Farook, age – 26, S/o Ubaidulla, Kannumannil(H), Aanamangad, Edathara, Thootha, Perinthalmanna N/A: A1. Shiju, S/o Palli, Kuthiramparamb House, Manappadam, Vadakkanchery, A2. Swaroop, S/o Kunjappan, Karimadathil house, Anthipindi, Muthukara, North Paravaur, Ernakulam. Property lost: Rs. 20 lakhs and one Innova car. Brief: On 31.05.2018 at 21.45 hrs while the complainant was coming from Coimbatore in a Ritz car after purchasing ornaments, 8 identifiable accused persons came in an Innova car and accused persons stopped the complainant's car at Puthiyapalam, assaulted the complainant and robbed Rs. 20 lakhs and a mobile phone etc. facts.

**4.** Mannarkkad PS Crime No. 542/18 U/S 395,506(II) IPC D/O:09.7.18 at 10.00 hrs, D/R- 23.07.18 at 22.00 hrs P/O: Tippu Nagar, Mannarkakd, N/C- Usman, age – 36, S/o Veeran Musliyar, Puthur, Korad, Ozhur, Thiroor, Malapuram N/A: Shabeer, age – 34, S/o Basheer, Khadheeja Manzil, Uzhamalakkal, Kulapadam, Thiruvananthapuram 2. Nishar, age – 31 S/o Nazeem, Kalluparambil Veedu, West Chalakkudi, Thrissur 3. Basheer, age – 42, S/o Saithumuhammed, Muthumuttathu Veedu, Vattakulam post, Palakkulam, Edappal & other identifiable 2 persons. Brief of the case is that on 09.07.2018 at 16.00 hrs the accused persons impersonated as police personnel and forcefully brought the victim into the car and robbed cash Rs. 63,000/- from the complainant etc. facts.

**5.** Walayar PS Cr.651/18 U/s 341, 342, 367, 368, 506,330, 397 IPC D/O: Between 09.07.2018 and 10.07.2018 D/R: 25.07.2018 at 22.05 hrs P/O: Vattappara, Walayar N/C: Abdul Gaffur, S/o Abu, age – 43, Ponnambalathil house, Mannalam kunnu House ,Thrissur. N/A: 1. Faisu, 2. Anas, 3. Mujeeb Rahman, 4. Faseela, and identifiable 5 Tamil persons P/L: Rs.10,38,000/-, documents worth 80 lakhs, 4 blank cheques. Brief: Between 09.07.2018 and 10.07.2018 accused persons kidnapped the complainant with the help of A4 and captured half naked photos of complainant along with A4, after that accused persons threatened the complainant and robbed rupees 10,38,000/-, documents worth Rs. 80,00,000/- and 4 blank cheques and assaulted the complainant by the 3 identifiable Tamilians accused etc. facts.

**6.** Malampuzha PS Cr No.603/18 U/s 395, 363, 506(2) IPC D/O: Between

09.09.2018 at 21.45 Hrs. D/R:14.09.2018 at 10.41 Hrs P/O: Canal Bridge, Near Malampuzha Garden. N/C: Hamza T.K., age – 50/18, S/o Koya, Thottikalayan House, Perumcholam, Mannarkkad, N/A:1. Vinu Ragavan, S/o Ragavan, age – 29, Kanjirakadavu House, Varani, Kadkkamkunnam, Malampuzha and 6 identifiable accused persons P/L: 2 mobile phones and Rs. 27,000/- Brief: On 09.09.2018 at about 21.45 Hrs the complainant and his friend returning from KTDC Malampuzha in a car bearing Reg. No. KL 07 BI 5149, A1 to A5 followed the vehicle, obstructed the vehicle at Canal Bridge near Malampuzha Garden and accused persons threatened the complainant by pointing a knife towards them and robbed the complainant's 2 mobile phones.

**7.** Hillpalace PS Cr.2127/17,U/S.120(b),450,455,457,458,395,397,380,412 IPC. On 16.12.17 at about 02.00 hrs a gang of Hindi speaking persons with intention to commit theft, robbed the house of the complainant, they criminally trespassed by breaking the iron grill of the front side window and entered into the house, they attacked with wooden stick which resulted in sustaining severe injuries on the head of the complainant's husband and also injury to the complainant and her children. Thereafter accused threatened them with deadly weapons like sword and wooden stick and robbed 52 sovereign gold ornaments, two mobile phones, one laptop, Rs. 20,000/- and ATM Cards Total W/Rs.11,00,000/-. The burglars tied up complainant and her husband, children and mother-in-law and locked up them in separate rooms before decamping. A1) Ikram @ Maqbool, age – 30/18, S/o Ismail, R/o Jhuggi, Partasee Village, Perisapur District, Jianagar PO & PS, Borisal, Bangladesh. A3) Shehzad, 30/17, S/o akbar, 1450, Jhuggi, New Seemapuri, Delhi. A4) Salim @ Appan, age – 40/18, S/o Abdul Sathar, R/o Chhota Badura Village, Moralganj PS, Bagerhut District, Khulna State, Bangladesh A9) Muhammed Harun, age – 46/18. S/o Fazal Rehman, R/o Bahadra Village, Moralganj PO & PS, Bagerhut District, Khulna State, Bangladesh. A13) Arshad, S/o Majeed, Jhuggi E 44/B-540, New Seemapuri, Delhi. A14) Rone Sheikh, 18/17, S/o Illyas Shekh, New Seemapuri, Delhi (ACCUSED ARRESTED) A2) Arif, A5) Illyas A6) Imran A7) Manik A8) Alangee A10) Mashoor A11) Ibrahim A12) Nazir Khan @ Noor Khan (ACCUSED NOT ARRESTED)

**8.** E T North PS Cr. 2295/17, U/S 458,459,460,326,395 IPC & 14 of Foreigners Act - The brief of the case is that the accused with the intention to commit theft and to gain illegal money, on 15/12/17 at 03:30 am, trespassed into the complainants house at Lissie- Palleppady road, by breaking the front window and committed theft of 5 sovereign gold ornaments worth Rs. 1 lakh and caused injury to the complainant's mother-in-law of the right hand finger. A2) Ikram @ Maqbool, age – 30/18, S/o Ismail, R/o Jhuggi, Partasee Village, Perisapur District, Jianagar PO & PS, Borisal, Bangladesh, A3) Salim @ Appan, age – 40/18, S/o Abdul Sathar, R/o ChhotaBadura Village, Moralganj PS, Bagerhut District, Khulna State, Bangladesh, A7) Muhammed Harun, age – 46/18, S/o Fazal Rehman, R/o Bahadra Village, Moralganj PO & PS, Bagerhut District, Khulna State,Bangladesh(A9). Shehzad, 30/17 s/o akbar, 1450, Jhuggi, New Seemapuri, Delhi. A10) Arshad, S/o Majeed, Jhuggi E 44/B- 540, New Seemapuri, Delhi. (A11) Rone Sheikh 18/17, S/o Illyas Shekh, New Seemapuri, Delhi (ACCUSED ARRESTED). A1) Illiyas, A4) Manik, A5) Arif, A6) Imran, A8) Alankir, A12) Noorkhan @ Naseer Khan (ACCUSED NOT ARRESTED) Split charge of accused 9,10,11 submitted before the court on 05.07.18. A1) Illiyas, A4) Manik, A5) Arif, A6) Imran, A8) Alankir, A12) Noorkhan @ Naseer Khan to be arrested and Indian Currency worth Rs. 27,000/- etc. facts.

**9.** Chalakudy PS Cr. 112/2018 U/s U/s 461, 457, 380 IPC29-1-2018. Brief of the case is that accused committed theft of 15 kg gold ornaments & 6 lakh rupees, total worth Rs. 4 crores and 6 lakh rupees from Edasssery Jewellery, North Chalakudy. The entry affected by removing the exhaust fan of wall of backside of the jewellery 1. Ashok Barrik 2. Amir Shak 3. Insmamulhaque 4. Ikramul Shake 5. Mathahar Shake (Absconding) 6. Roul Shake (Absconding) 7. Ravi ul Shake (Absconding) 8. Jahamgeer li (Absconding) 9. Madhan (Absconding) 1. Ashok Barrik, arrested 22-2-2018 from Behar 2. Amir shak, arrested 22-2-2018 from Jharkhand 3. Insmamulhaque, arrested 22-2-18 from Jharkhand 4. Ikramul Shake,



arrested 8-4-2018, 22-2-2018 804.830 gm gold and rupees 10,69,500/-. There is no evidence left at the scene of the crime. The investigation team verified the tower dump and previous such type of case came to conclusion that the crime was committed by Jharkand team. Then the investigation team left to Jharkhand and after detailed investigation, three accused in this case arrested from Bihar, Jharkhand and West Bengal. The value of the property lost in this case is worth Rs 4 crore and 6 lakh rupees. Hence this is considered as a sensational case. Case is PT.

10. Chalakudy PS Cr. 634/18 U/s 363, 397, 120(B) IPC 15-9-2018. The case is that 1 to 5 accused kidnapped the victim and complainant while they were travelling in KL.56.H.2495 car and robbed of 500 gm of gold which was kept in the car. A5, A6 & A11 arrested, A1, A9, A8 Surrendered Court and the remaining not arrested and the case is UI.

Shameel 2. Favad 3. Shamil 4. Hahhil 5. Suhahil 6. Shanavas 7. Sujith 8. Manaf 9. Shahin 10. Jayan 11. Prasad 12. Shafeek 13. Fasalu 14. Althaf 15. Shiyas 1.Shamal, arrested on 4-10-2018 from Chalakudy 2. Favad 24-9-18 from Chavakad 3. Shamil 4-10-2018 from Chalakudy 4. Habbil 24-9-18 from Palayoor 5. Shuhail 3-11-2018 from Chalakudy 6. Shanavas 4-11-18 from Chalakudy 7. Sujith 3-11-2018 from Chalakudy 8. Manaf 3-11-2018 from Chalakudy 9. Shahin 24-10-2018 from Chalakudi 10. Jayan 9-10-2018 from Chalakudy 11. Prasad 9-10-2018 from Chalakudy 24-9-2018 563 gm gold. By the effective intervention and investigation police arrested accused and recovered gold within a short interval. Case is UI.

11. Kannur City PS Cr. No Cr.No 442/2018 u/s 457, 461, 395 IPC:D/o 06.09.2018 at 01.30 hrs.D/R 06.09.2018 at 08.21hrs. P/O: Kannur Amsom, Uruvachal, near Chovva Spinning Mill. Complainant: Vinod Chandran K., S/o Narayanan Nambiar, age - 56/18, Kodoth House, Verikkulam, Kalathur, Kasaragod. Now residing in a rented house at Kannur Amsom Uruvachal. Accused: Muhammed Hilal Buyya, S/o Muhammed Sayed Buyya, 19/18, Paschima Baniya Valley, Rayantha, Moral Ganj, Bahar Ghatt Dist, Bangladesh, other identified 5 persons. The case is that on 06.09.2018 at 01.30 hrs, accused persons with criminal intention to commit theft, entered in to the rented house of the complainant at Kannur Amsom, Uruvachal, near Chovva spinning mill, by breaking

open the lock of the door by hitting with wooden log, and assaulted the complainant and his wife, stuffing their mouth and tied them to a cot and committed dacoity of 30 sovereign gold ornaments, cash Rs. 23,000/-, one lap top of Dell company and 3 mobile phones of Apple, Samsung and Microsoft company, total worth Rs. 67,8000/- etc. fact.

The case was investigated by Sri. Pradeepan Kannipoyil, IP SHO, Kannur City. A special team formed under the leadership of Sri. P.P. Sadanandan, DYSP, Kannur and investigation continued. On investigation verified CDRs Tower dump, MOs no clue about the accused and property while examining the Tower dump got reliable information and investigation team proceeded to Kolkatta, New Delhi, etc. places. After verifying the call details of the suspected number accused Muhammed Hilal Buyya, S/o Muhammed Sayed Buyya, 19/18, Paschima Baniya Valley, Rayantha, Moral Ganj, Bahar Ghatt Dist, Bangladesh, apprehended and taken in to custody and recorded the arrest on 21.12.2018.

12. Police Station: Payangadi PS. Cr.No & Sec.of law: Cr.No.312/2018 u/s 454,461,380 IPC. Place of occurrence: Payangadi, Ezhome Amsom. Date & time of occurrence: Between 13.00 hrs &14.00 hrs on 08.06.2018. Date and time of report: 08.06.2018 at 19.00 hrs. Name & address of the complainant: Ibrahim A.P., S/o Ahammed. Age: 60/18, Icylin (H), Kakkad Road, Nr. Korjan Road, Puzhathi Amsom. Particulars of property: Gold ornaments weighing 422 sovereigns approx. & Rs. 2 lakhs approx. in cash, ID proof, mobile phone. (Total worth Rs. 1 crore approximately).

Brief of the case: The case in brief is that in between 13.00 hrs and 14.00 hrs on 08.06.2018, at an unknown time, with an intention to commit theft, some person committed lurking trespass in to the locked jewellery shop of the complainant named “Al-Fathibi Jewellery” situated on east side of KSTP Road at Payangadi bus stand complex, Ezhome Amsom by breaking shutter lock and committed theft of gold ornaments weighing 422 Sovereigns approx. & Rs. 2 lakhs approx. in cash, ID proof, mobile phone (Total worth Rs. 1 crore approximately) which were kept safely in bag & in table drawer & as display inside shop. All the accused involved in this case were traced and arrested. This was an outstanding performance & remarkable achievement in the field of investigation by Special Investigation team under close supervision of the DySP, Taliparamba. The accused involved in this case were arrested within a short span of time, only due to extraordinary caliber & time bound investigation conducted by the investigation team.

High Detention Rate Achieved in Heinous/ Grave Crimes

| Grave Crime Cases Reported in Pathanamthitta District for the Year - 2018 |       |                       |    |                       |     |
|---|-------|-----------------------|----|-----------------------|-----|
| Crime Head  |       | No. of Cases Reported |    | No. of Cases Detected |     |
| MURDER  |       | 16                    |    | 15                    |     |
| ATTEMPT TO MURDER   |       | 22                    |    | 22                    |     |
| CULPABLE HOMICIDE   |       | 2                     |    | 2                     |     |
| RAPE  |       | 93                    |    | 93                    |     |
| KIDNAPPING  |       | 2                     |    | 2                     |     |
| Grave Crime Details for the Year of 2018, Kozhikode City                  |       |                       |    |                       |     |
| Category  | Cases | Detection             | PT | UI                    | OD  |
| MURDER  | 8     | 7                     | 2  | 6                     |     |
| 307 IPC   | 6     | 6                     | 2  | 4                     |     |
| 376 IPC   | 43    | 33                    | 6  | 37                    |     |
| 304   | 3     | 3                     | 3  |                       |     |
| Dacoity   | 1     |                       |    |                       | 1   |
| POCSO ACT   | 16    | 15                    | 10 | 5                     | 1   |
| NDPS ACT  | 26    | 21                    | 9  | 17                    |     |
| MAN MISSING   | 111   | 110                   | 1  | 110                   |     |
| OTHERS  | 32    | 21                    | 6  | 20                    | 6   |
| Total   | 246   | 216                   | 38 | 90                    | 118 |

High Detention Rate Achieved in Heinous/ Grave Crimes in Kochi City

| PROPERTY OFFENCES   |                                 |      |     |
|---|---------------------------------|------|-----|
| SL. No.   | OFFENCES                        | 2018 |     |
|   |                                 | REP  | DET |
| 1   | Murder for Gain                 | 0    | 0   |
| 2   | Dacoity                         | 7    | 7   |
| 3   | Robbery                         | 61   | 55  |
| 4   | HB Theft by Night               | 69   | 54  |
| 5   | HB Theft by Day                 | 24   | 18  |
| OFFENCES AGAINST PERSONS (INCLUDING ATROCITIES AGAINST WOMEN) |                                 |      |     |
| 1   | Murder                          | 12   | 12  |
| 2   | Attempt to Murder               | 32   | 32  |
| 3   | Grievous Hurt                   | 86   | 86  |
| 4   | Kidnapping/ Abduction (a) Women | 9    | 9   |
| 5   | Rape/ Attempt                   | 84   | 84  |
| 6   | Cases U/s 304 (B) IPC           | 1    | 1   |
| 7   | Atrocities Against SC/ST        | 21   | 21  |
| TOTAL   |                                 | 245  | 245 |

Action Against Illicit Firearms

1. Rajakadu PS Cr.04/18, u/s 3 r/w 25(I-B) a of Arms Act & 9-B(1) of Explosives Act. D/O: 01.01.18. D/R: 02.01.18. P/O: Uppar Complainant: K.K. Vinodan Sec. Forest Officer Bodimettu Forest Section Accused: Thomas S/o Mathew, Age - 67, Kakkanickal House Muhanmudy. The case is that the accused was arrested and seized by the complainant with country made gun without any license. The case is UI.

2. Cumbumettu PS Cr.106/18, U/s 25(1)a of Arms Act 1959. D/O: 24.12.18. D/R: 24.02.18. P/O: Cumbumettu. Complainant: Tony Joseph, SI of Police Cumbumettu. Accused: Ullas, S/o Kunjumani, Age - 36/18, Uranmalayil (H), Thannippara, Karunapuram. The case is that the accused person was arrested by the complainant for keeping one county-made gun in the bedroom of the accused with any license. The case is UI.

3. Adimali PS Cr.186/18, U/s 3 R/w 25(I-B)a, 5 R/w 25(I-a) of Arms Act. D/O: 06.03.18 20.00 hrs. D/R: 06.03.18 21.30 hrs. P/O: Kambiline. Complainant: Santhosh Sajeeve, SI of Police Adimali. Accused: Vijayan, Age - 65, S/o Krishnan, Vijaya Sadanam, Kambiline Kara, Anaviratty Village. The case is that the complainant seized and arrested the accused with a country-made gun, mini gun, revolver and one barrel and instruments for the making of guns from his workshop at Kambiline. The case is UI.

4. Rajakkadu PS Cr. 87/18 U/s 3 R/w 25(I-B)a of Arms Act. D/O: 02.03.18. D/R: 02.03.18. P/O: Bison Valley. Complainant: Anoopmon P.D., SI of Police Rajakad. Accused: Unknown. The case is that unknown accused kept country-made gun without any license. Accused not arrested. The case is UI.

5. Santhanpara PS Cr.174/18, U/s 3, r/w 25(1-B)a of Arms Act 1959. D/O: 18.04.18. D/R: 18.04.18. P/O: Santhampara. Complainant: K.P. Radhakrishana Nair, SI Adimali. Accused: Not known. The case is that one country-made gun was found by the complainant on the road side

of Rajapparamettu. The case is UI.

6. Kanjar PS Cr.249/18, U/s 3, 25(1)a of Arms Act 1959. D/O: 13.04.18. D/R: 13.04.18. P/O: Illppilly Peringadu. Complainant: Sajan, SI Of Police Kanjar. Accused: Not known. The case is that one country-made gun was found by the complainant in the rubber plantation at Ellapilly. The case is UI.

7. Kalamassery PS Cr: 1139/18 U/s 3 r/w 25(1)9B)a) &30 of Arms Act. D/o:- 23.06.18 18.30 hrs D/r:- 23.06.18 21.00 Hrs P/O: Pathadipalam, Complainant: Prasanth Clint, SI of Police, Accused: Sukhdev Singh, S/o Jang Singh @ Vill Rampur, Dhara Ludhiyana, Punjab Rural (Personal security officer RF motors, Pathadipalam) Brief of the case: The accused working as security guard in the RF motors showroom at Pathadipalam was found possessing NP FG 58625.32 Revolver, MKIII Field Gun, KanpurIII 2014 without any legal documents.

8. Central PS Cr No.2109/18 U/s 27of Arms Act & 506 IPC D/o :28.09.2018 D/r: 03.10.2018 P/O: Kalathiparambu Road, Ernakulam, Complainant: K.P. Thirumeni, Karyaparambil House, Padamugal, Kakkanadu, Ernakulam, Accused: Krishnan N., Nediyam Veettil, Kalathiparambu Road, Ernakualm. Brief of the case: Due to previous enmity the accused person entered in to the complainant's house and threatened him by pointing a gun towards the complainant.

9. Central PS Cr No.2117/18 U/s 5 r/w 27(1) of Arms Act & 506,34 IPC D/o :28.09.2018 D/r: 04.10.2018 P/O: Kalathiparambu Road, Ernakulam Complainant: Ajayakumar, Sreevalsam, Ambunadu Kara, Malayidumthuruth PO, Pookkattupady, Ernakulam.Accused: 1. Krishnan N., Finance Supporter, Positive Systems, Kalathiparambu Road, 2. Sampathkumar, Proprietor, Positive Systems, Kalathiparambu Road, Ernakulam. Brief of the Case: Due to previous enmity the accused persons entered in to the complainant's house and threatened him by



pointing a gun towards the complainant and staff.

**10.** Kulamavu PS Cr.77/18, U/s 3, 25 (1)(a) of ARMS Act. D/O: 21.12.2018. D/R: 21.12.18. P/O: Muthiyurandayar. Complainant: SI of Police Kulamavu PS. Accused: Not known. The case is that one country-made SBML gun placed by somebody at the landed property of Ravikumar, Poothakuzhiyil (H), Muthiyurundayar. There is no Government stamp or identification marks on the gun. So far no clue obtained about the accused. The case is UI.

**11.** Adimali PS Cr.658/18,U/s 325,(1-B)(a) of Arms Act1959 & Sec.9(B) (i)(b) of Explosives Act1984. D/O: 29.11.2018. D/R: 01.12.2018. P/O: Valara. Complainant: K.S. Girieesh, Deputy Forest Range Officer. Valara, Adimali. Accused: Baburaj, S/o Parabhakaran, Kattiyakkaal H., Kaveippady, Mannamkandam Village. The case is that the complainant seized a country-made gun and ammunitions from the house of accused which were kept without any license. The case is UI.

**12.** Santhanpara PS Cr.506/18, U/s 3, 25(1-B)(a) of Arms Act 1959 & sec. 9(B)(1)(b) of Explosive Act. D/O: 02.12.18. D/R: 03.12.18. P/O: Choondal, Pooppara. Complainant: Dilip Khan, age - 39, Section forest officer, Bodymettu section, Devikulam forest range. Accused: A1) Babu Raj, age - 39, Chenkalpanikankudy A2) Sunil A3) Maharaja A4) Marimuthu. The case is that the accused persons arrested with 2 country-made guns, 6 cartridges, 3 empty cases and other explosive items by the complainant. A1 was arrested by the complainant and produced at Santhanpara PS. The case is UI.

**13.** Perumbavoor PS 943/18 21© of NDPS Act 12.03.18. The accused person was found with keeping Hashish oil- 1,994 gm at Onnam Mile, Hashish Oil 1,994 gm, Antoney, Madapilly (h), Nirappu, Chinnar, Konnathadi, Idukki, Ph: 9497240044.

### HIGH DETENTION RATE ACHIEVED IN HEINOUS/ GRAVE CRIMES

**1.** Central PS 17.03.2018 P/O: M.G. Road, Federal Bank, CDM Cr.779/18, U/s 489 IPC, 48000 Rs @2000 X 24 Arun T. Joseph, Age - 30/18, S/o Thankachan, 23/1007, Olikkal Lalam, Pala, Kottayam.

**2.** Central PS 13.03.2018 P/O: SBI, Metro Station Branch Cr.975/18, U/s 489 B IPC, Rs. 22,000 @ 2000 X 11. Arun T. Joseph, Age - 30/18, S/o Thankachan, 23/1007, Olikkal Lalam, Pala, Kottayam.

**3.**Thrikkakara 17.03.2018, P/O: Thrikkakara Cr.534/18, U/s 489 B IPC, 46000 @2000 X 23, Arun T. Joseph, Age - 30/18, S/o Thankachan, 23/1007, Olikkal Lalam, Pala, Kottayam, Charged.

**4.** Ettumanoor PS Cr: 475/18 U/s 489(a)(b)(c) IPC reported from Ettumanoor on 23.03.18, D/O: 23.03.18, N/C: Prasanth Kumar K.R., SI of Police, Ettumanoor. N/A: Sumon P.S., age - 32, S/o Sudhakaran, Plaparambil House, Thirumoolapuram, Thiruvalla, now residing at a rental home of Pallikunnel House at Kurumulloor. The brief of the case is that the accused counterfeited 2,000/- rupees currency notes by taking colour photostat of original currency on white paper by using a colour photostat machine and he was arrested while trying to buy lottery tickets by giving a forfeited 2,000/- rupees currency. 10 nos. of other counterfeited 2,000/- rupees currencies were recovered from his pocket and 36 nos. of partially forfeited 2,000/- rupees currency and a colour printer used to forfeit the currency were also seized from his house at Kurumulloor.

**5.** Pala PS Cr 745/18, u/sec. 489 (A)489 (B),489 (D) 214, 202,& 34 IPC, D/O. 12.03.2018 between 09.10 hrs and 09.15 hrs. D/R 13.03.2018 at 09.59 Hrs, P/o Pala, Complainant- Praveen V.S., aged - 33 yrs, S/o Sreedharan, Asst. Manager, Federal Bank, Pala. Accused - A(1) Arun T. Joseph, S/o O.J. Thankachan, Olickalhouse,Kallarackal Arcade, Pala, Lalam A(2) Mariamma Joseph @ Mercy, W/o O.J. Thankachan, Olickalhouse,

Kallarackal Arcade, Pala, Lalam Village A(3) Anoop Bose, S/o K.K. Bose, Kulathummattel House, Karoor P.O. Lalam. A(4) Suresh P. Thankappan, S/o Thankappan, Suninivas, Ayarkunnam P.O., Ayarkunnam Village. The case is that the accused counterfeited 2,000/- rupees currency notes by taking colour photostat with the knowledge and consent of the other accused and deposited 5 fake (Photostat) currency notes of 2,000/- as original currency note to his account No. 10970100228693 between 09.10 hrs and 09.15 hrs on 12.03.18 at Cash Deposit Machine (CDM) of Federal Bank main branch Pala, all accused arrested and remanded.

**6.** Velloor PS crime 925/18 u/s 489 A,B,D IPC reported from Peruva on 3.10.2018 N/C: SI of Police, Velloor, N/A: Swaraj- 31, S/o Sahadevan, Ambakattel House, Elanji P.O., Ernakulam. The brief of the case is that accused forged Indian currency notes of Rs. 500, 200 and possessed it and used it as genuine notes and he gave one of it at the petrol pump at Peruva after filling fuel on his Omni van on 3.10.2018 at 7.45 pm. The accused was arrested.

**7.** 119/18 U/S 489 b 489 c & 34 IPC D/o 02/02/2018 at 16.00 hrs D/r 02/02/2018 at 19.18 hrs P/o Thalakode Complainant: Soofi T.M., Sub Inspector of Police, Oonnukal Police Station, Accused: A1) Suhana 27/17, D/o Mumaun Shaik, Uttardhariapuram Kaliachawk Malda, A2) Sahin, 24/17, D/o Mumaun Shaik, Uttardhariapuram Kaliachawk Malda. A3) Anoop, 40/18, S/o Varghese, Malieckal House, Elikulam Ponkunnam, Kottayam. Brief of the case is that the accused were arrested by complainant on 02/02/2018 at 17.00 hrs at Thalakode check post while they were possessing 10 no. of fake Indian currency notes of rupees 2,000/- and transact 1 no. fake Indian currency note of rupees 2,000/- with the intention and purpose to generate illegal profit. Total 11 numbers of fake currency worth Rs. 22,000/-, original Indian currency notes worth Rs. 7,64,960/- and a car bearing registration number KL-07 CK 8656 were seized from them. The case is under investigation for obtaining source of fake currency notes.

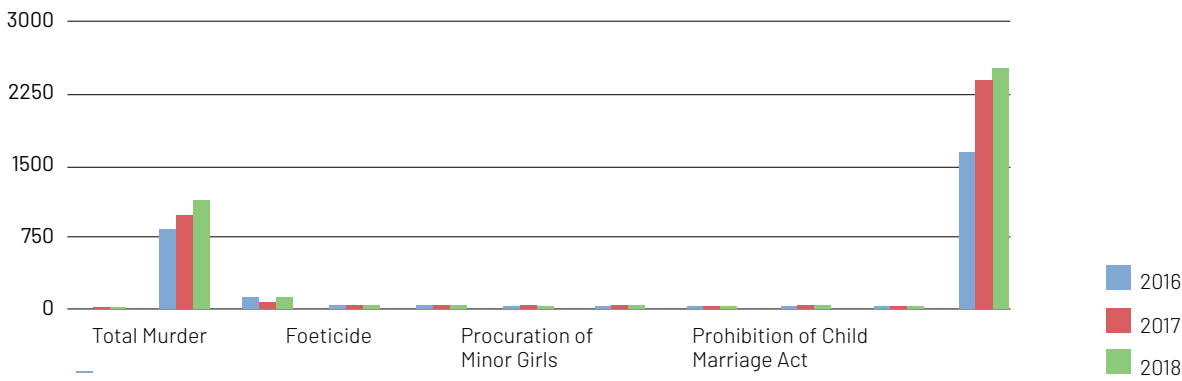
**8.** Kothamangalam PS Cr. 2135/18 U/S 489 B & C IPC D/O 13.09.18 AT 19.00 Hrs D/r 16.09.18 at 00.16 hrs, P/o Nellikuzhy. Complainant: Basil Thomas, SI of Police, Kothamangalam, Accused: Diladr, age - 18/18, S/o Yousuf Ali, Guanabari Saidaria Post Office, Rupahi Hut Police Station, Nagaon District, Assam. Brief of the case is that the accused with the knowledge that the possession and exchange of fake Indian currency is illegal, the accused person attempted to transfer 5 no. of fake Indian currency having value of 2,000/- each (worth Rs 10,000/-) through the money exchanger, Noushad at Nellikuzhy on 13.09.18. The accused arrested and seized fake currency of Rs. 10,000/- (2,000\*5) on 15.09.18. The case is UI.



## CRIMES AGAINST CHILDREN

| INCIDENCE OF COGNIZABLE CRIMES UNDER SPECIAL AND LOCAL LAWS (SLL) UNDER DIFFERENT CRIME HEADS |                                   |      |      |                  |           |           |
|---|-----------------------------------|------|------|------------------|-----------|-----------|
| SL. No.   | Crime Heads                       | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 Provisional | VARIATION |           |
|   |                                   |      |      |                  | from 2016 | from 2017 |
| 1   | Total Murder                      | 33   | 27   | 22               | -22.22    | -22.73    |
| 2   | Rape                              | 958  | 1045 | 1204             | 8.33      | 13.21     |
| 3   | Kidnapping and Abduction          | 154  | 100  | 185              | -54.00    | 45.95     |
| 4   | Foeticide                         | 0    | 0    | 0                | 0.00      | 0.00      |
| 5   | Abetment of Suicide               | 3    | 5    | 3                | 40.00     | -66.67    |
| 6   | Exposure and Abandonment          | 5    | 5    | 8                | 0.00      | 37.50     |
| 7   | Procuring of Minor Girls          | 3    | 14   | 2                | 78.57     | -600.00   |
| 8   | Buying Girls for Prostitution     | 0    | 0    | 0                | 0.00      | 0.00      |
| 9   | Selling Girls for Prostitution    | 0    | 0    | 0                | 0.00      | 0.00      |
| 10  | Prohibition of Child Marriage Act | 8    | 15   | 15               | 46.67     | 0.00      |
| 11  | Other Crimes Against Children     | 1717 | 2332 | 2569             | 26.37     | 9.23      |
|   | Total Crimes                      | 2881 | 3543 | 4008             | 18.68     | 11.60     |

Crime against children cases increased by 18.68% from 2016 to 2017 and increased by 11.6% from 2017 to 2018



### OPERATION P-HUNT\_17.1 - AN EXTREME SEARCH FOR PEDOPHILES IN CYBER SPACE

Understanding that child pornographic videos and images were being circulated among the people through social media, Kerala Police Cyberdome conducted an operation named Operation P-Hunt-17.1 which identified that the child pornographic groups were comparatively less in social media applications such as Facebook and WhatsApp while it was much more in mobile apps like Telegram since it had strong encryption, secret chat options and no mobile number identity.

As part of this operation, we were able to identify that were many such Telegram groups, some which had 1000s of members and which were being operated from Kerala, outside Kerala as well as outside India, and that 37 of such channels were being managed by a Malayali admin.

Many telegram groups such as 'Poombatta', 'Nadan thundu', 'Awesome Kerala' etc. which were under the control of the user called MLPM, together had more than 15,000 users in it. These groups were constantly circulating sex images and videos of small children. As per the order from the Inspector General of Police and Nodal Officer of Kerala Police Cyberdome, Sri. Manoj Abraham IPS, the cyber intelligence division of Cyberdome, under the leadership of Sub Inspector of Police, Prakash SP, collected information regarding the admin of the group and handed it over to Malappuram Superintendent of Police (SP) with detailed

report for further action. Accordingly, Malappuram SP formed a special team for the task, arrested the culprit and collected all the necessary digital evidence regarding this. The details of rest of the people in the telegram channel involved in circulating these images and videos are being collected

Cyberdome is monitoring all such groups and channels within social media. As the administrator of this group has been arrested and the channel members have realised that their details are also being collected by the police, we have noticed that a false campaign has been spreading in the social media with the members of such groups claiming to have joined these channels solely for monitoring purpose. This is being done in order to escape the legal action which will be taken against them. It should be noted that as per the current law, viewing, distributing or storing of any child pornographic content is a criminal offence and can result in up to 5 years imprisonment and up to 10 lakh rupees punishment. If anyone comes across any such channels or groups that spread child sex-related content, they can inform Cyberdome, Cyber Cell or Hi-tech cell at the earliest considering child security as the responsibility of the society.

### INTERSTATE COORDINATION

Kerala Police conducts regular coordination meetings with their counterparts across the border. The matter was also brought to



the notice of the DsGP of Tamil Nadu and Karnataka to instruct their officers for effective coordination. The coordination meetings are structured in such a way that, two meetings each will be held by the District Police Chiefs of Kerala and his counterpart across the border in an year, wherein the Special Branch heads of the respective districts will also attend.

Accordingly, meetings in coordination of the bordering districts of Kerala and Tamil Nadu have been conducted on 16.03.2018 and 27.03.2018, wherein various pressing issues concerning both the States were discussed. The meeting conducted on 16.03.2018 at Tamil Nadu was in coordination between the districts of Thiruvananthapuram Rural and Kanyakumari. During the meeting various issues viz. facilitating the arrest of absconding criminals, prompt exchange of Intelligence during communal/ political tensions, curtailing the menace of smuggling contraband items etc. were discussed.

The meeting held on 27.03.2018 at Kerala was in coordination between the districts of Idukki and Theni. There is a situation of banned pesticides/ chemicals being illegally transported across the border, owing to the agrarian background of Idukki district. A combined action from the district police of both bordering districts is envisaged to curb this menace. Various other subjects viz. joint verification to identify peoples in possession of multiple voters ID cards, cooperation in the investigation of cases having interstate ramifications etc. were also discussed during the meeting. Apart from this, a meeting in coordination of Kasaragod, Mangalore, Dakshina Kannada and Kodagu districts is proposed to be held in the following month, subject to the convenience from their part.

The tripartite meeting with Karnataka and Tamil Nadu are also held on a regular basis for coordinating Joint Combing Operations and sharing of intelligence to curb the LWE menace.

### INFORMATION COMMUNICATION AND TECHNOLOGY (ICT) WING

The work assigned to the Information Communication & Technology Wing are:

- To undertake expansion of process of computerisation to different areas of police work.
- Maintain and set out modernisation requirements for the existing infrastructure at Police Computer Centre, DCRBs and other units.
- Identify training requirements and impart computer training.
- Study new technologies in CT for adopting it in Police Computerisation Scheme.
- To liaise with NCRB, MHA, Government of India and other State Counter-parts in implementing systems developed commonly for all States as part of standardisation of police work (CCTNS/CIPA/ CCIS, MVCS and Talash).
- To provide technical supervision to the day-to-day function of Police Computer Centre, DCRBs etc.

### COMPUTERISATION WORK (MAJOR PROJECTS) UNDERTAKEN

#### Crime & Criminal Tracking and Networking System (CCTNS)

This project has been conceptualised by the Ministry of Home Affairs as a Mission Mode Project under the National e-Governance Plan (NeGP). This is intended to modernise the police force by enhancing the outcome in the areas of Crime Investigation and Criminal Detection, information gathering and its dissemination among various police organisations across the country and in enhancing Citizen Services. It will not only automate police functions at police stations and higher

levels but will also create facilities and mechanism to provide public services like registration of online complaints, ascertaining the status of case registered at the police station, verification of persons etc.. An allocation of Rs. 2,000 crores has been made for CCTNS Project. Cabinet Committee on Economic Affairs (CCEA) has approved the project on 19.06.2009.

| Offices   | Number Of Offices |
|---|-------------------|
| Police Stations   | 522               |
| IP Offices  | 9                 |
| Sub Divisional Police Offices                                   | 66                |
| District Police Offices   | 20                |
| Other Higher Police Offices (PHQ, SCRB, Range, Zone & CBCID HQ) | 9                 |
| Police Control Rooms  | 20                |
| Forensic Science and Finger Print Bureau                        | 23                |
| Total   | 669               |

Hardware Delivery - Completed for all locations

Site Preparation - Completed for all locations

Furniture Delivery - Completed for all locations

Data Centre (DC) Setup - Completed at State Data Centre (DC) at Tvm.

Disaster Recovery (DR) - Completed and replication enabled at NIC, Delhi

FIR Registered (as on 03.08.2018) - 1131627

IIF & Other Forms - IIF 2-11 and all other forms have been started

Citizen Portal - All the 9 services are available through THUNA

Role Based Training - Completed for 21,440/21,440 (100 %)

Trainers Training - Completed for 121/121 police personnel/officers

Change Management - Completed for 852/852 police personnel/ officers

Data Digitisation - Digitised 10,22,703 (100%) out 10,22,703 records

Data Migration - Migrated 10,22,703 (100 %) of the digitised data

Network Connectivity - Completed for all the locations

Help Desk - 4 resource personnel working in 24\*7 shift

### ROAD SAFETY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (RSMS)

RSMS is a web enabled platform, independent, GIS supported, accident database management solution with a powerful data analysis engine. Recording of the road accident data are carried out in the respective police stations/ traffic stations and monitored by PCC.

### INTERNAL ADMINISTRATIVE PROCESSING SYSTEM (IAPS)

Internal Administrative Processing System (iAPS) enabled computerisation of all administrative offices of the Police Department viz. DPOs/ CPOs/ Bn Offices and CBCID offices through an integrated and networked system. This will improve the efficiency of the administrative offices of the department and ensure better service delivery in-house as well as to citizens. There are four resource persons all over Kerala to ensure the smooth functioning.

### CITIZENS HELP DESK

Project to provide essential information and other services to citizens in each police station through a single window process through the help desk. The help desk will be installed in all Police Stations and will be connected to Internal Administrative Processing System database (iAPS) and CCTNS on its roll out to enable delivery of efficient services to citizens.

### TOUCH SCREEN KIOSKS

Aims at providing basic information to citizens on areas such as petition enquiry status, passport verification status and data on arms licenses, mike sanctions and such other services through touch screen kiosks.

### VEHICLE TRACKING SYSTEM

100 GPS positioning devices have been issued to vehicles for Highway Patrol. With these, the vehicle position can be traced on maps and the same can be accessed from any Police Station or location through the Internet. It helps the Control Room Officer to locate the vehicle nearest to the spot/location of interest and he can monitor the movements of vehicles to ensure that they act promptly. Wherever Dial-100 system is implemented in Control Rooms, it can be integrated with it. Various reports of significance can be generated from the system. It enhances reach of the police and cuts response time.

### WEBSITE MAINTENANCE

Official website of Kerala Police viz. www.keralapolice.org, www.keralapolice.gov.in is being maintained at PCC. Certain no. of Police Stations in Kerala have been initiated to create their own websites with the assistance of ICT.

### E-MAIL ID CREATION AND MAINTENANCE

Around 1,200 e-mail IDs have been created for various users in the Police Department in the keralapolice.gov.in domain maintained at State Data Centre KSITM.

### COMPUTER AIDED POLICE SERVICES (CAPS) PORTAL

The aim of CAPS is the total integration of computer systems right from the police station to the Police Headquarters using appropriate connectivity and applications prevalent during that time.

### APPLICATION SOFTWARE

Digital Criminal Gallery – The details of MO-Criminals of our State, are being collected at SCRB in a prescribed pro-forma from 1998 onwards. A new application software called “Digital Criminal Gallery” was developed in 2010 which can be easily accessed using web. The prime objective of this system is to make available the data on crime and criminals to the Investigating Officers at the police stations by querying the database for any known parameters like method of operation, associates evolved, areas of operation, time of operation, cases involved and convicted, physical features, FP code and receivers of stolen property.

Online C-Form for Foreigners - A foreigner who is coming to Kerala may stay in a hotel or house. The house owner or the manager of the hotel reports to the FRO and concerned police station through C-Form manually. Now, Tourism Department has registered all hotels and home-stays. C-Form is filled online by hotel/ home-stays through an online application developed by Kerala Tourism.

Police Computer Centre is in the process of developing application software in-house for CAPS which will enable Police Stations to report the daily occurrence of crimes, missing persons, road accidents etc..

Police Computer Centre is developing application software in-house for CAPS which will work as a “Dashboard” for SPs/ CPs/ IGP/ ADGPs/ DGP to know overall picture of the various crimes, road accidents, petition disposal, missing persons etc..

### SABARIMALA WEBPORTAL (WWW.SABARIMALA.KERALAPOLICE.GOV.IN)

Kerala Police @ Sabarimala is an information portal about Sabarimala hosted by Kerala Police for helping pilgrims.

To enhance the security arrangements at Sabarimala and to improve crowd management and control measures of the police, 20 high speed DOME cameras have been set up in various places from Pampa to Sannidhanam. These will provide high quality video feed round the clock, throughout the year to the Police Control Room (PCR) located at Pampa. The videos are recorded in Pampa Control Room.



### KSWAN FOR POLICE DEPARTMENT

All the units of Police Department are to be provided with Kerala State Wide Area (KSWAN) connectivity. The work is to be undertaken by Kerala State IT Mission in partnership with M/s UTL and C-DAC Thiruvananthapuram. Presently, there are altogether 120 locations where KSWAN connection points are available.

### MOTOR VEHICLE CO-ORDINATION SYSTEM

National Crime Records Bureau has provided their database containing details of Motor Vehicles stolen/ recovered in various parts of the country.

### TALASH INFORMATION SYSTEMS

National Crime Records Bureau has provided their database containing details of Motor Vehicles stolen/ recovered in various parts of the country.

### THE FOLLOWING ARE THE NEWLY INTRODUCED PEOPLE FRIENDLY E-SERVICES PROVIDED BY THE DEPARTMENT.

- e-FIR
- e-Payment
- iAPS Petition Status
- iAPS File Status
- e-Tender
- Motor Vehicle Department Online Payment
- Foreigners Registration

### DIGITALISATION WORK

The following reports and manuals were digitalised for easy access and retrieval.

#### National Police Commission reports

- Important Police Inquiry Commission Reports
- Kerala Police Manual Vol. I to IV
- Departmental Circulars
- Executive Directives
- UO Notes of SBCID
- All KP Forms used in Police Stations, Districts
- Collecting data w.r.t RTI Act 2005 from all units including battalions. The digitalised data can be easily searched (simple text search), printed and copied.



OTHER SYSTEMS IMPLEMENTED/ BEING IMPLEMENTED IN OUR DEPARTMENT

- Monthly Crime Review System implemented in CIB
- Publication of Gazette (monthly periodical)
- Road Accident Analysis
- Portrait Building System
- Kerala Police Duty Meet related work for conducting Computer Awareness Competition

SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT WING

- In house programming - Development of software for the use of Police Department as and when required and as per the directions of Superior Police Officers
- Implementation and support to the programmes supplied by NCRB, MHA etc. (for example-MVCS, TALASH etc.)
- Publication of RTI Act information collected from 36 units in our official website (in 9 pro-forma)
- Provided software training as directed by superior officers
- Providing CUG numbers to department telephones in liaison with BSNL
- Creating presentations as instructed by superior officers
- Works carried out in distribution of computers and accessories and other electronic equipments as directed by PHQ

HI-TECH CELL

hitechcell.pol@kerala.gov.in

The Hi-Tech Crime Enquiry Cell had been created to prevent and detect serious and organised cyber crimes with assistance from other Government agencies, the private sector, academic institutions, and foreign counterparts. It had been originated as a Special Cell of Kerala Police and started functioning on 5th May 2006 by a special order of DGP of Kerala. Hi-Tech Cell currently functions under the direct supervision of SP, Crimes and the overall command of Addl. Director General of Police, Crimes.

CYBER CRIME POLICE STATION

The Cyber Police Station, Kerala has started its functioning since 01.07.2009 which has been created with an objective to investigate serious and complicated cyber crimes, which otherwise could not be properly investigated by the local police for want of technical expertise. The SHO of Cyber PS is an officer of the rank of DySP and is being supervised by SP Crimes under the overall command of ADGP Crimes. The Station House Officer, Cyber Police Station is empowered to register FIRs, conduct further investigation and to lay final reports before the court.

Vide GO(Ms)No.66/2011/Home Dated 28.02.2011 the Government of Kerala designate the Chief Judicial Magistrate Court, Thiruvananthapuram as the Special Court for the trial of Cyber Crime cases registered in the Cyber Police Station.

The offences currently being investigated in the Cyber Police Station are as follows :

- Theft of Source Code
- Cyber Terrorism
- Hacking of Websites
- Hacking of Bank Accounts and E-mail IDs
- Creation, Publishing and Sharing of Child Pornography
- Tampering with Computer Source Documents
- Social media abuse which may result in serious consequences
- Complicated cyber offences done through smartphones

COMMUNITY POLICING

- Training has been given to the police personnel/ beat officers in drug abuse
- As part of strengthening coastal areas, training/ awareness has been given to the police personnel/ public
- Student Police Cadet Project
- Training has been given to the students in drug and mobile abuse
- State level training camp has been conducted in Thiruvananthapuram for students
- Upgradation of policing in SC/ST Colonies
- Alternate immediate dispute resolutions has been conducted in colonies
- Service of Special Mobile Squad (SMS) has been improved
- Internal Administrative Processing System (iAPS)
- The file processing system in Police Department namely, iAPS has been improved with more computers and accessories as part of improving the administrative purpose
- Technology upgradation of Cyber Crime Investigation
- Action has been taken to install high speed internet dash board & blade servers in Cyber dome as part of enhancing its functioning
- Also laptop & projectors have been issued to Cyberdome
- Flagship Program on Gender Sensitisation
- Pink Police Control Rooms have been set up in the Districts of Kasaragod, Malappuram, Palakkad, Pathanamthitta, Ernakulam Rural, and Thiruvananthapuram Rural
- Facilities for women visitors in police stations has been improved
- Training on self defence has been given to women
- Training has been given to drivers as part of the safety of women & children in vehicles

SOCIAL CONTEXT OF COMMUNITY POLICING IN KERALA

Kerala is the most literate State of India. It is the least corrupt State (Transparency International - 2005). The area is maximum media penetrated with 78 lakhs copies of print media and 16 TV channels. Hence any new idea will be under media scrutiny.

10% of Kerala population live outside the country. At least 20% of the population has visited a foreign country. Thus the people view things in a global perspective.

Kerala is a highly politicised State. Almost everybody has his/her political belief. But at the same time they are highly tolerant. For example, in the same family you may find people working for different political parties.

Police constabulary of Kerala are highly qualified. Highest paid and highest qualified policemen of India are from Kerala. This has a historical background. The Travancore State Manual by T.K. Velu Pillai (1882-1950) (first published in 1940) mentioned that only literate persons were recruited into the Police Force. Men of high education are frequently chosen to fill places in the subordinate ranks. The document further states that "Prominent persons like Mahatma Gandhi have been so much impressed with the discipline and courtesy exhibited by the generality of the Force that they have thought it fit to give them high compliment by comparing them with London Police."

Public appreciates political neutrality. Public sensitivity is high on open and brazen partiality. Civil society appreciates impartial policing. However they are highly critical of any police action.

Against the back drop of such a social milieu, many individual officers of Kerala had attempted and succeeded in implementing Community Policing Programmes.

JANAMAITHRI SURAKSHA SAMITHI



Janamaithri Suraksha Samithi is a Samithi formed to assist the project functioning. Samithi members should have time to spare for its activities and he/ she shall not be involved in any criminal cases. The Samithi does not have any statutory powers.

The Janamaithri Suraksha Samithi shall consist of Corporation/ Municipal Ward Councillors, representatives of each active Residents Association, NGOs, local media representatives, nominees of every High School Head Master/ College Principal, reputed persons of the locality, retired police personnel and ex-service personnel.

The Samithi should have 10% senior citizens 30% ladies and 20% SC/ST members. Political party members in that capacity are not included in the Samithi. The number of members is 10-25. A Janamaithri Suraksha Samithi has to be formed in the Police Station based on the report submitted by the Circle Inspector, through the Sub Divisional Police Officer to the Superintendent of Police/ Commissioner of Police form the Samithi.

MEETINGS OF THE SAMITHI

The Samithi shall meet at least once in a month at a previously notified place and any member of the public, residing within the local area of the police station, may also attend the meeting to give suggestions/ air complaints.

No criminal cases under investigation or trial should be discussed in the Samithi. No discussion is made of arrest or any other statutory functions of the police.

The meeting is convened by the Circle Inspector and SHO is the secretary of the Samithi.

The meetings shall be attended by the Sub Divisional Police Officer once in every three months and by the Superintendent of Police at least once a year.

The minutes of the Samithi meetings are recorded and kept in a minutes book. A copy is forwarded to the Sub Divisional Police Office.

DISTRICT ADVISORY SAMITHI

Superintendent of Police/ Commissioner of Police should form a 'Jilla Upadesaka Samithi' including M.P., M.L.A., Municipal Chairman/ Mayor and also other representatives nominated by the Superintendent of Police/Commissioner of Police. The Samithi may have 10-20 members. Once in three months, Superintendent of Police/ Commissioner of Police may convene a meeting and review the activities of the project and give necessary advices for successful implementation of the project.

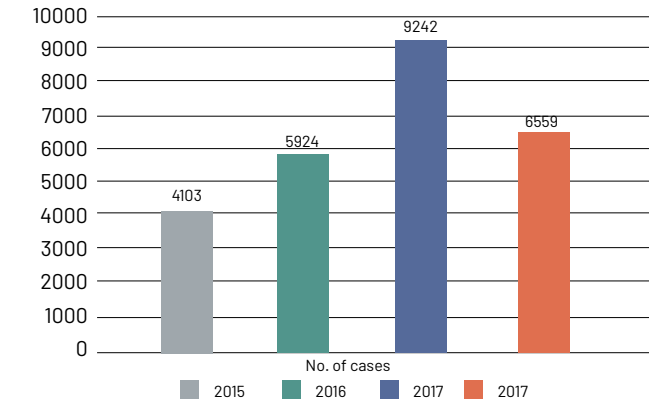
DRUG TRAFFICKING & SUBSTANCE ABUSE

Concerns and issues

Prevention of proliferation of narcotic substances in the State is a major task for Kerala Police. The primary hurdle is to stem the influx of narcotic and psychotropic substances from other States into Kerala. It has been observed that migrant labourers indulge in drug peddling in addition to regular work. Another issue to be tackled is keeping an eye on Keralites involved in narcotic cases in other States.

A pressing concern for Kerala Police is the emergence of Kerala as a transit route for international drug trafficking. Diversion of pharmaceutical drugs and the increased presence of designer drugs is yet another cause of alarm. Substance abuse among children and youth is on the rise and Kerala Police is exploring many avenues and initiatives to counter this trend.

NARCOTIC & PHYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCES - YEAR WISE DETAILS OF CASES



TWO PRONG APPROACH

- Breaking Supply Chain
- Demand Reduction

BREAKING THE SUPPLY CHAIN

Kerala Anti Narcotic Special Action Force (KANSAF)

A team of not more than 15 members per district with a DySP as team leader

- Sole criteria for selection: Capability & genuine interest
- Gathering intelligence on illegal manufacturing, transportation, storage & sale of Narcotic Substances
- Close surveillance on activities of drug peddlers
- Assisting local police in search, seizure & arrest of drug peddlers
- Assistance to investigating officer for timely & successful prosecution
- Inter-departmental, inter-state coordination for preventing & detection illegal manufacture, transportation, storage & sales

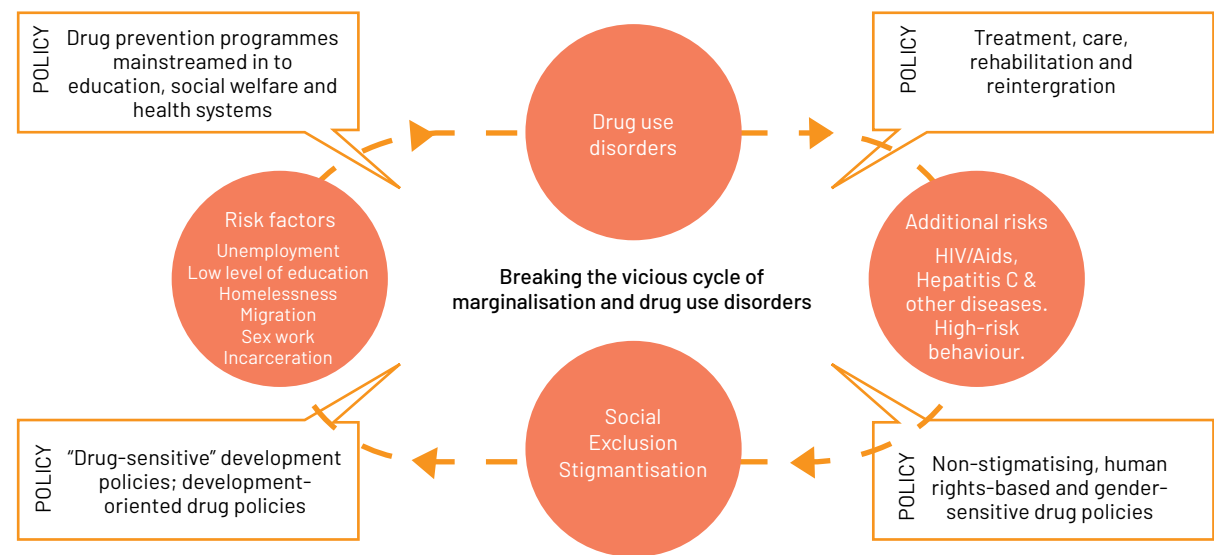
THE COCHIN INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

A top choice of international passengers;  
A major transit point for international passengers  
Now emerging as a transit point of international drug cartels  
Cargos and courier shipments used for transporting drugs.  
Sent in the name of fictitious exporters to their agents abroad.  
To various Middle East and South East Asian Destinations.

5.2 kg of ecstasy drug worth over Rs. 30 crores seized. Recent huge haul of MDMA by Excise, seizure of 17 kg hashish by Tvm City Police from Maldivian citizens. Cocaine worth Rs. 25 crores seized from foreigner at Nedumbassery airport.



BREAKING THE VICIOUS CIRCLE



BREAKING THE SUPPLY CHAIN

- District Narcotic Cells
- Enforcement by Local Police
- Special Fast-track Courts

DEMAND REDUCTION

- Janamaitri Beat Police
- School Protection Group
- Project: 'Our Responsibility to Children'
- Project: 'HOPE'
- Student Police Cadet Project
- Yes to Sports, No to Drugs

JANAMAITHRI BEAT POLICE

- Unique community policing initiative supported by a legislation, Kerala Police Act 2011
- State level program funded from state plan fund
- Each police station is divided into several police beats
- Trained and sensitized beat officer visits each house in his beat area at least twice in a year
- Convenes beat Adalat every month and discusses various issues related to prevalence and abuse of narcotic substances
- Collects information regarding drug abusers and drug peddlers

SCHOOL PROTECTION GROUPS

An invisible wall of protection around every school  
A successful experiment by Kerala Police to ensure safety of children and to curb tendency for juvenile delinquency as well as to protect children from becoming victims of illegal activities by constructing an invisible wall of protection around every school.

STRUCTURE

- Chairperson: Head of the institution or the president of the Parent Teacher Association
- Convener: Local Station House Officer
  - Joint Convener: Police officer designated by the SHO
  - Members:
    - Ward Member/ Ward Councillor
    - School student leader
    - Two willing parents

- Two willing teachers
- Staff secretary
- One respectable merchant of the locality
- One respectable auto driver
- One respectable head-load worker
- A representative of the Jagaratha Samithi or SPC
- Selected respectable residents of the area

DUTIES OF SPG:

- To take action to ensure traffic safety in the school area and surroundings
- To collect and communicate information regarding selling or supply of drugs and narcotic substances, pornographic material, sale of tobacco products, pan masala, alcoholic beverages etc.
- To collect information about students who go away from the school during class hours and loiter in the vicinity
- To keep watch over persons who befriend children with a view to exploit them for illegal or immoral activities

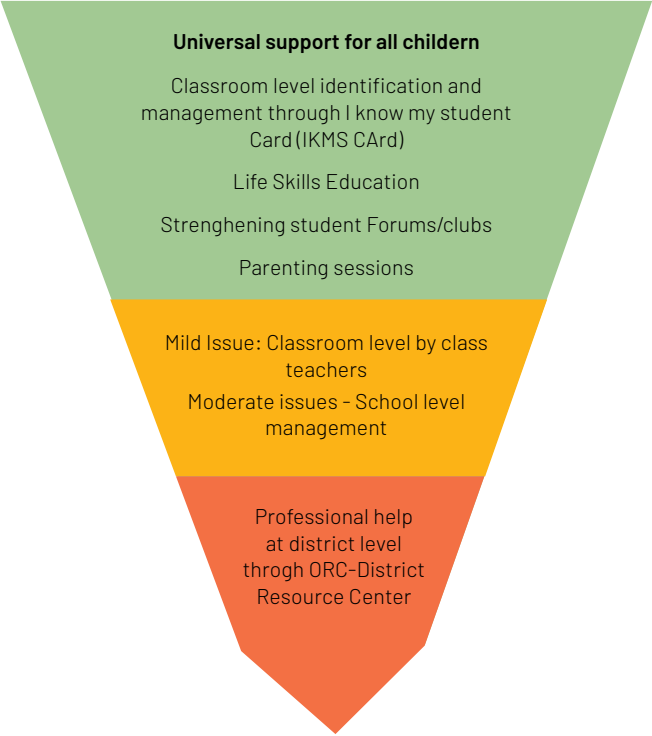
PROJECT 'OUR RESPONSIBILITY TO CHILDREN' (ORC)

A school based initiative to identify behavioural, emotional and other mental health issues of children and ensure their protection & development through:

- Enhancing life skills
- Nurturing strengths
- Addressing vulnerabilities
- Promoting mentoring and good parenting



IMPLEMENTATION STRATEGY



PROJECT 'CLEAN CAMPUS, SAFE CAMPUS'



Arresting the rising prevalence of substance abuse and other socially deviant behaviour among students.

Objectives:

- Effective implementation of the provisions of
- COTPA Act 2003
- The Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act
- The Kerala Abkari Act
- The Kerala Police Act
- Prevent & control socially deviant behaviour including criminal offences & substance abuse including tobacco, alcohol and other harmful substances
- Ensure traffic safety in the school area and surroundings
- Protect children from physical and sexual abuse and effectively check and restrict the availability of pornographic material
- Creating law-abiding, socially responsible and capable citizens
- To have a proper understanding of the concept of delinquency and to take steps for the social integration of young offenders
- Facilitate the collaboration of various Government departments like Police, Health, Social Welfare, Education, various non-governmental organisations and academic institutions

PROJECT 'HOPE'

Hope is an initiative to identify school dropouts and children failing SSLC/ +2 exams and mentor them to:

- Continue their education and achieve better results
- Inculcate soft as well as hard skills to empower them in skills and vocations of their choice
- Grab hold of suitable higher studies opportunities or job placements in India and abroad



THIS UNIVERSE IS EQUALLY FOR THE VICTOR AS WELL AS THE BEATEN

- Triggered by learning from Operation Goonda by Kerala Police to nab Goonda elements and ignited the thoughts around the fate of children who failed their SSLC/ +2 exams
- Studies indicate that poor academic and social skills is a cocktail for disaster which can seriously damage the dignity of such children
- Children whose dignity is seriously affected due to their poor performance in SSLC/ +2 exams could become easily alienated and could eventually become a destabilising factor

An initiative to enable high school students to evolve as responsible and capable citizens by inculcating respect for the law, inner capability, self-discipline, civic sense, empathy for vulnerable sections of society and resistance to social evils.

Vision

Responsible Children, Chance Leaders, Law Abiding Citizens.

Mission

Strengthening life skills and knowledge, building resilient, disciplined and empathetic minds and promoting healthy lifestyles.

SPECIAL EFFORTS FOR TACKLING CRIME AGAINST CHILDREN

Sexual abuse is one of the greatest threats to the safety and health of children. Child sex abuse is on the rise in the nation. To overcome the growing menace of sex crimes against children in India, there are legal frameworks of rights and guarantees enacted in the support of





children. These include a vast array of legal enactments ranging from Constitution of India, Indian Penal Code and other statutory provisions like Protection of Children from Sexual Offences (POSCO) Act 2012, Juvenile Justice (care and protection) Act 2015.

In our State, the government has implemented several schemes and awareness programmes for ensuring protection of child rights in coordination with the Police Department, Social Justice Department and Educational Department. The State Police Chief has issued several circulars from time to time giving necessary directions to the District Police Chiefs and Investigating Officers for legitimate approach towards these cases.

Special Juvenile Police Units are established in all 19 police districts including Railways with the ACP/ DySP in C-Branch as officer-in-charge. As per sec.107 of the JJ act 2015, an officer not below the rank of ASI is designated as Child Welfare Police Officers as part of the Special Juvenile Police Units in all Police Stations to deal with child in need of care & protection or child in conflict with the law.

Further, in our State, one lady police official in each police station has been designated as the Child protection officers. The capacity building programme for all these SJPU members are now being done in KePA under the aegis of UNICEF.

The key duties of the Police/ Special Juvenile Police Unit:

- Record information
- Conduct preliminary assessment
- Report the case within twenty four hours before a Special Court and the hild Welfare Committee(CWC)
- Produce the child before the CWC within twenty four hours, if found required

- Mandatorily adhere to the medical needs of the child
- Keep parent/ guardian informed

The Student Police Cadet (SPC) Project is a school-based initiative by Kerala Police where the cadets are motivated to undertake activities that positively impact their family, communities they live in and their local environment. The project aims at empowering school communities to create safe school environments and confident youth willing to react against social evils.

Vide circular16/2011, the SPC has issued guidelines, suggesting the District Police Chiefs to form School Protection Groups in cooperation with school authorities and local self bodies. The SPGs will keep watch over persons who befriend children with a view to exploit them for illegal or immoral activities.

Also Kerala Police is expected to establish Child friendly police stations in each district. The first of its kind is Fort Police Station, TVPM City with a play area complete with toys, colourful posters, and illustrated comic books was inaugurated by the Hon’ble Chief Minister of Kerala, Sri. Pinarayi Vijayan

By implementing these, the police are able to make the general public more aware of such issues. As a result of this community intervention, the reporting of such cases has risen and this helps in better conviction.

A three day orientation program on Psychosocial care for children in conflict with the law, with the joint aegis of Social Justice Department and NIMHANS was organised in March 2017 at PTC & KEPA in 3 batches as part of the Kaaval Project. The participants of the programs were DySPs in DCRB, WCI, SJPU member, DCPO, legal cum probation officers, social workers etc.(SJPU as per JJ act 2000).

Kaaval is a project by the Social Justice Department and NIMHANS for rehabilitating the child victim after psychosocial intervention through NGOs.

|   |  |   |  |
|---|--|---|--|
| 1 | One day workshop on preventing Crime against Children                          | Held at PWD Rest House, Thycaud, Thiruvananthapuram             | District Nodal Officers of SJPU attended   |
| 2 | One day wokshop on “Child Trafficking”   | Held at Banquet Hall, High Court, Ernakulam                     | District Nodal Officers of SJPU or CI/SI representing SJPU from each district attended |
| 3 | State Consultation Meet on Child Protection in Kerala - Bachpan Bachao Andolan | Held at Banquet Hall, High Court, Ernakulam                     | District Nodal Officers of SJPU attended   |
| 4 | Awareness campaign - Child Rights Week   | Conducted by Social Justice Dept & KeSCPCR throughout the state |  |
| 5 | Three days course on Psychosocial Care for Children in Conflict with the Law   | Conducted in cooperation with NIMHANS, Bangalore                | Members of SJPU constituted under JJ act, 2,000 attended                               |
| 6 | One day orientation program on Child Friendly approach for SJPU members        | Held at Kerala Judicial Academy                                 | District Nodal Officers of SJPU attended   |

## STUDENTS POLICE CADET PROGRAM (SPC), KERALA

The Students Police Cadet (SPC) program, a first of its kind initiative, initially experimented in Kerala, by Kerala Police is a successful experiment to enable high school students to evolve as responsible and capable citizens by inculcating respect for the law, inner capability, self-discipline, civic sense, empathy for vulnerable sections of society and resistance to social evils.

SPC is based on the realisation that today's high school children will be playing a key role in shaping the future of our society and they, in the course of time are to assume important positions such as administrators, bureaucrats, politicians, doctors, engineers, entrepreneurs, jurists, police and so on. Our future will be defined by the the behaviour, attributes and the skills that our children acquire today!

The journey of SPC in Kerala since its humble inception in the year 2006 has so far been highly fulfilling. The initiative, has so far trained around one lakh youngsters to equip them as the young change leaders of our society. 52,000 young cadets from around 647 schools are currently undergoing SPC training based on a prescribed curriculum including dynamic indoor and outdoor activities.

### RATIONALE

They say the world of the 21st century will be shaped by the demographics of nations. Thomas Friedman expresses this clearly. He says: “the country that will thrive the most in the 21st Century will be the one most successful at converting its youth bulge into a ‘demographic dividend.’ Countries that fail to do so will have a youth population that is not only unemployable, but also unmanageable.”1

India has one of the biggest youth bulges – more than any other country in the world. Today, one third of the population is less than 14 years of age, 50% are below the age of 25, and 65% are below 35 yrs. By 2020, the average age in India will be 29 years, while in China, the equivalent age will be 37, and in Europe, it will be 45 yrs. By 2030, India's working age population – forming 2/3rd of the total – will be the largest globally, at over 96 crores (960 million).

Internal Security Issues and crimes by children are increasing. Police organisations are also recognising several major internal security challenges. These include increasing radicalisation, rising crime rates by youth, joining antisocial activities including violent terrorism, dwindling respect for the law, increasing violence against women, and misuse of ICT and technology. Juvenile IPC crimes are increasing with the multiple opportunities that are created by the technological advances that we have made. We must continue to develop our technology, but at the same time, we must do our best to reduce its abuse.

There are serious concerns about the declining values of Indian youth. There are reports of widespread substance abuse, liberal consumption of alcohol, under age sex without a full understanding of the consequences, increasing suicidal tendency among adolescents; major emotional, psychological and behavioural crisis; destructive utilisation of ICT; indulging in violent criminal activities: rape, murder, robbery etc.; and tendency for religious and ideological radicalisation that are poisoning the minds of our youth. The youth needs to be influenced towards Indian and moral values of spiritualism, universal love, non-violence, and tolerance, and is taking every step in this direction.

SPC believes that if we fail to address the issues faced by our youngsters India's youth dividend could well become India's burden. “My hope of the future lies in the youths of character, intelligence, renouncing all for the service of others, and obedient—good to themselves and the country at large” Swami Vivekananda once urged us.

### OBJECTIVES OF SPC

SPC presumes to enable our youngsters to explore and develop their innate capabilities, and empower them to resist the growth of negative tendencies such as social intolerance, substance abuse, deviant behaviour, and anti-establishment violence. Equally, it expects to strengthen within them, their commitment towards their family, the community, and the environment.

SPC is on its forward foot with its aim of building a generation who

- wilfully abides by the law of the land and feels proud about the same
- Who places INDIA above all other priorities
- Who practices civic sense from an early age
- Who possess comprehensive qualities and strengthened

Physical Quotient (PQ)  
Emotional Quotient (EQ)  
Social Quotient (SQ)  
Skill Quotient (SQ)  
Intellectual Quotient (IQ)

### IMPACT OF SPC

SPC, over the period has been an important step in attracting our children to the public education system and it has also been instrumental in not only increasing the student enrolments in Government schools but also in enhancing the discipline, learning outcome and overall quality of the schools where SPC functions.

SPC over a short span of time has proved that it is an initiative not limited by geography or language. Hon. Prime Minister Sri. Narendra Modi, when he was Chief Minister of Gujarat, initiated the replication of the program in Gujarat because he saw its potential in strengthening the country's demographic dividend. Kerala has also influenced the expansion of SPC to other States such as Haryana, Karnataka, and Rajasthan. Hon. Minister for Home, Sri. Rajnath Singh was highly touched by the achievements of SPC Kerala and had made concerted efforts to study the program in detail to roll out the same to all the States of our country.

Agencies such as Klynveld Peat Marwick Goerdeler (KPMG), Planning Board Kerala, SIEMAT Kerala and SCERT Kerala have carried out independent evaluations of the SPC program in Kerala. The studies have identified several benefits accruing to schools, students, families, communities as well as police.

### SPC IS NOW A NATIONAL PROJECT.

The national launch of SPC—nationwide roll-out—was done by the Hon. Home Minister of India, Sri. Rajnath Singh at Gurgaon on 21st July 2018, attended by dignitaries and SPC contingencies from all around the country. This marked a new era for the Indian Youth, as well the Student Police Cadets Program.

“You cannot resist an idea whose time has come” – Viktor Hugo  
It is the time of SPC, it is the time of Indian Youth”.  
JAI HIND



# ONLINE FINANCIAL CRIME



Kerala is becoming victim to different types of online financial crime. Majority of them are victims of Nigerian lottery scam, OTP financial fraud, fake online commercial websites etc..

The majority of victims of online financial crime namely OTP fraud is in the age group of 30-45 years. Kerala Police Cyberdome and Reserve Bank of India, regional office, Thiruvananthapuram organised meeting to discuss on mitigating financial cybercrime.

Kerala Police Cyberdome and RBI worked together to create a preventive mechanism to stop banking financial crimes.

Fraudsters used e-commerce sites to purchase goods online with cheated funds. Police was able to block the transaction and refund the amount to the victims. In some cases, funds were transferred to bank accounts and withdrawn from ATM. In some cases, partial refund of money was achieved.

On revealing card details and OTP, fraudsters transfer fund from bank account to mobile wallet and from mobile wallet to bank account or another mobile wallet, thereby increasing the financial trail/ fund flow.

There is cooling period (Cooling period, a risk mitigation measure, is the time set by the bank during which fund transfer is not allowed to a newly added beneficiary) for funds transfer upon loading of funds into the mobile wallet. The fund comes into the account of beneficiary only after cooling period is over. If we receive complaint during cooling period we are able to block and refund the fraudulent transaction.

Hence, Kerala Police Cyberdome and Reserve Bank of India (RBI), organised a meeting comprising of Nodal Officers of Banks, Mobile Wallets, Payment Gateways, E-commerce portals and personnel from all district cyber cells, Hi-Tech cell and cyber PS on 25th July, 2017 in Thiruvananthapuram.

As a part of a fraud prevention mechanism for OTP/Card payment fraud a WhatsApp group was created comprising of Nodal Officers of all stakeholders of digital economy.

In the meeting it was decided that, on receipt of complaint from a citizen on OTP fraud at district cyber cell, a WhatsApp message having details is immediately sent to respective Nodal Officer with request to freeze the fraudulent transaction as soon as possible thus preventing fund transfer. Legal formalities are followed as usual and communicated to the Nodal Officers in due course.

During the last two weeks of operation, this collaborative and coordinated effort was able to stop and refund fraudulent transfer worth Rs. 1,34,870/-.

Citizens are requested to immediately inform concerned district cyber cell. However, Banks are also providing mobile apps for activation or deactivation of debit card for different types of services like ATMs, point-of-sale (PoS) terminals, e-commerce transaction, domestic and international usage, which act as deterrent against OTP fraud.







# CHAPTER 02

LAW & ORDER



CRIME PREVENTION STRATEGIES

Day/ Night beats/ Patrols - 2018

|                                  | KSGD  | KNR  | WYD  | KKD RL | KKD CITY | RANGE |
|----------------------------------|-------|------|------|--------|----------|-------|
| Avg. No. of Day Beats            | 21900 | 3616 | 4238 | 3917   | 8934     | 42605 |
| Avg. No. of Night Beats          | 13468 | 3856 | 5019 | 7455   | 5375     | 35173 |
| Avg. No. of Foot Patrols         | 6156  | 1186 | 1047 | 1684   | 4240     | 14313 |
| Avg. No. of M/Cycle Patrols      | 43740 | 1864 | 501  | 430    | 4643     | 51178 |
| Avg. No. of Jeep Patrols         | 11340 | 5876 | 5745 | 7815   | 6267     | 37043 |
| Special Patrols like Pink Patrol | 235   | 692  | 5    | 0      | 730      | 1662  |
| No. of Picket Posts              | 14    | 1498 | 225  | 6      | 2491     |       |

Prevention of Crime is one of the most important duties and responsibilities of police. It is the bounden duty of all police personnel to prevent crime in their vicinity. Various methods are being used for this purpose.

1) Regular vehicle patrolling during day and night is being conducted to prevent the movement of contrabands, criminals, antisocials, ex-convicts etc.. It helps to prevent property crimes. Through GPS Tracking system vehicle patrolling is also monitored.

2) Regular checking of bad characters and cross verification of their complicities and antecedents are being done.

3) Collection of intelligence by police personnel – PS jurisdiction divided into beats.

4) Frequent raids and searches at places where anti-social activities such as gambling, spurious liquor sale and storage, lottery gambling and counterfeiting, based on information collected from the field by police personnel. Arms & explosive raids are also conducted with the aid of BDDS team and Dog Squad.

5) All the petitions received in the police station are being properly attended by the SHOs themselves and dispose the same after proper enquiry and action to prevent crime against persons. Petitions are being entered through CCTNS as well as THUNA.

6) Wide publicity is being given to neighbourhood watch system in the Janamaithri program.

7) Action u/s 107,109,110 CrPC is being taken against those deserved.

ACTION UNDER ARMS ACT - 2018

|                                      | KSGD | KNR | WYD | KKD RL | KKD CITY | RANGE |
|--------------------------------------|------|-----|-----|--------|----------|-------|
| No. of cases reported under Arms Act | 3    | 20  | 7   | 13     | 2        | 45    |
| No. of licensed arms                 | 874  | 508 | 31  | 360    | 0        | 1323  |
| No. of unlicensed arms seized        | 1    | 1   | 2   | 3      | 2        | 9     |

Instructions has been given to all DPCs to conduct surprise checking of licensed arms, licensees premises and verify so as to prevent the

misuse of licensed arms. Raids and searches were regularly conducted for the detection of illicit country-made arms.

ACTION AGAINST ORGANISED CRIME

| TYPE OF CRIME | KSGD |     | KNR |     | WYD |     | KKD RL |     | KKD CITY |     |
|---------------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|-----|----------|-----|
|               | Rep  | Det | Rep | Det | Rep | Det | Rep    | Det | Rep      | Det |
| Theft         | Nil  | Nil | Nil | Nil | Nil | Nil | 3      | 3   | Nil      | Nil |



ACTION AGAINST STREET CRIME

| OFFENCE              | KSGD |     | KNR |     | WYD |     | KKD RL |     | KKD CITY |     | RANGE |     |
|----------------------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|-----|----------|-----|-------|-----|
|                      | Rep  | Det | Rep | Det | Rep | Det | Rep    | Det | Rep      | Det | Rep   | Det |
| Dacoity              | 4    | 4   | 8   | 7   | 1   | 1   | 4      | 2   | 5        | 4   | 22    | 18  |
| Robbery              | 29   | 16  | 59  | 46  | 12  | 11  | 25     | 14  | 77       | 46  | 202   | 133 |
| Vehicle Theft        | 49   | 11  | 58  | 26  | 25  | 16  | 46     | 19  | 92       | 27  | 270   | 99  |
| Snatching            | 8    | 2   | 25  | 16  | 0   | 0   | 15     | 10  | 41       | 18  | 89    | 46  |
| Cases under PDPP Act | 12   | 3   | 12  | 9   | 5   | 5   | 25     | 14  | 26       | 15  | 80    | 46  |
| Others               | 2    | 2   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | 66     | 31  | 0        | 0   | 68    | 33  |

DECLINE IN BURGLARY AND HOUSE BREAKING CASES

| OFFENCE           | KSGD |     | KNR |     | WYD |     | KKD RL |     | KKD CITY |     | RANGE |     |
|-------------------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|-----|----------|-----|-------|-----|
|                   | Rep  | Det | Rep | Det | Rep | Det | Rep    | Det | Rep      | Det | Rep   | Det |
| HB theft by Day   | 20   | 6   | 31  | 10  | 16  | 9   | 34     | 17  | 39       | 15  | 142   | 55  |
| HB theft by Night | 62   | 10  | 105 | 41  | 61  | 30  | 103    | 27  | 92       | 43  | 421   | 157 |

SYSTEMATIC ACTION AGAINST CRIMINALS

Action under KAAPA

| SL. No. | TOPIC  | KSGD | KNR | WYD | KKD RL | KKD CITY  | RANGE |
|---------|--|------|-----|-----|--------|-----------|-------|
| 1       | Total no. proposals U/s 3 submitted to District Collector                | 2    | Nil | Nil | 1      | 2         | 5     |
| 2       | Total no. of proposals returned by the District Collector                | Nil  | Nil | Nil | Nil    | Nil       | Nil   |
| 3       | Total no. cases in which Detention Order received                        | 2    | Nil | Nil | 1      | 2         | 5     |
| 4       | Total no. of proposals pending with District Collector                   | Nil  | Nil | Nil | Nil    | Nil       | Nil   |
| 5       | Total no. of arrests made so far   | 2    | 1*  | Nil | 1      | 2         | 6     |
| 6       | Total no. of absconding cases  | Ni   | Nil | Nil | Nil    | Nil       | Nil   |
| 7       | Total no. of cases in which detainees released/ detention period expired | 1    | Nil | Nil | 1      | 1 Revoke) | 3     |
| 8       | Total no. of persons now under custody                                   | Nil  | 1   | Nil | Nil    | 1         | 2     |
| 9       | Total no. of proposals U/s 15 forwarded to IGP                           | 4    | 3   | Nil | Nil    | Nil       | 7     |
| 10      | Total no. of notice issued U/s 15  | 4    | Nil | Nil | Nil    | Nil       | 4     |
| 11      | Restriction orders issued u/s 15 confirmed                               | 3    | Nil | Nil | Nil    | Nil       | 3     |
| 12      | Restriction u/s 15 dropped/ returned                                     | Nil  | 2   | Nil | Nil    | Nil       | 2     |
| 13      | Proposals pending with IGP TSR Range                                     | Nil  | 1   | Nil | Nil    | Nil       | 1     |

Initiation of 107/109/110/151 CrPC against deserving persons

SEPARATION OF INVESTIGATION AND LAW & ORDER

**Kasaragod:** Presently 8 police stations in the district are having IP SHOs i.e Kumbala, Adhur, Kasaragod, Vidyanagar, Bekal, Hosdurg, Nileshwar and Vellarikundu. In these police stations 2 Sub Inspectors were assigned charge of crime investigation and law and order on an experimental basis. After implementing IP SHOs system in all police stations this can be achieved by posting 2 SIs assigned separate charges.

**Kannur:** Public expects better service, and for achieving the same, professional policing work is to be undertaken. To fulfil the expectations of the public, SMART POLICING plan is scheduled and intended for delivering better service to the public in certain customary police activity. Policing should be enhanced in an emerging global world, police must act according to the changes. Separation of investigation and law and order in police stations is effective up to some extent. It may be



better & effective if IPSHOs are posted in all other remaining police stations as supervisory officers who can control working efficiency & capacity of both investigation and law and order duties assigned to particular officers such as SI of Police Investigation & SI of Police - Law & Order. It is suggested that required strength and office should be provided to Investigation Teams in all police stations within the district.

**Wayanad:** Investigation and law & order were separated in 6 police stations in the district where Inspectors are posted as SHOs. The

CYBER AWARENESS CAMPAIGNS CONDUCTED

| DISTRICT | NO. OF PROGRAMMES ORGANISED | NO. OF PERSONS ATTENDED TRAINING |        | REMARK   |
|----------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|--------|--|
|          |                             | POLICE                           | PUBLIC |  |
| KSGD     | 98                          | 200                              | 10600  |  |
| KNR      | 32                          | 190                              | 2750   |  |
| WYD      | 10                          | 748                              | 1029   | Public including school/ college students also |
| KKD RL   | 45                          | 230                              | 4800   |  |
| KKD C    | 54                          | 155                              | 675    |  |

SELF DEFENCE TRAINING

| DISTRICT | NO. OF PROGRAMMES ORGANISED | NO. OF PERSONS ATTENDED TRAINING |        | REMARK   |
|----------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|--------|--|
|          |                             | POLICE                           | PUBLIC |  |
| KSGD     | 141                         | 58                               | 9742   |  |
| KNR      | 71                          | 50                               | 16100  |  |
| WYD      | 55                          | 15                               | 3634   |  |
| KKD RL   | 124                         | 45                               | 41000  | Public including school/ college students also |
| KKD C    | 28                          | 80                               | 5720   |  |

COMMUNITY POLICING SCHEMES

| DISTRICT | JANAMAITHRI BEATS | NO. OF HOUSES VISITED (EXCLUDING 2ND VISITS) | NO. OF PROGRAMMES CONDUCTED               | REMARK |
|----------|-------------------|--|---|--------|
| KSGD     |                   | 313889                                       | Awareness class 141<br>Public Meeting 146 |        |
| KNR      | 26624             | 489463                                       | 415                                       |        |
| WYD      | 5902              | 107421                                       | 235                                       |        |
| KKD RL   | 9744              | 415971                                       | 36  |        |
| KKD C    | 80                | 121605                                       | 236                                       |        |

Janamaithri beat system carried out in all police station limits in Kannur range. As beat policing is the main backbone of policing, beat police officers visit the entire beat areas and obtain information and develop a surveillance and protective system within their beat areas.

OTHER NEW INITIATIVES, HUMANITARIAN AND GOOD SAMARITAN ACTS

**Kasaragod:**

- As a part of ANNAM project implemented by Kasaragod Police Station Janamaithri Project distributing food to underprivileged people.

system is not effective due to non-availability of sufficient number of SIs and police personnel.

**Kozhikode Rural:** Separate wings are properly functioning in most of the police stations in Kozhikode Rural.

**Kozhikode City:** Two separate wings are effectively functional in Kozhikode City in all police stations.

| DISTRICT | NO. OF PROGRAMMES ORGANISED | NO. OF PERSONS ATTENDED TRAINING |        | REMARK   |
|----------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|--------|--|
|          |                             | POLICE                           | PUBLIC |  |
| KSGD     | 98                          | 200                              | 10600  |  |
| KNR      | 32                          | 190                              | 2750   |  |
| WYD      | 10                          | 748                              | 1029   | Public including school/ college students also |
| KKD RL   | 45                          | 230                              | 4800   |  |
| KKD C    | 54                          | 155                              | 675    |  |

| DISTRICT | NO. OF PROGRAMMES ORGANISED | NO. OF PERSONS ATTENDED TRAINING |        | REMARK   |
|----------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|--------|--|
|          |                             | POLICE                           | PUBLIC |  |
| KSGD     | 141                         | 58                               | 9742   |  |
| KNR      | 71                          | 50                               | 16100  |  |
| WYD      | 55                          | 15                               | 3634   |  |
| KKD RL   | 124                         | 45                               | 41000  | Public including school/ college students also |
| KKD C    | 28                          | 80                               | 5720   |  |

| DISTRICT | JANAMAITHRI BEATS | NO. OF HOUSES VISITED (EXCLUDING 2ND VISITS) | NO. OF PROGRAMMES CONDUCTED               | REMARK |
|----------|-------------------|--|---|--------|
| KSGD     |                   | 313889                                       | Awareness class 141<br>Public Meeting 146 |        |
| KNR      | 26624             | 489463                                       | 415                                       |        |
| WYD      | 5902              | 107421                                       | 235                                       |        |
| KKD RL   | 9744              | 415971                                       | 36  |        |
| KKD C    | 80                | 121605                                       | 236                                       |        |

- Distributing leaflet, 'Sthree Surksha' to all women in the society by Janamaithri Police.
- Janamaithri Police as a part of 'Road Suraksha Project' Distributing Leaflet 'Sthree Surksha' to all women in the society.
- Janamaithri Police enquiring about the issues of women and

- children, senior citizens in colonies as a part of 'Colony Visit'.
- Janamaithri Police - Humanitarian and good Samaritan acts. Janamaithri Police gave 70 year old Janaki Amma to close her bank debits in a ceremony at Kanhangad. She was taken back to her home by Women Beat Officers.

- Self defence training to Ministerial Staff.

- District Police Chief gave appreciation to Mr. Sathar who daily helped passengers from Railway Station to Bus Stand in night hours, free of cost.

- Arranged daily free Yoga classes at AR Camp, Kasaragod to police personnel and public.
- With active participation, police and public cleaned coastal areas lead by Dr. Srinivas A. IPS, Kasaragod.

- Police - Public friendly football match promoting peace and communal harmony at Mogral. DPC Kasaragod gave trophy to winners.
- Ifthar celebrations with different communities - a good effort by District Police promoting communal harmony in coastal areas.

- Cleaning own office - Swacch Bharath.

- Kasargod Janamaithri Police felicitated 32 fishermen who had gone to Chalakudy for rescue operations in the recent flood. Also felicitated various clubs, NGOs who participated in various relief work.

- A Traffic Awareness Film, VEGAM, created by District Police Kasaragod shown in various locations of this district.

CYBER AWARENESS CAMPAIGNS CONDUCTED

**Kannur:**

- Akshayapathram: A new Community Police initiative named POLICE AKSHAYAPATHRAM was launched in Kannur Town by DySP Kannur with the motto 'Hunger Free Kannur Town'. Along with this, efforts were made to rehabilitate the beggars in the town through various charity institutions in and around Kannur town. Several of those who are found continuously depending on Akshayapathram were rehabilitated in this way.

- Sunday Clinic: The service of Specialist Doctors on Sundays was not available in Kannur. Since Kannur Town Police Station is a model police station under the Children and Police(CAP) project and understanding unavailability of paediatricians on Sundays and the difficulty of many children who are in need of medical attention, first time in the history of Kerala Police, probably first time in India, a paediatric clinic was started in Kannur Town police station with the help of Indian Academy of Paediatricians. At present, an average of 50 paediatric checkups/ treatments are being given on all Sundays from Kannur Town police station, free of cost.

- Library for Public at Valapattanam PS: A library for the public was started in the police station compound with a view to enhance the reading habit of common people and students. **Further, Valapattanam police station in the subdivision has figured in the list of top 10 police stations in the country.**

- CCTV Cameras Installed in City PS limit: As a security measure to avert the presence of unwanted elements and traffic offenders, Kannur City Police installed 40 cameras in all the nooks and corners of the jurisdiction with the help of general public as well as police.

- Library for Public at Chakkarakkal PS: Chakkarakkal police

established a library and reading room for the visitors and screening of awareness-creating videos on law enforcement, among others. Attempts have also been made by the station personnel to give people involved in offences, book-reading and appreciation assignments as a correctional measure.

- Construction of House by Kannapuram Police: Kannapuram police took the initiative to construct a new house with the help of the public under the Janamaithri Suraksha project by seeing the distressful condition of a woman named Mercy living with her daughter Maneesha in her decrepit house with leaking roof and insecure doors and windows at Cherukunnu Grama Panchayath. District Police Chief G. Siva Vikram handed over the house to Mercy on 8.12.2017. Police also found a groom for Maneesha who was abandoned by her father at her young age and her marriage was conducted under the auspicious of police and public.

- Awareness Classes at Chakkarakkal PS: Awareness classes on various subjects on different areas was conducted i.e. traffic awareness, anti-social activities, consequences, intoxicating drugs, self defence program for women, cyber crimes, etc.. As part of innovating methods of policing in the station limits, effective efforts were made to convert youth who are involved in cyber crimes and drug-addicts, to the right path of mainstream active life, by convening various cultural and sports activities.

**Wayanad:**

- Opening of 'Vayana Muri' in tribal colonies.

- Net patrolling to prevent online crimes.

- Colony visits and other related activities.

- Participation of reconstruction activities in flood affected areas.

- Rescue operations during the flood.

**Kozhikode Rural:**

- Kozhikode Rural Police in the first of its kind released 2 video albums this year on relevant subjects.

- "ATHIJEEVANAM - NAVA KERALAM" - In the aftermath of devastating floods, as an inspiration to thousands in their effort to rebuild Kerala, video album was released. It was penned by DySP Narcotic Cell Sri. Aswakumar and professionals were roped in to fine tune the album.

- "SMRITHI GEETHAM" - On the occasion of Police Commemoration Day, October 28, video album citing the sacrifices made by police were brought out. Compared to the previous venture, this was brought out in much larger canvas with renowned Musician Vidyadharan Master, Playback Singer Kollam Ajith, Film Director Tejas Perumanna etc. helping us in the noble venture, again written by DySP Aswakumar and produced by District Police.

- Service Adalaths were revamped with fixed agenda, follow up and monthly meetings involving station and unit writers, DPO staff etc. and their grievances were addressed in time bound manner and yielded positive results.

- CCTV coverage across the unit was significantly increased with Atholy, Vadakara, Nadapuram, Baluserry getting live feeds to their PS and other stations like Perambra, Quialndy, Koduvally, Edachery about to follow suit.



- Gala Quiz Competition was organised for school children, keeping police as the underlying theme in collaboration with Professional Quizzing Groups and DPC becoming the Quiz Master.
- Handing over houses to underprivileged and differently abled people with the active involvement of society and leadership provided by police.
- Kuttiyadi PS and Thamarassery PS embarked on a new role by taking the sheet anchor role in providing newly built houses for 2 truly deserving families in their limits. Active involvement of the community were seen in these cases.
- Two girls were adopted by Balussery PS and they have been acting as their guardians. These girls who were staring at life with anxiety are now breathing a sigh of relief.
- Anantharam Aani, stage drama conceptualised by Women Cell Kozhikode Rural with officers themselves playing different characters scaled new heights and had a lasting impact especially among women. It has helped in multiple levels; giving awareness, making women emboldened and aptly projecting the motto of Kerala Police, "Mrudu Bhava, Drida Krithye".
- In one of the worst floods Kerala has seen in the recent past in which Kozhikode Rural district was also affected, policemen rose up to their duties and discharged them to their fullest of potential. In general Kerala Police became the messiah of the people of Kerala during these times.

**Kozhikode City:**

**Traffic Black Spot Project**

One of the most cost-effective road safety interventions is to eliminate so-called black spots, that is, to remedy accident-prone locations

along the roads. This includes the following steps: identifying the black spots, study the problems (diagnosis) at each spot, design suitable countermeasures, estimate their effects, set priorities, implement, and finally, follow up and evaluate the results.

A manual in this regard has been created in Kozhikode City. All the black spots in the city were marked and the manual is updated over time to help reduction of accident rate. Awareness and a slight fear about accident in public was experienced by marking the black spots in yellow and red colour.

Systematic work to follow up the effects of different countermeasures and to compile material about different accident cost components has been started in the city.

- Elathur Janamaithri Police found an old aged woman named Mythili from her home at Koodathumpoyil who was surviving alone in her home, she was bedridden and in a partially unconscious stage without food for days. She was shifted to Sneha Bhavan, Puthiyangadi by the police.
- Elathur Janamaithri Police with the co-operation of CMM Higher Secondary School, constructed a house for the family of Sri. Ozhukil Sunil Kumar, Annassery who committed suicide. The key of the newly constructed house was handed over to the family by the District Police Chief.
- Conducted Blood Donation Camp in connection with Commemoration Day with the cooperation of Blood Bank, Medical College, Kozhikode.
- Conducted Ayurveda Medical Camp for families in the coastal area on 05.12.2018 with the cooperation of Dist. Govt. Ayurveda Hospital, Kozhikode and around 200 persons attended the camp.
- Massive rehabilitation efforts were taken by the city Police to help flood hit victims.

**SIGNIFICANT DETECTIONS**

**Kasaragod:**

- Kasaragod PS Cr.No1011/12 U/s 57 KP Act altered in to Sec.302,109,201 r/w 34 IPC – The case in brief is that one Muhammed Kunhi was found missing prior 8 months on reported date on 21.08.2012 . The case was transferred to DCRB as per the order No. D1/13826/14 G dtd 12.04.2014 of DPC Kasaragod. Sri. Jaison K. Abraham took up the investigation on 12.02.2018. Investigation conducted revealed that one Muhammed Kunhi was murdered by A1) Smt. Sakkeena as abetted by A2) Sri. N.A. Ummar. The body was disposed of in Chandragiri river by A1 with the help of her son. He was murdered in the month of March 2012. The exact date of the incident is yet to be confirmed. On the basis of the evidence collected during the course of investigation A1 and A2 were arrested and the CCL was apprehended on 27.10.18. Requisition for making the CCL approval in this case is pending with Hon'ble Chief Judicial Magistrate Kasaragod.
- Kasaragod PS Cr. No.858/18 U/s 174 Crpc altered into sec.302 IPC. Reported on 20.12.2018 at 09.00 hrs from Chalaroad, in Kasaba Village. The complainant Muhammed Shafeek C.A S/o Abdul Sathar, age – 29/18, Chala Road, Vidyannagar, The case in brief is that on 20.12.2018 at 09.00 hrs one female dead body age about 25 years was found in rental quarters at Chala Road etc.. During the course of the investigation Sec. altered into 302 IPC as per the postmortem findings are consistent with death due to blunt violence sustained to the chest and head. The accused Chandru was arrested. The reason for pendency waiting for chemical analysis report from RFSL, to be verified the address of the deceased and accused.

**Wayanad :**

- Detection of double murder case within Vellamunda PS Vellamunda PS Cr.No.209/18 u/s 302, 449, 397 IPC
- Dacoity case in Thirunelly PS. Thirunelly PS Cr.No. No. 385/18 U/S 395 IPC

**Kozhikode Rural:**

- Koyilandy Police Station Cr. No. 1076/17, U/s 57 of KP Act Alt. in to 174 Crpc and Alt. in to 302 IPC, case was reported on 08.11.17 at 10.38 hrs. Brief of the case is that the grandmother of the complainant Ayisha age 75/17 was found missing on 07.11.17 at 17.30 hrs on the way from her daughters house to own residence and found her dead body on 08.11.17 at 14.00 hrs at Naduvilekandythazhe morass, paddy field and suspected that somebody committed murder etc. facts. On investigation it was revealed that the victim was murdered by one juvenile and his father who helped him to conceal the murder were arrested.
- Balussery Police Station in Cr. 612/18 u/s 489 (A),( C),(D) r/w 34 IPC. Brief of the case is that on 04.12.18 at 14.20 hrs, on getting a reliable information the complainant IP SHO Balussery, conducted a search in a house named Manassery at Balussery, found that the accused A1 to A3 making fake Indian Currencies. The complainant arrested all the accused and seized machinery and other equipments used for making fake currencies etc. facts.
- Nadapuram PS Cr.No. 539/18 u/s 457, 380, 461 IPC, reported on 04.12.2018. Brief of the case is that in between 03.12.18 at 20.00 hrs to 04.12.18 at 09.30 hrs somebody entered into Rinsy Jewellery at Kallachi by drilling the wall and committed theft of 1.75 kg gold ornaments, 6 kg silver ornaments and Rs.3,50,000/- etc. facts. The case was a challenge to the district Police. There were no evidences or clues like CCTV footage in the shop or nearby areas etc. to start with. From a truly blind spot police started investigating putting bits and pieces together. It would not be an exaggeration to say that the team under SI Nadapuram searched every nook and corner

and eventually the vital evidence were collected. By investigating in neighbouring states like Tamil Nadu, Karnataka finally three main accused were arrested and lion's share of property was recovered. From this gang other similar jewellery thefts in neighbouring districts were also solved. This was a shot in the arm for Kerala Police in general and Kozhikode Rural police in particular.

- Koduvally PS, Cr.No. 173/18 u/s 457, 380, 461 IPC, reported on 18.05.18 at 10.47 hrs. Brief of the case is that in between 18.30 hrs on 17.05.18 and 08.30 hrs on 18.05.18, somebody entered in to the Silsila Jewellery Shop at Koduvally by breaking the rear side wall and stole 2.8 kg gold ornaments, 3 kg silver and 2.5 lakhs currencies which was kept in the locker all worth Rs. 85,00,000/- etc. facts. In this case four accused were arrested from Sahibganj and they were natives of Sahibganj, Jharkhand and major part of property were recovered.
- Rural Police have also done significantly well in NDPS cases too with a catch of 50 kg in one instance in Mukkam PS being the biggest of the lot, among other, detection of ganja as well as synthetic drugs.

**Kozhikode City:**

- Town PS Cr. No. 534/18 u/s 302 r/w 34 IPC (Panniyankara PS Cr.No. 362/18 u/s 57 of KP Act altered to 302 r/w 34 IPC)

Brief of the case is that the accused persons murdered one Sudheer Babu @ Cheruth and hid the the body near abandoned railway quarters. Initially the case was registered at Panniyankara PS for a man missing. Investigation squad including SI Ranjith and the crime squad team as a result of thorough investigation got a lead about the involvement of an ex-convict recently released from jail. They nabbed Noufal, S/o Azeez and further investigation revealed that the missing person was killed. Noufal and his friend Muhammed Ansar both were arrested IP SHO Umesh A. and the Valayar Police team has done earnest efforts to locate and arrest the accused.





WELFARE ACTIVITIES FOR POLICE PERSONNEL

| DISTRICT | NO. OF PROGRAMMES ORGANISED | REMARK  |
|----------|-----------------------------|---|
| KSGD     | 32                          | Excluding Janamaithri programmes.<br>A central police canteen functioning in the District HQ,<br>a dry and wet canteen functioning in District AR Camp.<br>TA up to July 2018 (Local) and up to August 2018 of AR passed.<br>Medical reimbursement of Rs. 9,42,616/- given.   |
| KNR      |                             | For physical and mental rejuvenation of police personnel, a Badminton Court was constructed in the compound of the Valapattanam police station. Family get-together was also organised in almost all police stations within the sub division limit. A health check up camp was conducted for police personnel under the auspices of Kerala Police Association during the month of December.<br><br>With regard to welfare activities, Yoga classes were organised in all police stations on weekly basis and proper classes under professional Yoga teachers were imparted for making police personnel more healthy and active with an aim to minimise mental stress. |
| WYD      | 10                          |   |
| KKD RL   |                             | Medical and health camps were organised for police personnel<br>Cycle rally involving DPC, DYSPs and SHOs<br>Grievance cell in DPO monitored daily by DYSP Admin.<br>Blood Donation Camps involving NGOs  |
| KKD CITY | 34                          |   |







# CHAPTER 03

CRIME BRANCH



ORGANISATION OF CRIME BRANCH

Crime Branch is the specialised investigation wing of Kerala Police which investigates cases that are entrusted to it by the State Police Chief or the Government or the Hon'ble High Court of Kerala. They investigate sensational crime or complicated and serious offences which have statewide ramifications or which are undetected or which the local police are not able to investigate properly for want of time or skill. Crime Branch is under the general control of SPC and it is headed by ADGP (Crimes). The classes of crimes to be investigated by the Crime Branch is described in PSO, Vol-III, Rule 703. Likewise functions of Crime Branch Criminal Investigation Department are given in Rule 699 of the PSO. They are as follows:

- The collection, collation and dissemination of intelligence regarding crimes and criminals having an inter-state or inter-district interest

- Study of the general trend of specialised, professional and other

ECONOMIC OFFENCES WING (EOW)

Economic Offences Wing of CB CID was also created in 2009 vide Government order (Ms) No.181/09/Home dated 17/11/2009. This wing investigates various types of frauds that result in wrongful gain to the offender(s) and wrongful loss to the victim(s), which are offences under Indian Penal Code and under various Special Acts that cover specific economic offences. The common types of cases investigated with their numbers in 2018 are:

| ECONOMIC CRIMES REGISTERED IN CRIME BRANCH FOR THE YEAR-2018 |  |                 |
|--|--|-----------------|
| Sl. No.  | Economic Crimes  | Number of Cases |
| 1  | Vehicle Registration Tax Evasion - Cases                 | 10              |
| 2  | Investment frauds by Bogus Companies                     | 1               |
| 3  | Cheating in Real Estate Transactions                     | 5               |
| 4  | Job Rackets  | 4               |
| 5  | Land Grabbing  | 1               |
| 6  | Insurance Fraud  | 57              |
| 7  | Visa Cheating  | 4               |
| 8  | Offences and Forgery, Cheating by NBFC etc./ Individuals | 122             |
| 9  | Corruption and Bribery of Public Servant                 | 3               |
| 10   | Fraudulent Bankruptcy                                    | 1               |
| 11   | Money Chain  | 2               |
| 12   | Cheating to Government Exchequer                         | 1               |
| 13   | Counterfeit  | 2               |
| 14   | Copy Right Act   | 1               |
| 15   | Visa Cheating  | 1               |
| 16   | Fraud Committed by Chit Fund                             | 12              |
| 17   | Online Fraud   | 24              |
|  | Total  | 251             |

grave crimes in the State and initiating measures for their control as found necessary

- Investigation of specialised or professional crime such as:-
  - Those of exceptional difficulty or importance
  - Those which, from the nature of their notifications, cannot be dealt with by local officers within their jurisdiction or without the co-operation of other officers at a distance working under a common direction
  - Those of an organised nature, extending over two or more districts
  - Those types of crime which are ordered to be taken up by the CID

PRESENT STRUCTURE AND FUNCTIONING OF CRIME BRANCH AFTER THE REORGANISATION FROM 1/11/2018

The decision to reorganise the Crime Branch was to bring the organisation into a well-organised system for delivering effective administration, convenience of functioning, smooth supervision and for conducting fruitful investigation through innovative investigation skills and techniques which is highly essential.

In the new organisational setup the CB CID is renamed as Crime Branch which is headed by ADGP (Crime Branch) through the pursuance of the order GO (MS) No. 162/2018/Home dated 11/10/2018.

Three posts of crime Range Inspector Generals of Police have been maintained as IGP Trivandrum Range, IGP Ernakulum Range and IGP Kozhikode Range. For assisting the IGP, 3 DySPs were also appointed under IGP.

Supervision of crimes comes under the Economic Offence Wing, Organised Crime Wing and Hurt and Homicide Wing in the Crime Branch. These are headed by SPs and in investigation the SP is assisted by DYSP Squads including Detective Inspectors, Detective Sub Inspectors and subordinate Police Personnel.

Four Central Units (CU-I, CU-II, CU-III and CU-IV) were also constituted for the investigation of controversial, sophisticated and critically grave crime cases. Each Central Unit is headed by each SP. Hence 16 SPs are appointed including SP HQ for the overall supervision of the Revenue District Crime Branch Units and the Central Units.

The Special Units such as Anti-Piracy Cell, STATS and ISIT were merged into Crime Branch and have their head units at Thiruvananthapuram, Ernakulum and Kozhikode respectively.

GOOD WORK OF CRIME BRANCH – 2018  
TAMILROCKERS – COPYRIGHT INFRINGEMENT CASE

The two cases that garnered media attention are 153/CR/APC/16 (Piracy of Malayalam movie "Pulimurugan") and 244/CR/APC/17 ("Ramaleela") U/s 420, 34 IPC 51 r/w 63 of Copyright Act sec 43 r/w 66 of IT Act. Both the movies were pirated and uploaded on Tamilrockers site in different

domains. The special team meant for watching online piracy displayed tireless and sincere efforts and got a lead to an advertising agency named 'Adacts' which was located in Gurgaon, Haryana. After the domain details of the pirated site Tamilrockers was obtained, the team proceeded to Haryana and collected sufficient evidence including the bank account details of the admin of "Tamilrockers", who is the first accused. In the meantime, DVD rockers details, including financial transactions were also collected. After analysing the details so collected and after obtaining the sanction from DGP, Crimes Office the entire Anti Piracy Cell team was divided into three groups and proceeded to Villupuram and Tenkasi. On 14.03.2018 the main admins of Tamilrockers and DVD rockers were arrested by the team. On going through the financial dealings by the culprits, it came to light that lakhs and crores of rupees were transacted through the accounts of the accused. Also, the accused have more bank accounts in various places in India and they are indulging in financial fraud also. The accused have no specified job or any other registered firms or other business legally. Hence it was clear

that this money has been collected through illegal means.

The arrested accused namely Karthi K., age 24, S/o Kumar, 141-A, Road Street, Ottampattu, Villupuram, Tamil Nadu (Villupuram Axis Bank A/c No.913010046255554, PAN-CVPPK4349N) Prabhu M., age 24, S/o Munusamy,3/193, Pillayar Kovil Street, Gingeet Villupuram, Tamil Nadu (Villupuram Axis Bank A/c No 914010015651186), Suresh B., age 24, S/o Bobalan, 1/18-A, Middle Street, Karai P.O., Gingeet Villupuram, Tamil Nadu (Villupuram ICICI Bank A/c No 191101501054), Johnson P., age 30, S/o Puthumai, House no. 2/64, North street, V.K Pudur, Mariyathaipuram, Tirunelveli, Tamil Nadu (Tenkasi ICICI Bank A/c No 612901512404), Mariya Jagan P., age 22, S/o Puthumai House no. 2/64, North Street, V. K. Pudur, Mariyathaipuram, Tirunelveli, Tamil Nadu.

It was also learned that arrested/ accused are involved in more pending piracy cases registered in Tamil Nadu.





## SOCIAL MEDIA ABUSE – WHATSAPP HARTHAL CASE

Crime.15/2018 (Direct case)  
U/s 153,153 A,117,12(B) of IPC

The accused persons with the intention of promoting enmity between different religions, conspired and created WhatsApp groups named ‘Justice for Sisters’ and ‘Voice of youth’. Then they proclaimed a Harthal on 16.04.18 on the rape and murder of a Kashmiri girl and created messages forwarded to other WhatsApp groups. The Crime Branch Kerala commenced the investigation on 22.04.2018. After an effective investigation the Crime Branch arrested 5 accused on 25.04.2018 and 27.04.2018 and averted the probable communal outbreak.

## INSURANCE FRAUD CASE

Phenomenal Health Care Pvt. Ltd

The gist of the case is that the company, M/s Phenomenal Health Care Pvt. Ltd., registered under the Companies act 1956, functioning in Chalakkudy with its Head Office in Mumbai, cheated customers/ subscribers by criminal misappropriation. Amounts were collected from customers by offering them repayment on the amount deposited after 9 years with cent percentage increase in addition to an incentive of policy oriented insurance covering accident cum other illnesses. Unfortunately, the company was wound up without repaying the deposit. The company also had branches in Chalakkudy, Perinthalmanna, Aluva, Kothamangalam, Palakkad and Ernakulam. In this connection 102 cases are being investigated by the Crime Branch. After taking over the investigation, the Crime Branch has arrested two accused from Mumbai on 21.02.2018.

## ONLINE FRAUD CASE

ONLINE CHEATING OF 40 LAKHS  
Crime – 265/CR/2017, 266/CR/2017

On 31.07.2018 by exhibiting proficient investigation skills, the Crime Branch apprehended the prime accused Subo Adhikari with the help of the Bengal Police for online cheating to the tune of Rs. 40/- Lakhs. The modus operandi through which they executed the cheating was by hacking the online account by submitting forged duplicate mobile address documents. They looted the amount and diverted it to fraudulent accounts of 15 different banks in Mumbai and Kolkata.

## EDAPPAL SEX SCANDAL CASE

Crime No: 154/CR/STATS/TVM/2018  
(Cr:103/2018 of Changaramkulam.P.S)  
Police Station: Changaramkulam P.S., Malappuram  
Section of Law: 354(A)(1)IPC & 7 & 8 of POSCO Act 2013  
Date of Occurrence: 8.04.2018 1830 hrs to 21.00 hrs  
Date of report: 12.05.2018  
Place of Occurrence: arada Movies, Edappal  
Name of Complainant: Unni Narayanan (manager of Sarada Movies)  
Name of accused: 1. Moideenkutty K., Age 60/18 S/o Yoosaf, Kangunnathu Veedu, Thrithala P.O.  
(Arrested on 12-05-18 and is in judicial custody)  
2. Shameera, aged 34

W/o Noushad, Kuyilangattil House, Thrithla

The case in Crime No: 154/CR/STATS/TVM/2018 was registered at Changaramkulam Police Station as Crime No: 103/2018 U/s 354 A (1) IPC and Sec 7 & 8 of POCSO Act on 12.05.2012 on the complaint of Unni Narayanan who was working as Manager at Sarada Movies, Edappal. The brief of the allegation is that on 18.04.2018 between 18.30 hrs and 21.00 hrs the complainant and staff noticed through CCTV visuals that a man aged about 55 years was committing sexual assault upon a girl aged about 8 years during the film show in the theatre.

The statement of the complainant was recorded by Sub Inspector K.G. Baby and he conducted the initial investigation. The ownership of KL-44-G-240 Benz Car in which the accused and the survivor along with the mother of the survivor came to the theatre was identified. The accused Moideenkutty who absconded soon after the registration of the case was taken into police custody from Shornur with the help of Call Data Record analysis. The survivor and the mother of the survivor were identified after questioning the person. Subsequently the statement of the survivor was recorded by women police officer which revealed sexual assault upon the girl by the accused. She was subjected to medical examination. The statement of the survivor U/s 164 CrPC was recorded and was produced before CWC. CWC ordered to shift the survivor to Nirbhaya Centre, Manjeri since the offence was committed with the connivance of the mother of the survivor. The accused, Moideenkutty K., aged 60/18, S/o Yoosaf, KangunnathuVeedu, Thrithala P.O., was arrested at 23.15 hrs. on the same day.

Subsequently the investigation of the case was taken over by Sri Shaju Vargheese DySP, DCRB from 13.05.2018 as per the order of DPC Malappuram. The investigation revealed that the accused sexually assaulted then survivor with the knowledge and support of Shameera, aged 34, W/o Noushad, Kuyilangattil House, Thrithala, the mother of the survivor. She did nothing for the care and the protection of the girl. Hence she was added as an accused and was arrested on 13.05.2018. Sec 5(1)(m) r/w 6, 9(m)r/w 10, 16 r/w 17 of POCSO act 2012, Sec 75 of Juvenile Justice care and Protection of Children from Sexual Offences act and Sec 376(2)(I) r/w 375(b), 354 IPC were added in place of the original sections.

The CCTV visuals were seized during the investigation. The car used by the accused No. 1 to transport the survivor to the theatre and back was seized. Besides, statement of the important witnesses were also recorded U/s 164 CrPC.

The investigation of the case was taken over by CB CID from 06.06.2018. The analysis of call data revealed that accused No. 1 and 2 used to contact over phone and they went to the theatre as a pre-decided plan. They had several calls in between before their meeting. The forensic examination of the CCTV visuals proved that the accused and the survivor in the case are the same who appears in the CCTV visuals.

After collecting all the other evidences the case was charged on 13.08.2018 and the Court accepted it as SC 651/2018. The case is pending trial before the Hon'ble Addl. District and Sessions Judge Manjery.

## JALAJA MURDER CASE

CRIME No.107/CR/HHW-1/TVPM/2015  
(CRIME No.1204/15 U/S 449, 392, 302, 201 IPC OF  
KAREELAKULANGARA POLICE STATION, ALAPPUZHA DISTRICT)

The crime referred above was registered in Kareelakulangara Police Station on 14.08.2015 in connection with the murder of Smt. Jalaja aged 47 yrs, W/o Suran, Barathi House, Valiyakuzhimuri, Muttom, Cheppad Village and the robbery of gold ornaments weighing 7 ½ sovereign and cash Rs. 30,000/-. The accused criminally trespassed in to the house of Jalaja while she was alone there and in an attempt to outrage her modesty the accused inflicted serious injuries on her head by using a deadly weapon and strangled her to death as she resisted the accused.

Local police investigated this case upto 08.10.2015 but could not obtain any clue about the accused. Meanwhile this case became very sensational and witnessed serious public agitations demanding the early detection and arrest of the accused. Hence the investigation was handed over to CB CID and DySP HHW-I Alappuzha Sub Unit investigated till 07.03.2017.

Inspite of questioning 716 witnesses, subjecting 7 suspects for Polygraph test, examining fingerprints of 600 and footprints of 25 persons and conducting cyber investigation by analysing Call Data Reports of thousands of people the case remained undetected raising serious allegations against the Investigating Officers and eroding people's faith in the law enforcement agencies.

Reviewing the progress of investigation, a Special Investigation Team was constituted under S. Sreejith I.P.S., Inspector General of Police (Crimes Branch), Thiruvananthapuram Range. Soon after the formation of Special Investigation Team the investigation of this case was taken over by them on 14.09.2017. Camping near the place of occurrence the team members conducted meticulous investigation by interacting with local people gaining their full confidence and support which enabled them to get certain clues. Developing the above clues with the help of scientific investigation the SIT could almost identify the accused Sajith who was staying nearly 1 km away from the place of occurrence. At that time the suspect was absconding and learnt to have reached abroad. In a well planned and a tactical move the SIT could bring the suspect Sajith to Kerala and successfully arrest him on 24.12.2017. The accused Sajith, aged 37, S/o Sasi, Peedikaparambil House, Valiyakuzhimuri, Cheppad, Muttom, Karthikappally Thaluk, Alappuzha was produced before the Judicial First Class Magistrate Court No. 1, Harippad on 25.12.2017 and remanded to judicial custody.

The detection and the arrest of the accused in this case could gain great public support elevating the image of the Police Force in the State.

## FINGER PRINT BUREAU

The Kerala State Finger Print Bureau is the Scientific Investigation wing of the Kerala Police helping various investigative agencies of the Police Force in the investigation of crimes. The service of Kerala State Finger Print Bureau is also utilised by CBI, NIA, Interpol and other State Police Forces. Its headquarters is in Thiruvananthapuram.

Kerala State Finger Print Bureau is headed by a Director and it functions directly under the Director General of Police, State Crime Records Bureau. The Bureau has the State Finger Print Bureau in Thiruvananthapuram and units in 19 districts called Single Digit Finger Print Bureaux. It has one crime branch unit and one Tester Inspector as senior instructor (finger prints) at Kerala Police Academy, Thrissur.

## STATE CRIME RECORDS BUREAU (SCRB)

The State Crime Records Bureau is functioning under the control of Director General of Police. The various wings working under SCRB are:

- Finger Print Bureau
- Criminal Intelligence Bureau (CIB)
- Statistical Wing
- Photographic Unit
- Police Computer Centre (ICT)
- Police Telecommunication Unit
- Motor Vehicle Co-ordination System (MVCS)
- Road Accident Information System (RSMS)
- Talash Wing
- Modus Operandi Information System (MOIS) Wing
- Gazette Wing
- Computer Maintenance Unit (CMU) Wing

In each district, one District Crime Record Bureau is functioning under a DySP/AC. The overall control of the DCRB comes under the Police Chiefs of Districts/Cities.

## CRIMINAL INTELLIGENCE BUREAU (CIB)

The Criminal Intelligence Bureau (CIB) is concerned with collection of various crime data to be delivered to the National Crime Records Bureau- MHA New Delhi, PHQ and to the various Government Departments. CIB has been assigned with the work of conducting monthly crime review meetings of all Police Districts including CB CID units to Kerala. The LAI wing equipped to furnish reports on submission/questions of State Assembly, Lower House and Upper House of the Parliament also comes under this wing.

## STATISTICAL WING

The Statistical Wing of the State Crime Records Bureau is under the administrative control of the Superintendent of Police, SCRB. This wing is headed by a Statistical Officer. A Statistical Assistant and two Police Computer Operators are attached to this wing. This wing is the nodal unit of assimilation and dissemination of annual crime data related to the State.

Statistical data regarding offences committed against SC/ST, cases registered under PCR & PA Act, annual data for “Crime in India” published by the NCRB (Government of India), annual data for “Accidental Deaths and Suicide in India” published by the NCRB (Government of India), data for “Economic Review” the publication of Planning Board were some of the major works done by the cell.

## PHOTOGRAPHIC UNIT

It is concerned with photographing important SOC's, photographing of chance prints from SOC's, photographing fingerprints from documents, and photographing / video coverage of L&O issues, photographing of criminals, photographing of important official functions etc..

## POLICE COMPUTER CENTRE

The kinds of work assigned to the Police Computer Centre are:

- To undertake expansion of process of computerisation to different areas of police work
- Maintain and set out modernisation requirements for the existing infrastructure at Police Computer Centre, DCRBs and other units

- Identify training requirements and impart computer training

- Study new technologies in CT for adopting it in Police Computerisation Scheme

- To liaise with NCRB, MHA, Government of India and other State Counter-parts in implementing systems developed commonly for all States as part of standardisation of Police work (CCTNS/CIPA/CCIS, MVCS and Talash)

- To provide technical supervision of day-to-day functions of Police Computer Centre, DCRBs etc.

## CRIME MONITORING ROOM WING (CMR)

As per the Circular No. 45/98 dtd 23-6-1998, Crime Monitoring Wing is functioning in the State Crime Records Bureau, maintaining a data bank on various crimes registered in the State.



MOIS WING (MODUS OPERANDI INFORMATION SYSTEM)

The State Crime Records Bureau introduced this software in the year 1998 as per the Circular Number 57/98. Through this software we are

DOG SQUAD

Kerala Police Dog Squad was established in 1959 with two German Shepherd dogs at Cantonment in Trivandrum. Slowly, Dog Squad Units were started in other District Headquarters also. Since 1990 all the District Headquarters had their own units. The service rendered by the Dog Squad is appreciated by officials and the public alike. The main areas of work spans tracking of culprits in theft cases, providing VIP security, combing operations during bomb scares, tracking illicit drug trafficking etc..

Since the launching of Dog Training School at KEPA, Thrissur, dogs and handlers are being trained from 2007. Three batches have completed training and the fourth batch is in progress. In addition, specialised dogs trained in detecting illicit Liquor Trafficking and dogs for Airports Security are also trained at KEPA.

able to give the list of criminals based on their modus operandi to the investigating officers on demand, all over India.

COMPUTER MAINTENANCE UNIT (CMU)

Maintenance and installation of computers in various police wings.

The details of number of dogs in possession of Kerala Police are furnished below:

| SL. No. | SPECIALISATION     | NUMBER |
|---------|--------------------|--------|
| 1       | Sniffer            | 59     |
| 2       | Tracker            | 40     |
| 3       | Urban Patrolling   | 5      |
| 4       | Narcotic Detection | 6      |
| 5       | Alcohol Detection  | 1      |
| 6       | Infantry Patrol    | 5      |
| Total   |                    | 116    |

CCTNS (CRIME AND CRIMINAL TRACKING NETWORK AND SYSTEMS)

Crime and Criminal Tracking Network and Systems (CCTNS) project aims to create a comprehensive and integrated system for enhancing the efficiency and effective policing at all levels. This would primarily involve the development of processes and systems to efficiently collect and distribute information at various levels to fulfil the objective of “investigation of crime and detection of criminals”. Therefore, required IT infrastructure needs to be built to deploy and run successfully developed application software for CCTNS project.

Crime and Criminal Tracking Network and Systems (CCTNS) is a Mission Mode Project conceptualised and sponsored by the Ministry of Home Affairs (MHA) towards enhancing outcomes in Crime Investigation, Criminal Tracking and in enhancing the efficiency and effectiveness of police departments in all States/ UTs. It is proposed to achieve this through the adoption of the principles of e-Governance and creating a nationwide networked infrastructure for supporting an ICT (Information and Communication Technologies) enabled state-of-the-art policing system.

The following services for citizens are envisaged in the CCTNS project:

- Status Search for complaints, service requests and FIRs
- Citizen Information regarding Missing Persons, Stolen Vehicles, Recovered Vehicles, Unidentified Dead Bodies and Abandoned/ Unclaimed Property
- Citizen's Tip for user to enter the anonymous tip or information about a person, object, location or incident
- Citizen Feedback on police services
- Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ) with regards to registration of an FIR, complaints, service requests, passport verification etc.
- Online Library to view items like State Police Manuals, Crime in India, Important Judgements, Circulars and Police Standing Orders etc.
- Request Registration for Character Certificate/ Verification/ Permission for event performance, protest or strike
- Citizen alerts through Email, SMS etc., about important incidents

ACHIEVEMENTS

- Hardware Delivery - Completed for all locations
- Site Preparation - Completed for all locations
- Furniture Delivery - Completed for all locations
- Data Centre (DC) setup - Completed at State Data Centre in Tvm
- Disaster Recovery (DR) - Completed and replication enabled at NIC, Delhi
- GD/ FIR Live in Sites - Completed for 532 PS out of 532 PSs
- FIR Publishing - FIRs being published on the website
- IIF & other forms - IIF 2-11 and all other forms have been started
- Citizen Portal - All the 9 services are made available through THUNA
- Citizen Services - Citizen Service Module started
- Role Based Training - Completed 21,400/21,440 (100%)
- Trainer's Training - Completed for 121/121 police personnel/ officer
- Change Management - Completed for 852/852 police personnel/ officer
- Data Digitisation - Digitised 10,22,703 (100%) records
- Data Migration - Migrated 10,22,703 (100%) of the digitised data
- Network Connectivity - Completed for all locations
- Help Desk - 4 resource personnel working in 24/7 shifts

STATUS OF IIF DATA AS ON 2/02/2019

|                        |           |
|------------------------|-----------|
| IIF1                   | 36,69,745 |
| IIF2                   | 16,15,146 |
| IIF3                   | 18,68,709 |
| IIF4                   | 6,48,975  |
| IIF5                   | 15,23,535 |
| IIF6                   | 1,29,833  |
| IIF7                   | 2         |
| Missing Person         | 12,789    |
| Unidentified Person    | 35        |
| Unidentified Dead Body | 534       |
| Unnatural Death        | 6,738     |

CCTNS PROJECT - KERALA

Brief of the project. Activities in CCTNS:

- Site survey
- Site preparation including structured electrical and networking
- Hardware and furniture delivery
- Network connectivity through BSNL/ KSWAN
- Capacity building and change management
- CAS customisation & implementation
- Data digitisation & migration
- Data Centre and Disaster Recovery Setup
- Citizen services

PROJECT LOCATION

| UNITS                                   | INITIAL SCOPE (as on 31.03.2011) | PRESENT SCOPE |
|---|----------------------------------|---------------|
| Police Stations                         | 482                              | 532           |
| CI Office                               | 203                              | 9             |
| SDPO                                    | 62                               | 66            |
| Higher Offices (PHQ, SCRB, Range, Zone) | 9                                | 9             |
| Commissionerates/ DPO                   | 20                               | 20            |
| FSL/ FPB                                | 23                               | 23            |
| Police Control Rooms                    | 20                               | 20            |
| Total                                   | 819                              | 679           |
| Training Centres                        | 16                               | 16            |

CITIZEN PORTAL

(THUNA - The Hand You Need for Assistance)

Citizen Portal of CCTNS was officially launched by the Hon'ble Chief Minister of Kerala on 8th May 2018. Even though the citizen portal was available for use since December 2016 to citizens, no publicity was given for the same due to issues in functioning of CAS. The back end CAS issues have implication on the citizen services available on THUNA. Once the issues were rectified to a feasible extent, the Citizen Portal which was already available on the internet to the general public from 26th December 2016, was officially inaugurated in 2018. After inauguration, the FIR download provision which was a page in the Citizen Portal was changed on a link to the Citizen Portal login page. Publicity for the portal was also started after the inauguration.





All the services available in the Citizen Portal are:

|   |  |
|---|--|
| 1 | Filing of complaints to Police Station/ higher offices   |
| 2 | Obtaining the status of a complaint  |
| 3 | Obtaining the copies of FIRs and Accident GD   |
| 4 | Details of arrested persons/ wanted criminals  |
| 5 | Details of missing persons   |
| 6 | Details of stolen/ recovered vehicles, arms and other properties   |
| 7 | Submission of requests for issue of NOCs   |
| 8 | Verification requests for servants, employment, passport, senior citizen registration etc.. Employment Verification, Character Certificate, Event/ Performance request, Protest/ Strike request, Procession request, Mike sanction request |
| 9 | Portal for sharing information and enabling citizens to download required forms  |

Status of service request received through Citizen Portal

| Service Name          | THUNA Count |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| Complaint             | 860         |
| Employee Verification | 59          |
| Mike Request          | 7,184       |
| Event Performance     | 41          |
| Procession Request    | 116         |
| Protest/ Strike       | 15          |
| Character Certificate | 2,713       |
| NOC                   | 28          |

GO-LIVE DECLARATION AND O & M

CCTNS Go-Live declared on 15th August 2018 by the State Police Chief of Kerala. As per the contract the Operation and Maintenance (O & M) phase for a period of 5 years should be initiated by the System Integrator (M/s TCS Ltd.)once the Go-Live is declared. Hence the O & M phase for 5 years for the CCTNS project is started by the System Integrator.

As per the MoU signed between Govt. of India and Kerala State, the O & M cost for 5 years to be borne by the State Government.

ROAD MAP

- Mobile App for CCTNS citizen services
- Procurement of new hardware
- Bandwidth upgradation from 512 kbps to at least 2 mbps fibre
- Upgradation of server/ databases
- Resolution of CAS issues by NCRB
- Moving CCTNS to cloud environment

FUTURE REQUIREMENT

- Replacing the hardware supplied in 2012
- Increasing the scale of PCs/ Laptops in each PS to 10
- Specialised solution
  - A. National Finger Print Identification System
  - B. Finger Print Enrolment Device (at Police Station level)
  - C. Automated Facial Recognition System may be included in ICJS
  - D. Crime Data Analysis Software
- Upgradation of Technology (Microsoft vs Free software)
- Handheld devices like palm top/ tablet for field level information capture

DETAILS OF FUND RELEASED BY MHA AND ITS UTILISATION

| ITEM   | ALLOTMENT (Lakha) | EXPENDI- TURE (Lakhs) | BALANCE (Lakhs) |
|--|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|
| SI-TCS   | 3478.47           | 2277.83               | 1200.64         |
| CB (Training) CDAC                                     | 41.11             | 84.97                 | 43.86           |
| SPMC (CDAC)  | 93.75             | 71.93                 | 21.82           |
| SPMU (181.25) + SPMU Gap Fund (197.75)                 | 379.00            | 242.31                | 136.69          |
| CB (Infrastructure)                                    | 245.00            | 245.00                | 0.00            |
| Networking - BSNL                                      | 962.01            | 951.13                | 10.88           |
| Infrastructure (CIPA 2 &3 and for 41 new PSs)          | 641.32            | 0                     | 641.32          |
| Citizen Awareness                                      | 8.00              | 0                     | 8.00            |
| Fund transferred from interest accrued to CCTNS by MHA | 298.01            | 0                     | 298.01          |
| Total released by MHA                                  | 6146.67           | 3873.17               | 2273.50         |

|                  |        |       |       |
|------------------|--------|-------|-------|
| Interest accured | 114.38 | 17.02 | 97.36 |
| State Share      | 930    | 0     | 930   |

| EXPECTED PAYMENTS DURING 2019-                         |         |  |  |
|--|---------|--|--|
| SI-TCS   | 1330.17 |  |  |
| CB (Training) CDAC                                     |         |  |  |
| SPMC (CDAC)  |         |  |  |
| SPMU (181.25)  |         |  |  |
| Gap Fund (197.75)                                      |         |  |  |
| CB (Infrastructure)                                    |         |  |  |
| Networking - BSNL                                      |         |  |  |
| Infrastructure (CIPA 2 &3 and for 41 new PSs)          | 641.32  |  |  |
| Citizen Awareness                                      | 8.00    |  |  |
| Fund transferred from interest accrued to CCTNS by MHA |         |  |  |
| Total released by MHA                                  | 1979.49 |  |  |
| Balance  | 294.01  |  |  |



STATE ANTI-HUMAN TRAFFICKING UNIT

Human trafficking is defined as the acquisition of people for the purpose of exploitation by using force, fraud or deception. It involves an act of recruiting, transporting, transferring, harbouring or receiving a person or persons through use of force, coercion or other means for the purpose of exploiting them. Every year, thousands of men, women and children fall into the hands of traffickers, in their own countries and outside.

Sri. S. Sreejith IPS, Inspector General of Police, Crime Branch is the present State Nodal Officer of Anti Human Trafficking Unit, Kerala. Anti Human Trafficking Units are functioning in all police districts with ACP/ DySP in District Crime Branch of respective districts as District Nodal Officers and one state wide unit in Railways. Smt. Merin Joseph IPS, SP Railways is designated as the Assistant State Nodal officer. During the year 2018 a total of around 300 cases were registered in our state. One of the biggest challenges faced by modern India today is child trafficking. In every 8 minutes, we miss out on a child. There are about 72500 child missing cases all over the Country, which are untraced. In the light of these alarming figures, the Kerala Police attempts to involve the community in its attempts to curb this evil. Realizing that the youth are the most appropriate partners in evolving an effective Anti-Trafficking strategy. Anti-Human Trafficking Clubs are being launched in various Colleges across the state. It is a novel concept, where the student groups from Colleges will help the Police to identity human trafficking cases and to rehabilitate the victims. The state-wide launch of these clubs was on 06.02.2016 at Banquet Hall, High Court of Kerala with the able partnership of the Kerala Legal Services Authority.

Inter State trafficking is rampant in Kerala in terms of children being brought into the orphanages in Kerala. There is a large scale lack of awareness amongst the enforcement agencies and Social Justice

Department also regarding classifying such instances as cases of child trafficking. Little is known regarding the identities of these children, the period for which they stay in the orphanages and what happens to them once they go back to their states. The co-ordinated activities by the police and Social Justice Department with the NGOs in the field had made successful inroads in bringing down such instances in our State. Kaaval is a project by the Social Justice Department and NIMHANS for rehabilitating the child victim after psychosocial intervention through NGOs. A three day orientation program on psychosocial care for children in conflict with law, under the auspices of Social Justice Department and NIMHANS was organised at PTC & KEPA in 3 batches as part of the Kaaval Project. The participants of the programs were DySPs in DCRB, WCIs, SJPU members, DCPOs, legal cum probation officers, Social workers etc. (SJPU as per JJ act 2000).

A four days course on "Online Crimes against children " was organised under the aegis of International Centre for Missing and Exploited children (ICMEC) during OCT 2018. Experts from INTERPOL, ICMEC, Australian Police & Pennsylvania police delivered lectures. Around 70 participants from the state police attended the workshop. The participants gained an understanding of investigation and victim identification techniques, Cyber tip line reports and how to process them.

Effective measures were taken during the year 2018, to create awareness among the general public about the nature and effects of human trafficking in the society and we could achieve considerable progress on the subject. Overall, the anti human trafficking work undertaken by the police has made inroads into the organised nature of crime and has created a lot of awareness regarding the same amongst the public as well as officers investigating the same.



THE LIST OF SENSATIONAL CASES  
DETECTED IN CRIME BRANCH FOR THE  
YEAR 2018

Crime No. 05/ CR/2018 and 13/CR/2018  
School Kalolsavam Fake Appeal Case

These cases were registered in connection with the 58th School Kalaolsavam and CBSE School Kalolsavam 2018-2019. The accused with an intention to earn money,convinced the parents of participants (who were not eligible for participating in School Kalolsavam); that they can claim eligibility for participating in the School kalolsavam. For this the accused made forged orders of the appeals and submitted before the office of the General Convener (Kalolsavam) for getting illegal participation. Four accused were arrested in this case.

Crime No. 747/CR/2012  
Pilfering the Gold of Bharanikavu Temple

The brief of the case is that the accused, as the secretary of the Bharanikkavu Devi Temple, Kurathikadu misappropriated 96.5 Gms of Gold entrusted to keep in his custody as administrator. After conducting a detailed investigation, IOarrested the accused and recovered 88 gms of Gold on 09.03.2018 (13 Gold Coins).

Crime No. 330/CR/2017  
MBBS Admission Cheating Case

The accused cheated the complainant by acquiring the amount of Rs. 43,34,500/- as wrongful gain by promising an MBBS admission in St. Johns Medical College Bangalore and threatened the complainant when she asked back money and certificates. The accused was arrested on 3.03.2018.

120/CB KKD & WYD/2017  
Bomb attack at CPM party Office

On 09.06.17 at about 01.00hrs 4 to 5 identifiable accused person who are suspected to be RSS workers formed themselves into an unlawful assembly, trespassed to the compound of CPM Dist. committee Office with deadly weapons and with the intention to kill the complainant the accused persons hurled bomb against him and caused damages to the windows of the Office and the scooter parked in the compound.Two accused persons were arrested on 27.11.18.

52/EKM/14  
Rape Case

Complainant Soniya was raped by A1 & A2 in at different times during March 2012, with the help of A3 in their rented house. On investigation, the accused Dinesh David S/o David Vadassery House Grameena Vayanasala, Periyaram, Chalakudy, Thrissur was arrested on 29.03.2018 and remanded in judicial custody.

92/CR/HHW-1/Tvm-2018  
Detection of Unidentified Dead Body

Brief of the case is that an unidentified male body was found at Koikkalkadavu near Kalladariver at 7am on 02-01-2002 under suspicious circumstances. This unit has conducted detailed investigation by collecting the details of all alleged persons and doctor who conducted post-mortem of the unidentified body. On investigation of CBCID Cr. 316/ CR/HHW/12, the body of one person found at Pathanapuram is alleged to be belonged to Pachan Nair by his son. The said case 02/2002 was re-opened by Pathanapuram Police and MOs were sent to FSL for DNA test. Blood samples of Rajendran Nair was also collected and forwarded

for comparison with the cells of the above MOS. The scope for proving the identity through scientific methods including DNA is successful. On examination, it is proved that Rajendran Nair was the biological son of Pachan Nair. CBCID Cr. 92/CR/HHW-1/2018 u/s. 174 CrPC was again transferred to this unit for investigating the angle of murder on the basis of the allegation by Rajendran Nair. During this investigation it is also revealed that the Missing person Pachan Nair and unidentified body found at Pathanapuram PS are one and same and he committed suicide by consuming a handful of furadan a poisonous substance following his distress in life. Hence investigation has been completed and Final report submitted before SDMC Kollam on 31-08-2018.

14/CR/HHW-1/TVM/2018  
Hit & Run Case

The brief of the case is that one Madhu, aged-45/2015 met with an accident on 10-02-2015 while he was riding his motor cycle bearing Reg. No. KL 24 C 8210 from his house at Chempaman to Thottamukku collided with another Motorcycle bearing Reg. No KL-25 5840 coming from opposite side. The victim was succumbed to the injuries while on treatment at MCH Thiurvananthapuram on 11-02-2015 investigation conducted by local police revealed that the vehicle was registered in a false name and address and no such persons was residing in the address. Investigation of this case has been taken by CB CID on 14-02-2018. IO conducted a detailed investigation by circulating the photographs of the RC owner of the vehicles to social Medias and collecting evidences from Sreeram finance in which arranged loan etc for purchasing the vehicle hit the victim. Accused has been arrested on 11-04-2018 and he confessed the offence.

Crime No. 186/CR/2018  
Human Trafficking

The brief of the case is that the accused offered a job to the complainant in Qatar and sent him to the Qatar by visiting Visa. On his departure, the accused handed over a bag to the victim directing him to give to the brother of accused without informing about the Ganja in Bag. The victim was detained in Qatar Airport. In the investigation, 3 other accused were arrested on 09.01.2018 in this case.

Crime No. 126/CR/2016  
Mortgaging Fake Gold Case (Rs. 3.7 Crore)

The brief of the case is that the accused person had committed criminal conspiracy and pledged spurious gold ornaments by punching 916 hallmark as genuine at Muttathaody Service Co-Operative bank and availed Gold loan for an amount of Rs. 3,70,62,766 /- on 137 occasions with connivance of other accused. The accused were arrested on 10.07.2018.

Crime. No 52/CR/15  
Loan Cheating Case

The brief of the case is that the Kerala Financial Corporation sanctioned a short term loan of Rs. 33,00,000/- (Rupees Thirty Three Lakhs only) to M/S Western Edible Oil Complex Ltd. Vythiri, Wayanadu against some invalid/ forged documents submitted by one Ranjith and others. Since they failed to repay the loan amount, the Corporation approached the Hon'ble Court, after a long period of 10 years and this case was registered as such and the accused was arrested on 05.01.2018.

Crime No. Cr.23/CR/2018  
Gold Loan Cheating in Co-operative Bank (Rs.2.5 Crores)

Accused, being the staff and members of Ayiroorpara Farmers Service Co-operative Bank, Pothencode, with the intention to cheat the bank in which the complainant was working as the Managing Director, pledged imitation gold ornaments by making the bank believe that the ornaments were of original gold and cheated 2 ½ crores of rupees.

The fake ornaments were pledged 62 times in the bank's branch at Chenkottukonam and 5 times in the branch at Pothencode, during the period before 02.02.2018, and thereby committed the offence under sections stated above.A6) Sasikala Age 56, D/o Ambujakshi, KonathuVeedu, Near KattaikonamJn, Ayiroorpara Ward was arrested on 10.04.2018. A7) Kusala Age 55, D/o BhargaviKunnuvilaVeedu, Near SN Public SchoolChenkottukonam was arrested on 10.04.2018 and are in judicial custody.

Crime No.138/CR/2017  
Misappropriation by Public Servant

The brief of the case is that Sri. Anilkumar, while working as Officer in Charge at Cheriyakonni Mavelii Store has misappropriated the Govt. money amounting to Rs. 5,56,690/- during the period from 01.04.2014 to 07.02.2015. On investigation, A1) Anilkumar Age 47 S/o. Appu, Priya Nivas, Kavumpuram Desom, Vilappil VillageKattakkadaTaluk was arrested on 17.04.2018.

Crime No.50/CR/2013  
Job Cheating Case

That the accused, DharmeshDoshi who is the self-styled CEO of an organization viz. Venture Overseas based in Delhi, with intention of cheating the complainant and others, offered them 2 months training of Aircraft Maintenance Engineering in Malaysia and jobs in any airlines or Maintenance Repair Overhauls abroad as Aircraft Maintenance Technicians for 2 years and accordingly recruited them through another associate firm of the accused viz. Elixir capital solutions at Bangalore on 13.12.2011 and received Rs. 4 lakhs each by instalments from the complainant Adarsh and his friends. Thereafter, they were taken to Malaysia on 18.04.2012 without arranging any proper visa by the accused and subsequently without keeping his words caused them to suffer in Malaysia as illegal immigrants and made them remit fine for illegal stay and received entry bar punishment and thereby cheated them. On investigation, A2) SwaroopMadhavan Age 30, S/o MadhavanDoor No.337, KR Puram, Bangalore, Karnataka was arrested on 04.09.2018. A3) Rajeev Deepak Talreja Age 31, S/o Deepak Talreja No.9, Shiv Sakthi, Sheshadripuram, Bangalore North was arrested on 13.11.18. And A4) Deepak Talreja Age 58, S/o Hotchand, Pattaranganna Layout 1st Cross, Sheshadripuram, Bangalore North was arrested on 13.11.18

MURDER CASE ARREST DETAILS 2018

Cr No: 6/CR/2009,  
Police station: Thiruvalla, 743/2007  
U/S: 302, 34 IPC  
No. of accused: 3 persons

A1 - Manju,Age(14)/2007(Arrested on 12/4/18  
A2 - Akhilkumar,Age(15)/2007(Arrested on 20/4/18)  
A3 - vyshak,Age(17)/2007(Arrested on 24/4/18)

Cr. No.188/CR/2017  
Police station: Punaloor, 1466/2017  
U/S :-449,450,376,376(A),377,302,392 IPC and sec. 3& 4 of POCSO Act 2012  
No of accused: 1 person

A1 - Sunil kumar,age(40),Thalathilveedu, piravanthodu Arrested on 21/6/2018

Cr.No.227/CR/2010  
Police station: vazhakkad-26/10  
U/S: 302,201,R/W 34 IPC  
No. of accused: 4 persons

A1 - Shihavudeen  
A2 - JalivarHaq  
A4 - ShahinoorHaq

INTERNATIONAL INVESTIGATION  
COORDINATION TEAM

The International Investigation Coordination Team(IICT)has been created in Crime Branch, headed by the Inspector General of Police - Crimes (State Interpol Liaison Officer) in order to deal with various aspects of international investigation. This Sub unit coordinates the activities of our law enforcement agencies (Local Police and Crime Branch) with Interpol Wing, CBI, New Delhi, in tracing the accused persons absconding/staying in foreign countries and also in getting legal assistance from abroad in the investigation of cases. Special efforts were taken in the year 2018 and considerable progress could be achieved during the year in the matter of investigation abroad.

Trainings were conducted by the State Police Chief himself for all investigating officers regarding the nuances of international investigation. Four officers in the rank of Sub Inspector of Police have been inducted in the IICT for accelerating the functions of IICT.

Steps were taken by IICT for the publication of various types of Interpol Notices including Red Notice against international fugitives. At present there are 23 Red Notice subjects in Kerala out of which 7 Red Notices were published during the year 2018. Proceedings have been initiated in 52 cases for the publication of Interpol Red Notices and the process is still not completed.

Several steps were taken by Kerala Police during the year 2018 to bring the international fugitives to justice. In a major stride, we could extradite an accused in Crime No. 1221/2016 of Museum PS (ATM theft case) named IONUT ALEXANDRU MARINOIU (Control No. A-11376/12-2016) a Romanian national from Nicaragua on 01.03.2018. Our officers went all the way to Nicaragua, formally arrested the fugitive and brought him for prosecution to India. This is the first case of formal extradition as far as Kerala Police is concerned, even though many persons were deported by foreign countries as per our requests. Moreover, requests were sent for the extradition of two other accused persons in the same case named POPESCU ONEA MIRCEA FLORIN and CONSTANTIN CRISTIAN VICTOR from Germany and UK respectively, which are under consideration of the competent authorities in the requested countries.

Action has been taken for the issue of Letters Rogatory for investigation abroad. During 2018 concurrence of the MHA has been obtained in 6 cases to approach the concerned courts to issue LR out of which 2 LRs have been issued by the courts and sent to CBI IPCC for onward transmission to the foreign authorities. Further, action has also been initiated in 8 cases for sending requests for the collection of evidence from abroad on the basis of MLAT.

In 2018, major strides have been made with respect to bringing Kerala Police closer to the standards required for effective progress in international investigation at the instance of the State police Chief and IICTand for the issuance of Letters Rogatory/MLAT requests. But it is noticed that considerable progress could not be achieved mainly due to the reason that there is no proper follow up action from the part of the DPCs concerned. The DPCs and DySPs/ACs of District Crime Branches (District Interpol Liaison Officers) may be instructed to review the progress of action already taken in the matter and to find out new cases in which investigation abroad is required.

Action has been taken for the publication of Red Notices against 52 number of accused persons absconding abroad.





RED NOTICE REQUESTS PENDING WITH NCB

| Sl. No. | PS/Unit                | Crime No.   | Name of Accused                  | No.  |  |
|---------|------------------------|---|----------------------------------|--|--|
| 1       | Njarackal PS EKLM RL   | C   | Shamin Ponnarambil Aravindakshan | Request forwarded to CBI NCB on 17.08.2018   | Resubmitted on 15.11.2018                                    |
| 2       | Pallickal PS           | 302/2018 u/s 49,302,307,120(B), 201,202 &34 IPC                                   | Abdul Sathar                     | Confdl/8559/CR/2018                          | Resubmitted on 08.10.2018. IP-2/67/2018                      |
| 3       | Kollam East PS         | 3516/2017u/s 417,420 & 376 IPC  | Emmanuel Peter                   | Request forwarded to CBI NCB on 10.09.2018.  | Resubmitted on 15.11.2018                                    |
| 4       | Venjaramood PS         | 1771/2016 u/s 324, 452, 427, 307, 34F   | Sarath Krishnan Achari           | Request forwarded to CBI FNCB on 08.10.2018. |  |
| 5       | do                     | do  | Jishnu Byju Jaya                 | Request forwarded to CBI NCB on 08.10.2018.  |  |
| 6       | Vidyanagar PS KSD      | 10/15 u/s 341,323,324,294B, 506(1),308 r/w 34 IPC                                 | Shameem Nelliikkunnu Misiriya    |  | NCB on 29.11.2018 IP-2/80/2018                               |
| 7       | Parassala PS Tvpm RL   | 875/2012u/s 143,147,148,149, 341,324,302,396 IPC                                  | Kingslin Steephen                | No. Confdl/18463/CR/2018                     | Request forwarded to CBI NCB on 23.11.2018 No. IP-2/100/2018 |
| 8       | Anchuthengu PS Tvpm RL | 154/2018 u/s 376 (2)(f)(I) (n)IPC sec. 92(d) Right to Persons with Disability Act | Vasudevan Prakash                |  | Retn to DPC Tvm RL on 24.09.2018                             |
| 9       | Vellarada PS Tvpm RL   | 58/2004 u/s 304 B & 34 IPC  | Krishnan Assari Rajan            | Request forwarded to CBI NCB on 23.10.2018   |  |
| 10      | Kovalam PSTvpm RL      | 09/200 u/s 21 of NDPS Act   | Georgio Sorrendino               | Request forwarded to CBI NCB on 01.06.2018   | Retn to DPC Tvm Cit on 05.07.2018                            |
| 11      | Kovalam PSTvpm RL      | 09/200 u/s 21 of NDPS Act   | Alexandro Fomtana                | Request forwarded to CBI NCB on 01.06.2018   | Retn to DPC Tvm Cit on 05.07.2018                            |
| 12      | Vadakara PA KKD RL     | 1313/2015 u/s 397, 120B IPC   | Mohammed Safvan Pakkyil          |  | Retn to DPC KKD RL on 15.11.2018                             |
| 13      | Koduvally KKD RL       | 660/2017 u/s 376 (2)(n) IPC   | Aneesh PK                        |  | Retn to DPC KKD RL on 15.11.2018                             |
| 14      | Payyoli PS KKD RL      | 274/2017 u/s 376(2)(n) IPC & 3(1)(w)(1)(3)(2)V of SC/ST POA Act                   | Sreesan Nambiyath                |  | Retn to DPC KKD RL on 07.11.2018                             |
| 15      | Thamarassery PS KKD RL | 737/2017 u/s 376IPC   | Jamshid Aretta                   |  | Submitted on 15.11.2018                                      |
| 16      | Paravoor PS KLM City   | 1419/2016 u/s 354A IPC & sec. 7&8 of POCSO Act                                    | Shajahan Naseema Beevi           | Under processing                             |  |
| 17      | Paravoor PS KLM City   | 278/2018 u/s 294 B, 506,323,325,307 &34 IPC                                       | Roopesh Kumar Reghu-nathaKurup   | Under processing                             |  |
| 18      | Panthalam PS           | 1019/2015 u/s 354C, 376, 420IPC & Sec. 3r/4 of POCSO Act                          | Mathews Puthiya Veetil Benny     | Under processing                             |  |
| 19      | Chengannoor PS         | 1845/20017 u/s 376 & 34 IPC   | Jithin George Thomas             | Under processing                             |  |
| 20      | Alappuzha North PS     | 1472/2016 & 27/2017 u/s 465,471,420 IPC   | Vaikkathumkaranchira             | Under processing                             |  |
| 21      | Balusser y PS KKD RL   | 642/2017 u/s 506,376 IPC & 3(1)(w)1,3(2)V of SC/ST POA Act                        | Arjun Mani oth Kandi             |  | Retn to DPC KKD RL on 15.11.2018                             |
| 22      | Chompala PS KKD RL     | 689/2016 u/s 305,120 r/w 34 IPC   | Muhammad Irshad ParaFmpath       |  | Retn to DPC KKD RL on 15.11.2018                             |

|    |                      |  |                                     |                                |   |
|----|----------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| 23 | Nadapuram PS KKD RL  | 106/2017 u/s 143,147,148, 341,3,324,326,307 r/w149 IPC                               | Raiz Puthoyottum Kandiylil          |                                | Retn to DPC KKD RL on 15.11.2018        |
| 24 | Vadakara PS KKD RL   | 362/2016 u/s 307, 353,427 r/w 34 IPC   | Fahad Parambath                     |                                | Retn to DPC KKD RL on 15.11.2018        |
| 25 | Balusser y           | 702/2015 u/s376(2)(n)  | Ambaya Thode HPrapa-sif             |                                | Retn to DPC KKD RL on 15.11.2018        |
| 26 | Koorachund PS        | 191/2017 u/s 341,323,324,308,294(b)  | Rineesh Kurukkakkolli               |                                | Retn to DPC KKD RL on 15.11.2018 Safvan |
| 27 | Adoor PS             | 1789/2015 u/s 376, 3 r/w 4 of POCSO Act  | Selvakumar                          |                                | Retn to DPC PTA on 15.11.2018           |
| 28 | Perambra PS          | 918/16 u/s 452,354 IPC 7 r/w 8 POCSO Act   | Yusepf Propoyil                     |                                | Retn to DPC KKD RL on 15.11.2018        |
| 29 | Adoor PS             | 979/2014 u/s 370A, 417, 354,376,506(1) 34 IPC & sec. 10r/w 24(10(d) of Emigration ct | Bijumon Abdulm Khader               | Forwarded to NCB on 07.11.2018 |   |
| 30 | Nallalam PS KKD City | 186/18 u/s 366,376(2) (n) IPC  | Kassali Vellayoor Ma-dathil         | Under processing               |   |
| 31 | Nallalam PS KKD City | 288/16 u/s 376,354,341,506(1) r/w 34 IPC   | Askar Mottammal                     | Under processing               |   |
| 32 | Nallalam PS KKD City | 373/17 u/s 376, 506 IPC  | Muhammed Aslam Asari Kandi          | Under processing               |   |
| 33 | Balusser y PS KKD RL | 673/2016 u/s 450,506,376(2)(n) IPCF  | Rajeesh                             | Under processing               |   |
| 34 | Chombala HHD RL      | 689/2016   | Mohammed Irshad Parambath           | Rtn to DPC                     |   |
| 35 | Balusser y PS        | 702/2015   | Ambayathodu Hasif                   |                                |   |
| 36 | Muvattupuzha PS      | 2007/2018  | Rinshad Muhaideen                   |                                |   |
| 37 | Panoor PS            | 947/2017   | Gokul Puthiya thazhe Kanavath       |                                |   |
| 38 | Hozdurg              | 176/2018   | Musfarali Madambilath               |                                |   |
| 39 | Santhanpara          | 510/2015   | Santhosh Chandi                     |                                |   |
| 40 | EOW-II               | 270/CR   | Rajeesh Puthen Purayil RamaKrishnan |                                |   |
| 41 | EOW-II               | 270/CR   | Jeesha mol Baby                     | EOW-II                         |   |
| 42 | EOW-II               | 270/CR   | Mahesh Kumar Puthu-mana             | EOW-II                         |   |
| 43 | Kollam West          | 2048/17  | Jassim Nasarudeen                   |                                |   |
| 44 | Museum PS            | 1488/2017  | Mahad Babu                          |                                |   |
| 45 | Vellarikund PS       | 309/2016   | Hyderali                            |                                |   |
| 46 | Chavara PS           | 3167/2017  | Vishnu Raj                          |                                |   |
| 47 | Paravur PS           | 256/2016   | Vipindas                            |                                |   |
| 48 | Vellamunda PS        | 279/2015   | Faisal Maniyan Kandi                |                                |   |
| 49 | Kodakara PS          | 1795/2018  | Ratheshh Madathil Jalajamoni        |                                |   |
| 51 | Vidyanagar           | 172/2010   | Preetham Kasaragod                  |                                |   |
| 52 | Adhur PS             | 425/2015   | Yusoof                              |                                |   |

The Investigating Officers shall provide the details of wanted fugitives such as their identity, copies of Red Notices/ Look Out Circulars, name of the country where the fugitive is believed to be located etc. to the IICT for proceeding further with the investigation of the case in abroad with

the help of Interpol. All communications required to be made by the IICT with the Interpol Wing, CBI, New Delhi shall be made through the Interpol Liaison Officer only.





# CHAPTER 04

DISASTER  
MANAGEMENT



INTRODUCTION

The state of Kerala bore witness to the worst rains in over a decade during the month of August 2018 and the resultant devastating floods in the wake of the lashing downpour is unparalleled in the history of the state. The last time the state was caught in the fury of the rain gods was back in 1924, but the floods that engulfed the state in August 2018, was so widespread and devastating that it led to 14.6% of the entire land mass of Kerala getting badly affected.

But adversity brings with it strength and the will to survive, and what the floods showed us was how the people of Kerala came together in an unprecedented Rescue and Evacuation Operation of a scale unimagined by anyone. Setting aside barriers of religion, caste, political affiliations, economic status etc Keralites within the state and even those from across the world, rose to the occasion and helped to save those caught in the lashing waters.

Given the degree of widespread devastation and loss across the state that unfurled in a matter of days, the most important aspect post rescue was to help rebuild Kerala and reinstate it to normalcy.

The Kerala Police Department led from the front at the time of crisis and has been integral not just to coordinate rescue and evacuation efforts but also to ensure that relief and rehabilitation reaches the affected.

There is now a sincere effort being made to document the activities carried out by the members of the Kerala Police force during the floods, now popularly referred to as Kerala Floods 2018. Operation Jalaraksha 2018 is the name given to the operation conducted by the Kerala Police under during the floods and is now being compiled into a 2 part report.

Even as the public and official machinery of the state was caught unawares by the fury of the rains, and they tried to come up with feasible solutions, the Kerala Police Department embraced the enormous challenge facing the state and voluntarily spearheaded various aspects of the operations despite the inherent risks involved.

And the proof is in the results that they were able to realise, with over 6 lakh people being rescued from areas inundated with water. Thousands of people were caught in the crossfire of the floods, resulting landslides and cyclones were evacuated and shifted to Government relief camps at the earliest possible. Not just people, Kerala Police also helped save and rescue animals and other livestock that were left to fend for themselves in this deluge.

It is estimated that as many as 965 villages were affected mostly in the districts of Pathanamthitta, Alappuzha, Ernakulam, Idukki, Thrissur and Wayanad.

Members of the police force also coordinated the distribution of relief material that was sent from across the globe, to the people in the camps and other areas. There were also people who refused to abandon their home despite being submerged, and those homes and people were visited by Police personnel in boats and food materials were distributed among them too.

Kerala Police also helped ensure that the law and order situation did deteriorate neither in the relief camps nor in different parts of the state, during the days of the unrelenting rains.

The Relief camps which were started on 9th August 2018 saw the number of inmates and occupants consistently increasing till 24th August 2018. And once the rains receded the first big challenge was to start the process of cleaning not just the houses of people, but also public institutions like schools, colleges, hospitals and health care centres, and even the roads had to be cleared and made obstruction-free.

Kerala Police department sacrificed their Onam celebrations, the one big festival of the state, and turned up in massive numbers to clean and rehabilitate those affected by the floods. Not just that there were many who lost the will to survive post the devastation and personal loss suffered due to the floods, and these people needed counselling and reassurance to start life anew, for which the Kerala Police took proactive steps. And people began to attempt leaving the camps post August 24th, 2018 when the fury of the flood reduced

More than 35,000 police personnel irrespective of their rank actively participated in this mission. They were supported by the Recruit Constables, Student Police Cadets, and ‘Janamaitthri’ Volunteers etc. All of them worked selflessly even ignoring the fact that many of their families and many of their own houses were severely affected by the floods.

And this selfless and timely service made the Kerala Police earn the love and respect of the people and they are now being addressed as Brothers/Sisters in Khaki!

It is indeed a proud moment for Kerala Police.









I. RELIEF CAMPS

i. ACTIVITIES/DUTIES

4,056 relief camps were opened by the Government (there were camps operated and run by private parties also) and around 2,00,000 families were provided with shelter in the inundated districts. Thousands of Police Personnel including RtPCs worked earnestly in the camps. Women Police helped Senior citizens, children and women including pregnant ladies and earned praise from all Sections of Society.

Strict screening and scrutiny were done by the Police in relief camps. Keeping tabs to ensure proper distribution of food items, drinking water, clothes etc in the camps were done by officers from the nearby/local police stations. Proper Police patrolling was done in each relief camp for monitoring and to prevent anti-social activities thereby ensuring the life, safety and security of the people in relief camps.

Kerala Police provided proper transportation for the inmates of the camps to return their houses once the waters receded. A remarkable role was played by the “Janamaithri” Police, who collected food and essential articles with the co-operation of the Residence Associations and helped to distribute the items among the deserving people.

Police Help Desks functioned for 24 hours in all the relief camps.

ii. RELIEF CAMPS IN VARIOUS DISTRICTS

Police personnel collected food and other essential items from various Agencies and ensured equal and fair distribution among the inmates of the relief camps across the state. Senior Police Officers were entrusted with the responsibility to oversee and ensure that all such items are fairly and equally distributed among the affected people in an unbiased manner. Members of the Police maintained friendly relations with everyone in the relief camps which helped in the smooth functioning.

iii. DETAILS OF RELIEF CAMPS

DISTRICT WISE NO. OF CAMPS RUN BY POLICE

| SL. No | DISTRICT                 | CAMPS |
|--------|--------------------------|-------|
| 1      | Thiruvananthapuram City  | 30    |
| 2      | Thiruvananthapuram Rural | 49    |
| 3      | Kollam City              | 33    |
| 4      | Kollam Rural             | 82    |
| 5      | Pathanamthitta           | 529   |
| 6      | Alappuzha                | 710   |
| 7      | Kottayam                 | 429   |
| 8      | Idukki                   | 274   |
| 9      | Kochi City               | 178   |
| 10     | Ernakulam Rural          | 486   |
| 11     | Thrissur City            | 15    |
| 12     | Thrissur Rural           | 455   |
| 13     | Palakkad                 | 119   |
| 14     | Malappuram               | 184   |
| 15     | Kozhikode City           | 115   |
| 16     | Kozhikode Rural          | 140   |
| 17     | Wayanad                  | 223   |
| 18     | Kannur                   | 04    |
| 19     | Kasaragod                | 01    |
|        | TOTAL                    | 4056  |

iv. DETAILS OF POLICE PERSONNEL DEPLOYED FOR RELIEF DUTIES

As part of the security arrangements, strict screening was done by the police in all the relief camps. Vehicles from the police department were deputed for the collection and transportation of relief materials from different collection centers across the state. The new Women's Battalion was also pressed into service.

NO. DISTRICT WISE POLICE PERSONNEL DEPLOYED

| SL.No | DISTRICT                 | DEPLOYED POLICE PERSONNEL |
|-------|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1     | Thiruvananthapuram City  | 137                       |
| 2     | Thiruvananthapuram Rural | 524                       |
| 3     | Kollam City              | 275                       |
| 4     | Kollam Rural             | 1059                      |
| 5     | Pathanamthitta           | 2567                      |
| 6     | Alappuzha                | 2130                      |
| 7     | Kottayam                 | 909                       |
| 8     | Idukki                   | 715                       |
| 9     | Kochi City               | 220                       |
| 10    | Ernakulam Rural          | 3949                      |
| 11    | Thrissur City            | 04                        |
| 12    | Thrissur Rural           | 1538                      |
| 13    | Palakkad                 | 562                       |
| 14    | Malappuram               | 1408                      |
| 15    | Kozhikode City           | 931                       |
| 16    | Kozhikode Rural          | 451                       |
| 17    | Wayanad                  | 936                       |
| 18    | Kannur                   | 06                        |
| 19    | Kasaragod                | 04                        |
|       | TOTAL                    | 18325                     |





## II. RELIEF SUPPORT

Nearly 25 Loads of food and other items distributed among various camps in the district of **Thiruvananthapuram Rural** and around 100 Tons of relief materials were sent to other districts from Thiruvananthapuram City by the City Police.

From **Kollam City** 23 Vehicles including Police Buses and Lorries filled with food materials and other items were sent to flood affected areas in Pathanamthitta, Alappuzha and Ernakulam Districts and 15 Loads of food, clothes and cleaning materials were supplied to the relief camps in the **Kollam Rural area**.

More than one ton rice and adequate provision items, food items such as bread, chapattis, milk powder, instant food items, drinking water etc were supplied among 300 badly affected families in **Kottayam district**.

Pathanamthitta was supplied with 03 Tons of rice, water, other groceries and clothes from Kollam City; and 02 Tons of Rice, water and other groceries from Kollam Rural.

The ADGP (HQ) supplied 1 ton utensils and 1 Ton of Food articles were supplied by Wife of State Police Chief along with the wives of some senior officers.

Kerala Police Association (KPA), Thiruvananthapuram Rural supplied 2 Tons of Food articles.

**Kannur District** Police and Malappuram District Police supplied one tipper lorry each full of Food, clothes and utensils.

**Alappuzha District Police** provided 16,000 cases of bottled water, 3,000 packets Biscuits, 1800 mats, 300 sacks of rice, 1300 kg food grains, 375kg of wheat powder, 450 kg of rice powder, sanitary napkins and dress materials to various relief camps in addition to three truckloads of food and other necessary items for Kollam city and two loads for Kasaragod also.

**Idukki district** Police received 21 tons of rice, 5 tons of provisions, 3 tons of vegetables, 800 unit clothes and sanitary items, 5,000 bottles of Drinking water and the same were supplied to relief camps. 500 unit of food items were received from KAP 4th Battalion.

In **Ernakulam Rural District** the Police supplied 12,140 Kg of Rice, 7,884 Kg of grocery items including Sugar, 10 Kg of Milk powder, 4,380 packets of Biscuits, and 1460 packets of Noodles. Cleaning items such as 4,380 of Bath Soaps, 1,460 Kg of Washing Powder, 2,920 nos. of washing soap were also supplied by the Police. Moreover, 1,500 kgs of Rice was given to **Kottayam District**.

**Kochi district** police distributed drinking water, Tons of rice, biscuits, milk powder, juices, baby food, tooth brushes and tooth paste, rusk, noodles, steel utensils, sanitary pads, edible oils, medicines, ORS sachets, footwear, mattresses, bed sheets, buckets etc. to various relief camps.

**Thrissur City Police** collected essential medicines, drinking water, cleaning materials, packaged food, cloth etc. from various organizations/ individuals and distributed in relief camps. Moreover, Medicines and other items received from Pondicherry Police and Cleaning materials received from Chennai Police were also given to inmates in the Relief camps.

**Thiruvananthapuram City** Police sent packaged food, drinking water and cleaning materials to Thrissur City.

**Thrissur Rural Police** distributed 40 blankets, 40 mats, 4 tankers of drinking water, rice, sugar, beds, buckets, napkins and garments,

grocery items, cleaning items such as 1000 ltrs of Phenyl and 20 sacks of bleaching powder, household articles etc. and **Anthikkad Police Station** distributed one day food to Kanjay Centre Relief camp. 4 containers of clothes including T-Shirts, Dhotis and other items received from Tirupur were supplied to Thrissur Rural, Ernakulam Rural, Alappuzha and Pathanamthitta districts by the **Palakkad District Police**. 5700 essential kits were distributed to the inmates of the relief camps by **Malappuram district** police and they also supplied Bundles of Medicines, Candles, Cleaning Materials, Mineral Water, Rice, Dress materials, Food items, Relief Materials among 200 affected families. (each family got Rice 5 Kg each, clothes, Bed Sheets, Plastic vessels, Bathing Soaps, Washing Soaps., Match Boxes, lighters, Paste, Napkins, Under garments, Oil, Sugar, Tea, Rava, etc). In addition to the above relief materials, One tipper lorry full of cleaning materials like detergent powder, wiper, bucket, inner wears, dhotis, shirts, plastic mats, rice, grocery, clothes, sanitary napkins, bed sheets, carpet, brooms, brush, medicine, food kits, bleaching powder etc were distributed among various relief camps. One load relief material including Brooms, Shovels, Cleaning powder, Bleaching Powder, Rice, Sheets, Plastic vessels, Bathing Soaps, Washing Soaps, Match Boxes, lighters, Brush, Paste, Napkins, Under garments, Oil, Sugar, Tea, Rava, and 100 pairs of Chappals which were received from other units were also distributed.

**Kozhikode City Police** has supplied 5 loads of rice and provisions to Wayanad District, one load to Ernakulam District and half load to Thrissur District as relief materials.

**Kozhikode Rural Police** provided relief materials such as groceries, clothes, and cleaning materials worth Rs.1, 80,000/- to Wayanad and Thrissur Districts. In addition to this, 6500 pairs of Chappals to Wayanad and Kozhikode District and Clothes worth Rs.2 lakhs to Wayanad District were transported. 1,000 kits containing Rice and provisions collected in Kozhikode City transferred to the rescue centres located at Collectorates and those were centrally moved to different parts of the state from there.

**Wayanad District Police** supplied relief materials to Relief centres located at Collectorate and centrally moved to different parts from there.

**Kannur District Police** donated dresses to the victims. One truckload of food, water and cleaning products were also provided by Kannur District Police.

In **Kasaragod District**, Police collected relief materials and sent to flood affected areas at Wayanad, Aluva, and Changanassery in 13 Lorries (cost worth Rs.2.5 Crores). Kasaragod ‘Janamaithri’ Police collected medicines worth Rs.6 lakhs and sent to Kottayam District along with a medical team of Doctors and paramedical staff, through Police help.



## POLICE PERSONNEL DEPLOYED FOR RELIEF COLLECTION & DISTRIBUTION OF RELIEF MATERIALS

For collection and distribution of relief materials, Police Personnel, Student Police Cadets and Ministerial staffs were also involved.

## NO. DISTRICT POLICE PERSONNEL

| SL. No | DISTRICT                 | PERSONNELS |
|--------|--------------------------|------------|
| 1      | Thiruvananthapuram City  | 34         |
| 2      | Thiruvananthapuram Rural | 306        |
| 3      | Kollam City              | 460        |
| 4      | Kollam Rural             | 11         |
| 5      | Pathanamthitta           | 224        |
| 6      | Alappuzha                | 315        |
| 7      | Kottayam                 | 304        |
| 8      | Idukki                   | 315        |
| 9      | Kochi City               | 526        |
| 10     | Ernakulam Rural          | 600        |
| 11     | Thrissur City            | 25         |
| 12     | Thrissur Rural           | 65         |
| 13     | Palakkad                 | 68         |
| 14     | Malappuram               | 231        |
| 15     | Kozhikode City           | 18         |
| 16     | Kozhikode Rural          | 43         |
| 17     | Wayanad                  | 50         |
| 18     | Kannur                   | 06         |
| 19     | Kasaragod                | 00         |
| TOTAL  |                          | 3,601      |

## OTHER RELIEF RELATED ACTIVITIES

• **Thiruvananthapuram City Police** provided 20 boats with fishermen and 14 Lorries to other districts for rescue work. Thiruvananthapuram City personnel actively participated in Relief operations at Trivandrum International Airport Technical area.

• During the flood, one house which is occupied by a fisherman family was completely damaged in Sakthikulangara P.S. limit, in **Kollam City**. Seeing the distressed condition of the family, the entire Police personnel from Sakthikulangara P.S. renovated the damaged house. This thoughtful effort by the police personnel from Sakthikulangara earned great name among the Public.

• Police personnel of Kollam district were engaged in cleaning works at Ranni and Thiruvalla in Pathanamthitta district. Members of Kerala **Police Officers Association & Kerala Police Association** conducted cleaning work at Aranmula in Pathanamthitta district.

• In **Pathanamthitta District Police**, gave moral support to 4694 persons in flood affected areas. The complete flood affected areas were divided into 40 groups and 40 Group patrols were assigned to maintain Law & order and prevent untoward incidents.

• **Alappuzha District Police** conducted medical camps and other awareness programs at the relief camps. Other than that entertainment

programs were also conducted to distract the people and lighten the mood of those reeling under the aftermath of the floods. Higher officials visited camps at least twice a day.

• In **Idukki** a large number of flood/land slide affected families were saved and rescued by the police and taken to various relief camps. Many damaged roads were cleared by using the help of JCB operators. Police wireless sets were issued to district administration officials, as the landline and mobile communication facilities became non functional.

• About 30 persons who suffered serious diseases (including a pregnant woman and a few old aged persons) were rescued and rushed to the hospitals by the police in **Kottayam District**.

• **Ernakulam District Police** collected 10,000 Nos. of food packets from well-wishers and supplied them among flood affected people. They ensured the safety of all emptied houses and shops. AR camp Kalamassery prepared and distributed food packets to all duty personnel during these days.

• **Thrissur District Police** assisted the District Administration for relief works and also for the functioning of the Disaster Management Control Room during the flood. Steps were taken to reopen the vehicular traffic through the damaged roads in the flood effected areas. Police officers visited the Relief camps regularly to ascertain the wellbeing of the inmates, and ensured continuous availability of food and drinking water, sanitation of the premises, health conditions of inmates, availability of medical officers and their visits, security aspects etc.

• Various Police Stations in **Thrissur Rural** viz. Valapad Police distributed 40 blankets, 40 Mats and 4 Sacks of Rice to the people in Edamuttam Relief Camp and biscuit to 4 other camps in Valapad Police station limits. Aloor Police distributed 24 beds, 48 buckets, 48 mugs and cleaning items in 24 Houses in a colony at Aloor P.S. limits. Aloor Police also distributed 300 Kg rice, 100 kg Sugar and 5 box biscuits, Napkins and garment items to Thuruthiparambu Relief Camp in Aloor P.S. limits. Koratty Police distributed 4 sacks of rice, 1 bundle ladies inner wear, and 500 note books in Koratty P.S. limits. Varantharapilly Police distributed grocery items for 10 houses in flood affected areas and 5 torches in Elicode ST Colony.

Anthikkad Police distributed food for an entire day on 17.08.2018 for about 130 persons of Kanjany Centre Relief Camp. Anthikkad Police distributed 100 pairs of under garments to the inmates of the camp in Prof. Mundassery School within Anthikkad P.S. limits.

• A “Facilitation Centre” was started at State Border, Walayar in Palakkad district for the routing of Vehicles carrying flood relief materials to the needy districts.

• **Malappuram District Police** distributed 1850 kgs of rice, 20 kgs of Rava, 100 gm x 21 packets of Tea, 15 Kg of Green rod, 5 Kg peas, 5 kg Mampayar (black beans), 50 packets of Palm oil weighting 250 gms each, 50 Buckets and mugs, 50 Bed sheets, collected an amount of Rs.8,000/- from the police personnel of Karipur P.S. and purchased food items and daily use materials like 2 tons Sugar, 1 ton of other edible items and entrusted those to the District Collector Malappuram. They also gave 600 numbers of LED Bulb, 10 Chairs, 100 sets of Clothing for children and others, 300 Note Books, 50 Cleaning Mops, 100 bottles of Cleaning liquid, 25 Sleeping Mats, 50 School bags, 25 Pillows, and 1/2 ton worth other stationery and Grocery items.

An amount of Rs.7,000/- was collected from the police personnel of Vazhakkad P.S. and with the money raised, food materials were purchased and entrusted to the District Collector, Malappuram.

Police personnel in Malappuram District exhibited wonderful presence of mind and determination during the rescue operations especially at



Nadukani Ghat Road area to reinstate smooth traffic and movement by removing all blocks caused by landslides and landslips. They also engaged in the rescue operations at Koorppankunnu, and Anamari regions which fall under their Station limit.

The Police personnel of Vazhikkadavu Police Station performed duty at the landslide affected places of Chettiyanpara within Pothukallu P.S. limit and performed cleaning duty within Kodungallur and Mala P.S. limits. A group of Volunteers with the co-operation of Edakkara Police distributed food, clothes and other relief materials at Wayanad rehabilitation camp on 20.08.18. In Panthallur Hills, road leading to the VHF repeater station was damaged due to the heavy rain and the same was repaired by police personnel of Pandikkad P.S. Patch works were done by the Police with the help of public on the road from Edavanna Seethi Haji paalam to Mundengara (About 5 KMs). Karuvarakundu Police in Malappuram district provided ambulance facility to the people of camps who were affected with disease and provided all assistance to the family members of Kalyani and Thankappan who lost their lives.

Police took initiative in finding out rented houses and cottages for people affected by the flood and provided rent free lodging. One mini lorry containing cloth materials collected from the public was sent to Chengannur Relief Camp with the co-operation of Patternadakkavuprivasikoottaima. After rehabilitation, Malappuram

III. REHABILITATION

In addition to the Rescue and Relief works, Kerala Police team worked hard to clean government buildings like Schools, Hospitals, Anganavadis etc once the waters had receded. They also cleaned roads, places of

Police personnel under the leadership of DPC Malappuram, visited various flood affected areas and colonies with the help of the officials of the health department. Police personnel chlorinated the wells in the various Police station limits

In **Kozhikode district**, most of the houses and premises in the flood affected areas were cleaned by the Police Personnel who had also maintained Rescue Centres.

Police have been involved in every aspect in connection with flood rescue operations in Wayanad. They evacuated isolated people, coordinated rescue activities, cleared traffic obstructions, distributed relief and so on.

As a propaganda to collect funds for the Chief Minister’s Distress Relief Fund (CMDRF), District Police and District Cycle Association jointly conducted a 40 KMs long cycle rally in the district of Kasaragod on 27/08/2018.

The District Police Chief, other Police Personnel and members of the Cycle Association etc. participated in the rally. Trikaripur MLA inaugurated the rally. District Police Chief, Police Personnel and members of Cycle Association etc. participated. Trikaripur MLA inaugurated the rally.

worship and public places. Ministerial staffs of the Police department and Student Police Cadets in various districts took part in cleaning works.

| SL.No | DISTRICT                 | HOUSEHOLDS/<br>PREMISES CLEANED | ENGAGED<br>PERSONNEL | DAYS |
|-------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|------|
| 1     | Thiruvananthapuram City  | 191                             | 34                   | 07   |
| 2     | Thiruvananthapuram Rural | 445                             | 235                  | 06   |
| 3     | Kollam City              | 15                              | 15                   | 14   |
| 4     | Kollam Rural             | 18                              | 50                   | 03   |
| 5     | Pathanamthitta           | 2,334                           | 513 avg.             | 05   |
| 6     | Alappuzha                | 2,634                           | 1,200                | 14   |
| 7     | Kottayam                 | 544                             | 342                  | 07   |
| 8     | Idukki                   | 315                             | 289                  | 10   |
| 9     | Kochi City               | 1,230                           | 712                  | 07   |
| 10    | Ernakulam Rural          | 2,864                           | 1,445                | 15   |
| 11    | Thrissur City            | 645                             | 1,178                | 06   |
| 12    | Thrissur Rural           | 995                             | 324 avg.             | 09   |
| 13    | Palakkad                 | 60                              | 246                  | 12   |
| 14    | Malappuram               | 507                             | 282                  |      |
| 15    | Kozhikode City           | 296                             | 267                  | 04   |
| 16    | Kozhikode Rural          | 457                             | 113                  | 04   |
| 17    | Wayanad                  | 1,533                           | 286                  | 01   |
| 18    | Kannur                   | 02                              | 0 10                 | 02   |
| 19    | Kasaragod                | 48                              | 42                   | 04   |





## LOGISTIC/INFRASTRUCTURE SUPPORT BY POLICE IN REHABILITATION

**Thiruvananthapuram Rural** district police personnel provided Counseling for Rescued People including pregnant women, children and Senior citizens.

Government HSS Koyippuram in Pathanamthitta District was taken over by City Police of Kollam. This school was badly damaged due to the flood. Kollam City Police took the initiative and renovated the school completely. After completing the renovation works the City Police donated new school bags and study materials to all students of that school and gifted a computer with printer, computer table and chair to the school. **Pathanamthitta District Police** provided 93 Police Department Vehicles, Ropes and Asca light for rehabilitation work. Many damaged roads and bridges were cleared by Police personnel of **Idukki District** with the help of other department officials and general public.

**Alappuzha District Police** donated sprayers, buckets, brushes and 25,000Litres of water.

**Ernakulam Rural** provided large quantity of cleaning materials such as buckets, brooms, cleaning lotion, bleaching powder, wiper, plastic mug, Dust-pans, gum boots, gloves, masks, Dettol, bathroom cleaning brushes, handwash etc.

**Kochi City Police** participated in the cleaning of Flood affected houses in Kochi city and Ernakulam Rural areas. Each police station formed a Special team for cleaning the flood affected houses and collected cleaning materials such as Chlorine, Phenyl, Dettol, antiseptic lotions, cleaning brushes, buckets, Mugs from different non-profitable organizations and supplied them to houses affected by the floods. The police personnel cleaned the flood affected houses in Kochi city and rural areas and also helped in Electrical, plumbing & painting works.

Eloor Police station did a remarkable job by doing the electrical work of 127 houses with the co- ordination of police Personnel and other voluntary organisations.

Waste disposal was one of the major tasks in the aftermath of the floods and Kochi City Police had taken steps with the help of respective authorities to collect all the waste from different areas in Kochi City and disposed it at the BrahmaPuram Waste Disposal Plant Kochi. Counseling classes were arranged in flood affected areas with the assistance of experts to improve the mental health of those who have lost all their possessions. Police tanker lorries were utilized for the supply of drinking water in **Thrissur City**. 1 crane, 1 Open lorry and other vehicles were used for cleaning and rehabilitation works in **Palakkad**.

**Malappuram District Police** had arranged Lorries for the movement of boats for rescue operations in Thrissur, Ernakulam, Alappuzha and Pathanamthitta Districts. They also arranged Lorries for the movement of men for rescue operations and also to transport goods, medicines, and relief materials, etc. to flood affected areas in Malappuram District and other districts.

Training was imparted to the Disaster Management Volunteers of various organizations with the help of Health Dept, Vyapari Vyavasai Ekopana Samithi and other interested Persons of Edakkara P.S. Limit in Malappuram district.

**Wayanad District Police** ensured the police presence in all the relief camps round the clock and their proper intervention ensured all the rescue operations were carried out without any hitch. They co-ordinated the earth movers and ensured the service of JCBs for landslide removal effectively. They used Canoes, boats and pontoons effectively for the evacuation of stranded people.

## IV. GOOD WORK DONE AS PART OF COMMUNITY WELFARE

Thiruvananthapuram City Police started construction work of a house at Thumba Police station limit. A house which was damaged completely was re-constructed by the efforts taken by Police Personnel of Sakthikulangara Police station of Kollam District and police extended all forms of support to the family. Government HSS Koippuram was damaged badly in flood and this school was taken over by Kollam City Police and they renovated the school. Kollam Rural provided medicines to the relief camps.

The flood/ Landslide affected families from various parts of the Idukki district were saved and admitted in the relief camps. 274 relief camps were opened in this district. Sufficient no. of police personnel including women police were deployed in all relief camps throughout the flood period. All Aska Lights of the police were lighted and kept at various parts of Periyar Banks, to reduce the fear in the minds of Periyar valley residents. Police did remarkable work during both day and night in tracing out the dead bodies of deceased persons and tried their level best to trace out the persons who went missing due to landslides. Dead bodies were entrusted to their relatives without much delay after clearing the legal formalities. Muttom Janamaithri Police took over the educational needs of the students who had lost their homes due to the landslides within Muttom Police Station limit.

On 15.08.2018 Karimanal Police rescued 16 persons including 6 foreigners who were isolated at Karimanal due to Road blocks by landslide. Moreover, 200 passengers including females from Idukki to Thodupuzha who were isolated within the forest were saved and sheltered in the Idukki AR Camp. They were accommodated in the AR Camp for the next few days. **Alappuzha district police** personnel distributed 980 Onam kits to relief camps. Medical camps were organized at various Relief camps in association with voluntary organizations and medicines were distributed to the inmates in Thrissur City. Police personnel in **Kochi City** lent a helping hand to the flood victims who were returning to their homes from the relief camps. As many as 712 police officers were deployed for removing mud and waste from the flood-affected houses. The cops worked shoulder to shoulder with the public and charitable organizations. To ensure medical aid to flood victims, the Kochi City Police conducted a free medical camp in Cheranelloor under the aegis of VP.S. Lakeshore Hospital and Micromax Mobile and with the assistance of Govt. Hospitals, Palliative care centers, Red Cross, and Nirbhaya members. Medical camps were conducted at various Police Station limits of Kochi city.

All Police personnel in the **Thrissur District** worked hard in flood rescue/ relief activities. CPO 6269 Sri. Dhanesh & CPO 6859 Sri. Mukesh of Katoor Police Station rescued a pregnant woman from flood affected area and carried her to nearby hospital in a cart. The incident was reported in Mathrubhumi Daily. CPO 7303 Sri. Sumesh of Vatanapilly Police Station did outstanding work on 16.08.2018. He was on special duty at Chalakudy OverBridge within Chalakudy P.S. limits. At that time he saw a man drowning in Chalakudy river and rescued him by risking his own life. DVR ASI Sri. Ajikumar of Varantharapilly Police Station rescued nearly 100 persons including CPO Abilash and family, and one boy suffering from Autism from flood hit areas in Nadipulam and Manjoor areas by using a country boat and putting his own life at risk.

In **Palakkad district** around 3,000 peoples were trapped at **Nelliampathy** during the flood as the only road to the area was destroyed and bridges had been washed away in heavy water flows and landslides. Meanwhile, a helicopter that left for Nelliampathy from BEML Kanjikode with food, water and medicine had to return due to bad weather. A Temporary bridge was constructed on war footing basis with the help of RAF and Local people. Following this the authorities had to send relief workers and provisions on head loads to Nelliampathy. Police Officers with the

help of RAF, volunteers and revenue officials carried 4,000 kg of relief materials by foot. They travelled nearly 20 km on foot. Two Helicopters landed in Nelliampathy and rescued 9 pregnant ladies and 9 aged people. Police identified the suitable places to be used as Helipads and also provided all the help to the Air Force Authorities for the safe landing of Helicopters in the flood affected areas.

Police personnel in **Kozhikode districts** conducted rescue operations and rehabilitation work with the help of Fishermen, various socio-political organizations and merchants groups.

**Malappuram district Police** personnel started evacuation with the help of fishermen in the flood affected areas of Vengara Police station and 4 fishing boats were engaged in the rescue operation from Parappanangadi to Tanur and the efforts of fisherman Jaisal who was involved in the rescue operations in Vengara Police station limit deserve special mention. A Pregnant woman was hospitalized in the Carewell Hospital for delivery with help of Vengara Police.

Edakkara Police decided to build a new home at a place affected by flood under the leadership of Sri. Sunil Pulikkal IP, SHO Edakkara. As part of community welfare, Karuvarakundu police performed three activities. Following the landslides in Kalkkundu on 08.08.18, shifted the colonies affected to a safe place. A team under the leadership of SI Jyodeendrakumar and Police party along with 44 members of Indian Army rescued 10 tribal people. Police personnel in Kalkkundu Manaliyampadam rescued the people who were isolated due to flood.

District police forcefully evacuated the tribals belonging to Kattunaykka community who refused to come out from their dwelling places and were sheltered safely in camps and after an hour of their being removed, the evacuated place was seriously affected due to landslide. On getting information that due to heavy rain, landslide occurred at human settlements at Nellayi Oderivallam Muthuvan Colony, the police party rushed to the place. While on the way they faced many major and minor landslides. Many plantations and roads to the adjacent area was washed away in the land slide. The landslide made their journey difficult yet they persisted and several families were evacuated following the landslip at Odakkayam near Areakode. When the police reached Odakkayam Nellayi Colony in the early morning at 05.00 hrs, the major landslide occurred when the police party had just arrived there. The immediate intervention of the police reduced the intensity of the tragedy. Soon after the incident, the Police party from Manjeri police station reached the place under the leadership of Sri. N. B. Shaiju, IP SHO Manjeri. Later Sri. Jaleel Thottathil, Deputy Superintendent of Police reached the place with a team and gave necessary directions. In this land slide, four houses were completely destroyed and one collapsed partially. The police party conducted the rescue operation and recued five persons. The Kadalundi River began to overflow and affected the areas at Illipulakkal, Pandikasala and Muthalamadu in Vengara Police station limits.

The flood waters submerged the entire region and large number of families were forced to leave their homes. The water level in the regions increased to dangerous levels and the Police rescued many families from their homes by private boats arranged by the SI of police Vengara. Around 75 persons who were residing near the river banks, paddy fields and lower areas were displaced to temporary shelters and 7 relief camps started in various places by Revenue authorities. On flood, the Chaliyar River began to overflow and affected the areas at Elamaram and Cheeni Bazaar in Vazhakkad Police Station limits.

Around 48 persons who were residing near the river banks and lower areas were displaced to temporary shelters and 2 relief camps started by the Revenue authorities. 404 People have been rescued by Vazhakkad police and taken to safe places. Relief works like giving clothes, water and food were conducted at flooded areas, cleaning, sanitation and rehabilitation works were done in the flooded areas and Schools were

sanitized and cleaned before re-opening after the flood and vacations. On 15.08.2018 announcement was made about the waters of Kadalundi river posing a threat and people were requested to move to safe places like rescue camps or to residences of relatives. Warning messages were propagated in the flood affected areas about the possibilities of disease and snake bites etc. to those returning home and engaging in cleaning activities post the floods.

**Wayanad** ‘Janamaithri’ Police distributed 306 bakrid – Onam food kits each worth around Rs.700 to the flood affected people. ‘Janamaithri’ Police of **Kasaragod** sent a medical team consisting of 5 doctors, 5 nurses, 2 pharmacists, 2 lab technicians and 2 lab assistants with medicines costing Rs. 6 lakhs, to Kottayam district. First camp was conducted at Ettumaanur-Aarpukkara, Second camp at Kumarakom, third camp at Kanhiram colony at Thiruvarp Panchayath and fourth at ArunootiMangalam colony in Kanhiram. ASI Rajeevan, ASI Venugopal, CPO 2582 Thomas and Dvr SCPO 2946(name to be mentioned) accompanied the medical teams. 32 fishermen of Ajanur Panchayat had gone to Chalakudy for rescue operations. These 32 men were felicitated by the Hon’ble Revenue Minister Sri. E. Chandrashekaran on 07/09/2018. Kasaragod ‘Janamaithri’ Police also felicitated all youth undervarious clubs who had gone for relief, rehabilitation and cleaning related works to various flood affected areas.

## V. APPRECIATION/AWARD/ ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF THE GOOD WORK OF POLICE BY COMMUNITY

- During the flood relief operation, Kollam City Police began to help the flood affected victims. And this earned them widespread appreciation. One of the major achievements was that the Kollam City Police took the initiative in rebuilding the Govt. HSS Koippuram (as this school was fully damaged due to the flood), and repaired the school building and its furniture and made school suitable for functioning. This earned wide acknowledgment and on 03.09.2018 the Pathanamthitta District Administration organized a function which was attended by MLA (Aranmula), DPC Pathanamthitta and other distinguished persons and everyone expressed their appreciation of the work done by the Kollam City Police. They gave Mementos and Appreciation Certificates to police Personnel. Smt. Veena George, MLA Aranmula appreciated the Police personnel in Kollam Rural who were engaged in the cleaning work.

- In **Pathanamthitta**, 80 Police personnel from Kollam City engaged in cleaning works in Koippuram Police Station Limit. They cleaned Koippuram Govt. HSS & other public places on a war footing basis. A meeting was held under the aegis of Pathanamthitta District Panchayath to felicitate the Police officials who participated in the cleaning drive on 03.09.2018 at Koippuram Govt. HSS. A memento was presented to the Assistant Commandant, District HQ Kollam by Pathanamthitta District Panchayath President Smt. Annapoorna Devi. Vijayapuram Grama Vikasana Samithy expressed their appreciation and presented a memento to East and Manarcadu Police for their Good work. Kottayam Powravedi and Deepika newspaper conducted a meeting and expressed their appreciation to the District Police of Kottayam.

- District Police of Idukki** did commendable work with regard to flood relief activities in the district from 09.08.2018 onwards. They received lot of appreciation from the General public, Visual/Print media and Social Media. Public meetings were arranged at many places for appreciating the police personnel for their remarkable duties in connection with flood/landslide disaster in Idukki district.

- In **Alappuzha** media and public organizations appreciated the efforts of police in the rescue operations to save the life of people in the flooded areas by shifting them safe places and making all other arrangements in connection with the rescue operations; for keeping peace and safety



in relief camps, for the contribution of police in the cleaning process and all other assistance; for the rehabilitation of people who returned to their houses from relief camps.

- Perumbavoor Taluk Office staff appreciated the rescue operations conducted by Ernakulam Rural Police. Juma Masjid Committee, Kanjirakkad, Light & Sound welfare committee Perumbavoor, Black & White Sports club Perumbavoor, Residents Association, and various social & cultural organizations of Kanjoor, Mekkalady, Madurima, Eetakadavu, Maanikyamangalam, Inchakavala, Malayattoor, Pallupatta, and Kalady police. Chengamanad SHO AK Sudheer and police personnel were appreciated by the Aduvasery Pourasamithy and Palaprassery powravedi. Puthenvelikkara SHO Sri. E. V. Shibu and police personnel were appreciated by Thruthippuram Church and Kezhoopadam Sadbhudhimatha Church. Piravom Rotary club, Thrippunithara IVA Sports club etc. appreciated the efforts of police personnel in rescue operation. Various Resident Associations in Kochi city appreciated the good work of Police during flood related rescue and rehabilitation duties.

- In **Thrissur City**, a programme was conducted by Chavakad Pourasamithy for appreciating the hard work done by the police personnel and fishermen during the floods.

- Sri. Bhoopesh, Inspector of Police, Mala; Sri. Pradeepkumar, SI of Police Mala; Sri. K. A. Faisal, SCPO 4123, Special Branch Officer, District Special Branch, Thrissur Rural and Sri. Biju O.H, GSCPO 5520, Special Branch Officer, District Special Branch, Thrissur Rural received mementos from Information and Guidance Group (IG Group- Mala) which was awarded by Hon. High Court Judge, Smt. Mary Joseph in the presence of Thrissur Rural District Police Chief Sri. M. K. Pushkaran IPS in a function arranged at Mala for the commendable work done in connection with rescue operations in Floods 2018.

- On 30/08/2018 Junior Chamber International, Palakkad with MA Ply arranged Felicitation Ceremony for DPC, Palakkad; ASP, Agali, DySP, District SB, Palakkad; DySP, Palakkad; SI of Police, Town North P.S and other Police Personnel at Palakkad. On 09/09/2018 "Koottam" Cultural Centre arranged an Appreciation ceremony at Aluvassery for Inspector SHO, Nemmara P.S and others. On 11/09/2018 Centre for High Skill Learning s& Rural Development Society, Kollengode arranged a reception for the Inspector SHO, Nemmara P.S, Sub Inspector of Police, Nemmara and Other Police Personnel at Block Panchayat Hall, Nemmara. On 12/09/2018 "Voice of Mannarkkad", gave a reception to Inspector SHO, Mannarkkad P.S at Mannarkkad Town.

- Kondotty Block Panchayath of **Malappuram district** felicitated District Collector, District Police Chief and all other Police Officials in a function conducted at Moyinkutty Vydhyar Smarakam, Kondotty for their extraordinary work in flood relief. SI of Police Vengara and Sri Jaisal, fisherman from Tanur (Trauma Care Tanur) got many awards/ appreciation from public all over Kerala. Police Rescued 4 personnel (2 Poochal + 1 Kottappuram and 1 Olavattoor) within Kondotty and Vazhakkad Police station limits. Social media highlighted the actions of police and it created great impact among the public about the department.

Minister Sri. K. T. Jaleel and Hon: Kerala Speaker visited the disaster camps, and the public apprised them of the selfless work of the police personnel in the area and the elected representatives appreciated the good work done by the Police and gave wide publicity in print and social media. Appreciations were received from public for the police personnel working in Tirur P.S. Limits who outstandingly performed rescue operations. In addition, the local people overwhelmingly supported the police during the disaster.

- The Co-ordination committee of Residence Associations and Kozhikode Corporation Counselors and ward members appreciated the good work of Marad Police during the floods.

- The Police personnel of Wayanad who were engaged in rescue operations working within Kalpetta LAC were honoured in a meeting conducted by Kalpetta LAC, organized under 'KILA'.

- In Kasaragod Media/ Public representatives appreciated the relief works of district police force.

## VI. CONCLUSION

This natural calamity was a wake-up call for the Police Force of the state and made them more aware and vigilant as to how to react when faced with such challenges. Even though many of the police officers families themselves were facing troubles due to the floods, the Police selflessly and relentlessly engaged in rescue operations and were able to save thousands of lives. The quick thinking and immediate action of the Kerala Police helped keep the death rate low during this calamity especially in areas where waters had risen to scary levels. Not just rescue, but the Police force also did a commendable job in setting up camps and ensuring that the people house there received food, clothes, medicines and other necessary items during their stay there. The handholding and support continued even when the families returned to their houses once the waters had receded, and the Police helped clean and set them up in every manner possible. Timely medical help was also critical in these times and the alert steps taken by the police ensured that the Jalaraksha operation was a complete success.







# CHAPTER 05

TRAINING



## KERALA POLICE ACADEMY (KEPA)

Kerala Police Academy (KEPA) Ramavarmapuram, Thrissur was started in the year 2004. It is headed by IGP. It was established to cater to the requirements of training of Police Officers for a modern society. It is the main training centre for Kerala Police. Full term training courses are available for recruits including Sub Inspectors, Constables, Women Constables, Drivers and Telecommunication Constables. There are short term courses and in-service courses available for various ranks. It has the capacity to train all officers of the police department including IPS officers. Training is given in management, traffic, communication, computer, swimming, driving, transport and forensics.

Kerala Police Academy has a main building with 90,000 sq. ft. capacity. It consists of:

1. An air-conditioned conference hall seating 100 delegates
2. 3 air-conditioned seminar halls, each of 150 capacity
3. 16 big and 7 medium classrooms, 1,200 personnel can be seated in indoor classes at the same time
4. 2 computer labs, each with 50 computers for training
5. International standard swimming pool
6. Traffic training school
7. Central police canteen

### FACILITIES IN KEPA:

- Indoor training facility to train 1,200 people at a time
- Main parade ground of 7.5 acres
- Sports complex ground of 3.5 acres
- 300 yard firing range
- Motor Transport School to train 300 drivers at a time
- Police Dog Training Centre and Kennel to train 18 dogs at a time

The Department of Forensic Science under the control of Joint Director, FSL (HOD FS) is functioning at KEPA. One Senior Instructor of FSL is working here for imparting training. One Senior Instructor of Finger Print and another Senior Instructor of Forensic Science are taking classes on the concerned subjects. The Department of Forensic Medicine is also functioning at KEPA under the control of HOD Forensic Medicine Department. There is a model police station in the academy. A Motor Transport Wing under the supervision of an Assistant Director (Technical and MT studies) in the rank of Superintendent of Police (MT) is functioning in KEPA. The Superintendent of Police (MT) takes classes on MT subjects. Training is given to personnel from other departments like excise, fire force, motor vehicle department.

#### Motor Transport & Driving School

Motor Transport School endeavours to impart quality training in driving, fleet management and various trades of transport to those taking part in various courses conducted at Kerala Police Academy. MT School also gives insight to the trainees about the functioning, care and maintenance of vehicles and its engines.

#### Aquatic Training Centre

The Kerala Police Academy swimming pool is having an area of 0.5acres with diving stand.

#### Traffic Training School

Traffic Training School was started with the objective of training on traffic rules and various aspects of traffic management system, not only to police officers of all ranks but also to other Government and private people. There are a number of courses designed specifically for police officers and men. They are given intensive training about investigation of accidents and laws pertaining to enforcement through audio and visual mode.

#### State Dog Training School

As police dogs hold an important role in the police force, Kerala Police

Academy has a well-equipped Kennel School. The training at State Dog Training School at KEPA includes tracking criminals (Tracker), crime investigation (Sniffer), explosives investigation, narcotics investigation, security and police kennel display.

## 1. POLICE TRAINING COLLEGE (PTC)

Police Training College, Trivandrum was established in the year 1958 in the present campus. The basic training for officers was given at this institution till 2003. Now apart from giving basic training to Police Constabulary, in-service courses, refresher courses, re-orientation courses, familiarisation courses and cadre courses are being under taken at PTC. After the establishment of Police Academy at Thrissur, the officers are given basic training at KEPA. Apart from this, computer training programmes and Common Integrated Police Application (CIPA) training programmes for Police Officers and men are also given at Police Training College, Trivandrum.

### FACILITIES AT PTC

Police Training College has 6 AC classrooms, 2 conference halls and a big auditorium. There are two computer labs consisting of 50 computers each. Out of the two computer labs, one is earmarked for imparting training on Crime & Criminal Tracking Network System (CCTNS) and the other lab for other basic computer courses. Accommodation facility with food is available both for male and female officers. Accommodation is available for about 300 trainees at a time in barracks. For outdoor training, a big parade ground and a medium sized ground are available. Facility for playing basketball, badminton and a gym is also available.

Two Fire Simulators for Firing Practice are available at PTC. A new generation Driving Simulator has been installed at PTC which is used for Light Motor Vehicle Driving training of Recruit APPCs and other officers.

The press at PTC is one of the biggest printing units of the Police Department. A monthly magazine named 'Kerala Police News Letter' is being published from PTC.

A vast library with a good collection of books on various subjects is also functioning well here.

Speed Detection Camera Control Room is functioning at Police Training College under the Supervision of Principal, PTC.

A good power supply unit with backup facility is available in PTC.

A Hanuman Swami Temple about 150 years old formerly being manned by British Police and a Mosque are also functioning at Police Training College.

## 2018 – YEAR OF TRAINING AND LEARNING

In a pathbreaking initiative, to put in place the centrality of training in Police, it was mandated through a directive of the State Police Chief that all personnel (cutting across ranks) undergo a minimum of 3 days training during the year 2016-17. This comprehensive coverage was substantially achieved. Building on this, 2018 was declared as the year of Training and Learning in Kerala Police, which was a highly successful endeavour in which almost all members of the Kerala Police have been trained. The training given to them was task oriented. A variety of learning, delivery and assessment methodologies were employed, in an attempt to enable the courses to be participatory and interactive. Unlike the usual practice of classroom training, case study, group discussion, role play, crime scene simulation etc. were also included in the training programme. A snapshot of training in Kerala Police during the year is as follows:

### TRAINING IN VARIOUS UNITS – 2018

| RANK  | TRAINING DONE IN THE UNIT ITSELF | TRAINING DONE AT PTC AND KEPA | TRAINING DONE IN-SIDE THE STATE LIKE IMG, CDAC ETC. | TRAINING DONE OUTSIDE THE STATE | TOTAL  |
|-------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|--------|
| SP    | 1                                | 1                             | 1   | 8                               | 11     |
| DySP  | 287                              | 152                           | 46  | 33                              | 518    |
| INSP  | 737                              | 273                           | 46  | 27                              | 1,083  |
| ASI   | 1,318                            | 278                           | 74  | 10                              | 1,680  |
| SI    | 2,258                            | 688                           | 240   | 67                              | 3,253  |
| SCPO  | 10,250                           | 846                           | 186   | 30                              | 11,312 |
| CPO   | 25,005                           | 1998                          | 349   | 291                             | 27,643 |
| Min   | 569                              | 318                           | 71  | 0                               | 958    |
| Tech  | 207                              | 61                            | 3   | 19                              | 290    |
| Total | 40,632                           | 4,615                         | 1,016   | 485                             | 46,748 |

Of a force of 58,419, 46,748 persons underwent training. Over 80% of the force underwent training during the year. The shortfall was because of the impact of the devastating floods, in the aftermath of which all

training was stopped, but for which Kerala Police would have been a unique organisation wherein all force members were trained in a year.

### BASIC TRAINING PROGRAMMES DURING 2018

| SL. NO. | CATEGORY                   | STRENGTH              | DURATION                         | DATE OF COMMENCEMENT | EXPECTED DATE OF COMPLETION OF TRAINING |
|---------|----------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|---|
| 1       | SI GE 28th C Batch         | 2                     | 12 months                        | 01/03/17             | 28/02/18                                |
| 2       | APSI                       | 4                     | 12 months                        | 08/02/17             | 07/02/18                                |
| 3       | SI(GE) Puducherry          | 1                     | 12 months                        | 23/03/17             | 22/03/18                                |
| 4       | RtWPCs                     | 578                   | 9 months                         | 18/09/17             | POP held on 31/07/18                    |
| 5       | 29th Batch Rt Dvr PCs      | 380                   | 6 months                         | 12/09/17             | POP held on 22/03/18                    |
| 6       | 7th Batch Dog Training     | 14 dogs & 28 handlers | 9 months                         | 01/02/18             | 31/10/18                                |
| 7       | 30th Batch Rt Dvr PCS      | 105                   | 6 months                         | 17/04/18             | POP held on 29/10/18                    |
| 8       | 8th Batch AMVIS            | 27                    | 3 months                         | 03/04/18             | 30/06/18                                |
| 9       | 15th Batch BFO             | 138                   | 3 months police training         | 03/04/18             | 30/06/18                                |
| 10      | 10th Batch CEO             | 120                   | 180 working days police training | 02/05/18             | POP held on 20/12/18                    |
| 11      | 9th Batch AMVIS            | 40                    | 3 months                         | 03/07/18             | 30/09/18                                |
| 12      | 10th Batch AMVIS           | 178                   | 90 working days                  | 12/11/18             | 28/02/19                                |
| 13      | 29th Batch SIs             | 135                   | 1 year                           | 02/10/18             | 01/10/19                                |
| 14      | 16(B) Batch RT WPCs of WPB | 153                   | 9 months                         | 15/10/18             | 14/07/19                                |
| 15      | 16th Batch BFOs            | 94                    | 3 months police training         | 15/11/18             | 12/02/19                                |
| 16      | RtPCs (Special Rectt)      | 74 (53 men +21women)  | 9 months                         | 01/08/18             | 30/04/19                                |



NATIONAL WORKSHOP AND SEMINARS CONDUCTED AT KERALA POLICE ACADEMY AND POLICE TRAINING COLLEGE IN THE YEAR 2018

I. National Workshop on Forensic Linguistics at Police Training College, Thiruvananthapuram

With the motto ‘linguistics for justice’ the Dept. of Linguistics, University of Kerala in collaboration with the Police Training College (PTC), Govt. of Kerala organised a three-day workshop on Forensic Linguistics (FoLi). It was the first event of FoLi in India; held at PTC, Thiruvananthapuram during 26-29 March 2018. 27 linguistic experts, police investigators, senior officers, interrogators, forensic experts, forensic psychologists and psychiatrists, computational linguists and jurists participated in the workshop. As an outcome of the three day interdisciplinary and inter professional sharing of experience and expertise the workshop came out with an action plan to develop FoLi in India.

Sri. Loknath Behera IPS, State Police Chief of Kerala inaugurated the workshop. Dr. B. Sandhya IPS, ADGP (Training) attended the inaugural function and delivered the keynote address. Sri Behera shared his experiences in Germany where statements by accused and witnesses were examined by a forensic linguist. Dr. L. Ramamoorthy, the Deputy Director, Central Institute of Indian Languages, Mysore chaired the inaugural function. Mr. Sethu Raman IPS, the Principal, Police Training College welcomed the participants to PTC, and Dr. S. Prema, Asst. Professor, Dept. of Linguistics, University of Kerala, & Coordinator of the Workshop introduced the theme of the workshop. Prof. Jayachandran R., Registrar, University of Kerala was the chief guest. Sri. Gopakumar, Member -Syndicate, University of Kerala offered felicitations at the function. Sri. Anil Sreenivas, Vice Principal, Police Training College presented the vote of thanks.

The technical sessions on ‘Introducing Forensic Linguistics in Indian situation’ started with an opening lecture by Prof. N.K. Jayakumar, renowned jurist and the former Vice Chancellor of National University of Advanced Legal Studies, as well as the Legal Advisor to the Chief Minister of Kerala. He gave a lecture on “The role and relevance of Forensic Linguistics in the Administration of Justice”. He specially emphasised the scope of FoLi beyond police investigations. The relation between language and law is an area to be explored in a multilingual country like India. He suggested that the organisers find out alternate Malayalam terms to signify the scope of the FoLi. Dr. Alexander Jacob IPS, Rtd. DGP chaired the session and shared his views on the role of language in investigations. In continuation of the opening lecture, Dr. Ravisankar S. Nair, Associate Professor, Dept. of Linguistics, Central University of Kerala introduced the concept of FoLi in his lecture on ‘What is Forensic Linguistics: Methods and Applications’. Dr. Sindhu Thulaseedharan, Assistant Professor, Department of Law, University of Kerala discussed ‘The limits in the use of Forensic Science Testimony in the Legal Process’. Dr. L. Ramamoorthy, Deputy Director, Central Institute of Indian Languages introduced the CIIL’s Resource for the development of Forensic Linguistics in India.

On the second day, the session on FoLi ‘Case Studies & Technologies’ was chaired by Dr. Ravisankar S. Nair. Prof. Achuthsankar S. Nair, HoD, Dept. of Computational Biology & Bioinformatics, University of Kerala presented a case study on ‘Word Prints: A Case Study of Computational Stylometry’. Dr. Vijayan, Asst. Professor, Dept. of Linguistics, Bharathiar University presented on ‘Confessions, Statements and Evidences in Forensic Linguistics’. Mr. Shijith, Technical Officer, Dept. of Linguistics, University of Kerala demonstrated ‘Techniques of phonetic techniques of speaker identification’. Lt. P. Sreekumar, Asst. Professor, Department of Dravidian & Computational Linguistics delivered a lecture on ‘Science

and Justice: Scope of Forensic Linguistics in India’.

Sri. Rishi Raj Singh IPS, DGP and the Excise Commissioner, Kerala chaired the session on ‘Sharing investigation experiences by the investigation officers’. He gave a lecture on ‘Body Language of thieves/suspects’. Dr. Jayesh K. Joseph, Criminologist, Kerala Police Academy delivered a lecture on ‘Truth Telling and Criminal behaviour’. Dr. Pradeep Saji K., Joint Director & HOD, Forensic Science, KEPA delivered a lecture on ‘Future of Polygraph, Brain mapping and narcoanalysis’. Sri. K.N. Jinarajan, Superintendent of Police (Retd), spoke on ‘Interrogation Techniques’. Dr. B. Sandhya IPS, ADGP (Training) joined the session and shared her experiences of using language and linguistic techniques in investigations and interacted with the participants. Further, she added that, there should be a platform to facilitate the interaction between sciences like linguistics and police investigation.

On the third day, the first session was chaired by Sri. Jacob Punnoose IPS, the former State Police Chief of Kerala. He shared his experience of using language in investigations and referred to certain impediments like the limitations of Indian Evidence Act in using FoLi. Dr. Arun B. Nair of Psychiatry, Medical College Thiruvananthapuram delivered a lecture about the ‘Psychiatry of crime and its language’ followed it up with an interaction with the participants. Dr. L. Sobha, senior scientist AU-KBC Research Centre, Anna University chaired the second session, in which Sri. Naseer, Department of Psychiatry, Medical College, Thiruvananthapuram delivered a lecture on the ‘Psychiatric aspects of criminal behaviour’. Dr. Indu, Associate Professor of Psychiatry, Medical College introduced the ‘Different types psychiatry disorders that lead to crime’.

The last session was chaired by Dr. Sindhu Thulaseedharan, Assistant Professor, Dept of Law, University of Kerala. Dr. L. Sobha, Senior Scientist, Computational Linguistics Research Group, AU-KBC Research Centre, Anna University taught ‘How Natural Language Processing can be used for Forensic Linguistics’.

The valedictory session was chaired by Prof. C.R. Prasad, the Dean, Oriental Studies, University of Kerala. Dr. Ravisankar S. Nair offered felicitations. Smt. R. Sreelekha IPS, DGP delivered the valedictory address by recollecting some of her successful investigative experiences in which linguistics keys led towards the truth. Lt. P. Sreekumar, Assistant Professor, Dravidian University presented the action plan and a syllabus for an elective course in forensic linguistics for M.A. Linguistics students and LLM students. Ms. Sruthy T.S., M Phil, Department of Linguistics University of Kerala presented the report. Sri. Anil Sreenivas the Vice Principal, PTC expressed vote of thanks and presented PTC’s memento to Dr. Prema, the coordinator of the workshop for successfully organising the workshop.



NATIONAL WORKSHOP ON FORENSIC LINGUISTICS AT POLICE TRAINING COLLEGE THIRUVANATHAPURAM





II. National workshop on “New Trends in Police Training Methodologies” at Kerala Police Academy, Thrissur

The Kerala Police Academy was inaugurated and started functioning at Ramavarmapuram, Thrissur on 29th May, 2004. Every year since then, 29th May has been celebrated as Academy Day. In keeping with tradition, this year’s Academy Day was celebrated on 29th May, 2018. The Hon’ble Governor of Kerala, Sri. Justice (Rtd) P. Sathasivam graced the celebrations and inaugurated the function. This year, in addition to the above, the Academy organised a national seminar on “New Trends in Police Training Methodology”. This seminar was attended by eminent practitioners and experts, including select heads of various training academies in the country. Sri. K. Vijaykumar, IPS (Rtd), Senior Security Advisor, Ministry of Home Affairs, and an accomplished trainer himself led the proceedings. The workshop was conceived to deliberate on a wide variety of training issues, some of which are outlined below.

Issues:

1. One of the primary issues in contemporary law enforcement training is that while most training is based on practical field experience, it is rarely subject to scientific validation. It is necessary that police training takes a scientific look at policing issues, and the best possible manner in which training can be improved. The manner, in which this can be effectively undertaken, given the challenge of poor research on policing in India, is an issue of critical concern.
2. Methodologically, the vast majority of law enforcement training is still conducted in the classroom, in outdoor sessions, or rarely in hands-on scenario based training sessions. Many institutions like the Kerala Police Academy have moved to blended learning, which combines some online lessons and classroom time, resulting in more time for hands-on training. The idea is to reduce classroom time with online lessons divided into easily digestible chunks. This blended learning approach could also be used to preload information for academy programs and to reduce classroom time for in-service training. However, having only commenced this, the methodology requires substantial study and examination.
3. Soft-skills are an integral element of police training today. Yet, given the fact that the job of the police requires one to exhibit a range of responses to varying scenarios, soft skills are often lost over time. This is also in part due to the fact that the existing police sub-culture does not encourage the use of such skills. Given this context, it is a substantial training challenge to inculcate empathy and enduring soft skills in the trainees.
4. Immersion training is often considered one of the best forms of training. However, given that policing is so field oriented, it requires to be analysed as to how this strategy can be employed for effective induction training.
5. In-service training is today routine. While it employs a wide variety of strategies to ensure interest in the classroom, it does not entail long term learning. Moreover, it is limited by the physical and technical capacity of the training institution. States like Maharashtra as well as organisations like Tata Consultancy Services have moved to online training, with associated certification norms. The challenge is to introduce this in an effective manner, given the constraints of time and other resources.
6. Within law enforcement training, historically the focus has been on subject matter and technical expertise presentations. This ensures accountability for the material presented in class. However, it does not ensure though that while the material was presented, the students actually learnt it and were able to apply it in the workplace. This is compounded when a problem does not have a consensual

solution as to how to fix it or end it (as most police problems are), which technical training depends on, then a dependency on technical rigour can cause the situation to become confusing and messy because the actual problem to solve has not been identified. The above poses substantial issues of both instructional design as well as training evaluation.

7. The reality of the practical world dictates that quite often subject matter experts (police officers) do not have the time or the expertise required to devote to building instructional materials, even if they wanted to, as they are already burdened by their regular workload. It needs to be examined as to how other stakeholders/ experts collaborate effectively in providing a solution to this problem.
8. Police training in India relies substantially on regimentation and blind obedience to the instructor. This is often transposed into similar expectations from public interactions. The necessity of marrying the needs of regimentation in police with the demands of civility and openness in police-public interactions is indeed a police training conundrum.

Record of Proceedings:

The National Workshop on ‘New Trends in Police Training Methodologies’ was inaugurated by Sri. K. Vijay Kumar IPS (Rtd), Senior Security Advisor, MHA. Sri. Jacob Punnoose IPS (Rtd) delivered the valedictory address. Sri. Loknath Behera IPS, State Police Chief, Kerala delivered the presidential remarks at the inaugural session. The following heads of police training institutions attended the workshop.

1. Dr. B. Sandhya IPS, ADGP and Director, Kerala Police Academy
2. Smt. Anjana Sinha IPS, Director, NISA, Hyderabad
3. Smt. Kala Ramachandran IPS, Director, NEPA

Sri. V.N. Rai, former Director, SVP National Police Academy also addressed the workshop. The workshop also took inputs from the corporate and academic worlds.

In her welcome and introductory address, Dr. B. Sandhya IPS ADGP (Training) & Director Kerala Police Academy gave a brief on the present training methodologies being practiced, innovative training initiatives of KEPA and the issues in the present training methodologies. In his presidential address Sri. Loknath Behera IPS, DGP & State Police Chief, put forward his insights into the use of technology in both basic and in-service training programmes. Sri. Vijay Kumar IPS (Rtd), Senior Security Advisor, MHA inaugurated the workshop. In the opening remarks he outlined his vision for future police training in India. The second session titled ‘Training Methodology - Lessons from Police Academies’ was chaired by Sri. V.N. Rai IPS (Rtd), former Director, SVP National Police Academy. He pointed out the need for skill customisation during the training period itself. Smt. Anjana Sinha IPS, Director, National Industrial Security Academy shared her experience of the new training methodology being adopted at NISA. She put forward the 3ie approach: Interest, Involvement, Interactive method and Evaluation. Smt. Kala Ramachandran, Director, North East Police Academy opined that the trainees should be treated as adults. She explained various methods employed at NEPA including case study method, the emphasis on mistakes, simulation exercises showing how to make arrests, how to write FIRs etc., mob control simulation and negotiations, group work-tactics and management games and Simulator Technologies.

Sri. Suresh Panampilly, Tata Consultancy Services sharing his experience in the corporate sector, opined that it was high time to replace the physical classrooms with the virtual way. He stressed upon the need to develop a Learning Management system that can be accessed from anywhere. He also highlighted the importance of nano-videos in the training programme and about the i-class concept.

Sri. Surya Prakash Pati (IIM, Kozhikode) stated that policing should focus

on attaining citizens’ satisfaction. He was of the opinion that training should start by listening to their customers. He put forward a concept called ‘Journaling’ by trainees in which each trainee had to document two things every day in the journal and then think about these two things and meditate over it every night.

Sri. Jacob Punnoose IPS (Rtd) (Former State Police Chief) in his valedictory address appreciated the initiative taken by Kerala Police Academy in trying to change police training methodologies. He stated that the training should incorporate appropriate attitude towards the job and felt that the present attitude has a colonial hangover. He reminded that one should never forget that we are policemen due to the right provided to us by the Constitution so we should respect the other rights of citizens mentioned in our Constitution. He stressed the importance of developing infrastructure to train the massive workforce. He emphasised that there is a need to take policing to the doorstep of people and that training should be devised keeping this in mind. He concluded his speech by stating that no training can take place without research. Research in police sciences has to be encouraged.

Sri. Anup Kuruvilla John IPS (DIG Training) delivered the vote of thanks at the valedictory session.

Recommendations and suggestions:

The following are the recommendations of the workshop:

1. There is an urgent need to substantially escalate the infrastructural capacity in training. This is because the present infrastructure is woefully inadequate to effectively meet the needs of current day recruitment.
2. Trainees who are currently recruited are often upto date with technology and have skill sets that are absent in trainers themselves. As such, the training methodologies presently employed have to be re-evaluated so as to tailor them for effective instruction. This could take the shape of online, or blended learning. E-learning in its various forms have to be put to considerable use in police.
3. Training poses the challenge of having to cater to the needs of trainees with substantially different skill sets and orientations. As such, it may be appropriate to assess the possibility of customised learning where different skills are imparted to different trainees based on their competencies.
4. Training should move to role-plays, simulation exercises, group discussions, syndicate groups etc. as well as utilise new world technologies like virtual reality and e-learning. Education in training has to transform itself into edu-tainment.
5. It needs to be assessed as to how discipline can be inculcated in the force without placing excessive reliance on age-old methods like drill and parade.
6. Outdoor training focused on developing physical fitness must be tailored in such a manner that the methods instructed are sustainable in the long run, given the constraints of time and facilities in regular policing.
7. There is an urgent need to upgrade quality of trainers by providing them better learning opportunities, and to institutionalise a faculty development program.
8. Trainers must be provided exposure on andragogical methodologies so as to make training more effective.
9. Police academies must consider the necessity of outsourcing talent wherever they are available.

10. There needs to be a minimum tenure for trainers, coupled with appropriate allowances as recommended by the National Training Policy so as to attract the best talent into training. These incentives have however to be performance driven, to be based on appropriate testing.

11. The syllabus in police training must be substantially altered to introduce a hands-on/ integrated approach wherein the trainee learns not just the theory, but is regularly exposed to the actual practice of the theory.

12. Recruitment into police needs to be based on aptitude testing.

13. There is an urgent need to introduce substantial behavioural/ attitude training into the syllabi of police training. This should include training to interact with women, children, and marginalised sections of society.

14. Training must focus on removal of prejudices, as well as seek to understand police through the lens of the Constitution and the people.

15. It was emphasised that research was critical to understanding police performance, and the same could provide valuable inputs in improving training methodologies. There must be considerable effort in advancing the cause of police science in the country.

16. There must be a network to share and support regular interactions between training institutions across the country, so that exchange of information and methodologies occur on a regular basis.

17. State Police forces need to train around one lakh newly recruited personnel in India every year, apart from in-service training programs. For introducing blended training methodologies, to promote research and to introduce special incentives, substantial amount of money is required. Quality training only will make sensitised and professional police forces suited for a democratic society. Government of India may be addressed to spend money on quality police training.

## SIGNIFICANT INNOVATIONS AND INFRASTRUCTURAL ADDITIONS IN TRAINING

### RECENT PROGRESSIVE INITIATIVES:

The Kerala Police Academy has undertaken the following progressive initiatives in the recent past:

#### I. Comprehensive Attitudinal Shift Towards Training

Kerala Police has embarked on a comprehensive training revamp program, aimed at moving away from the conventional model of police training. To put in place the centrality of training in police, it was mandated through a directive of the State Police Chief that all personnel (cutting across ranks) undergo a minimum of 3 days training during the year 2016-17. This comprehensive coverage was substantially achieved. Building on this, 2018 was declared as the year of Training and Learning in Kerala Police, which was a highly successful endeavour in which almost all members of the Kerala Police have been trained. The training given to them was task oriented. A variety of learning delivery and assessment methodologies were employed, in an attempt to enable the courses to be participatory and interactive. Unlike the usual practice of classroom training, case study, group discussion, role play, crime scene simulation etc. were also included in the training programme. This was followed up with the following purposive interventions in training.



## II. Revamp of Training Syllabus

The basic training syllabus at both the Sub Inspector and constabulary level has been comprehensively amended bringing it in tune with the requirements of both modern day policing as well as the aspirations of the modern day recruit. The training seeks to replace rote learning with discussion-oriented and activity oriented classrooms. The syllabus, prepared after detailed discussions over two years, focuses on a unique module based approach, which through a combination of indoor and outdoor inputs provides the recruit with essential skill sets that will be of use to them in the course of their career. Rather than delivering specific limited inputs, the purpose of the syllabus is to expose and sensitise the trainee to the wide range of police roles, to foster in them a curiosity for learning, to inculcate in them the capacity to think and adapt, and at the same time retain the core police values like discipline and physical fitness.

## III. Electronic Learning and Assessment in Training

Kerala Police has started an online portal for e-learning titled “KeLS” (Kerala Police Academy e-learning System). The portal is available both on the academy webpage, as well as an app, through the Google play store, is hosted in the State Data Centre. Every training material required by the trainee, from general notifications, to course material, time tables, and even the class feedback, are now available on the digital platform. All indoor examinations, which are open book, progressive (i.e one exam for every ten classes) and use a mix of take home examinations, response papers, MCQs and conventional timed tests make use of this portal. As a pilot, online examination has commenced in the academy. In its next phase, creating a comprehensive and integrated system of ‘e-learning’ across Kerala Police is the goal. This will be achieved by producing e-content that can be offered as massive open online courses (MOOCs) thus introducing a transformational change in the pedagogy and style of learning for trainees. The greatest advantage is that it will provide a one-stop web and mobile based interactive e-content for all courses to all police personnel across the State to upgrade their knowledge and skills on ‘Anytime, Anywhere, Anyone’ basis. It is devised as an on-demand, personalised digital learning platform, with the capacity for certification. As part of developing infrastructure for digital learning, structured networking and WiFi Connectivity to the Training, Administrative Blocks, and Barracks in the Kerala Police Academy has been achieved. Classes are digitally enabled with projectors, laptops, and even mobiles.

## IV. Structural Changes in Basic Police Training

Every basic training program commences with a two-week orientation/ induction activity, where through activities ranging from ice-breaking to personality development, time management and stress management, the recruit is encouraged to find his/ her personal voice and expression in a group setting. All trainers during the period are outsourced lifestyle trainers. This is followed up during the training period with weekly syndicate group activities. Each syndicate functions as a team to raise and discuss issues on various functional and interest areas as well as to brainstorm various challenges that the force faces in modern day policing. Grouping participants from different backgrounds to form the syndicates, enables participants to learn from each other as well as to accept and respond to competing points of view. The trainees are also put through immersion training, where they visit and spend extended time at their areas of work from police stations to social justice institutions and tribal hamlets. These immersion programmes act as a bridge between classroom learning and appreciation of real world conditions. It sensitises them to social issues and provides them an opportunity for self reflection about their personal goals as well as their responsibilities as public servants. Training also follows a hectic Hobby Club Activity Calendar. The club activities in various fields like performing arts, theatre, arts and fashion, adventure etc. provides an opportunity for the trainees to leave their comfort zone and step up to explore new areas of skills and hobbies. It is an important avenue to develop social and leadership skills, as well as to adapt and innovate. In addition, every second Thursday is designated as a cultural evening

where the trainees put up a fantastic show of their cultural talent. Select evenings are set apart for interactions with eminent personalities.

## V. Soft Skill Training to Young Sub-Inspectors

Entry level induction of officers into Kerala Police is at the rank of Sub Inspector. They are also at the cutting edge of policing in Kerala. So as to ensure that they have the right attitude and sensibility to deal with the challenges of modern policing, Kerala Police has embarked on a program to build essential skills for courteous public interaction, defusing conflict situations, victim empathy etc.. Starting with closed brainstorming sessions to yoga/ stress management modules and practical hands on exercises, these week-long programs have enabled the trainees to introspect and reassess existing practices in police work.



## VI. Personalised Outdoor Training Program

For the first time, the outdoor training program has been revamped with the instructors being trained by the Lakshmi Bai National College of Physical Education (LNCPE), Trivandrum. Every single incoming basic trainee was put through a comprehensive medical and fitness evaluation, which has since been digitised. This is subject to regular follow-up at periodical intervals, with specific inputs on trainees being provided to the instructors and trainees.

## VII. Women Officers as Outdoor Instructors

Traditionally, women officers have never functioned as outdoor instructors in the academy. For the first time this year, women police officers were selected as instructors for outdoor training. A “Training of Trainers” course was conducted for the newly inducted women trainers. These women instructors are specialised in various forms of drill and other outdoor activities. They are trained in firing of assault weapons as well as revolver/pistol. These trainers personally supervise the performance of each trainee. They can be used as master trainers on long term basis.

## VIII. Upgrading Kerala Police Academy as a Centre of Excellence in Police Research

A research and publication wing is functioning at Kerala Police Academy with a photographic division, documentation division, research division and a publication division. Research and publication wing publishes academy newsletter bimonthly incorporating the training activities of consecutive two months and the academic articles. There are four ongoing research projects carried out by the research wing. They are – “De-radicalisation through community policing in Kerala”, “Impact of Tribal Janamathri programmes in Kerala”, “Study of work culture, stress and job satisfaction in Kerala Police” and “ Suicide cases of service persons in Kerala Police”. All these studies are aimed to upgrade and revise the existing basic and in-service training syllabus of Kerala Police on the basis of the results obtained through the research studies. The research projects are being carried out using both conventional and digital methodologies. We have already taken steps to collaborate with Academic Institutions like the NUALS, CUSAT, Calicut University etc.. The academy has also commenced a Student Internship Programme. Students from various National Level and State Level Universities and academic institutes are undergoing their internship as a partial fulfilment of their curriculum. Student Internship Programme aims to ensure collaborative research in policing so as to revamp the training curriculum on evidence based policing. The end objective is to upgrade the Kerala Police Academy as a Centre of Excellence in Police Research. We have started with a programme to develop a few researchers and research assistants in Kerala Police.

## IX. Training programme for the Participants of Duty Meet

For the first time in the history of Kerala Police a year-long training for the participants of the duty meet started at Kerala Police Academy. The team members who were selected for All India Police Duty Meet were given one year training to compete in the meet. As a result of the same, the team performed well in the 61st All India Police Duty meet held at Chennai and the team won in the following events with the toughest competition

1. Silver medal in Dog Squad Competition (Tracker)
2. Silver in Scientific aids to Investigation (Lifting and Packing)

In the year 2018, Kerala Police Academy conducted a screening test in the district level and based on that, district level competition winners were selected on the basis of highest score and the top most participants were selected for State level duty meet. In May 2018, among the selected candidates a competition at the State level was conducted by Kerala Police Academy. The winners were selected for training at Kerala Police Academy.

The training for the selected participants were imparted by specially

qualified faculties from Department of Forensic Medicine, Forensic Science, Finger Print Bureau, judiciary, prosecution, Central Forensic Science Lab, Central Detective Training School, law universities, computer experts, photographic experts, central police forces etc.. The participants were continuously assessed and on the basis of the assessment, necessary modifications were made in the training. The participants also undergo specialised training in different COTS time to time. Moreover, the participants are given different topics for specialising and are assigned to take classes for the various basic training programmes which are progressing at KEPA. By these methods of training, the participants are more equipped with confidence and thus these trainings help the participants to compete in the AIPDM with confidence.

## X. Training Program on Active Listening Skills

The academy conducted a program on Active Listening Skills at the academy. The program meant for officers at the police station level was highly appreciated and effective.

## ACTIVE LISTENING SKILL TRAINING PROGRAMME – CHANGATHIKOOTAM



## INAUGURATION OF MUSIC THERAPY & MEDIATION HALL ON – 18.04.2018



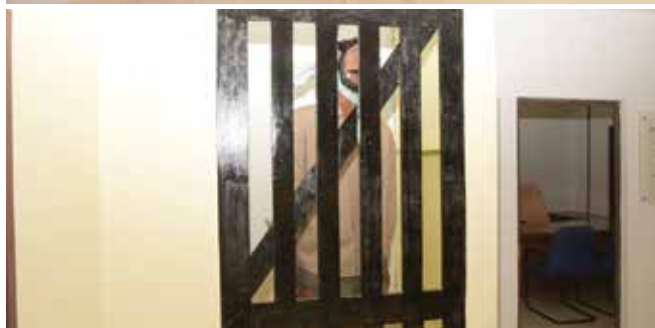




The following are the newly revamped facilities at the Kerala Police Academy:

### CRIME SCENE TRAINING HALL

The crime scene training hall is a state-of-the-art crime scene training centre with audio visual aids, and modern training materials and crime scenes.



### DIGITAL FORENSICS TRAINING LAB

The Academy has put in place a secondary Digital Forensics Training Laboratory which ensures training for field level officers in digital crime scene investigation.



### JANAMAITHRI TRAINING CENTRE

The existing Seminar Hall has been renovated and made into a state-of-the-art facility where 150 persons can be comfortably accommodated.



### TRIBAL JANAMAITHRI TRAINING HALL

The tastefully done Tribal Janamaithri Training Hall with murals created by the students from Fine Arts College, Thrissur is a significant addition to the academy.



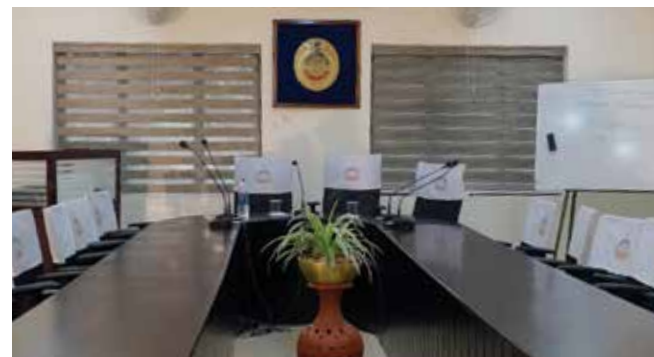
Honouring the faculty and students of Fine Arts College for painting the Tribal Janamaithri Hall



### REVAMPED CONFERENCE HALL



### MINI-CONFERENCE HALL CUM VIDEO CONFERENCE ROOM



### E-REGISTRATION KIOSK



### RESTORED COMPANY OFFICES

Old historical buildings which ran around the main academy building were in a dilapidated condition. They have now been restored and are now working as company offices.



### ACADEMY JUNGLE TRAIL

The Academy jungle trail is a 3.5 mud running track which runs around the campus. It provides an alternative to the tarred tracks in the academy.

Inauguration of Running Track – 29.05.2018





IED TRAINING CENTRE

The IED training centre is a unique training area, which caters to training in IEDs for both LWE affected areas as well as urban areas. It is also an effective area to teach anti-sabotage measures.



LAUNDRY UNIT

Trainees in the academy now have an opportunity to get their clothes/uniforms washed and ironed at a nominal price.



SUPERMARKET

A modern, A/C supermarket has been started in the academy, upgrading the old style provision store.



INDOOR STADIUM AND GYMNASIUM

The indoor stadium and the gymnasium have been upgraded with new equipment and a world class BWF approved artificial court.



DOLPHIN - AQUATIC COMPLEX AND PARK

The old swimming pool has been renovated and a park established.

Inauguration of Renovated Swimming Pool - 29.05.2018



NATIONAL WORKSHOP ON "NEW TRENDS IN POLICE TRAINING METHODOLOGIES" AT KERALA POLICE ACADEMY THRISSUR





NATIONAL WORKSHOP ON ‘KNOWLEDGE MANAGEMENT STRATEGIES FOR THE POLICE’ CONDUCTED AT POLICE TRAINING COLLEGE ON 27.06.2018

The National Workshop on ‘Knowledge Management Strategies for the Police’ was conducted on 27th June 2018 at the Police Training College. The workshop was inaugurated by the Hon’ble Chief Minister of Kerala, Sri. Pinarayi Vijayan. Dr. V.K. Ramachandran, Vice Chairman, Kerala Planning Board, delivered the valedictory address. Dr. B. Sandhya IPS, ADGP and Director, Kerala Police Academy, delivered the presidential remarks at the inaugural session. The following resource persons addressed the workshop:

Prof. Achuthsankar S. Nair, Department of Computational Biology & Bio Informatics, University of Kerala

Dr. B. Ashok IAS, secretary, Parliament Affairs, Sports & Youth Affairs, Government of Kerala

Sri. Victor Joseph T., Group Head, Technology Development & Management Group, VSSC

- Sri. S. Ananthakrishnan IPS, ADGP (HQ), Kerala
- Sri. T.K. Vinodkumar IPS, ADGP (Intelligence), Kerala
- Sri. Sumit Kumar Bardhan, Director, Predictive Analytic Solutions
- Dr. Pradnya Sarvade IPS, ADGP (Administration), Maharashtra
- Sri. Sushil Kannan, Joint Assistant Director, NCRB
- Sri. Harishwar S. Vishwanathappa IPS, Addl. DCP, Delhi
- Sri. Naval Bajaj IPS, Special IGP, Konkan Range, Maharashtra

Issue:

Every police person by virtue of his or her extensive experience is a storehouse of policing knowledge. The manner in which this isolated ‘intellectual capital’, can be translated into an institutional asset, easily accessible as institutional memory, demands our urgent attention. Secondly, with the advent of the information age, a large amount of data is churned out of the policing process on a daily basis. This is besides the sizeable volume of data that is readily available in the public sphere. Our inability to transform these disparate data sets into policing knowledge remains another fundamental challenge. While policing has undergone tremendous modernisation in recent times, we have placed very little emphasis on creating and managing knowledge in policing.

In view of the above challenges, Kerala Police conducted a National Workshop on ‘Knowledge Management Strategies for the Police’ on 27th June 2018 at the Police Training College.

Record of proceedings:

The success of any society depends largely on the manner in which we use information, communication and other technologies to improve our knowledge. Kerala Police, realising the importance of this, has embarked on many initiatives in this regard. This workshop was an opportunity to dwell on strategies to institutionalise this process of transition to a knowledge organisation, building on our existing strengths.

The conference started with an opening session about general strategies to use knowledge management in governance. It started with Prof. Achuthsankar S. Nair, who brilliantly broke down knowledge management for the uninitiated. Dr. B. Ashok IAS, built on this foundation and spoke about the possibilities that knowledge management afforded law enforcement. Dr. Victor Joseph, from the Vikram Sarabhai Space Research Centre spoke on the applications of space science in knowledge management.

In his inaugural address, the Hon’ble Chief Minister stated that we are living in a knowledge society. Recalling that Kerala Police has always been in the forefront of implementing progressive ventures like the

Janamaithri Suraksha project, the Student Police Cadet, reception desks in police stations, child friendly police stations etc., he said that this workshop is another step in modernising Kerala Police.

Highlighting the significance of the workshop, and conceptualising the problem, he said that Kerala Police today recruits extremely qualified people. We have many doctorates, post graduates, graduates etc. in the force. They bring in various skill sets to the department. In addition, a policeman, through his years of experience brings in substantial expertise. This may be in crime control, crime investigation or in law and order. How can this become an asset for the department? How can one person’s experience be used to teach another member of the force? How can an experience in one part of the State be used to help in decision-making in another part? Similarly, a policeman goes on a beat and meets a lot of people. He examines petitions and understands that there are many sides to a problem. A control room vehicle gets data on various issues in a locality. A policeman investigates a case and collects information relating to the same. Across Kerala, six and a half lakh FIRs are registered. A police station has data on road accidents in the area. CCTV cameras on roads collect images and videos. Most importantly, on all of these issues, there is substantial public data. How can this be converted into useful information for the police? How can this become policing knowledge?

He said that while policing has undergone tremendous modernisation in recent times, we have placed very little emphasis on creating and managing knowledge in policing. Projects like CCTNS have attempted to do so. However, in this technological age, we need to go beyond this. We need to be able to create knowledge more effectively. We need to be able to use modern techniques like e-learning to impart training. We need systems to assist us in better decision making. All of this requires us to change our conventional thinking and processing systems. He hoped that the workshop will be able to effectively do this. The Hon’ble Chief Minister also raised the issue of Open Data. He said that while some police information may need to be secret and closed, that may not be necessary with most information. He sought to explore the possibility of using police information for public use.

Referring to the multiplicity of backgrounds represented at the conference, he said that we need to bring in the combined expertise of various backgrounds to this project. He stressed the importance of having more of these workshops.

The second session was led by Sri. T.K. Vinod Kumar, ADG Intelligence who spoke on the subject of how knowledge management could be tailored to create institutional strength for the police. Specifically, he discussed the importance of the concept, methods of creating knowledge, processes thereof, and the need to build these on existing knowledge bases. Mr. Sumit Bardhan, from Predictive Analysis gave an illuminating talk on using data to churn out predictive suggestions useful for the police.

The third session was about experiments done by police forces in respect of knowledge management strategies. Two brilliant examples from Maharashtra Police were presented. Dr. Pradnya Sarvade spoke on the GIS based strategy support system, and Sri Naval Bajaj, spoke on the e-learning system. Dr. Sarvade explained the system, indicating the manner in which existing knowledge is channelised to incentivise and achieve specific policing outcomes. Sri. Bajaj emphasised the criticality of selecting the right media for disseminating and documenting knowledge. Sri. Harishwar Vishwantappa, a young officer from Delhi Police spoke about an experiment he undertook - the e-malkhana system in Delhi’s police stations by which the archiving and retrieving of material involved in crime was rendered easy. Mr. Sushil Kannan from the National Crime Records Bureau spoke on the initiatives of NCRB in this regard.

The valedictory session was chaired by Sri. V.K. Ramachandran, Vice Chairman, Kerala State Planning Board. He brought out the linkages between Amartya Sen’s theory of public action to policing in Kerala.

NATIONAL WORKSHOP ON ‘KNOWLEDGE MANAGEMENT STRATEGIES FOR THE POLICE’ CONDUCTED AT POLICE TRAINING COLLEGE ON 27.06.2018





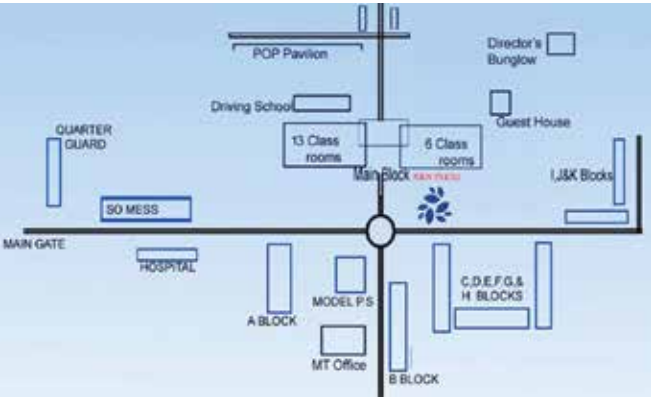




E-LEARNING IN KEPA

CAMPUS WiFi

The academy has completed a multi-crore e-Academy project in which the training and residential areas in the Academy (training blocks/ administrative blocks/ barracks) are all connected through an extensive high-speed and structured campus WiFi network powered by the National Knowledge Network. Each classroom is linked to the central server through thin-clients located in each classroom. Moreover, classes are now digitally enabled with projectors, laptops, and even mobiles.



ELECTRONIC LEARNING AND ASSESSMENT

Building on the e-Academy platform, the Kerala Police Academy has started a learning management system titled “KeLS” (Kerala Police Academy e-learning System).



Every training material required by the trainee, from general notifications, to course material, time-tables, and even the class feedback, are now available on the digital platform. All indoor examinations, which are open book, progressive (i.e one exam for every ten classes) and use a mix of take home examinations, response papers, MCQs and conventional timed tests make use of this portal. All of these exams are online examinations and has commenced as a pilot project in the academy since the last six months. A comprehensive online examination system, with a dedicated question bank and automatically generated question papers etc. is under process and will be completely operational in another month. The testing will be multi-lingual, and will provide for both objective and descriptive questions. The trainees access these using a combination of digital devices including laptops, tablets and mobile phones. The project won the Chief Minister’s award for E-Governance for the year 2017.

MASSIVE OPEN ONLINE COURSES (MOOCS)

The Kerala Police Academy has embarked upon a comprehensive and integrated system of ‘e-learning’ across Kerala Police. This will be achieved by producing e- content that can be offered as massive open online courses (MOOCs) thus introducing a transformational change in

the pedagogy and style of learning for trainees. The greatest advantage is that it will provide a one-stop web and mobile based interactive e-content for all courses to all police personnel across the state to upgrade their knowledge and skills on ‘anytime, anywhere, anyone’ basis. It is devised as an on-demand, personalised digital learning platform, with the capacity for certification. The beta version of this platform has been developed with the assistance of CDAC, and is now undergoing finishing touches. Simultaneously electronic content for this model is under production. Over time, this could be used for promotion cadre courses, ACR gradings etc..

RECORDING STUDIO

So as to ensure that the content is created for the LMS system, as well as to populate the digital repository, so that trainees can access the same, it is necessary to have a proper recording studio. The same is under construction.

E-LIBRARY

The library at the Kerala Police Academy is the State Police Library and Research Centre. In keeping with the current trends in knowledge dissemination, it is necessary to move into the electronic format. The objective of an E-library in KEPA is that it will provide access to all electronic resources of the library to all library members from their personal devices/ desktops, irrespective of where they are located. In addition, it is proposed to have an online portal where list of all resources have to be made publicly available.



To implement the same, the following steps have been taken/ are under process.

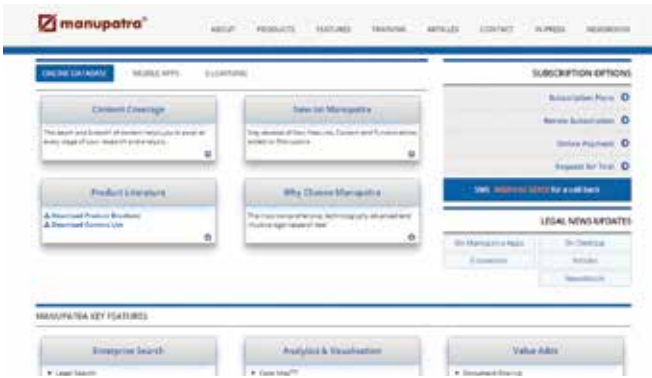
- 1. Subscription to Electronic Journals
- 2. Purchase of Electronic Books
- 3. Purchase of E-Readers
- 4. Desktop Computers
- 5. Online Library Portal
- 6. Digital Repository and Digitisation of Existing Material
- 7. Library Automation
- 8. Bar-coding of Books, and Automated Circulation Desk
- 9. Migration of Library Software to Open Source ‘KOHA’



Koha KEPA - Integrated Library System



J-Gate – Largest e-Journal Gateway | Journal Finder



Manupatra India Law Legal DatabaseArticles



JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary sources.



Economic and Political Weekly

BASIC TRAINING PROGRAMMES

Kerala Police Academy undertakes a variety of training programmes catering to the requirements at various levels in the police department. The institution imparts basic training to all categories in the police department including Technical Police Constables. The training of Police Dogs and dog handlers is also undertaken at the State Dog Training School, Kerala Police Academy. Other departments like Kerala Motor Vehicle Department, Kerala Fire and Rescue Services, Forest Department, Excise Department are also availing the services of the Kerala Police Academy in imparting basic training to their recruits at various levels. The cadets from the police departments of Lakshadweep and Pondicherry are also undergoing basic training in the academy. The training aims to improve the proficiency and keenness of the trainees and inculcate in them those habits of health, activity, discipline, self reliance, honesty, dignity of labour, keen observation, courtesy and straight forwardness in the execution of their work, which are essential to a police officer.

THE FOLLOWING SUBJECTS ARE TAUGHT IN THE BASIC TRAINING:

- Computer literacy and cyber evidence collection knowledge
- Advanced driving and speeding training in various motor vehicles
- General physical drill, swimming and musketry
- General training in wireless technology usage and communication signalling
- Communication and crime report writing skills
- Legal and law classes
- Gender and human rights management training
- Weapons and explosives analysis training
- Night operations training
- Prison and interrogation training
- Crime scene analysis and basic forensic studies

The following basic training programs were held at Kerala Police Academy in the year of 2018

BASIC TRAINING FOR WOMEN POLICE CONSTABLES OF WOMEN POLICE BATTALION

Training for the 16th batch of women police constables and the first batch of Women Police Battalion commenced on 18.09.2017. The duration of the training was 9 months. A total of 578 trainees successfully completed the training. Of them, 44 have been trained as commandos. The battalion members were given expert training by women instructors. They have been trained in kalar, yoga, karate, swimming, driving, computer, handling issues of women, children and transgenders, disaster management, and soft skills, apart from basic training in basic and special laws. They have also been trained in crime investigation and preparation of case diaries.

BASIC TRAINING FOR WOMEN POLICE CONSTABLES OF WOMEN POLICE BATTALION

The training for 16(B) batch of women police constables and the second batch of the Women Police Battalion has commenced on 15.10.2018. The duration of the training is 9 months. A total of 153 trainees are undergoing the training. This is only the second batch of Women Police Battalion in the State of Kerala.

BASIC TRAINING FOR POLICE CONSTABLES SPECIALLY RECRUITED FROM TRIBAL AREAS

Seventy two youths belonging to tribal communities in Palakkad, Wayanad and Malappuram became part of the Police Department on 04.08.18. Among the 72 recruits, 22 are women. Among those recruited, two are postgraduates while seven are graduates. They were selected through a special recruitment drive conducted by the State Public Service Commission. The proposal was earlier limited to Wayanad



district, Attappadi block in Palakkad and Nilambur block in Malappuram. Later, Kalikavu and Areekode blocks in Malappuram also were included in the project. The training is for a period of 9 months.

### BASIC TRAINING FOR DRIVER POLICE CONSTABLES

The basic training for the 30th batch of driver police constables commenced on 02.04.2018. There were a total of 105 trainees in the 30th batch, which runs for six months.

### BASIC TRAINING FOR SUB INSPECTOR CADETS

Training for the 29th batch of Sub Inspectors started at the Kerala Police Academy on 02.10.2018. The training is for a duration of one year. 135 cadets from various districts of the State are participating in the training. This is the first time in the history of Kerala that a mixed batch of male and female Sub Inspector cadets are recruited and are undergoing training.

Besides these, training for two 28th C batch Sub Inspector Cadets, 4 APSIs and 1 SI cadet of Pondicherry was also held at the Kerala Police Academy in the year 2018.

### 7TH BATCH BASIC DOG TRAINING

The training for 14 dogs and 28 handlers of 7th batch was held at Kerala Police Academy from 01.02.18 to 31.10.18.

### Basic training conducted for other departments

### BASIC TRAINING FOR ASSISTANT MOTOR VEHICLE INSPECTORS

The basic training for three batches of Assistant Motor Vehicle Inspectors for a period of 90 working days each were held at Kerala Police Academy. The first batch commenced on 03.04.2018 with a total strength of 27 trainees. Another batch of 40 AMVIs arrived for training on 03.07.18 and completed the training successfully on 30.09.18. Training for the third batch of AMVIs consisting of 178 trainees have commenced from 12.11.18.

### BASIC TRAINING FOR CIVIL EXCISE OFFICERS

The basic training for the batch of Civil Excise Officers for a period of 3 months commenced at Kerala Police Academy from 02.05.2018. There were a total of 120 trainees in this batch.

| Sl. No. | CATEGORY               | STRENGTH              | DURATION                         | DATE OF COMMENCEMENT | EXPECTED DATE OF COMPLETION OF TRAINING |
|---------|------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|---|
| 1       | SI GE 28th C Batch     | 2                     | 12 months                        | 01/03/17             | 28/02/18                                |
| 2       | APSI                   | 4                     | 12 months                        | 08/02/17             | 07/02/18                                |
| 3       | SI(GE)Puducherry       | 1                     | 12 months                        | 23/03/17             | 22/03/18                                |
| 4       | RtWPCs                 | 578                   | 9 months                         | 18/09/17             | POP held on 31/07/18                    |
| 5       | 29th Batch Rt Dvr PCs  | 380                   | 6 months                         | 12/09/17             | POP held on 22/03/18                    |
| 6       | 7th Batch Dog Training | 14 dogs & 28 handlers | 9 months                         | 01/02/18             | 31/10/18                                |
| 7       | 30th Batch Rt Dvr PCS  | 105                   | 6 months                         | 17/04/18             | POP held on 29/10/18                    |
| 8       | 8th Batch AMVIS        | 27                    | 3 months                         | 03/04/18             | 30/06/18                                |
| 9       | 15th Batch BFO         | 138                   | 3 months Police Training         | 03/04/18             | 30/06/18                                |
| 10      | 10th Batch CEO         | 120                   | 180 working days Police Training | 02/05/18             | POP held on 20/12/18                    |

### BASIC TRAINING FOR BEAT FOREST OFFICERS

The basic training for the 15th and 16th batch of Beat Forest officers for a period of 3 months each commenced at Kerala Police Academy from 06.11.2007 and 12.11.2018 respectively. There were a total of 138 trainees in the 15th batch and 165 trainees in the 16th batch.

### BASIC TRAINING FOR CENTRAL EXCISE INSPECTORS

The basic training for the Central Excise Inspectors was held at Kerala Police Academy from 21.11.2018. The training was for a period of 11 days. A total of 36 participants attended the training.

### Basic training held at Police Training College Thiruvananthapuram in the year 2018

### BASIC TRAINING PROGRAMME FOR CPOS AND ACPOS OF SPC

Basic training programme for CPOs and ACPOs of Student Police Cadet was held at Police Training College for the period from 20.06.18 to 30.06.18 and from 17.07.2018 to 26.07.2018 in two batches. A total number of 96 participants attended the training held from 20.06.18, where as 131 participants attended the training held from 17.07.18. Besides this, the following trainings were also held at Police Training College in the year 2018:

| RANK             | PARTICIPANTS | PERIOD               |
|------------------|--------------|----------------------|
| WAPI             | 1            | 01.01.18 to 05.05.18 |
| WAPSI            | 1            | 01.01.18 to 05.05.18 |
| HDRS/WHDRS       | 58           | 01.01.18 to 05.05.18 |
| HDR              | 1            | 02.03,18 to 24.12.18 |
| WHDR             | 3            | 18.09.18 to 23.12.18 |
| SPORTS HAVILDARS | 56           | 2017-18              |
| APSI (SPORTS)    | 1            | 2017-18              |
| API (SPORTS)     | 2            | 2017-18              |

|    |                              |                        |                                  |          |                      |
|----|------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|----------|----------------------|
| 10 | 10th Batch CEO               | 120                    | 180 working days Police Training | 02/05/18 | POP held on 20/12/18 |
| 11 | 9th Batch AMVIS              | 40                     | 3 months                         | 03/07/18 | 30/09/18             |
| 12 | 10th Batch AMVIS             | 178                    | 90 working days                  | 12/11/18 | 28/02/19             |
| 13 | 29th Batch SIs               | 135                    | 1 year                           | 02/10/18 | 01/10/19             |
| 14 | 16(B) Batch RT WPCs of WPB   | 153                    | 9 months                         | 15/10/18 | 14/07/19             |
| 15 | 16th Batch BFOs              | 94                     | 3 months Police Training         | 15/11/18 | 12/02/19             |
| 16 | Rt.PCs (Special Recruitment) | 74 (53 men + 21 women) | 9 months                         | 01/08/18 | 30/04/19             |

## IN-SERVICE TRAINING PROGRAMMES

| Sl. No. | NAME OF COURSE  | TOTAL PARTICIPANTS | DURATION                 |
|---------|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| 1       | Orientation Training for LD/UD (SZ)   | 28                 | 08.01.208 to 12.01.2018  |
| 2       | IAPS Training for Ministerial Staff South Zone  | 26                 | 16.01.2018 to 20.01.2018 |
| 3       | Refresher Course for CA of South Zone   | 28                 | 22.01.2018 to 24.01.2018 |
| 4       | STEP  | 30                 | 29.01.2018 to 03.02.2018 |
| 5       | Collection of Digital Evidence Cyber Crimes   | 27                 | 05.02.2018 to 09.02.2018 |
| 6       | Training for Vigilance Staff - Batch I  | 31                 | 05.02.18 to 06.02.18     |
| 7       | Investigation of Cyber Crimes for CPO's to SIs  | 35                 | 13.03.2018 to 17.03.2018 |
| 8       | iAPS Training for Ministerial Staff South Zone  | 25                 | 14.02.2018 to 16.02.2018 |
| 9       | Training for Vigilance Staff - Batch II   | 33                 | 19.02.18 to 20.02.18     |
| 10      | Training for Vigilance Staff - Batch III  | 29                 | 26.02.18 to 27.02.18     |
| 11      | Raksha Batch I  | 39                 | 26.02.18 to 27.02.18     |
| 12      | Training to Vigilance Staff - Batch IV  | 30                 | 08.03.18                 |
| 13      | Raksha Batch II   | 53                 | 16.03.18 to 17.03.18     |
| 14      | Raksha Batch III  | 44                 | 23.03.18 to 24.03.18     |
| 15      | Vehicle Maintenance and Behavioural Training for Driver CPOs/SCPOs                              | 33                 | 10.04.2018 -v12.04.2018  |
| 16      | Training Programme for Police Officers on Mental Health Problems and its Legal Aspects (Raksha) | 44                 | 11.04.2018 - 12.04.2018  |
| 17      | TOT TRAINING PROGRAMME FOR OUTDOOR POLICE PERSONNEL   | 74                 | 16.04.2018 - 26.04.2018  |
| 18      | One Day Workshop for Public Relation Officers (SZ)  | 277                | 23.04.2018               |
| 19      | One Day Workshop for Public Relation Officers (NZ)  | 185                | 24.04.2018               |
| 20      | TOT Programme for SCPOs to SIs  | 82                 | 02.05.2018 - 11.05.2018  |
| 21      | One Day Training Programme for District Nodal Officers of SPC                                   | 17                 | 04.05.2018               |
| 22      | Training Programme for Police Officers on Mental Health Problems and its Legal Aspects (Raksha) | 44                 | 08.05.2018 - 10.05.2018  |
| 23      | Investigation of Cases for DySPs to CIs   | 10                 | 24.05.2018 - 26.05.2018  |



|    |  |     |                         |
|----|--|-----|-------------------------|
| 24 | Training Programme for Police Officers on Mental Health Problems and its Legal Aspect's (Raksha) | 30  | 30.05.2018 - 01.06.2018 |
| 25 | Course of Custody Management   | 81  | 30.05.2018              |
| 26 | One Day Training Programme for Assistant District Nodal Officers of SPC                          | 18  | 02.06.2018              |
| 27 | Basic Training Programme for Drill Instructors (SPC)   | 129 | 05.06.2018 - 09.06.2018 |
| 28 | Training Programme for Police Officers on Mental Health Problems and its Legal Aspect's (Raksha) | 39  | 11.06.2018 - 13.06.2018 |
| 29 | Advance investigation Techniques for SPs/DySPs   | 26  | 11.06.2018 - 13.06.2018 |
| 30 | TOT Programme for Indoor Police Persons  | 31  | 18.06.2018 - 28.06.2018 |
| 31 | Basic Training Programme for CPOs and ACPOs of SPC   | 96  | 20.06.2018 - 30.06.2018 |
| 32 | Tactics and Control Techniques   | 45  | 21.06.2018 - 30.06.2018 |
| 33 | National Workshop on Knowledge Management Strategies   | 60  | 27.06.2018              |
| 34 | Basic Training Programme for Drill Instructors (SPC)   | 101 | 02.07.2018 - 11.07.2018 |
| 35 | Criminal Intelligence Collection and Professionalism   | 27  | 03.07.2018 - 07.07.2018 |
| 36 | Training Programme for Police Officers on Mental Health Problems and its Legal Aspects (Raksha)  | 44  | 09.07.2018 - 11.07.2018 |
| 37 | Soft Skill Development for WCPOs Detailed for Women Helpdesk Duty                                | 31  | 12.07.2018 - 13.07.2018 |
| 38 | Investigation of Traffic Accident Cases  | 32  | 12.07.2018 - 13.07.2018 |
| 39 | TOT Training for Outdoor Police Persons KEPA   | 80  | 16.07.2018 - 25.07.2018 |
| 40 | Basic Training Programme for CPOs and ACPOs of SPC   | 131 | 17.07.2018 - 26.07.2018 |
| 41 | Training Programme for Police Officers on Mental Health Problems and its Legal Aspects (Raksha)  | 31  | 26.07.2018 - 28.07.2018 |
| 42 | TOT TRAINING PROGRAMME FOR DRIVERS   | 28  | 31.07.2018 - 3.08.2018  |
| 43 | CTP Training Programme for SBCID Staff   | 32  | 02.08.2018 - 04.08.2018 |
| 44 | Social Defence for Middle Level Police Officers  | 37  | 2.08.2018 - 04.08.2018  |
| 45 | Half day Workshop on Handling of Drug Detection Kit  | 61  | 07.09.2018              |
| 46 | Cyber Crime Investigation from CPOs to DySP/ACPs   | 99  | 12.09.2018 - 25.10.2018 |
| 47 | Internal Security Left Wing Extremism  | 48  | 18.09.2018 - 21.09.2018 |
| 48 | Half Day Workshop for Women Beat Officers  | 38  | 05.10.2018              |
| 49 | Training Programme for Police Officers on Mental Health Problems and its Legal Aspects (Raksha)  | 37  | 09.10.2018 - 11.10.2018 |
| 50 | Police Officers to be Retired from November 2018 - March 2019                                    | 9   | 15.10.2018 - 16.10.2018 |
| 51 | Training Programme for Police Officers on Mental Health Problems and its Legal Aspects (Raksha)  | 50  | 24.10.2018 - 26.10.2018 |
| 52 | Intelligence Analysis  | 41  | 29.10.2018 - 02.11.2018 |
| 53 | Cyber Awareness Training for WCPOs and WSCPOs (Batch1)   | 37  | 29.10.2018 - 31.10.2018 |
| 54 | Cyber Crime Investigation for SHOs   | 36  | 30.10.2018 - 03.11.2018 |
| 55 | Cyber Awareness Training for WCPOs and WSCPOs (Batch2)   | 24  | 01.11.2018 - 03.11.2018 |

|                              |   |       |                         |
|------------------------------|---|-------|-------------------------|
| 56                           | Cyber Awareness Training for WCPOs and WSCPOs (Batch 3)   | 50    | 07.11.2018 - 09.11.2018 |
| 57                           | Training Programme for Police Officers on Mental Health Problems and its Legal Aspects (Raksha) | 41    | 07.11.2018 - 09.11.2018 |
| 58                           | Two Days Refresher Training for Confidential Assistants   | 58    | 13.11.2018 - 14.11.2018 |
| 59                           | Training Programme for Scientific Officers of FSL   | 8     | 23.11.2018 - 24.11.2018 |
| Total Number of Participants |   | 2,992 |                         |

## IN-SERVICE TRAINING PROGRAMMES

BPR&D runs a scheme titled “Developing Specialist Investigator” (DSI) to train and develop Specialist Investigators/ Subject Experts in various fields so that every district in the country has at least 2 specialists for investigation of all kinds of crime cases. All the courses are offered on sponsorship by MHA, New Delhi. The participants securing first 02 positions in each of these courses are considered for advanced training abroad.

Under Developing Specialist Investigators Training Intervention Scheme, courses on 6 specialised policing fields were conducted at Kerala Police Academy during the year 2018. Under the component developing core expertise in specialised fields, 25 training programmes were organised to develop Specialist Investigators in which 553 officers were trained in 6 policing fields viz.

### INVESTIGATION OF CYBER CRIME CASES

#### CONTENTS

- Introduction to Cyber Crime & Digital Forensic
- Overview of Information Technology Act 2000, its amendments and related amendments in CrPC, IPC & Evidence Act
- Basic concept of IP address, MAC address
- Domain Name System & DNS server
- Concept of HTTP, HTTPS, Proxy server, Gateway, Router etc.
- Basic concept of E-mail, E-mail Client, E-mail Header, Tracing of E-mail & E-mail Related Crime & Case Studies
- Overview of Cell Forensic
- Digital Signature
- Hacking, Phishing, Network Security
- Investigation of Cyber Crime - initial steps
- Cyber Crime Scene Management
- Comparison of Digital Evidences
- Credit card, ATM Card, Security features
- Internet Banking & Related Crimes

### TRAINING COURSE ON INTERROGATION TECHNIQUES

#### CONTENTS

- Definition of interview/ interrogation. Objective of interrogation
- Laws related to interrogation/ confession
- Observation of body language during interrogation
- Do's & don'ts during interrogation
- Scientific aids to interrogation
- Psychological profiling of a criminal
- DNA fingerprinting
- Knowledge of cell phone communication and study of call details

and analysis

- Brain-mapping
- Interrogation of a drug offender
- Interrogation of a white collar criminal
- Techniques of interrogation (theory & practical)
- Human rights issues

### INVESTIGATION OF MURDER/ HOMICIDE CASES

#### CONTENTS

- FIR drafting & inquest
- Examination of scene of crime & collection of forensic evidence in homicide cases
- Importance of autopsy to murder/ homicide cases
- Medico-legal aspects of homicide death due to burning, poisoning & violent asphyxia death
- Role of brain-mapping & narco-analysis
- Concept of DNA analysis and handling, packing & forwarding of DNA evidence
- Concept of fingerprint lifting & developing of fingerprint (practical)
- Law & procedure in relation to homicide cases
- Simulation exercise (mock scene of crime)
- Defects in investigation & prosecution of homicide cases

### INVESTIGATION OF TRAFFIC ACCIDENT CASES

#### CONTENTS

- Type and definition of road accident
- Causes and consequences of road traffic crashes
- Basics of traffic engineering
- Understanding traffic control devices (road signs, traffic signals and road markings)
- Human elements, health, road user behaviour
- Basics of defensive driving concept of safe stopping distance, braking etc.
- Investigating mind-set, evaluation & team approach
- Scientific recording of road accident
- Science of evidence collection
- Modern tools and systems of investigation
- Basics of vehicle inspection
- Elements of analysis of road traffic crashes
- Basics of science of accidents reconstruction
- Awareness of forensic investigation technologies



ANTI-HUMAN TRAFFICKING COURSE FOR INVESTIGATORS

CONTENTS

1. Human trafficking – Indian perspective

2. Case studies related to human trafficking

3. Drawing of FIR

4. Search and seizure & arrest in human trafficking cases

5. Submission of charge sheet in human trafficking cases

6. Investigation of human trafficking cases (from FIR to judgment)
7. Laws related to anti human trafficking

8. Role of police officers in combating human trafficking cases

9. Rehabilitation of victims related to human trafficking case

10. Role of forensic science in the investigation of cases related to human trafficking

A detailed chart depicting the courses conducted are as below:

| Sl. No. | PARTICULARS                                      | COURSE COORDINATOR                             | PARTICI-PANTS | COMMENCED ON | COMPLETED ON |
|---------|--|--|---------------|--------------|--------------|
| 1       | BPRD DSI Investigation of Murder/ Homicide Cases | Sri. Shaju Paul, Dy.SP KEPA                    | 23            | 15/01/18     | 19/01/18     |
| 2       | BPRD DSI Advanced Technology in Forensic Science | Dr. Pradeep Saji, HOD (Forensic Science), KEPA | 21            | 15/01/18     | 25/01/18     |
| 3       | BPRD DSI Investigation of Cyber Crimes           | Sri. S. Radhakrishnan, AC, KEPA                | 20            | 15/01/18     | 25/01/18     |
| 4       | BPRD DSI Station House Management                | Sri.A.K. Viswanathan, Dy.SP, KEPA              | 20            | 22/01/18     | 27/01/18     |
| 5       | BPRD DSI Advanced Technology in Forensic Science | Dr. Pradeep Saji, HOD (Forensic Science), KEPA | 20            | 29/01/18     | 08/02/18     |
| 6       | BPRD DSI Investigation of Cyber Crimes           | Sri. S. Radhakrishnan, AC, KEPA                | 21            | 29/01/18     | 08/02/18     |
| 7       | BPRD DSI Anti Human Trafficking Course           | Sri. P.C. Haridasan, Dy.SP, KEPA               | 23            | 05/02/18     | 09/02/18     |
| 8       | BPRD DSI Investigation of Murder/ Homicide Cases | Sri. Shaju Paul, Dy.SP KEPA                    | 20            | 12/02/18     | 16/02/18     |
| 9       | BPRD DSI Advanced Technology in Forensic Science | Dr. Pradeep Saji, HOD (Forensic Science), KEPA | 20            | 12/02/18     | 22/02/18     |
| 10      | BPRD DSI Investigation of Cyber Crimes           | Sri. S. Radhakrishnan, AC, KEPA                | 20            | 12/02/18     | 22/02/18     |
| 11      | BPRD DSI Station House Management                | Sri. A.K. Viswanathan, Dy.SP, KEPA             | 23            | 19/02/18     | 23/02/18     |
| 12      | BPRD DSI Investigation of Traffic Accidents      | Sri. A.J. George, Dy.SP, KEPA                  | 23            | 26/02/18     | 02/03/18     |
| 13      | BPRD DSI Advanced Technology in Forensic Science | Dr. Pradeep Saji, HOD (Forensic Science), KEPA | 23            | 26/02/18     | 08/03/18     |
| 14      | BPRD DSI Investigation of Cyber Crimes           | Sri. S. Radhakrishnan, AC, KEPA                | 21            | 26/02/18     | 08/03/18     |
| 15      | BPRD DSI Anti Human Trafficking Course           | Sri. P.C. Haridasan, Dy.SP, KEPA               | 25            | 05/03/18     | 09/03/18     |
| 16      | BPRD DSI Investigation of Traffic Accidents      | Sri. A.J. George, Dy.SP, KEPA                  | 25            | 24/09/18     | 28/09/18     |

|       |  |   |     |          |          |
|-------|--|---|-----|----------|----------|
| 17    | BPRD DSI Investigation of Murder/ Homicide Cases | Sri. Shaju Paul, Dy.SP KEPA                 | 29  | 24/09/18 | 28/09/18 |
| 18    | BPRD DSI Interrogation Techniques                | Sri. Balan P.T., Dy.SP, KEPA                | 20  | 08/10/18 | 12/10/18 |
| 19    | BPRD DSI Station House Management                | Sri. A.K. Viswanathan, Dy.SP, KEPA          | 19  | 08/10/18 | 12/10/18 |
| 20    | BPRD DSI Anti Human Trafficking Course           | Sri. K.M. Sulaiman, Dy.SP, KEPA             | 19  | 08/10/18 | 12/10/18 |
| 21    | BPRD DSI Advanced Technology in Forensic Science | Sri. Shaji P., HOD (Forensic Science), KEPA | 21  | 22/10/18 | 01/11/18 |
| 22    | BPRD DSI Station House Management                | Sri. A.K. Viswanathan, Dy.SP, KEPA          | 23  | 22/10/18 | 26/10/18 |
| 23    | BPRD DSI Anti Human Trafficking Course           | Sri. K.M. Sulaiman, Dy.SP, KEPA             | 23  | 12/11/18 | 16/11/18 |
| 24    | BPRD DSI Investigation of Traffic Accidents      | Sri. A.J. George, Dy.SP, KEPA               | 27  | 12/11/18 | 16/11/18 |
| 25    | BPRD DSI Investigation of Murder/ Homicide Cases | Sri. Shaju Paul, Dy.SP KEPA                 | 32  | 12/11/18 | 16/11/18 |
| TOTAL |  |   | 553 |          |          |

IMG SUPPORTED TRAINING PROGRAMMES

| SL. No. | STP NO. | NAME OF THE COURSE & RANK OF PARTICIPANTS               | DURATION                         | NO. OF PARTICI-PANTS | COURSE COORDINATOR   |
|---------|---------|---|----------------------------------|----------------------|--|
| 1       | 1234    | Course on Newly Enacted Minor Acts (IOPs & SIs)         | 3 Day - 04/04/2017 to 06/04/2017 | 38                   | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 2       | 1236    | Investigation of Traffic Accident Cases for CPOs to Sis | 2 Day - 10/04/2017 to 11/04/2017 | 39                   | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 3       | 1233    | Investigation of Cases                                  | 5 Day - 17/04/2017 to 21/04/2017 | 37                   | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 4       | 1235    | Offences Against Women and Children                     | 5 Day - 25/04/2017 to 29/04/2017 | 40                   | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 5       | 1242    | Soft Skill Development                                  | 2 Day - 01/05/2017 to 02/05/2017 | 39                   | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 5       | 1242    | Soft Skill Development                                  | 2 Day - 01/05/2017 to 02/05/2017 | 39                   | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |



|    |      |   |                                  |    |  |
|----|------|---|----------------------------------|----|--|
| 6  | 1237 | Investigation of Grave Crimes             | 5 Day - 08/05/2017 to 12/05/2017 | 36 | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 7  | 1236 | Offences Against Women and Children       | 5 Day - 15/05/2017 to 19/05/2017 | 42 | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 8  | 1243 | Vehicle Maintenance & Behavioral Training | 3 Day - 25/05/2017 to 27/05/2017 | 35 | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 9  | 1247 | Criminal Intelligence Collection          | 5 Day - 29/05/2017 to 02/06/2017 | 41 | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 10 | 1249 | Investigation of Economic Offences        | 5 Day - 05/06/2017 to 09/06/2017 | 36 | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 11 | 1250 | Investigation of Cases                    | 5 Day - 12/06/2017 to 16/06/2017 | 39 | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 12 | 1251 | Newly Enacted Minor Acts                  | 3 Day - 19/06/2017 to 21/06/2017 | 25 | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 13 | 1253 | Training for Trainers                     | 6 Day - 27/06/2017 to 02/07/2017 | 42 | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 13 | 1255 | Successful Prosecution                    | 3 Day - 23/10/2017 to 25/10/2017 |    | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |

DETAILS OF IMG COURSE CONDUCTED AT KEPA DURING 2018-2019

| Sl. No. | STP NO. | NAME OF THE COURSE & RANK OF PARTICIPANTS     | DURATION & DATE                    | NO. OF PARTICIPANTS | COURSE COORDINATOR   |
|---------|---------|---|------------------------------------|---------------------|--|
| 1       | 984     | Investigation of Crime Cases (WCPOs to WCIs)  | 14 Days - 02/05/2018 to 18/05/2018 | 42                  | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 2       | 991     | Course Coordinators Workshop (DYSP to SP)     | 2 Days - 14-05-2018 to 15/05/2018  | 13                  | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 3       | 1005    | Life Style Management (SI to DySP)            | 3 Days - 08/05/2018 to 10/05/2018  | 34                  | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 4       | 1006    | Investigation of Cyber Crimes (SI to DySP)    | 3 Days - 14/05/2018 to 16/05/2018  | 33                  | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 5       | 1009    | Community Policing (SCPOs/ WSCPOs/CPOs/WCPOs) | 3 Days - 17/05/2018 to 19/05/2018  | 45                  | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |

|    |      |   |                                   |    |  |
|----|------|---|-----------------------------------|----|--|
| 6  | 1010 | Effective Prosecution of Cases (SI to DySP)                             | 3 Days - 7/05/2018 to 19/05/2018  | 36 | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 7  | 1012 | Investigation of Cyber Crimes (SI to DySP)                              | 3 Days - 14/05/2018 to 16/05/2018 | 33 | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 8  | 1013 | TOT for Janamaithri Beat Officers (CPO to SI)                           | 7 Days - 24/05/2018 to 31/05/2018 | 43 | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 9  | 1014 | National Security (SI to DySP)  | 3 Days - 24/05/2018 to 26/05/2018 | 32 | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 10 | 1015 | Administration and Supervision of Companies (DC/AC/API/RI)              | 3 Days - 28/05/2018 to 30/05/2018 | 21 | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 11 | 1016 | TOT-Training Programme for Drivers (DVR CPOs to DVR Sis)                | 4 Days - 28/05/2018 to 31/05/2018 | 34 | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 12 | 1017 | Leadership for Middle Level Police Leaders (SI to DySP)                 | 3 Days - 28/05/2018 to 30/05/2018 | 32 | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 13 | 1019 | Investigation of Economic Offence Cases (SIs/Cis)                       | 5 Days - 04/06/2018 to 08/06/2018 | 27 | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 14 | 1020 | Maintenance of Station Records (WSCPOs /WCPOs)                          | 3 Days - 04/06/2018 to 06/06/2018 | 34 | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 15 | 1021 | Soft Skill Development for Young Sub Inspectors Direct recruit          | 3 Days - 04/06/2018 to 06/06/2018 | 23 | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 16 | 1022 | Successful Prosecution (SIs/ CIs)                                       | 3 Days - 11/06/2018 to 13/06/2018 | 44 | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 17 | 1023 | Investigation of Cases Under the PC Act (SI to DySP)                    | 3 Days - 11/06/2018 to 13/06/2018 | 46 | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 18 | 1024 | Investigation of Case for Sub Divisional Investigation Team (CPO to SI) | 5 Days - 18/06/2018 to 22/06/2018 | 53 | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 19 | 1025 | Orientation Training For LD & UD Clerks                                 | 3 Days - 18/06/2018 to 20/06/2018 | 34 | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 20 | 1026 | Police Ethics (SI to DySP)  | 3 Days - 21/06/2018 to 23/06/2018 | 35 | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 21 | 1027 | Maintenance of Station Records (CPO to SCPOs)                           | 3 Days - 25/06/2018 to 27/06/2018 | 41 | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |



|    |      |   |                                   |    |  |
|----|------|---|-----------------------------------|----|--|
| 22 | 1028 | Course on Effective Service Delivery (CPOs to Sis)  | 3 Days - 25/06/2018 to 27/06/2018 | 37 | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 23 | 1029 | Orientation Training For LD & UD Clerks   | 3 Days - 05/07/2018 to 7/07/2018  | 33 | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 24 | 1030 | Soft Skill Development (WCPOs to WSCPOs)  | 3 Days - 02/07/2018 to 4/07/2018  | 37 | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 25 | 1032 | iAPS Training for Ministerial Staff   | 3 Days - 02/07/2018 to 4/07/2018  | 28 | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 26 | 1029 | Orientation Training for Ministerial Staff  | 3 Days - 05/07/2018 to 07/07/2018 | 32 | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 27 | 1034 | iAPS Training for Ministerial Staff   | 3 Days - 09/07/2018 to 11/07/2018 | 23 | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 28 | 1036 | Advanced Techniques in Forensic ScienceE for SIs to DYSPs                                   | 3 Days - 16/07/2018 to 20/07/2018 |    | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 29 | 1044 | IMG Course on Laws of Drugs, its Origin, Classification and Effects for CPO/WCPO to SI/ WSI | 3 Days - 16/07/2018 to 18/07/2018 |    | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 30 | 1035 | Maintenance of SDPO Office Records and GCR Preparation for SDPO Office Writers              | 3 Days - 16/07/2018 to 18/07/2018 |    | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 31 | 995  | Traffic Management for CPO's to ASI's   | 5 Days - 19/07/2018 to 21/07/2018 |    | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 32 | 1050 | Juvenile Justice and allied activities" WCPOs to WCIs                                       | 3 Days - 26/07/2018 to 28/07/2018 |    | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 33 | 994  | Offences Against Women and Children for WCPOs/WSIs  | 3 Days - 31/07/2018 to 02/08/2018 |    | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 35 | 1040 | VIP Security for CPOs to ASIs   | 3 Days - 31/07/2018 to 02/08/2018 |    | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 36 | 1037 | Soft Skill Development For Young Sub  | 3 Days - 02/08/2018 TO 04/08/2018 |    | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 37 | 1041 | IMG Course for ASWs & SWs   | 3 Days - 02/08/2018 to 04/08/2018 |    | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 38 | 990  | Offences Against Women and Children for WCPOs/WSIs  | 3 Days - 02/08/2018 TO 04/08/2018 |    | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |

|    |      |   |                                   |  |  |
|----|------|---|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| 39 | 1049 | Investigation of Cheating, Forgery and Criminal Misappropriation CPOs To ASIs   | 5 Days - 06/08/2018 to 10/08/2018 |  | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 40 | 1088 | Investigation of Cheating, Forgery and Criminal Misappropriation WCPOs ro WASIs | 5 Days - 06/08/2018 to 10/08/2018 |  | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 41 | 1061 | Cyber Investigation of Cyber Crimes(CPOs & Sis)                                 | 3 Days - 08/08/2018 to 10/08/2018 |  | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 42 | 1062 | Police Ethics (CPOs to ASIs)  | 3 Days - 11/09/2018 to 13/09/2018 |  | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 43 | 1053 | Advanced Techniques in Forensic Science (SIs to DySPs)                          | 5 Days - 11-09-2018 to 15-09-2018 |  | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 44 | 1067 | Traffic Management (CPO's to ASI's)   | 3 Days - 13/09/2018 to 15/09/2018 |  | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 45 | 1064 | VIP Security (CPOs to ASIs)   | 3 Days - 17/09/2018 to 19/09/2018 |  | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 46 | 1068 | VIP Security (CPOs to ASIs)   | 3 Days - 17/09/2018 to 19/09/2018 |  | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |
| 47 | 1035 | Sexual Offences (SIs to DySPs)  | 3 Days - 16/07/2018 to 18/07/2018 |  | Sri. K.K. Aji, Superintendent of Police & Asst. Director (Police Sciences) |

### IMG COURSES CONDUCTED AT THE KERALA POLICE ACADEMY

The Government of Kerala has announced the revised State Training Policy in July 2017. The new State Training Policy 2017 envisages training of civil servants at regular intervals. This is proposed to be held at least once in five years to develop new competencies and update their knowledge base. As a general rule, every officer is to get three general trainings during their career (other than induction training). With roughly 5,50,000 government employees including 2,00,000 teachers, IMG has the responsibility to train 3,50,000 employees. Given the scale, IMG is currently able to train only around 30,000 employees in a given year. Hence there is a need for developing additional training networks to fulfill incoming training requirements. There are about 68 training centres in the State which are functional. If these training centres are brought together to share responsibilities in training, the incoming training needs would be fulfilled. Training objectives match

- Individual's competencies with the jobs they have to do;
- Bridge competency gaps for current and future roles to improve their performance.
- Expose the civil service to the new trends in the socioeconomic and political environment which it operates.
- Updation on reforms and initiatives in governance.
- Impart skills and attitude for process re-engineering and e-governance.
- Build attitudes conducive to institutionalising citizen centric, corruption free and participatory governance.

In line with this objective, the Kerala Police Academy (KEPA) regularly conducts a large number of IMG sponsored courses for police personnel of various categories for different specialised topics which caters to the latest requirement for them. The participants include police personnel of the ranks of CPOs to DySPs. Courses are also conducted, which are designed by IMG for the ministerial staff of the Police department. Apart from eminent faculty who handles the classes, accommodation, food and course materials (printed and soft copy) also provided to the participants at the expense of IMG. For each course, the IMG insists on a post course evaluation so as to assess how the course benefited the participants.

In the financial year 2017-2018, a total of 14 courses were conducted by IMG at Kerala Police Academy to meet the growing needs of police personnel. A total of 113 IMG courses were proposed for the year 2018-2019, out of which 47 have been successfully conducted till date. The floods in August 2018, which affected almost all parts of the Kerala, also affected the courses conducted at KEPA due to which, all courses were suspended during the flood and post flood rehabilitation period. Similarly, due to cuts in the IMG training budget, the remainder of the training courses could not be held. Similarly, training programs have also been conducted at PTC.



OTHER IN-SERVICES TRAINING PROGRAMMES

Kerala Police Academy conducts in-service training programs other than under the BPR&D and IMG sponsorship aimed at certain specific requirements.

ORIENTATION TRAINING CIS (SHOs)

In the light of Government's decision to upgrade SHO post in all police stations, the State Police Chief directed to conduct an orientation course in KEPA to fine tune the skills of officers, who have taken charge as SHOs, such as police station management, managing work where crime and law & order are divided and media management and other related topics. The course was held at KEPA from 23.01.2018 to 25.01.2018 and a total of 66 participants attended this course.

TRAINING ON SELF DEFENCE TECHNIQUES TO WOMEN POLICE OFFICERS (WOMEN CPOS/ SCPOS OF TSR RANGE)

This course was held at KEPA from 02.02.2018 to 11.02.2018. The course was aimed at imparting self defence techniques to women CPO/ SCPOs in Thrissur range. The course was successfully organised and completed with the support of KEPA.

CAPACITY BUILDING PROGRAM ON COUNTERFEITING AND SMUGGLING ORGANISED BY FICCI CASCADE NEW DELHI (OFFICERS FROM CB & LOCAL)

This course was successfully organised with the help of FICCI. The aim of the course was to impart effective training on prevention of counterfeiting and smuggling to officers in local police and crime branch. The course was held at KEPA on 23.02.2018

TOT COURSES

This course was organised to provide expertise to trainers, so that they would go ahead and take classes in their respective units on various subjects. The list of subjects are as below:

- a.Cyber crime law
- b.Cyber forensics
- c.Cell phone forensics
- d.CDR analysis
- e.Social media and policing
- f. Crime against women
- g.Major acts
- h.Offences against children
- i. Maintenance of law and order

IAPS/ COMPUTER TRAINING VACB STAFF

This course was organised to give basic training to all staffs of Vigilance and Anti-corruption Bureau as per the request of Director, VACB. This training was completed in four phases from 12.03.2018 to 20.03.2018.

SOFT SKILL TRAINING FOR SUB INSPECTORS

This course was specially organised to impart training on soft skills and good behaviour for Sub Inspector Of Police (GE) of 27th batch as per the direction of the SPC, Kerala. The course was held from 21.03.2018 to 24.03.2018 in two batches.

TRAINING ON ASPECTS OF PROCEDURAL LAW, EVIDENCE ETC. FOR POLICE OFFICERS ENGAGED IN INVESTIGATION

A course on various aspects of procedural law, evidence etc. was organised for officers of and above the rank of DySPs from various

police districts and CBCID. This course was a one day programme held on 18.4.2018. Hon'ble Justice K. Abraham Mathew, Judge, High Court of Kerala conducted this training.

TRAINING ON KAAPA

As per the direction of the Government of Kerala, a course on KAAPA act was conducted at KEPA to the officers of various departments, who are related to the enforcement of the act. This course was held on 04.05.2018 and 175 officers of various departments attended the training.

E-VIP TRAINING FOR QUICK VERIFICATION OF PASSPORT

As instructed by SPC, Kerala a training was conducted the Special Branch DySPs and technically qualified police personals engaged in passport verification in police districts on 05.06.2018.



ARMS//VIP SECURITY TRAINING PSOS OF HON/ JUDGES/ SENIOR POLICE OFFICERS

This course was aimed at imparting training in Arms and VIP/ VVIP security for the personal security officers attached to senior officers. It was a one week programme which was successfully conducted from 06.06.2018 to 14.06.2018.

TRAINING ON SAFETY OF WOMEN & CHILDREN IN CYBERSPACE



This was a two day training programme on safety of women and children in cyber space which was organised by the Women and Child Development departments, Government of Kerala held from 07.06.2018 to 08.06.2018. Total 71 officers including women participated in this awareness training.

INVESTIGATION OF CASES UNDER THE PC ACT

This course was organised for officers belonging to VACB.

TRAINING PROGRAMME ON ARREST AND CUSTODY MANAGEMENT

This was a two day training conducted for imparting training on procedures related to arrest and custody management to Sub Inspectors of Police. Total 19 officers attended the training held from 22.06.2018 to 23.06.2018, which included extensive role-plays.



TRAINING FOR SCPC STAFF

As directed by the SPC, Kerala, KEPA extended all support and facilities for the training of SCPC staff. This was a training to impart in CAMS software and management of accounts in subsidiary canteens. This

5TH BATCH SOFT SKILL TRAINING TO SIS (27TH & 28TH BATCH)

This course was specially organised to impart training on soft skills and good behaviour for the remaining Sub Inspectors Of Police (GE) of 27th batch and 28th batch as per the direction of SPC, Kerala. The course was held from 28.06.2018 to 30.06.2018.

SOFT SKILL DEVELOPMENT

This course was organised as per the direction of SPC for imparting soft skill and behaviour to 2014 and 2015 batch Sub Inspectors. The course was held from 02.07.2018 to 04.07.2018.

TRAINING ON GENDER SENSITISATION ORGANISED BY NATIONAL WOMEN COMMISSION

This program organised by the National Commission for Women was aimed at basic recruits in the academy.

TRAINING ON ABKARI /NDPS ACT

A training on Abkari Act and NDPS act was conducted for Sub Inspectors and Inspectors of Police from 23.07.2018 to 24.07.2018 at KEPA. Expert faculty from Excise Department and Kerala Police took classes. 54 officers attended the training.

COMPULSORY TRAINING FOR CAS

This was a refresher course conducted to Confidential Assistants in the police department as per the direction of the SPC. This course was held from 06.12.2018 to 07.12.2018 and 34 participants attended the training.

training was organised by the central committee of subsidiary central police canteen. 80 staff attended the training.

The list of trainings conducted is reproduced below:

OTHER IN-SERVICE COURSES CONDUCTED AT KERALA POLICE ACADEMY FOR THE YEAR 2018 (January to December)

| PARTICULARS  | STRENGTH | COMMENCED ON | COMPLETED ON |
|--|----------|--------------|--------------|
| Orientation Training CIs (SHOs)  | 33       | 23/01/18     |              |
| Orientation Training CIs (SHOs)  | 33       | 25/01/18     |              |
| 2 days workshop on effective implementation of Sharanabalyam project organized by Social Justice Department, and conducted by Crime branch | 34       | 31/01/2018   | 01/02/2018   |
| Anti Human Trafficking Courses   | 14       | 05/02/18     | 09/02/18     |
| Training on self defense Techniques to Women Police Officers (Women CPOs/ SCPOs of TSR Range)  | 25       | 02/02/18     | 11/02/18     |
| Capacity building programme on counterfeiting and smuggling organised by FICCI Cascade New Delhi (Officers from CB & Local)                | 45       | 23/02/18     |              |
| TOT course on Cyber Crime, Law, Cyber Forensic, Cellphone Forensic, CDR Analysis, Social Media and Policing                                | 30       | 26/02/18     |              |
| Investigation of Cyber Crimes  | 21       | 26/02/18     | 08/03/18     |
| TOT Course – Crime against Women   | 23       | 27/02/18     |              |
| iAPS/ computer training VACB Staff   | 30       | 12/03/18     | 13/03/18     |
| iAPS/ computer training VACB Staff   | 31       | 14/03/18     | 15/03/18     |



|   |       |          |          |
|---|-------|----------|----------|
| iAPS/ computer training VACB Staff  | 27    | 16/03/18 | 17/03/18 |
| TOT Course – Offences against Children  | 47    | 16-03-18 | 17-03-18 |
| TOT Course – Major Acts   | 33    | 16-03-18 | 17-03-18 |
| iAPS/ computer training VACB Staff  | 30    | 19/03/18 | 20/03/18 |
| Soft skill training Sub Inspectors  | 43    | 21/03/18 | 24/03/18 |
| Soft skill training Sub Inspectors  | 47    | 21/03/18 | 24/03/18 |
| Training on aspects of procedural law, evidence etc. for the police officers engaged in investigation | 42    | 18/04/18 |          |
| Training on Investigation   | 100   | 02/05/18 | 18/05/18 |
| Training on KAAPA   | 175   | 04/05/18 |          |
| E-VIP training of quick verification of Passport  | 38    | 05/06/18 |          |
| Arms/ VIP Security Training PSOs of Hon/ Judges/ Senior Police Officers                               | 36    | 06/06/18 | 14/06/18 |
| Training on safety of women & children in cyberspace  | 71    | 07/06/18 | 08/06/18 |
| Investigation of cases under the PC Act   | 46    | 11/06/18 | 13/06/18 |
| Training Programme on Arrest and Custody Management   | 19    | 22/06/18 | 23/06/18 |
| Maintenance of Station Record   | 41    | 25/06/18 | 27/06/18 |
| 5th Batch Soft Skill Training to SIs (27th & 28th Batch)  | 48    | 28/06/18 | 30/06/18 |
| Soft Skill Development  | 37    | 02/07/18 | 04/07/18 |
| Training on gender sensitisation organised by National Women Commission                               | 1,000 | 05/07/18 | 05/07/18 |
| TOT – Maintenance of law and order  | 32    | 20/07/18 | 21/07/18 |
| Training on Abkari /NDPS Act  | 54    | 23/07/18 | 24/07/18 |
| Compulsory Training for CAs   | 34    | 06/12/18 | 07/12/18 |
| Training for SCPC Staff   | 80    | 18/12/18 | 19/12/18 |
| TOTAL   | 2,399 |          |          |

## CYBER CRIME TRAINING

Training in cyber crimes is an integral element of both basic and in-service training at the Kerala Police Academy. Conscious of the challenge of transforming police training to suit the needs of a modern democratic society, ever since its inception in 2004, every person who joins Kerala Police and undergoes basic training at the Kerala Police Academy is not only taught the laws of the land and the skills to enforce them, but also how to handle a computer, and to put to use information communication technologies, including its advanced manifestations. Today, training in cyber crime and related areas are an integral element of basic, pre-promotion and advanced training in the Kerala Police Academy.

The academy has the following multi level infrastructure to cater to the varying needs of cyber crime training. The academy has three basic computer laboratories, which are used for introductory computer training including CCTNS training.



The advanced courses in cyber crimes undertaken in the Kerala Police Academy during the last two years are as below:

1. Course on Cyber Crime Investigation for Officers (Sub Inspectors) conducted on 07.08.2017 to 09.08.2017.
2. Courses on Cyber Forensic Tools and Techniques for DySPs and CIs conducted 1st course from 10.07.2017 to 12.07.2017.
3. Course on Cyber Forensic Tools and Techniques for DySPs and CIs conducted IIInd course from 31.07.2017 to 02.08.2017.
4. Course on 25.09.2017 to 26.09.2017 for Police personnel of Cyber Cell.
5. 1 Batch 10 days BPR&D Course on Investigation of Cyber Crime Cases from 15.01.2018 to 25.01.2018.
6. 1 Batch 10 days BPR&D Course on Investigation of Cyber Crime Cases from 29.01.2018 to 08.02.2018.
7. 1 Batch 10 days BPR&D Course on Investigation of Cyber Crime Cases from 12.02.2018 to 23.02.2018.
8. 1 Batch 10 days BPR&D Course on Investigation of Cyber Crime Cases from 26.02.2018 to 08.03.2018.
9. 1 Batch 3 days IMG Course on Investigation of Cyber Crimes for SIs to DYSPs from 14.05.2018 to 16.05.2018.
10. 1 Batch 3 days IMG course on Cyber Investigation of Cyber Crimes for CPOs & SIs from 08.08.2018 to 10.08.2018.
11. 10 days BPR&D Course on Investigation of Cyber Crimes to ASI to DYSPs from 22.10.2018.
12. 10 days BPR&D Course on investigation of Cyber Crimes to ASI to DYSPs from 21.01.2019.
13. 10 days BPR&D course on Investigation of Cyber Crimes to ASI to DYSPs scheduled from 18.02.2019.



These courses were undertaken under the Developing Specialist Investigator’s project of BPR&D, as well as by specialist organisations like the National Digital Crime Resource and Training Centre (NDCRTC),

a centre functioning under the IT wing of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel National Police Academy with the objective of Capacity Building of Law Enforcement Agencies in Cyber Crime Investigation.

Hyderabad Reserve Bank Information Technology (ReBIT) Ltd, serves the IT and cyber security needs of RBI and strives to improve the cyber resilience of the Indian banking industry.



Data Security Council of India (DSCI) is a not-for-profit, industry body on data protection in India, setup by NASSCOM®, committed to making the cyberspace safe, secure and trusted by establishing best practices, standards and initiatives in cyber security and privacy. DSCI engages with governments and their agencies, regulators, industry sectors, industry associations and think tanks for policy advocacy, thought leadership, capacity building and outreach activities.



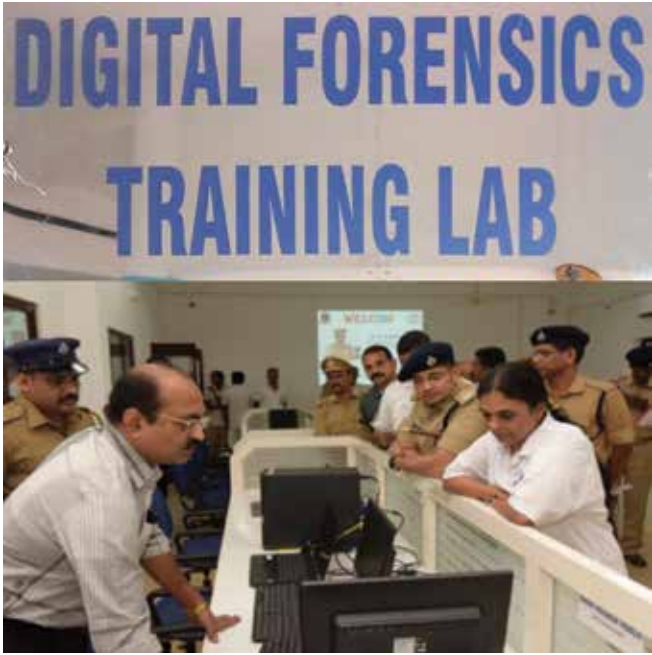
Observer Research Foundation (ORF) is an independent think tank based in India. The foundation has three centres in Mumbai, Chennai and Kolkata. ORF provides informed and viable inputs for policy and decision-makers in the Indian Government and to the political and business leadership of India.

### DIGITAL FORENSICS TRAINING LABORATORY

The academy has a fourth Secondary Digital Forensics Training Laboratory which ensures training for field level officers in digital crime scene investigation. To overcome the latest challenges faced by police officers in the field of investigation, the lab gives advanced training with practical sessions applicable to the current cyber forensic and cyber crime investigation scenario. The elements of this lab are as follows:

- a) Disk Evidence Collection Centre
- b) Cell Phone Forensic Evidence Collection Centre
- c) Network/ Live Cloud Forensics Evidence Collection Centre
- d) Evidence Collection from Surveillance Equipments Centre
- e) Internet of Things(IoT) Centre





All of these centres provide hands on training for digital crime scene management for investigators. At the tertiary level, the academy is in the process of setting up a state-of-the-art high-end Cyber Forensic Lab cum Training Centre. The aim of the lab is to undertake high-end analysis in respect of the domains of disk, mobile, network and memory forensics.

## IMMERSION TRAINING

Training merely within the confines of a classroom cannot but be incomplete. Accordingly, trainees at the Kerala Police Academy are put through immersion training, where they visit and spend extended time at their areas of work from police stations to social justice institutions and tribal hamlets. This also includes interactions with vulnerable persons. These immersion programmes act as a bridge between classroom learning and appreciation of real world conditions. It sensitises them to social issues and provides them an opportunity for self reflection about their personal goals as well as their responsibilities as public servants. This format has been found to be exceptionally useful and effective.



## RESEARCH AND PUBLICATION WING

A research and Publication wing is functioning at Kerala Police Academy with a Photographic Division, Documentation Division, Research Division and a Publication Division. Research and Publication wing publishes academy newsletter bimonthly incorporating the training activities of consecutive two months and academic articles. There are four ongoing research projects carried out by the research wing. They are – “De-radicalisation through community policing in Kerala”, “Impact of Tribal Janamaithri programmes in Kerala”, “Study of work culture, stress and job satisfaction in Kerala Police” and “Suicide Cases of Service Persons in Kerala Police”. All these studies are aimed to upgrade and revise the existing basic and in-service training syllabus of Kerala Police on the basis of the results obtained through the research studies.

The research study on the ‘Rescue, Relief and Rehabilitation Work Done by Kerala Police During the Floods of August 2018’ in all the affected districts was carried out by the Kerala Police research team and published on 06.02.2019.

- a. Preparing a digital repository consisting of the following:
1. All important lectures, special functions, events and important training activities of KEPA (both photography and videography).
  2. Training material from all police academies/ institutions of repute in India.
  3. PhD/ MPhil thesis that are preserved in various universities/ BPR&D/ Police Academies in India.
  4. Case diaries and judgments of important cases in Kerala in the last ten years.
  5. Reports of police related Commissions of Inquiries from the KLA library.
- b. Facilitate research on policing in Kerala.
- c. Associating with NGOs/ research groups/ scholars.
- d. Publishing of a bi-monthly newsletter incorporating contributions from cadets under training.



## STUDENT INTERNSHIP PROGRAMMES

The academy has commenced a Student Internship Programme. Students from various National level and State level Universities and academic institutes are undergoing their internship as a partial fulfilment of their curriculum. Student Internship Programme aims to ensure collaborative research in policing.



### TOTAL NUMBER OF STUDENTS WHO HAVE UNDERGONE INTERNSHIP PROGRAMME AT KERALA POLICE ACADEMY

| Sl. No. | NAME OF COURSE              | NUMBER OF PERSONS |
|---------|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| 1       | LLB                         | 124               |
| 2       | Psychology                  | 7                 |
| 4       | Forensic Science            | 32                |
| 5       | Criminology                 | 6                 |
| 8       | MCA                         | 4                 |
| 9       | MSC Information Security    | 2                 |
| 10      | MSC Computer Science        | 3                 |
| 11      | B Tech                      | 1                 |
| 12      | Electronics & Communication | 2                 |
| 13      | Production Engineering      | 5                 |
| Total   |                             | 186               |

## WOMEN POLICE BATTALION TRAINING - EXPERIMENTS

The first Women Police Battalion of Kerala Police was constituted in January 2017, with the objective of raising the representation of women in Kerala Police initially, upto 15% of the strength. The first batch of slightly over 600 recruits joined the Kerala Police Academy in September, 2017. They are eminently qualified, with 116 of them having post graduate qualification. This group has 7 MBAs, 7 B.Techs and 1 LLB graduate amongst them. 117 of them have B.Ed qualifications. They have constantly surprised us the training staff with their energy, intellect and their creativity. They responded enthusiastically to every training

innovation – be it e-learning, syndicate groups, online examination, or cultural evenings, that the academy was pushed to constantly reorient our strategies for training. A select band of thirty four of these women became the first woman commando unit of Kerala Police. They were sensitised on issues and concerns of people across the spectrum – children, women, marginalised sections, the LGBTQ community etc., including interacting with transgender persons.

The following were the experiments that were attempted with this batch:

### STRUCTURAL CHANGES IN TRAINING

The basic training program commenced with a two-week orientation/ induction activity, where through activities ranging from ice-breaking to personality development, time management and stress management, the recruits were encouraged to find their personal voice and expression in a group setting. All trainers during the period were outsourced lifestyle trainers. This was followed up during the training period with weekly syndicate group activities. Each syndicate functions as a team to raise and discuss issues on various functional and interest areas as well as to brainstorm various challenges that the force faces in modern day policing. Grouping participants from different backgrounds to form the syndicates, enables participants to learn from each other as well as to accept and respond to competing points of view. The trainees are also put through immersion training, where they visit and spend extended time at their areas of work from police stations to social justice institutions and tribal hamlets. These immersion programmes act as a bridge between classroom learning and appreciation of real world conditions. It sensitises them to social issues and provides them an opportunity for self reflection about their personal goals as well as their responsibilities as public servants. Training also followed a hectic Hobby Club Activity Calendar. The club activities in various fields like performing arts, theatre, arts and fashion, adventure etc. provides an opportunity for the trainees to leave their comfort zone and step up to explore new areas of skills and hobbies. It is an important avenue to develop social and leadership skills, as well as to adapt and innovate. In addition, every second Thursday was designated as a cultural evening where the trainees put up a fantastic show of their cultural talent. Select evenings are set apart for interactions with eminent personalities.

### PERSONALISED OUTDOOR TRAINING PROGRAM

For the first time, the outdoor training program was revamped with the instructors being trained by the Lakshmbai National College of Physical Education (LNCPE), Trivandrum. Every single incoming basic trainee was put through a comprehensive medical and fitness evaluation, which has since been digitised. This is subject to regular follow-up at periodical intervals, with specific inputs on trainees being provided to the instructors and trainees.

### WOMEN OFFICERS AS OUTDOOR INSTRUCTORS

Traditionally, women officers have never functioned as outdoor instructors in the academy. For the first time this year, women police officers were selected as instructors for outdoor training. A “Training of Trainers” course was conducted for the newly inducted women trainers. These women instructors are specialised in various forms of drill and other outdoor activities. They are trained in firing of assault weapons as well as revolver/ pistol. These trainers personally supervise the performance of each trainee. They can be used as master trainers on long term basis.

### REVAMP OF TRAINING SYLLABUS

The basic training syllabus was comprehensively amended, bringing it in tune with the requirements of both modern day policing as well as the aspirations of the modern day recruit. The training replaced rote learning with discussion-oriented and activity oriented classrooms. The syllabus, prepared after detailed discussions over two years, focused on a unique module based approach, which through a combination of



indoor and outdoor inputs provides the recruit with essential skill sets that will be of use to them in the course of their career. Rather than delivering specific limited inputs, the purpose of the syllabus is to expose and sensitise the trainee to the wide range of police roles, to foster in them a curiosity for learning, to inculcate in them the capacity to think and adapt, and at the same time retain the core police values like discipline and physical fitness.

ELECTRONIC LEARNING AND ASSESSMENT IN TRAINING

The Kerala Police started an online portal for e-learning titled “KeLS” (Kerala Police Academy e-learning System). The portal available both on the academy webpage, as well as an app, through the Google Play store, is hosted in the State Data Centre. Every training material required by the trainee, from general notifications, to course material, time tables, and even the class feedback, are now available on the digital platform. All indoor examinations, which are open book, progressive (i.e one exam for every ten classes) and use a mix of take home examinations, response papers, MCQs and conventional timed tests make use of this portal. As a pilot, online examination has commenced in the academy. This was undertaken on the back of structured networking and WiFi Connectivity throughout the academy. This batch was the first to use this.



FACULTY IMPROVEMENT PROGRAMME

The Kerala Police has commenced two faculty improvement programs in the academy, titled the Tuesday and Saturday Lecture series.

While the Saturday lecture series is a trainer improvement program designed as a long term strategy to improve the total quality of training in the academy so as to make the academy a world class training centre, where the speakers are the members of the faculty who deliver talks on their areas of expertise, the Tuesday lecture is for the staff to be introduced to non policing subjects by experts in their respective areas.

The detailed objectives of the Saturday lecture series is as below:

- 1) To make academy trainers experts in specific areas of subjects

THE LIST OF SPEAKERS FOR THE TUESDAY LECTURE SERIES IS AS BELOW:

| SL. No. | DATE       | SUBJECT  | NAME OF FACULTY  |
|---------|------------|--|--|
| 1       | 04/09/2018 | ‘Stress Management with Human Relation’                    | Dr. Markose, Professor (Rtd) Vimala College, Thrissur  |
| 2       | 11/09/2018 | ‘Mind & Body Refreshment ’                                 | Sri. Pandyaraj Mayan, Trainer & Mentor, Kerala University                                    |
| 3       | 18/09/2018 | ‘Leptospirosis & Prevention’                               | Dr. Umamaheswari, Epidemiologist, DMO Office Thrissur  |
| 4       | 25/09/2018 | ‘Electrical Safety’  | Sri. Athul Thomas Tharakan, Asst Electrical Inspector Thrissur                               |
| 5       | 09/10/2018 | ‘Police and Public’  | Sri. Rekha Vellathooval  |
| 6       | 16/10/2018 | ‘Life Style Disease’                                       | Sri. M.P. Manoharan, Kidney Federation of India Trusty & State Coordinator                   |
| 7       | 23/10/2018 | ‘Use & Misuses of Information Technology in Modern World ’ | Dr. Binu, St. Mary’s College Thrissur  |
| 8       | 30/10/2018 | “Soil-Water conservation and Organic farming”              | Sri. Varghese Tharakan, Organic farmer and winner Kshonimithra Award’                        |
| 9       | 13/11/2018 | ‘Scientific Solid Waste Disposal’                          | Dr. Jagadheeshkumar, Rtd. Professor, Agricultural University, Vellanikkara                   |
| 10      | 27/11/2018 | ‘Law of Attraction ’                                       | Sri. Sunilkumar Poyyil, Yoga Instructor, KEPA  |
| 11      | 04/12/2018 | ‘Well Recharging’  | Dr. Jose C. Raphel, Director District Rain Water Conservation Mission Thrissur, Mazhappolima |
| 12      | 11/12/2018 | ‘Life Style Diseases and Kidney Disease ’                  | Dr. Jayanth Thomas Mathew, Professor of Nephrology, Amala Medical College, Thrissur          |
| 13      | 18/12/2018 | “Blast Yourself”   | Sri. Jayan Kolary, Human Excellence Trainer and Motivational Speaker                         |
| 14      | 01/01/2019 | ‘Kerala Service Rules’                                     | Sri. Sundaran K, Administrative Assistant (Rtd)  |
| 15      | 08/01/2019 | ‘Rooftop farming’  | Sri. Sunny Davis, Deputy Tahsildar RR Wing, Chalakkudy                                       |
| 16      | 15/01/2019 | ‘Healthy Diet’   | Smt. Anitha K.P., Dietician, District Hospital, Wadakkanchery                                |
| 17      | 22/01/2019 | ‘Hyper Tension, Diabetes, Heart Attack and H1&N1’          | Dr. Sumesh T. Krishnan Taluk Head Quarters Hospital, Kunnamkulam                             |
| 18      | 29/01/2019 | ‘Gandhi Smruthi Sadassu’                                   | Smt. C.K. Kumari & Team District Khadi Industries Office, Thrissur                           |
| 19      | 05/02/2019 | ‘Plastic Surgery’  | Dr. Jyoshid R.B., Plastic Surgeon, Elite Mission Hospital Thrissur                           |

- handled by them.
- 2) To improve their method and quality of presentation.
- 3) To make them well versed with how complicated and vast subjects are presented within a limited time.
- 4) To make them well versed with how to interact and clear doubts of trainees.
- 5) To assess strengths and weaknesses of trainers as a trainer by superior officers.
- 6) To rectify such weaknesses and if required send them for ToT in other State Police Academies.
- 7) To improve the knowledge of other trainers in the academy in connection with various subjects.



THE LIST OF SPEAKERS FOR THE SATURDAY LECTURE SERIES WITH THEIR TOPICS ARE AS BELOW:

| Sl. No. | DATE       | TOPIC   | FACULTY  |
|---------|------------|---|--|
| 1       | 19/05/2018 | Protection of Civil Rights 1955                                       | Sri. Krishnan Kutty K.K. (Inspector of Police) Indoor Wing, KEPA |
| 2       | 19/05/2018 | Weapon Training by Simple Method                                      | Sri. Gopinathan HDR 7509 (Outdoor)                               |
| 3       | 23/06/2018 | General View of Environmental Law                                     | Sri. A. Rabiya (Inspector of Police) Indoor Wing, KEPA           |
| 4       | 23/06/2018 | Tear Smoke Ammunition   | Sri. Jenson George (APSI) Outdoor                                |
| 5       | 30/06/2018 | The Prohibition Ragging Act 1998                                      | Sri. Bijesh K.V. (SI, GE)  |
| 6       | 30/06/2018 | Nature of Indian Constitution   | Sri. Satheshan (APSI)  |
| 7       | 07/07/2018 | Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substance Act 1985                    | Sri. Madhu K. (SI, GE)   |
| 8       | 07/07/2018 | Camouflage& Concealment   | Sri. Raffie Charly (APSI)  |
| 9       | 21/07/2018 | The Dowry Prohibition Act 1961  | Sri. Das P.K. (SI, GE)   |
| 10      | 21/07/2018 | Attitude Towards Dead Body  | Smt. Elsy T.A. (SI, GE)  |
| 11      | 04/08/2018 | Domestic Violence Act 2005  | Sri. KR. Biju, SI, KEPA  |
| 12      | 04/08/2018 | POCSO Act   | Smt. Shyamala Kumari, WSI  |
| 13      | 1/9/2018   | Juvenile Justice (Care and protection of children)                    | Sri. Haridasan R. (Inspector of Police)                          |
| 14      | 1/9/2018   | List of Records and Registers to be                                   | Sri. Unnikrishnan R. (Reserve Police Inspector)                  |
| 15      | 15/09/2018 | Gender Equality   | Sri. A. Rabiya (Inspector of Police)                             |
| 16      | 15/09/2018 | Expansion of Rifle and Cartridge                                      | Sri. Madhusoodhanan Nair (APSI)                                  |
| 17      | 22/09/2018 | A Glance at Communication in Kerala Police                            | Sri. Aneesh, SI (Tele)   |
| 18      | 22/09/2018 | Concepts of Stress Management According to Yoga                       | Sri. Sunil Kumar, SCP  |
| 19      | 29/09/2018 | Adultery u/s 497 IPC  | Sri. A. Rabiya (Inspector of Police)                             |
| 20      | 06/10/2018 | Stress Management   | Sri. Sunil Kumar, SCPO   |
| 21      | 06/10/2018 | Station Records   | Sri. Rajappan C. (Inspector of Police )                          |
| 22      | 20/10/2018 | PDPP ACT  | Sri. Aravindakshan Nair ( SI, GE)                                |
| 23      |            | First Aid   | Sri. Ramesan (RSI)   |
| 24      | 27/10/2018 | Prevention of Insult in National Honour Act                           | Sri. Pavithran (SI, GE)  |
| 25      | 27/10/2018 | Riot Control and Equipments   | Sri. Jyothis Thomas SCPO   |
| 26      | 03/11/2018 | Riot Control and Equipments   | Sri. Jyothis Thomas SCPO   |
| 27      | 03/11/2018 | Public Speaking   | Sri. Ramachandran (ASI)  |
| 28      | 17/11/2018 | Difference of Misappropriation, Criminal Breach of Trust and Cheating | Sri. Balan P.T. (DYSP) KEPA                                      |
| 29      | 17/11/2018 | Successful Parenting  | Sri. Sunil Kumar, SCPO KEPA                                      |
| 30      | 24/11/2018 | First Information Report  | Sri. Rajappan C. (Inspector of Police) KEPA                      |
| 31      | 24/11/2018 | Salute  | Sri. Pradeep (RSI)   |

|    |            |                                     |                          |
|----|------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| 32 | 01/12/2018 | Structure of Armed Police Battalion | Sri. Suresh Kumar (HDR)  |
| 33 | 22/12/2018 | Arms Drills Basics                  | Sri. Pradeep Kumar (ASI) |
| 34 | 29/12/2018 | Bren Gun                            | Sri. Jose George (APSI ) |

ACADEMY DAY CELEBRATION





# CHAPTER 06

## ARMED POLICE BATTALIONS





ARMED POLICE BATTALIONS AT A GLANCE

The Armed Police Battalion is considered as a strategic reserve for the police force. It plays an important role in maintaining the law and order in and out of the State in times of emergency situations such as elections, natural disasters, communal and political disturbances etc.. Added to that, they are the primary recruiting and training centres of the police organisation. The constabulary which forms the bulk of police workforce gets trained in these battalions. They continue to serve in battalions until they get transferred to Kerala Civil Police cadre of district police units. In short, the battalions play a significant role in moulding the human resources of Kerala Civil Police. Functionally the Armed Police Battalions serve as Reserve Force to be deployed

- Kerala Armed Police I - Thrissur
- Kerala Armed Police II - Palakkad
- Kerala Armed Police III - Adoor
- Kerala Armed Police IV - Kannur
- Kerala Armed Police V - Kuttikanam
- Special Armed Police - Thiruvananthapuram

The battalions are situated across the State with the mandate to support the district police with manpower in times of emergencies. Usually, the battalions have an administrative headquarters with its men deployed

whenever and wherever the District Police falls short of manpower in the maintenance of law & order. When so deployed, they function under the control of the District Police Officers. Unlike district police, they are not permitted to undertake crime investigation work. Administratively, the Armed Police Battalions serve as the feeder service for subsequent transfer to the district police. Organisationally, the Armed Police Battalions are maintained on the pattern of infantry battalions anywhere in the world. Armed Police Battalion Headquarters is headed by Additional Director General of Police assisted by Inspector General of Police, AP Bn. Kerala Police has got eleven battalions and they are located at different places in the state

- Malabar Special Police - Malappuram
- Rapid Response and Rescue Force - Pandikkad
- India Reserve Battalion - Thrissur
- State Industrial Security Force - Thiruvananthapuram
- Women Police Battalion - Thiruvananthapuram

in detachment camps taking into account the convenience of proximity of feeder districts. Normally, a battalion is expected to cater to the demands of a couple of districts.

ARMED POLICE HEADQUARTERS

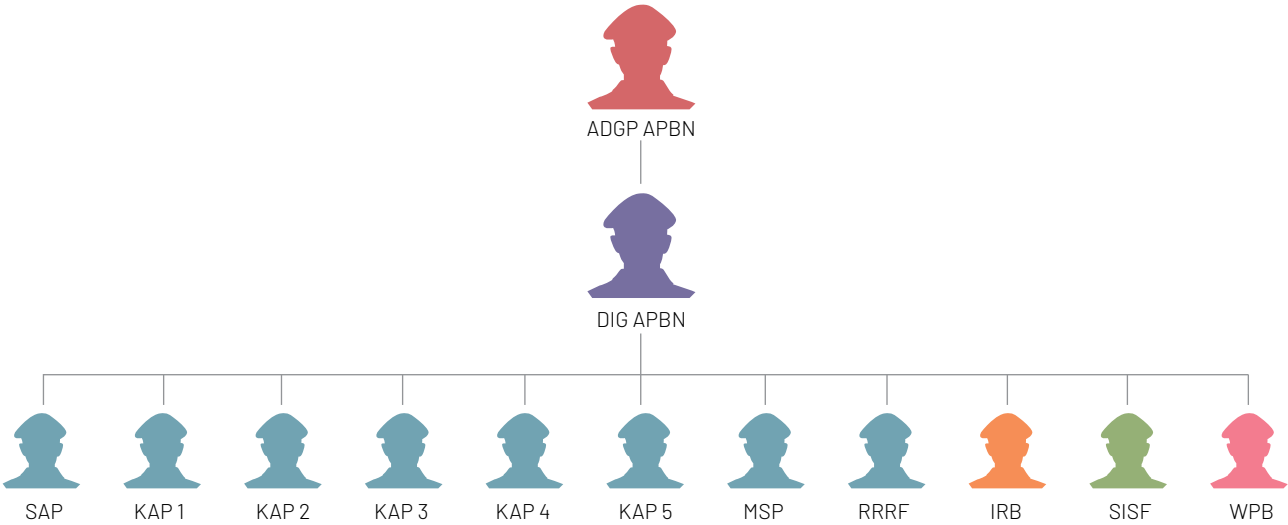
Initially, the Armed Police Battalions were under the respective law and order Range DIG. The post of Deputy Inspector General of Police, Armed Police Battalions was created in 1981 and the Armed Police Battalions Headquarters was established in Ernakulam in 1983. The Armed Police Battalions Headquarter was shifted to Thiruvananthapuram during 1987. The Armed Police Headquarters came to be headed by an Inspector General of Police from 1997. From 2005, the Additional Director General of Police became the head of Armed Police Battalions. Subsequently the post of Additional Director General of Police became a cadre post from 2016 and the post of Inspector General of Police was abolished.

The Armed Police Battalion Headquarters got shifted to the new building near Special Armed Police, Peroorkada in 2013.

Currently the armed police wing is functioning as a separate wing under the State Police Chief headed by an officer of the rank of Additional Director General of Police (ADGP). The ADGP is assisted by the Deputy Inspector General in administrative and organisational matters. The Armed Police Battalion Headquarters coordinates with the police headquarters in all administrative, financial and policy matters related to the Armed Police Battalions.

STRUCTURE OF ARMED POLICE BATTALIONS

A schematic outline of the organisation of armed police wing is as depicted below:





ARMED POLICE BATTALIONS OF KERALA

Armed Police is one of the important wings/ units of Kerala Police. The reserved Battalion force is used in various law & order duties in support of Local Police, and outside State duties. All the police personnel in Armed Battalion have to compulsorily stay in the Battalion except when they are deployed.

There are a total 10 Battalions under Kerala Police. Each Battalion consists of Companies including HQ coy, which includes the Technical Staff, MT Wing, Quarter Masters, Police Band and Camp Followers, to take care of the day to day functioning of the Battalion. The details of each Battalion and total strength are shown below.

| BATTALION  | YEAR OF ESTAB-LISHMENT | AREA (Acre) | HEADQUARTERS       | STRENGTH |
|------------|------------------------|-------------|--------------------|----------|
| MSP        | 1921                   | 43.0        | MALAPPURAM         | 1,162    |
| SAP        | 1958                   | 56          | THIRUVANANTHAPURAM | 1,063    |
| KAP 1      | 1972                   | 15          | THRISSUR           | 1,063    |
| KAP 2      | 1977                   | 51          | PALAKKAD           | 1,028    |
| KAP 3      | 1979                   | 31          | ADOOR              | 1,051    |
| KAP 4      | 1980                   | 87.83       | KANNUR             | 1,061    |
| KAP 5      | 1983                   | 273         | KUTTIKKANAM        | 1,051    |
| SRAF/ RRRF | 1995/2009              | 86          | PANDIKKAD          | 771      |
| IRBN       | 2008                   | 23          | THRISSUR           | 1,090    |
| SISF       | 2011                   | 1017        | THIRUVANANTHAPURAM | 989      |
| WPBN       | 2017                   | 1136        | THIRUVANANTHAPURAM | 401      |

Table – 1

| SL. NO. | RANK                 | NUMBER |
|---------|----------------------|--------|
| 1       | COMMANDANT           | 9      |
| 2       | DEPUTY COMMANDANT    | 11     |
| 3       | ASSISTANT COMMANDANT | 48     |
| 4       | API                  | 78     |
| 5       | APSI                 | 237    |
| 6       | APASI                | 104    |
| 7       | HAVILDAR             | 1,463  |
| 8       | POLICE CONSTABLE     | 5,567  |
| 9       | DRIVER               | 422    |
| 10      | CAMP FOLLOWER        | 623    |
| 11      | TECHNICAL CATEGORY   | 444    |
| 12      | MINISTERIAL STAFF    | 395    |
|         | TOTAL                | 9401   |

1. MALABAR SPECIAL POLICE (MSP)

MSP, initially known as Malappuram Special Police is the oldest battalion in Kerala, formed in the year 1884. Subsequent to the outbreak of Mappila rebellion, Malappuram Special Police was disbanded and Malabar Special Police was formed again in 1921, well before the formation of the Kerala State to maintain the law and order issues of Malabar region under Madras Provincial Government headed by the British Emperor.

Table – 2

| LOCATION OF BN        | HQ         | DETACHMENT CAMPS |          |          |
|-----------------------|------------|------------------|----------|----------|
|                       | Malappuram | Melmuri          | Klari    | Areekode |
| Year of Establishment | 1921       | -                | -        | -        |
| Availability of Land  | 67 acres   | 29 acres         | 63 acres | 29 acre  |

2. SPECIAL ARMED POLICE BATTALION (SAP)

Special Armed Police Battalion was established in 1958 to tackle the law and order issues of the Travancore - Cochin region. The police force was existent even before 1958 but was known as State General Armed Reserve (SGAR). This was the second Armed Police Battalion of the State. The camp is stationed in the old leprosy campus at Peroorkada.

| LOCATION OF BN        | HQ         | DETACHMENT CAMPS |
|-----------------------|------------|------------------|
|                       | Peroorkada | Milk colony      |
| Year of Establishment | 1958       | -                |
| Availability of Land  | 56 acres   | 48 acres         |

3. KERALA ARMED POLICE 1 BATTALION (KAP 1)

This battalion was established in 1972 with headquarters at Ramavarmapuram, Thrissur. Subsequent to the establishment of Kerala Police Academy, a major portion of the camp was transferred to the Academy and KAP 1st Battalion is currently having only about 15 acres of land. The battalion is laid out between Kerala Police Academy and India Reserve Bn.

| LOCATION OF BN        | HQ             | DETACHMENT CAMPS      |
|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------------|
|                       | Ramavarmapuram | AR Camp,Thripunithura |
| Year of Establishment | 1972           | -                     |
| Availability of Land  | 15 acres       | -                     |

4. KERALA ARMED POLICE 2 BATTALION (KAP 2)

This Battalion was established in 1977 with its headquarters in Thrissur which was later shifted to Muttikulangara in Palakkad district.

| LOCATION OF BN        | HQ             | DETACHMENT CAMPS |
|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
|                       | Muttikulangara | Nilambur         |
| Year of Establishment | 1977           | -                |
| Availability of Land  | 56 acres       | 23 acres         |

5. KERALA ARMED POLICE 3 BATTALION (KAP3)

This Battalion was initially formed in Nilambur whose headquarters was subsequently shifted to Thiruvananthapuram, Pandikkad, SAP camp and finally to the present headquarters in Adoor, Pathanamthitta in 2003.

| LOCATION OF BN        | HQ       | DETACHMENT CAMPS |
|-----------------------|----------|------------------|
|                       | Adoor    | -                |
| Year of Establishment | 1979     | -                |
| Availability of Land  | 32 acres | -                |

6. KERALA ARMED POLICE 4 BATTALION (KAP 4)

This battalion was formed in 1980 with its headquarters in Aluva. Subsequently the battalion headquarters was shifted to Kannur during 1983. This battalion performs various law and order duties in Kannur and Kasargod districts.

| LOCATION OF BN        | HQ                    | DETACHMENT CAMPS |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
|                       | Magattuparamba Kannur | Periya, Kasargod |
| Year of Establishment | 1980                  | -                |
| Availability of Land  | 87.83 acres           | 18 acres         |

7. KERALA ARMED POLICE 5 BATTALION (KAP 5)

This Battalion was initially raised to provide guard duty to hydroelectric project of KSEB during 1983 and was later renamed as Armed Police Training Centre with battalion headquarters in Ramavarmapuram, Thrissur during 1985 and later renamed as KAP 5th Battalion in 1990. The headquarters of the Battalion was shifted from Ramavarmapuram to Maniyar in 2003 and was again shifted to Kuttikanam, Idukki with effect from 16.09.2014.

| LOCATION OF BN        | HQ                 | DETACHMENT CAMPS          |                    |                 |
|-----------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
|                       | Kuttikanam, Idukki | Maniyar, (Pathana-mthitta | Erumery (Kotta-yam | Munnar (Idukki) |
| Year of Establishment | 1983               | -                         | -                  | -               |
| Availability of Land  | 273.24 acres       | 23.96 acres               |                    | 4.87acres       |

8. RAPID RESCUE AND RESPONSE FORCE (RRRF)

The battalion was formed in the year 1996 and was earlier named as State Rapid Action Force (SRAF).The purpose of raising the battalion was to tackle the serious law and order situations like communal disturbances. The battalion was further reorganised in 2010 and a disaster response force SDRF was formed out of the battalion.

| LOCATION OF BN        | HQ                    | DETACHMENT CAMPS |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
|                       | Pandikkad, Malappuram | -                |
| Year of Establishment | 1996                  | -                |
| Availability of Land  | 90 acres              | -                |

9. INDIA RESERVE BATTALION

India Reserve Battalion was formed in the year 2010 with Central Government assistance. The purpose of raising such a battalion was to tackle law and order issues and challenges of extremism without calling for the support of the Central Paramilitary forces. The battalion has two wings: Regular wing and Commando wing. The police personnel of this unit are deployed in Anti-Maoist operations and for the security of vulnerable institutions.

| LOCATION OF BN        | HQ                        | DETACHMENT CAMPS    |                     |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
|                       | Ramavarmapu-ram, Thrissur | RRRF camp Pandikkad | Areacode camp(KATS) |
| Year of Establishment | 1980                      | -                   | -                   |
| Availability of Land  | 23 acres                  | -                   | -                   |

10. STATE INDUSTRIAL SECURITY FORCE (SISF)

This Battalion was formed in 2011 with the sole purpose of providing security to vital installations and commercial establishments on requirement basis. At present SISF guards several Central PSUs, banks, Metro stations etc.. The headquarters of the battalion is at present functioning from the SAP campus and yet to have its own land for establishment of Battalion headquarters.





11. WOMEN BATTALION

The Women Battalion was formed in the year 2017. The battalion was formed with the sole intention to raise an exclusive women battalion and to channelise the training of the women police in the force. The headquarters of the station is proposed at Menamkulam, Thiruvananthapuram. The infrastructure is yet to come up.

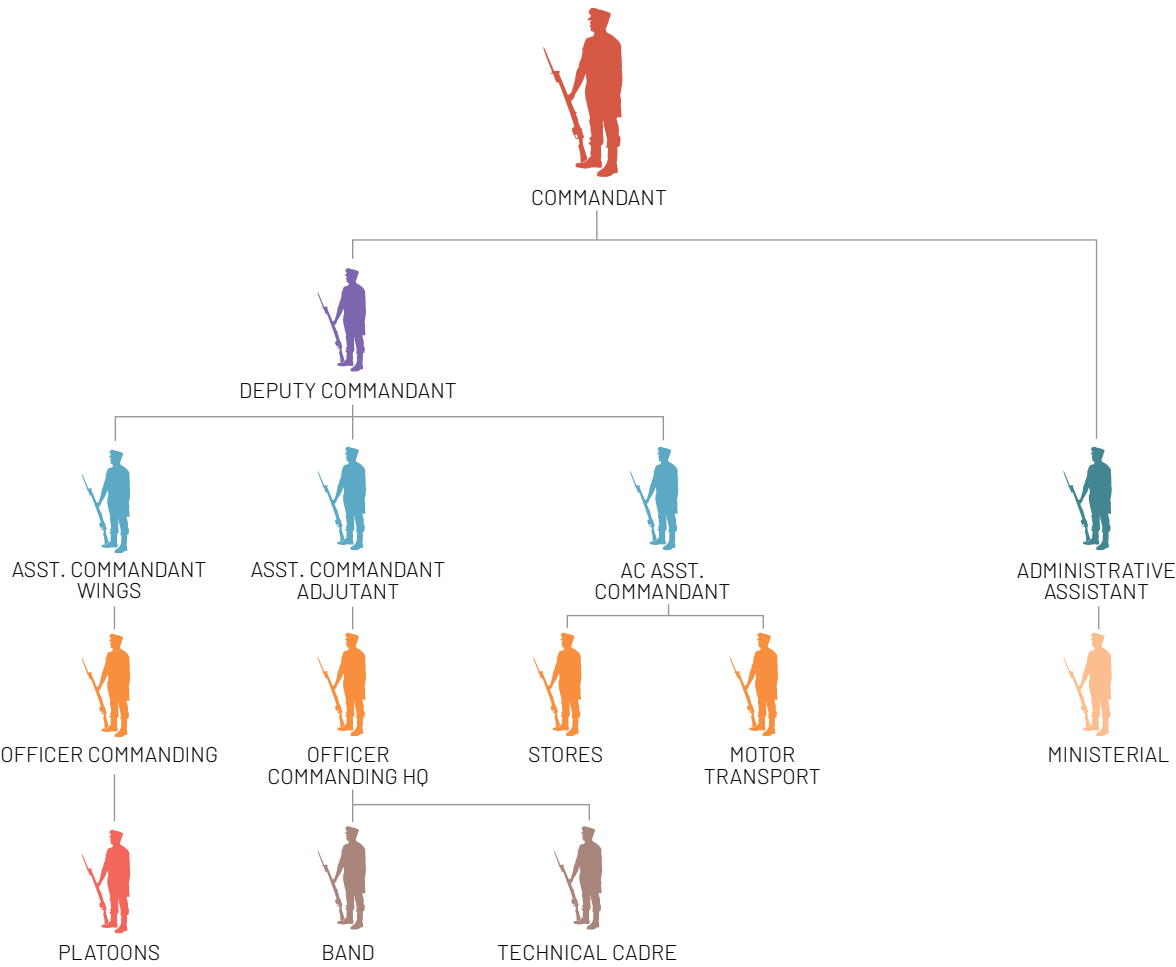
The feeder districts of each battalion are as listed below:

| BATTALION | DISTRICTS                         |
|-----------|-----------------------------------|
| MSP       | Malappuram, Kozhikode             |
| SAP       | Thiruvananthapuram                |
| KAP 1     | Ernakulam                         |
| KAP2      | Thrissur                          |
| KAP3      | Kollam, Pathanamthitta, Alappuzha |
| KAP 4     | Kannur, Wayanad, Kasaragod        |
| KAP 5     | Idukki, Kottayam                  |

BATTALION: ORGANISATIONAL STRUCTURE

All the battalions are under the direct control and supervision of the Armed Police Battalion HeadQuarters, Thiruvananthapuram headed by

A schematic outline of the organisational hierarchy of a battalion is as depicted below:



Additional Director general of Police and assisted by a Deputy Inspector General of Police.

Each battalion is headed by a Commandant of the rank of Superintendent of Police. He is assisted by a Deputy Commandant and Assistant Commandants. The other officers in the hierarchy include Armed Police Inspectors, Armed Police Sub Inspectors and Armed Police Assistant Sub Inspectors. Havildars, police constables, camp followers and technical staff form the rest of the work force.

For administrative convenience, each battalion is sub divided into 6 active companies and 1 Headquarter (HQ) Company. Each active company consists of a total of 135 officers/ men (including 10 camp followers) under the command of an Armed Police Inspector of the rank of Inspector of Police who maintains an office for the administration and supervision of officers/ men under his control. Active companies are intended for active duties and HQ Company is intended for all other work related to the administration, maintenance, welfare and security of the entire battalion. HQ Company includes administrative platoon, guard and garrison, motor transport wing, armourer wing and a band unit of the battalion. The strength of the HQ Company varies from battalion to battalion considering the area of operation and number of detachment camps etc.. Each battalion is considered as a unit and each company is considered as its sub-unit.

The strength of each battalion comes to around 1,000 except for RRRF. The total strength of all the battalions adds up to 9,401 which makes 15% of the entire police force of the State.

TRAINING

The training of the 1st batch of Women Police Constables comprising 605 candidates commenced at KEPA on 18th September, 2017 and after completion of their 9 months basic training 578 candidates have passed out on 31.07.2018.

A dedicated commando unit comprising of 44 Women Commandos were trained in Jungle Operation, Weaponry and Anti-Terror Operations.



Women Commandos Training at KEPA



Women Commandos Training at KEPA



Passing out of Women Police Personnel



The training of the 20th batch of Police Constables comprising of 2,915 RtPCs were trained in the 7 battalions and passed out in 2018.



**FORMATION OF THE NEW WOMEN BATTALION AT MENAMKULAM, THIRUVANANTHAPURAM.**

The Women Police Battalion was established by the Government vide GO(MS)15/2017/Home dated 30.01.2017 with a strength of 642 including Officer/WPCs/Driver PCs.The inaugural function of WPBn was conducted on 01.11.2018 by the Hon'ble Chief Minister of Kerala.

**INAUGURAL FUNCTION OF WOMEN POLICE BATTALION**



**SISF TAKES CHARGE OF KOCHI METRO**

As per the Govt. Order (MS) No. 120/2017/Home Dated 01/06/2017, the State Industrial Security Force has taken over the charge of entire security duty of Kochi Metro.



**OTHER NEW INITIATIVES**



A new swimming pool was constructed at KAP 4th Battalion for swimming practice for Recruit Trainees.







# CHAPTER 07

TRAFFIC



INTRODUCTION

Traffic management in Kerala is a herculean task for the Traffic Police and other stake holders. Despite all constraints, Kerala Police is sincerely engaged in the task of managing traffic and its smooth and safe movement on all roads in the state.

Growing vehicle fleet, unregulated urban expansion, increase in freight movement by road, inadequate and inefficient public transport system and lack of efficient control measures are some of the key variables which make traffic regulations and control an extremely challenging task. The number of vehicles registered in Kerala as on 31.12.2018 was 1,16,36,947 while the total road length was 31, 812 kms.

Kerala Police manages traffic on the basic principles of “Mobility with Safety”. The objectives laid for traffic management by Kerala Police are:

- Ensuring efficiency in the movement of people and goods
- Regulation of multi-modal traffic
- Effective enforcement of traffic rules and regulations
- Involvement and education of public including school children on road safety
- Provision of pro-active suggestions in improvement of road engineering

DETAILS OF ROAD LENGTH AND VEHICULAR POPULATION IN KERALA

| Sl. No.             | Division           | SH       | MDR       | MDR as per GO(Rt) 52/09/ PWD dt 14.8.09 | MDR as per GO(Rt) 05/2012/ PWD dt 7.1.2012 & amendment GO (Ms( No;06/2013/ PWD dt 15.1.13 | TOTAL LENGTH |
|---------------------|--------------------|----------|-----------|---|---|--------------|
| 1                   | Thiruvananthapuram | 180.36   | 945.578   | 526.364                                 | 905.442   | 2557.744     |
| 2                   | Kollam             | 123.79   | 1435.513  | 313.221                                 | 330.345   | 2202.869     |
| 3                   | Pathanamthitta     | 249.194  | 546.765   | 498.091                                 | 737.322   | 2031.372     |
| 4                   | Alappuzha          | 170.841  | 735.394   | 297.091                                 | 269.008   | 1472.334     |
| 5                   | Kottayam           | 406.531  | 1619.134  | 991.1                                   | 439.449   | 3456.214     |
| 6                   | Idukki             | 998.372  | 461.048   | 941.64                                  | 466.306   | 2867.366     |
| 7                   | Muvattupuzha       | 207.526  | 576.85    | 531.544                                 | 538.95  | 1854.87      |
| 8                   | Ernakulam          | 117.68   | 290.379   | 346.015                                 | 476.337   | 1230.411     |
| 9                   | Thrissur           | 374.033  | 1058.969  | 232.611                                 | 398.603   | 2064.216     |
| 10                  | Palakkad           | 245.987  | 883.668   | 454.595                                 | 600.443   | 2184.693     |
| 11                  | Manjeri            | 374.764  | 1093.678  | 327.768                                 | 883.942   | 2680.152     |
| 12                  | Kozhikkode         | 333.548  | 324.969   | 573.668                                 | 1148.797  | 2380.982     |
| 13                  | Vadakara           | 43.625   | 30.04     | 0                                       | 0   | 73.665       |
| 14                  | Wayanad            | 128.955  | 372.697   | 264.7                                   | 262.962   | 1029.314     |
| 15                  | Kannur             | 244.665  | 1054.906  | 398.29                                  | 567.381   | 2265.242     |
| 16                  | Kasargode          | 141.78   | 337.277   | 436.495                                 | 545.11  | 1460.662     |
| Total Length in Kms |                    | 4341.651 | 11766.865 | 7133.193                                | 8570.397  | 31812.106    |

Kerala Police followed multi-pronged strategies for managing traffic on Kerala roads based on enforcement action, regulation, education, education, engineering and intervention of stake holders during this year.

ENFORCEMENT

Emphasis is laid on enforcement of discipline by the road users through effective prosecution of major traffic violations such as violation of traffic signals, violation of restrictions, triple riding, riding without helmet, pillion rider without helmet, improper parking, dangerous driving, drunken driving, minor driving, over speeding etc.

In Kerala, most of the accidents occurring on roads are due to rashness, distracted driving and over-speeding of the concerned vehicles. To

tackle this issue, the Police Department has been conducting regular manual checking, motor bike and high way patrol checking for the strict enforcement of all existing laws and norms that have a bearing on road safety, including the provisions of the Motor Vehicle Act, in right earnest and with great vigour. Many instructions have been given from time to time from PHQ and IGP, Traffic to the District Police Chiefs for taking stringent action against Traffic Rule Violators. Special drives has been conducted by using most modern digital equipments such as speed



radars, speed detection cameras, other traffic enforcement systems etc. to detect traffic rule violations, including those who are indulging in drunken driving, rash driving, over speeding, red light jumping, racing between vehicles, violating helmet/seat belt laws etc. In addition, necessary recommendations have been given to the Motor Vehicle Department for cancellation of driving licenses in serious offences.

At present well-equipped 44 Highway Patrol Vehicles with GPS system are operating throughout the Highways 24 hrs. These Patrol Vehicles reach the accident spots immediately and taking necessary action.

Quarterly statements on traffic enforcement related to all the traffic violations are being regularly furnished by the Police Department

before the Hon'ble Supreme Court Committee on Road Safety, on time. The Committee has been verifying the report and also monitoring all the activities undertaken by the Police Department.

Vehicle- specific enforcement; Concerted and focused enforcement is maintained against buses, HTVs and commercial goods vehicles for violating the directions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India viz stopping at non-designated bus stops, wrong overtaking, not plying in the designated lane etc. Vehicles under these categories were impounded and prosecuted for violating the directions of the apex court and for committing other traffic violations.



PROSECUTION DETAILS OF MAJOR TRAFFIC OFFENCES

The details of total prosecution and prosecution for important traffic offences made by Kerala Police during the year are as follows:

| District        | No. of Prosecution Details of major traffic offences |
|-----------------|--|
| TVM CITY        | 0  |
| TVM RL          | 363  |
| KOLLAM CITY     | 118  |
| KOLLAM RL       | 66   |
| PATHANAMTHITTA  | 113  |
| ALAPPUZHA       | 137  |
| KOTTAYAM        | 265  |
| IDUKKI          | 93   |
| KOCHI CITY      | 23   |
| ERNAKULAM RL    | 246  |
| THRISSUR CITY   | 6154   |
| THRISSUR RURAL  | 4319   |
| PALAKKAD        | 7297   |
| MALAPPURAM      | 2618   |
| KOZHIKODE CITY  | 4179   |
| KOZHIKODE RURAL | 2817   |
| WAYANAD         | 3423   |
| KANNUR          | 10160  |
| KASARAGODE      | 1520   |

Reduction in road accidents remained one of the top most priorities of Kerala Police. Towards this, Kerala Police identified accident prone spots and suitable remedial measures were initiated in coordination with road owning agencies.

STATISTICS OF ROAD ACCIDENTS IN 2017 AND 2018

Accidents and Fatalities in Road Accidents: Systematic analysis of the accidents to determine the causes of accidents, time and place of accident, types of offending vehicles and suitable deployment of night checking cum patrolling parties by traffic police has resulted in a check on road accidents. Strict action was taken against drunken driving, over-speeding, red-light jumping, goods vehicles plying during restricted hours on specified roads/areas, heavy goods vehcles plying without RUPD/ LUPD etc. Engineering faults were identified and corrective remedial measures were initiated inn close coordination and cooperation of various civic road agencies which included provision of speed calming measures, closure of cuts, facilities for safe crossing of pedestrians, installation of accident prone area signages etc..

REGULATION

Focus of traffic regulation is laid on improving traffic flow on main travel corridors and to reduce journey time to benefit general public which include:

- Bus Stand Discipline: Kerala Police has initiated measures for ensuring traffic discipline by buses for the safety of commuters and for enhancing security of women, children, physically challenged and elderly persons.

- Retro Reflective Gadgetry: To ensure safety of traffic police personnel on field duties, the traffic police personnel have been provided with fluorescent jackets and light bars. Extensive use of these gadgets is being made during night hours, on VVIP routes and vital points/ intersections. Similarly, traffic police personnel have also been provided protective pollution control masks to safe guard themselves from air pollution.

ROAD SAFETY EDUCATION

Concerted education outreach with special emphasis on safety of school children, pedestrians, differently abled persons and senior citizens was undertaken and special emphasis was put on intersection discipline, one of the priority areas of Kerala Police.

COUNSELLING OF TRAFFIC VIOLATORS

Counselling sessions were conducted for violators found involved in the offences of drunken driving, over-speeding, dangerous driving, permit violations etc. Impounded vehicles of the drivers are released only after the violators attened the counselling sessions. These counselling sessions highlight the negative effects of drunken driving, over-speeding, permit violation etc. which are a threat to their safety as well as the safety of other road users.

ROAD ENGINEERING - VARIOUS TRAFFIC ENGINEERING PROPOSALS SENT, DECONGESTING PATHWAYS

Kerala Police regularly sent traffic engineering improvement proposals viz closure/ opening of cuts, creation of central verges, painting of road markings, installation of signages, repairing of roads, speed calming devices, street lights, shifting of bus stops, electricity poles etc to road owning agencies for removal of traffic congestion, ensuring safe and smooth flow of traffic and reduction in road accidents.

SPECIAL DRIVES

| District        | No. of Special drives conducted to reduce traffic accidents |
|-----------------|---|
| TVM CITY        | 27  |
| TVM RL          | 182   |
| KOLLAM CITY     | 215   |
| KOLLAM RL       | 3   |
| PATHANAMTHITTA  | 12  |
| ALAPPUZHA       | 80  |
| KOTTAYAM        | 452   |
| IDUKKI          | 345   |
| KOCHI CITY      | 108   |
| ERNAKULAM RL    | 74  |
| THRISSUR CITY   | 3 days  |
| THRISSUR RURAL  | 2 days  |
| PALAKKAD        | 45 days   |
| MALAPPURAM      | 14 days   |
| KOZHIKODE CITY  | 350 days  |
| KOZHIKODE RURAL | 365 days  |
| WAYANAD         | 18 days   |
| KANNUR          | 77 days   |
| KASARAGODE      |   |





STATISTICS OF TRAFFIC VIOLATIONS AND RECOMMENDATION FOR SUSPENSION OF DRIVING LICENSE  
SENT (01.01.2018 TO 31.12.2018)

| Sl. No. | NAME OF THE DISTRICT | RED LIGHT JUMPING                   |  | OVER SPEEDING                       |  | OVERLOADING IN GOODS CARRIAGES      |  | CARRYING PERSONS IN GOOD CARRIAGES   |  | USING MOBILE PHONE WHILE DRIVING CARRIAGES |  | DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF DRINKS / OTHER DRUGS |  |  | DRIVING PILLION RIDING WITHOUT HELMET |  | SEAT BELT VIOLATIONS                 |  |
|---------|----------------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|---|--|--|---------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|--|
|         |                      | TOTAL NUMBER OF VIOLATIONS DETECTED | TOTAL NO. OF DLS FORWARD-ED TO THE COMPETENT AUTHORITY FOR SUS-PENSION | TOTAL NUMBER OF VIOLATIONS DETECTED | TOTAL NO. OF DLS FORWARD-ED TO THE COMPETENT AUTHORITY FOR SUS-PENSION | TOTAL NUMBER OF VIOLATIONS DETECTED | TOTAL NO. OF DLS FORWARD-ED TO THE COMPETENT AUTHORITY FOR SUS-PENSION | TOTAL NUMBER OF VIOLA-TIONS DETECTED | TOTAL NO. OF DLS FORWARD-ED TO THE COMPE-TENT AUTHOR-ITY FOR SUSPEN-SION | TOTAL NUMBER OF VIOLA-TIONS DETECTED       | TOTAL NO. OF DLS FORWARD-ED TO THE COMPE-TENT AUTHOR-ITY FOR SUSPEN-SION | TOTAL NUMBER OF VIOLA-TIONS DETECTED                | TOTAL NO. OF DLS FORWARD-ED TO THE COMPE-TENT AUTHOR-ITY FOR SUSPEN-SION | TOTAL NUMBER OF PROSE-CUTIONS LAUNCHED | TOTAL NUMBER OF VIOLA-TIONS DETECTED  | TOTAL NO. OF DLS FORWARD-ED TO THE COMPE-TENT AUTHOR-ITY FOR SUSPEN-SION | TOTAL NUMBER OF VIOLA-TIONS DETECTED | TOTAL NO. OF DLS FORWARD-ED TO THE COMPE-TENT AUTHOR-ITY FOR SUSPEN-SION |
| 1       | TVM CITY             | 9256                                | 0  | 8852                                | 52   | 9290                                | 0  | 0                                    | 0  | 1448                                       | 10   | 7188  | 1274   | 1216                                   | 69115                                 | 46275  | 15341                                | 12459  |
| 2       | TVM RI               | 2594                                | 0  | 8456                                | 0  | 12922                               | 0  | 0                                    | 0  | 3815                                       | 0  | 17097   | 406  | 17097                                  | 197342                                | 97643  | 43067                                | 22676  |
| 3       | KOLLAM CITY          | 1314                                | 11   | 4313                                | 121  | 4457                                | 12   | 185                                  | 33   | 986  | 10   | 4946  | 1133   | 2659                                   | 61884                                 | 21201  | 7629                                 | 1953   |
| 4       | KOLLAM ri            | 45                                  | 0  | 8169                                | 0  | 9315                                | 0  | 0                                    | 0  | 1246                                       | 0  | 10064   | 3294   | 10064                                  | 93514                                 | 29735  | 23868                                | 15748  |
| 5       | PTA                  | 416                                 | 0  | 9643                                | 0  | 1132                                | 0  | 0                                    | 0  | 469  | 0  | 13259   | 213  | 13259                                  | 86874                                 | 86874  | 16879                                | 16879  |
| 6       | ALPY                 | 2559                                | 12   | 16689                               | 164  | 10833                               | 0  | 144                                  | 5  | 1539                                       | 131  | 18288   | 4769   | 14423                                  | 138324                                | 118664   | 11569                                | 8746   |
| 7       | KTM                  | 479                                 | 75   | 50508                               | 61   | 9320                                | 20   | 93                                   | 2  | 482  | 0  | 32658   | 11833  | 14832                                  | 168108                                | 107716   | 30231                                | 20649  |
| 8       | IDKY                 | 0                                   | 0  | 6841                                | 43   | 75                                  | 0  | 83                                   | 0  | 348  | 96   | 2625  | 184  | 2435                                   | 31396                                 | 30335  | 17326                                | 17133  |
| 9       | KOCHI CITY           | 2519                                | 0  | 14294                               | 28   | 4196                                | 2  | 81                                   | 5  | 2218                                       | 94   | 15117   | 2120   | 11435                                  | 62706                                 | 13730  | 15841                                | 3562   |
| 10      | EKM RI               | 1810                                | 8  | 19666                               | 63   | 1717 2                              | 2  | 153                                  | 0  | 1911                                       | 78   | 24370   | 3145   | 12766                                  | 48488                                 | 29083  | 17839                                | 8595   |
| 11      | TSR CITY             | 368                                 | 0  | 24880                               | 0  | 12882                               | 0  | 0                                    | 0  | 212  | 0  | 4759  | 417  | 4759                                   | 30583                                 | 30583  | 1729                                 | 1729   |
| 12      | TSR RI               | 0                                   | 0  | 18773                               | 0  | 4048                                | 0  | 0                                    | 0  | 139  | 0  | 2945  | 753  | 2945                                   | 46211                                 | 7439   | 4425                                 | 638  |
| 13      | PLKD                 | 42                                  | 0  | 35846                               | 0  | 26137                               | 0  | 0                                    | 0  | 207  | 0  | 4741  | 594  | 4741                                   | 145392                                | 102345   | 19430                                | 15505  |
| 14      | MPM                  | 0                                   | 0  | 35554                               | 0  | 9671                                | 0  | 0                                    | 0  | 4140                                       | 0  | 639   | 639  | 639                                    | 124211                                | 124211   | 27036                                | 27036  |
| 15      | KKD CITY             | 562                                 | 32   | 13506                               | 1172   | 106                                 | 0  | 0                                    | 0  | 575  | 123  | 3084  | 576  | 2806                                   | 45673                                 | 12838  | 3707                                 | 1021   |
| 16      | KKD RI               | 0                                   | 0  | 13162                               | 24   | 1860                                | 0  | 0                                    | 0  | 697  | 0  | 1409  | 393  | 1409                                   | 59569                                 | 59564  | 6668                                 | 6668   |
| 17      | WYND                 | 0                                   | 0  | 7809                                | 0  | 253                                 | 1  | 0                                    | 0  | 91   | 0  | 3102  | 1403   | 2645                                   | 28338                                 | 21624  | 13447                                | 2966   |
| 18      | KNR                  | 6                                   | 0  | 29179                               | 162  | 2372                                | 0  | 81                                   | 0  | 387  | 28   | 8433  | 3030   | 8238                                   | 10308                                 | 40992  | 10278                                | 4570   |
| 19      | KSGD                 | 0                                   | 0  | 11823                               | 0  | 443                                 | 0  | 224                                  | 0  | 662  | 4  | 1170  | 245  | 1136                                   | 36619                                 | 34370  | 8175                                 | 7104   |
| TOTAL   |                      | 21970                               | 138  | 337963                              | 1890   | 129211                              | 37   | 1044                                 | 45   | 21372                                      | 672  | 175892  | 36421  | 129502                                 | 1475655                               | 1015222  | 294483                               | 195617   |



## LOK ADALATS HELD

| District        | No. of Lok Adalats held |
|-----------------|-------------------------|
| TVM CITY        | 27                      |
| TVM RL          | 182                     |
| KOLLAM CITY     | 215                     |
| KOLLAM RL       | 3                       |
| PATHANAMTHITTA  | 12                      |
| ALAPPUZHA       | 80                      |
| KOTTAYAM        | 452                     |
| IDUKKI          | 345                     |
| KOCHI CITY      | 108                     |
| ERNAKULAM RL    | 74                      |
| THRISSUR CITY   | 3 days                  |
| THRISSUR RURAL  | 2 days                  |
| PALAKKAD        | 45 days                 |
| MALAPPURAM      | 14 days                 |
| KOZHIKODE CITY  | 350 days                |
| KOZHIKODE RURAL | 365 days                |
| WAYANAD         | 18 days                 |
| KANNUR          | 77 days                 |
| KASARAGODE      |                         |

## STEPS TO CONTROL ROAD ACCIDENTS

The Police Department has been conducting studies related to increasing number of road accidents. On analysis of road accident data, necessary directions have been given from this office to DPCs for taking effective preventive measures to reduce accidents. After conducting scientific studies, Traffic Signal Systems have been installed in highly congested and accident prone junctions to reduce traffic congestion. Speed detection cameras have been installed and are used to detect traffic rule violators including those who are indulging in rash driving, over speeding etc..

### Road safety education

In connection with traffic education and awareness, various awareness programmes on traffic related matters are being undertaken by the Kerala Police with a view to reduce accidents. To improve the efficacy of awareness programmes, Kerala Police has launched a comprehensive project named “Shubhayathra”. Many effective awareness programmes for Drivers, School Children and Public are designed and are being implemented under the Road Safety Fund under the “Shubhayathra” programme.

### Major activities under “Shubhayathra”

1. Kerala police made 10 short films named “Shubhayathra” of about 2 min duration and the same is screened in an around 150 theatres in the State, through the “Cloud Advertisers”.

2. “Activity Oriented Text Book on Traffic Awareness”, which is printed

with the message of the Goodwill Ambassador, Lt. Col. Padmasree Bharat Mohanlal of the “Shubhayathra” programme. The same has been distributed throughout the State.

3. Shubhayathra Exhibition with Goodwill Ambassador Lt. Col. Padmasree Bharat Mohanlal, - on the Theme of “Traffic Safety”. The programme has given considerable awareness to the public throughout the State on the importance of safe driving.

4. A traffic App named “Think Traffic” has already been developed. Through this App public can register auto/ taxi complaints, report live accidents including the facility for sending photographs as well as videos, report all traffic complaints, can check vehicle and offence fines etc..

5. Launched a traffic awareness video game named “Shubhayathra”, for safe driving.

6. Traffic awareness programme titled “Traffic through Magic” was designed and has been implemented at schools/ colleges of the State, as a part of “Shubhayathra” campaign in order to make the students/ youth aware about the traffic rules, principles of traffic safety and the need for safe driving, etc.. This State level awareness programme was launched at MGM Central School, Thiruvananthapuram. The awareness programme is being spread to other schools as well.

7. New Traffic Smart Classrooms were launched for awareness purposes in schools. A model Traffic Smart Classroom was already established at St. Mary’s School, Pattom. Measures have also been taken for conversion of existing classrooms to Traffic Smart Classrooms in all the 140 constituent assemblies of the State.

8. Launched a programme for the establishment of “Traffic Parks” in Schools. Initiated action for establishing the same at Govt. VHSS, Mananthavadi, Wayanad, GHSS Chala, Kannur, Govt HS, Koonathara, Palakkad and selected Schools from Ernakulam etc..

9. Numerous traffic instruction stickers were pasted on vehicles.

10. Organ donation campaigns were conducted all over Kerala.

11. Special drives were conducted against all sort of traffic violations.

12. Documentaries on road safety were exhibited all over Kerala.

13. Numerous traffic awareness booklets were distributed all over Kerala.

14. Identified traffic accident black spots and measures taken to rectify the same.

15. Different types of posters were printed and published all over Kerala on road safety.

16. Special events were conducted as road safety month, no horn day, riding with helmet etc..

17. Rallies were conducted to propagate the objectives of road safety.

18. A group of highly trained volunteers named “SOFT” (Save Our Fellow Travellers) was formed under “Shubhaythra” programme. SOFT Groups were formed with an objective to reduce fatality rate of accident victims by giving required medical assistance and to arrange transportation to a nearby hospital. Kerala Police has launched this programme as a pilot project in main two Police Districts, Thiruvananthapuram City and Rural. In Phase I, extended Trauma Care Training to the 1,200 volunteers, selected from the 26 Police Circles of Thiruvananthapuram City and Rural. The SOFT members who work voluntarily and are present at the accident scene, save road accident victims and also do proper

follow up in legal support etc. Based on the outcome of Phase I, Phase II proposal was submitted from the Office of IGP, Traffic & Road Safety Management to the Kerala Road Safety Authority. In the proposal, it is proposed to extend the programme to 11 more Police Districts. The same has got approval from the Kerala Road Safety Authority.

Student Police Cadet Project, an innovative project introduced by Govt. of Kerala, undertakes various forms of traffic awareness campaigns among the public and various road users.

### School campaigns

Many effective awareness programmes for school children are being implemented under the “Shubhayathra” programme as stated above.



## COUNSELLING OF TRAFFIC VIOLATORS

| District        | No. of Counselling of Traffic Violators |
|-----------------|---|
| TVM CITY        | 107                                     |
| TVM RL          | 114                                     |
| KOLLAM CITY     | 118                                     |
| KOLLAM RL       | 45047                                   |
| PATHANAMTHITTA  | 80                                      |
| ALAPPUZHA       | 450                                     |
| KOTTAYAM        | 276905                                  |
| IDUKKI          | 47448                                   |
| KOCHI CITY      | 9                                       |
| ERNAKULAM RL    | 28872                                   |
| THRISSUR CITY   | 164451                                  |
| THRISSUR RURAL  | 97145                                   |
| PALAKKAD        | 137850                                  |
| MALAPPURAM      | 152987                                  |
| KOZHIKODE CITY  | 181 class                               |
| KOZHIKODE RURAL | 57690                                   |
| WAYANAD         | 125144                                  |
| KANNUR          | 45190                                   |
| KASARAGODE      |   |

## USE OF MODERN TECHNOLOGY – E-CHALLANS, RED LIGHT VIOLATION DETECTION, SPEED CHECK, CAMERAS, SOCIAL MEDIA ETC.

Kerala Police has taken steps for fully automating the enforcement of fines through e-Challan system throughout Kerala by deploying hand-held computer enabled devices with built-in printers. The Department has selected HDFC Bank for implementation of the same.

The Police Department has also initiated action for installation of automatic Traffic Rule Violation Detection Cameras throughout the roads of Kerala and also issuing notice to the petitioner by speed post. A proposal in this regard entitled “Integrated Digital Traffic Enforcement System” has been accepted by the Govt. and the Police Department has invited global tenders for the same. As part of this project, Kerala Police would like to install and connect around 200 Speed-limit Violation Detection Systems (SVDS), 400 AI Camera (Artificial intelligent) based Enforcement Systems, 60 Mobile SVDS systems with vehicles, 30 Red-light Violation Detection Systems (RLVD) and 100 Helmet Absence Detection Systems (HADS) and the proposed ITES system will identify non-compliance of the Expired Pollution Under Control (PUC) Certificate. With the integration of these kind of modern technologies, well equipped traffic control rooms that are being planned, the Department will be able to monitor Traffic Congestion, Traffic Rule Violations and also issue e-Challans to offenders.



TRAFFIC AND ROAD SAFETY MANAGEMENT UNIT

The post of Inspector General of Police, Traffic & Road Safety Management has been created by the Government for the purpose of ensuring better traffic enforcement and for enforcement of laws relating to traffic safety to Kerala. Inspector General of Police, Traffic is a member of the:

- 1. Kerala Road Safety Authority
- 2. Executive Committee of the Road Safety Authority
- 3. State Transport Authority representing the Police Department

Inspector General of Police, Traffic is responsible for the enforcement of laws and rules relating to safety of traffic on all roads and public places and for the general management and co-ordination of Highway

Patrol on National and State Highways. With the assistance of District Police Chiefs organise enforcement drives on matters relating to safety on the roads. Co-ordinate and supervise accident prevention and traffic regulation studies for the purpose of reduction of accidents and for improving traffic flow and management. With the co-operation of Inspector General of Police, SCRB maintain statistics relating to road traffic as well as road accidents. Monitor proper utilisation of Road Safety Funds allotted to Police Department and of Road Safety equipment in the possession of the Police Department.

Two posts of Superintendents of Police (Traffic), South Zone and North Zone have been created for assisting Inspector General of Police, Traffic in traffic management and enforcement of traffic laws.



STATISTICAL ANALYSIS ON TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS IN KERALA DURING 2018 COMPARED TO 2016 AND 2017

One of the leading causes of death across all age groups in the State is due to traffic accidents. As it is an important public health and developmental problem, Kerala Police has been taking all possible measures and also implementing new programmes/projects to reduce the accident rate, based on the analysis of traffic accident details. On analysis of the accident data of last three years, it was noted that, there is a gradual upward trend of accidents during 2018 compared to 2016 and 2017. But it is also noted that the vehicular growth has been increasing in the State, in an unprecedented manner. The number of total registered vehicles has recorded a higher growth rate of about 10 lakh vehicles per year, during the last three years. The alarming facet of this growth has been an increase in exposure risk for both vehicles and people, while they are on roads. During this year the road condition was very bad especially after the severe flooding. Hence slight increase in accident rate during this year can be attributed to the increase in the number of vehicles, severe flooding during this year etc..

TYPE OF ROAD ACCIDENTS IN 2018 VIS-À-VIS 2017

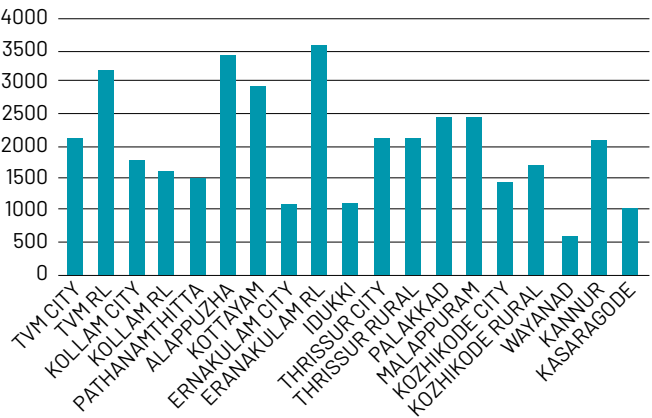
There is a 3% increase in fatal accidents during 2018 from 2017.

6.5% is the grievous accident increase percentage during 2018 from 2017.

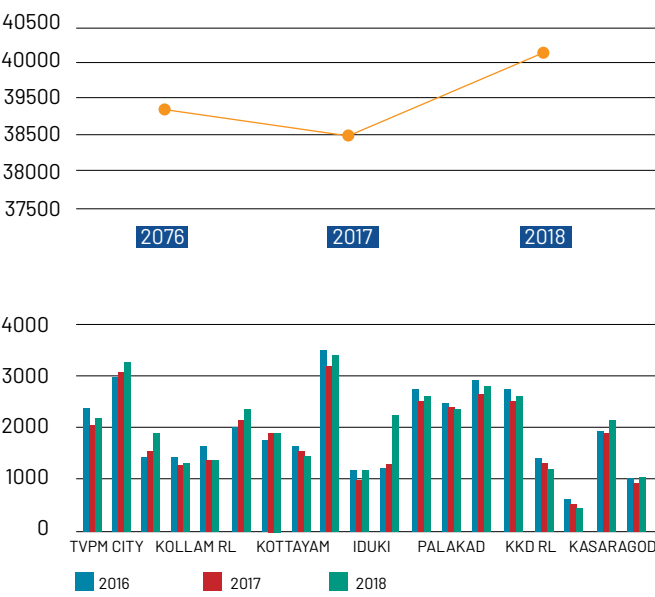
During the year 2018, in addition to 4,259 fatalities, 45,414 persons were injured in Kerala in various traffic accidents during the year 2018, which is marginally more to the total accidents in 2016 and 2017.

| Type of road accident     | 2017  | 2018  | % change over previous year |
|---------------------------|-------|-------|-----------------------------|
| Fatal accident            | 4131  | 4259  | 3                           |
| Grievous injury accidents | 29733 | 31687 | 6.5                         |
| Minor injury accidents    | 12938 | 13727 | 6                           |
| Non-injury accidents      | 1527  | 1422  | -6.8                        |

ROAD ACCIDENT CASES IN 2018 (DISTRICT-WISE COMPARISON)



COMPARISON OF ROAD ACCIDENTS FROM 2016 TO 2018

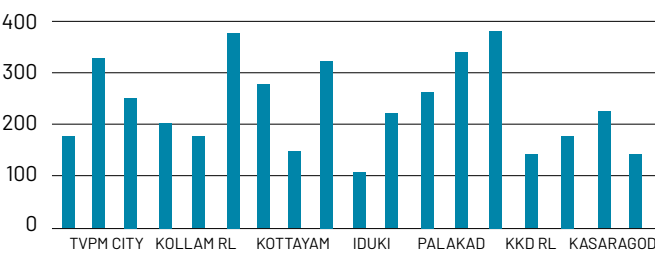


On comparison of road accident figures of last three years, it was noted that, the accident rate declined in 2017 from 2016. However the accident rate increased in 2018 compared to 2017. Most of the districts in the state has shown the same trend, in total accidents, where an increasing trend is seen.

Thiruvananthapuram Rural, Kollam city, Alappuzha, Kottayam and Thrissur city has shown a trend in which accident rate has increased continuously in the last two years.

Ernakulam city, Trissur Rual, Palakkad, Kozhikkode city and Wayanad have shown a slight decrease in accident rates in the last two years. Thrissur Rural is the only district in Kerala which has shown a visible decrease in the accident rate during the year 2018, compared to previous years. Thrissur city has shown that a sharp increase in the accident rate during the year 2018, compared to previous years.

ROAD ACCIDENT FATALITIES IN 2018

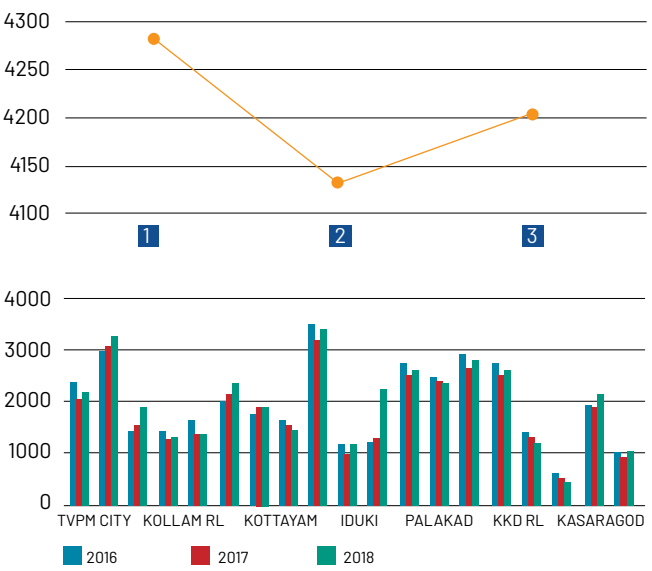


In 2018, the fatality rate was high in Alappuzha (365), Malappuram (361) and Palakkad (343) districts

The number of traffic accident fatalities were low in Wayanad (73) and Idukki (88) districts

It is noted that, traffic accident fatalities are highest in Alappuzha district in the year 2018 with 8.7 % of the State total. Whereas the least number of fatalities occurred in Wayanad District with only 1.7 % of State total.

COMPARISON OF ROAD ACCIDENT FATALITIES FROM 2016 TO 2018



On comparison of road accident figures of the last three years, it was noted that, the number of fatalities declined in 2017 from 2016. But the traffic accident fatalities slightly increased from 2017 to 2018. However, it is noted that the traffic accident fatalities has declined in 2018 in comparison with the fatality rate of 2016. But total number of accident cases increased in 2018, compared to 2016 & 2017

The number of traffic accident fatalities sharply increased in Thrissur city during the year 2018 compared to both 2017 and 2016

Thrissur Rural and Malappuram are the two districts in Kerala, which have shown a decline in traffic accident fatalities in both 2017 and 2018 from 2016

MONTHLY COMPARISON OF TRAFFIC ACCIDENT INJURIES IN 2018

| Month     | GRIEVOUSLY INJURED | MINOR INJURIES | NON INJURED |
|-----------|--------------------|----------------|-------------|
| January   | 2950               | 1255           | 120         |
| February  | 2742               | 1055           | 100         |
| March     | 2785               | 1172           | 108         |
| April     | 2589               | 1188           | 124         |
| May       | 2799               | 1271           | 133         |
| June      | 2552               | 1142           | 126         |
| July      | 2311               | 1203           | 137         |
| August    | 2302               | 1071           | 118         |
| September | 2537               | 1157           | 107         |
| October   | 2649               | 1017           | 131         |
| November  | 2735               | 1136           | 101         |
| December  | 2736               | 1060           | 117         |



- Grievous injuries and minor injuries were very high during the month of January 2018 and December 2018
  - Grievous injuries was very low in August 2018 whereas minor injuries were low during December 2018
- Sabarimala Traffic is one of the major reasons for increase in accident during the end of the year
  - Accidents also tend to increase during the festival seasons of April/ May 2018

COMPARISON OF ACCIDENTS BASED ON TYPES OF ROADS

| MONTH        | NH   | SH   | OTHER ROADS |
|--------------|------|------|-------------|
| January      | 849  | 667  | 2145        |
| February     | 776  | 653  | 2008        |
| March        | 845  | 673  | 1944        |
| April        | 808  | 667  | 1860        |
| May          | 851  | 738  | 2008        |
| June         | 749  | 622  | 1841        |
| July         | 714  | 522  | 1818        |
| August       | 741  | 507  | 1681        |
| September    | 812  | 681  | 1798        |
| October      | 834  | 684  | 1795        |
| November     | 794  | 751  | 1898        |
| December     | 810  | 1060 | 1977        |
| Annual Total | 9583 | 7922 | 22773       |

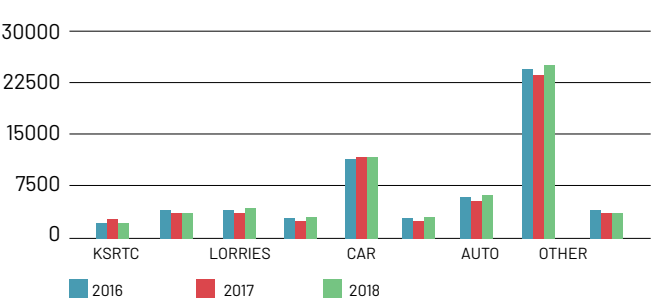
- Accident rate in NH is higher than the SH
- But accident rate in other roads are very high compared to both NH and SH

| MONTH/YEAR   | KSRTC | PVT BUS | LORRIES | MINI BUS | CAR   | JEEP | AUTO | TWO WHEELER | OTHER |
|--------------|-------|---------|---------|----------|-------|------|------|-------------|-------|
| January      | 86    | 221     | 208     | 83       | 983   | 61   | 399  | 2155        | 181   |
| February     | 84    | 170     | 184     | 54       | 873   | 67   | 421  | 2160        | 213   |
| March        | 85    | 185     | 258     | 56       | 912   | 67   | 382  | 2114        | 224   |
| April        | 63    | 203     | 229     | 58       | 958   | 51   | 392  | 1939        | 223   |
| May          | 77    | 225     | 278     | 78       | 101   | 76   | 742  | 4206        | 5233  |
| June         | 67    | 210     | 182     | 64       | 865   | 68   | 409  | 1871        | 200   |
| July         | 99    | 232     | 177     | 39       | 905   | 58   | 367  | 1761        | 170   |
| August       | 73    | 205     | 144     | 28       | 861   | 48   | 325  | 1775        | 175   |
| September    | 82    | 202     | 212     | 29       | 917   | 52   | 376  | 2120        | 180   |
| October      | 86    | 215     | 218     | 62       | 853   | 56   | 390  | 2150        | 162   |
| November     | 71    | 245     | 210     | 70       | 864   | 59   | 414  | 2144        | 202   |
| December     | 90    | 244     | 201     | 52       | 952   | 68   | 436  | 2233        | 175   |
| Annual Total | 963   | 2557    | 2501    | 673      | 10960 | 722  | 4735 | 24487       | 2338  |

COMPARISON OF ACCIDENTS BASED ON TYPES OF VEHICLES DURING 2018

- Two wheeler accident is still very high in the state which is followed by car accidents during the year 2018.

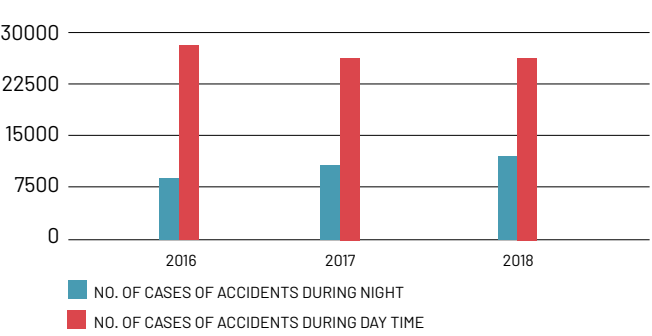
COMPARISON OF ACCIDENTS BASED ON TYPES OF VEHICLES DURING LAST THREE YEARS



- Accidents involving KSRTC Buses, Private Buses and Jeeps have decreased in 2018 compared to both 2016 & 2017
- Mini Bus accidents have increased in both 2017 and 2018 from 2016
- Accidents involving rest of the vehicles show a general trend in which accident rate was highest in 2016, decreased in 2017 and again increased in 2018

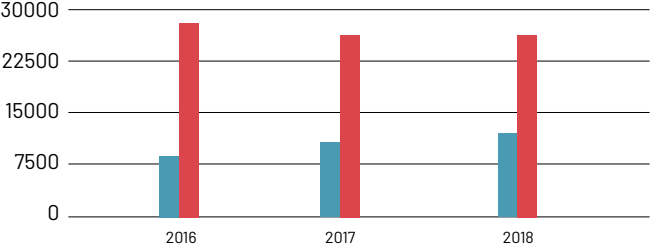


COMPARISON OF ACCIDENT CASES DURING DAY AND NIGHT FOR THE LAST THREE YEARS



- Number of accident cases during day time was highest in 2016, which decreased in 2017 and again increased in 2018.
- Accident rate during night time has increased continuously from 2016 to 2018
- More enforcement is required in the night, to ensure that these cases are brought down drastically

TOTAL AMOUNT COLLECTED AS COMPOUNDING FEE



- The amount collected as compounding fee has decreased during 2018, compared to both 2016 and 2017

DETAILS OF MONTH WISE DEATHS IN KERALA FOR THE YEAR 2018

| DISTRICT   | JANUARY | FEBRUARY | MARCH | APRIL | MAY | JUNE | JULY | AUGUST | SEPTEMBER | OCTOBER | NOVEMBER | DECEMBER |
|------------|---------|----------|-------|-------|-----|------|------|--------|-----------|---------|----------|----------|
| TVPM C     | 21      | 15       | 11    | 13    | 11  | 17   | 14   | 17     | 14        | 92      | 22       | 9        |
| TVPM RL    | 25      | 29       | 29    | 31    | 22  | 32   | 26   | 22     | 28        | 20      | 28       | 39       |
| KLM CITY   | 20      | 19       | 18    | 22    | 14  | 16   | 82   | 41     | 91        | 81      | 92       | 5        |
| KLM RL     | 16      | 29       | 18    | 23    | 18  | 14   | 11   | 17     | 16        | 61      | 62       | 5        |
| PTA        | 15      | 91       | 29    | 10    | 11  | 16   | 61   | 11     | 11        | 11      | 7        |          |
| ALP        | 33      | 28       | 36    | 32    | 27  | 28   | 22   | 31     | 32        | 34      | 22       | 33       |
| KTM        | 33      | 27       | 27    | 26    | 25  | 21   | 13   | 20     | 17        | 17      | 23       | 31       |
| EKM C      | 12      | 15       | 59    | 22    | 13  | 58   | 18   | 12     | 13        | 8       |          |          |
| EKM RL     | 21      | 31       | 23    | 24    | 32  | 12   | 26   | 24     | 21        | 20      | 31       | 39       |
| IDK        | 21      | 51       | 29    | 74    | 91  | 41   | 07   | 6      |           |         |          |          |
| TSR RURAL  | 38      | 21       | 22    | 33    | 18  | 91   | 61   | 22     | 11        | 12      | 23       | 2        |
| PKD        | 38      | 37       | 36    | 40    | 34  | 29   | 26   | 19     | 17        | 18      | 22       | 27       |
| MPM        | 30      | 11       | 37    | 35    | 35  | 34   | 34   | 23     | 33        | 23      | 29       | 30       |
| KKD C      | 99      | 11       | 15    | 13    | 18  | 91   | 06   | 12     | 11        | 11      |          |          |
| KKD RL     | 17      | 11       | 82    | 12    | 11  | 51   | 21   | 31     | 51        | 31      | 12       | 1        |
| WND        | 81      | 01       | 67    | 43    | 43  | 26   | 54   |        |           |         |          |          |
| KNR        | 13      | 20       | 19    | 20    | 29  | 16   | 19   | 11     | 14        | 18      | 21       | 23       |
| KSD        | 11      | 14       | 31    | 11    | 31  | 51   | 85   | 81     | 25        | 11      |          |          |
| STATE TOT. | 372     | 356      | 349   | 388   | 375 | 326  | 307  | 283    | 311       | 276     | 338      | 427      |

- The number of fatalities was high during December
- The number of fatalities was low during October





# CHAPTER 08

**WOMEN SAFETY &  
MODERNISATION**



WOMEN SELF DEFENSE TRAINING PROGRAM

The vulnerability of women and young girls is a major factor contributing to the instances of crime against women. As a confidence building measure and to integrate the women in society to fight against atrocities with confidence, the Kerala Police Department has formulated and implemented a project to provide Self Defense Training to women and young girls in all Districts. The program is now going on all over the state fervently creating much hope and enthusiasm among all the sections of women like school- college students, office goers and other working women, house wives and the like.

Women Self Defense Training Program is a unique initiative of Kerala Police under its Community Policing Project. This project aims at empowering women through comprehensive awareness and practical training program. It aims at imparting training to one lakh women this year. Already more than 3.8 lakh women have been trained in two years under this mammoth initiative. This special programme for women's self defense has become extremely popular among the women folk of Kerala. No agency ever in our country ventured to impart WSDT hands-on training in such a big scale. When completed this would be a record. The salient features of the project are: Empowering women through comprehensive awareness and practical training program that includes



- Confidence building tips to transform from a victim nature to smart nature.
- Awareness on Legal aspects of crime against women
- Awareness on Police facilities for ensuring the safety of women
- Simple defense techniques to combat various threat situations like bag snatching, chain snatching, Sexual attacks, eve teasing, bus/ metro threats, lift attack, ATM attack, domestic violence etc.
- Nature of attacks and attackers and how to confront a dangerous situation.
- Awareness on Aspects of women empowerment.

As part of the program, permanent training centers will be set up in all districts in addition to local training programs. The centers will prepare women to defend themselves during incidents of physical conflict. They

will be trained in physical defense techniques to protect themselves from harassment on buses and trains, chain-snatching, acid attacks, sexual assault, domestic violence and harassment inside closed spaces such as lifts and ATMs. The defense techniques will be quite simple compared to complex fighting forms such as Karate and Kalari and it can be learnt within a short period of time. Apart from physical self-defense methods, the centers will conduct programmes to raise awareness of laws that protect women's rights, methods to prevent harassment and systems for police protection from harassment. The training will include psychological techniques to improve confidence and individuality among women. A syllabus of 40- 60 hours in total has been devised for the programme. The permanent training centers have been set up in 19 police districts, at a cost of Rs. 3 lakh each. A state level center will also be set up in Thiruvananthapuram. Apart from this, training programmes centred on schools, colleges, office complexes and residents' associations are also being held in all districts. Above 600 female police officers across the State have been trained to conduct the programme.

DETAILS OF SELF DEFENSE TECHNIQUES TRAINING - 2018

| SL. No. | DISTRICT | NO OF SCHOOLS | NO OF SCHOOL STUDENTS TRAINED | NO OF COLLEGES | NO OF COLLEGE STUDENTS TRAINED | NO OF PERSONS TRAINED IN RESIDENCE / OTHERS | NO OF PERSONS TRAINED IN THE CENTRE | TOTAL  |
|---------|----------|---------------|-------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|--------|
| 1       | TVM CITY | 65            | 8082                          | 21             | 2409                           | 11451                                       | 318                                 | 22260  |
| 2       | TVM RL   | 0             | 5022                          | 0              | 3918                           | 1910  | 0                                   | 10850  |
| 3       | KLM CITY | 10            | 6000                          | 15             | 5800                           | 1680  | 0                                   | 13480  |
| 4       | KLM RL   | 23            | 3240                          | 9              | 3740                           | 872   | 0                                   | 7852   |
| 5       | PTA      | 60            | 9367                          | 6              | 1231                           | 2228  | 0                                   | 12826  |
| 6       | KTM      | 88            | 13060                         | 19             | 1323                           | 4662  | 0                                   | 19045  |
| 7       | IDK      | 60            | 9367                          | 6              | 1231                           | 2228  | 0                                   | 12826  |
| 8       | ALPY     | 38            | 5063                          | 17             | 1035                           | 18390                                       | 552                                 | 25040  |
| 9       | EKM CITY | 42            | 5171                          | 18             | 1803                           | 6927  | 1041                                | 14942  |
| 10      | EKM RL   | 39            | 4454                          | 7              | 833                            | 1294  | 444                                 | 7025   |
| 11      | TSR CITY | 65            | 6785                          | 18             | 2800                           | 3185  | 360                                 | 13130  |
| 12      | TSR RL   | 35            | 4436                          | 13             | 2340                           | 1277  | 0                                   | 8053   |
| 13      | PKD      | 38            | 6709                          | 23             | 6594                           | 4647  | 138                                 | 18088  |
| 14      | MLPM     | 34            | 2960                          | 15             | 1816                           | 1917  | 850                                 | 7083   |
| 15      | KKD CITY | 7             | 4300                          | 7              | 3200                           | 8950  | 0                                   | 16450  |
| 16      | KKD RL   | 59            | 5500                          | 8              | 784                            | 500   | 500                                 | 7284   |
| 17      | WYND     | 11            | 1079                          | 11             | 702                            | 1387  | 450                                 | 3649   |
| 18      | KNR      | 55            | 6000                          | 10             | 2000                           | 8600  | 0                                   | 16100  |
| 19      | KSGD     | 17            | 819                           | 22             | 6975                           | 1548  | 400                                 | 9742   |
|         | TOTAL    | 746           | 107414                        | 245            | 50534                          | 83653                                       | 5053                                | 245725 |





## WOMEN CELL

PHONE: 0471-2338100

E-MAIL: [www.spwomen.pol@kerala.gov.in](mailto:www.spwomen.pol@kerala.gov.in)



A State Women Cell is functioning at Thiruvananthapuram, Kerala. A Superintendent of Police is the head of the State Women Cell. In addition to this, One District Women Cell is also functioning in all Police Districts in Kerala, each headed by a Woman Circle Inspector. They look into the grievances of Women, particularly, harassment against women, neglect, desertion, not recognizing her rights, and even family discords, etc. Women approach these Cells without any hesitation and fear, and receive counseling, on various matters in free of cost. Many-a-time the Women Cells act as interveners and help Women to find a compromise in family problems, discords, etc.

Women's Cell under Police Head Quarters (Kerala State) came into existence on 01.07.96 vide Govt.Order No.5494/96/GAD dt. 25.06.96 in order to look into atrocities against women. For this purpose, three wings have been set up:-

- Family Welfare Wing
- Crime Wing
- Administrative Wing

## VANITHA PS

This is a Police Station exclusively under women police officers. It deals with cases related to women only. Officers of the Vanitha Police Station will also perform law & order duty. A Sub Inspector heads the Vanitha Police Station. Vanitha PS, in appropriate circumstances, registers cases against culprits.

Now there are 10 Vanitha police stations in Kerala. These are in Thiruvananthapuram City, Kollam City, Kottayam, Alappuzha, Kochi City, Thrissur City, Thrissur Rural, Kozhokode City, Kannur and Malappuram.

## COUNSELLING SERVICE OF KERALA POLICE

Effective counselling has been given to the persons who are in need by Kerala Police. For the very purpose, a family counselling Centre is functioning in State Women's Cell, Thiruvananthapuram with the co ordination of Social Welfare Board under State Women and Child Department. In almost entire District Women's Cells, a counselling centre is functioning in the name of Crime Prevention Counselling Centre, in co ordination with Social Welfare Board ,Social Justice Department and also from the Direct Selection from the eligible persons

in the field. Only suitable persons are performing their duty earnestly in this area. Even though they get meagre honorarium, they wholeheartedly do the work in an appreciable manner. Most percentage of famliiy issues could be solved by the active interventions of the family counsellors.

## EMERGENCY RESPONSE SERVICE (HELP LINES, PINK PATROL)

ERS in India - 112  
National Women Help Line No - Mithra 181  
Police control room - 100  
Pink police Patrol - 1515  
Crime Stopper - 1090  
Vanitha Help Line - 1091  
Kerala Police Help Line - 7025800100  
Police SMS Alert - 9497900000  
Anti Ragging Helpline - 18001805522  
Child Help Line - 1098  
Citizen call Centre - 04712335523  
Nirbhaya - 181 04712331059

## PINK POLICE PATROL



Kerala police introduced 'Pink Beat' patrol for enhancing the safety for women and children in public places. The Pink Beat includes specially trained women police personnel. These police personnel will patrol on KSRTC and private stage carriers and will be present at bus stops, schools, colleges and other public places. They will assist women, children and senior citizens travelling on buses. The Pink Patrol team will operate under the supervision of District Police Chief.

The role of these police personnel are

- Ensure the reserved seats in KSRTC or private buses for women and physically challenged are not misused by the general public
- Shutting down any avenue of eve -teasing or molestation threats
- Assist children and passengers with physical disabilities to reach their destination.

The Patrol cars have been equipped with GPS tracking devices as well as cameras installed on the front and rear sides of the vehicles. The camera sends continuous visuals to the control room. An officer from control room can inspect these visuals in real time and deploy additional forces to various areas whenever necessary. These patrol vehicles are led by a woman police officer and have two other women police personnel. The patrol is deployed in areas that have high presence of women and functions from 8 am to 8 pm.

These personnel also look out for anti-social activities at bus stops, schools and other prime target areas.

## INTRODUCTION

Pink Police Patrol Control Room and the Pink Police Patrol Vehicle, a notable venture implemented by Kerala Police is a successful attempt in preventing atrocities & crimes against women and children. Pink

Police Patrol was inaugurated in Thiruvananthapuram City on 15th August 2016 and extended to 15 Police Districts gradually(except Kollam Rural, Thrissur Rural Wayanad, Kozhikkode Rural)

## AIM OF THE PROJECT

The aim of the project is to provide immediate relief to women and children in distress by reaching out to them within minimum response time.Pink Police Control Room will handle all the calls received through the dial free number 1515, SOS signals, SMS, email and Web requests.

**Duties and Responsibilities:** During the patrolling, if any atrocity against women & children is noticed, PPPV should promptly attend to it and immediately pass on the information to the Police Station having jurisdiction over the place of incident. During peak time, the patrolling party, except drivers should perform duty at congested/crowded areas like School/College, Bus Stand, Offices etc. PPP Vehicle party shall be alert in their duty with utmost visibility to ensure the safety of women & children during peak time and thereby boosting the confidence and bringing the sense of security among the women commuters in the city.

**Training:** Special Training has been given to the Pink Police Personnel

for operating the equipment fitted in the vehicles and Control Room by CDAC and KELTRON. In addition to that adequate training on dealing with public especially with women in distress, has been given to the Women Police officers working in Pink Police Patrol. Gender awareness training was conducted in PTC for the officers to sensitize them on Gender issues and the methodology to address these issues. A weekly briefing on every Monday is being conducted by the ACP, Control Room, Thiruvananthapuram City to review and improve the system from time to time.

**Pink Police Control Room:** Pink Police Control Room facilitates the smooth functioning of Pink Police Patrol. Pink Police Patrol and Control Room are connected with GPS System and VHF is also provided for the speedy communication.The technical support is provided by Centre for Development of Advanced Computing (C-DAC) and KELTRON. The system is a miniature version of National Emergency Response System developed by C-DAC. GIS map will indicate the location of the incident and the nearby rescue vehicles. Once the cases are recorded, it will be dispatched to the nearest vehicle that can take up the mission. All voice and data will be logged and reports can be generated.If the action is beyond the control of PPPV, the Commander should inform the same to the City Police Control Room or to the concerned Police Station.





THE PRESENT STRENGTH DETAILS OF ALL THE DISTRICTS ARE GIVEN AS FOLLOWS

| PRESENT STRENGTH DETAILS OF PINK POLICE PATROL IN THE S2tATE |                          |                              |                    |                 |                                   |
|--|--------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|
| SL. No.  | NAME OF THE DISTRICT     | STRENGTH OF POLICE PERSONNEL | NUMBER OF VEHICLES | DATE OF OPENING | REMARK                            |
| 1  | THIRUVANANTHAPURAM CITY  | 31                           | 3                  | 15-082017       | Proper Functioning                |
| 2  | THIRUVANANTHAPURAM RURAL | 22                           | 2                  | 30-04-2018      |                                   |
| 3  | KOLLAM CITY              | 14                           | 2                  | 04-01-2017      |                                   |
| 4  | PATHANAMTHITTA           | 8                            | 2                  | 22-05-2018      |                                   |
| 5  | ALAPPUZHA                | 18                           | 2                  | 09-07-2018      |                                   |
| 6  | KOTTAYAM                 | 11                           | 2                  | 26-06-2017      | Not specified strength or vehicle |
| 7  | IDUKKI                   | 5                            |                    | 20-07-2017      |                                   |
| 8  | ERNAKULAM CITY           | 26                           | 2                  | 22-11-2016      |                                   |
| 9  | ERNAKULAM RURAL          | 3                            |                    | 22-11-2016      |                                   |
| 10   | THRISSUR CITY            | 9                            | 2                  | 17-12-2016      |                                   |
| 11   | PALAKKAD                 | 13                           | 1                  | 16-06-2018      | Not specified strength or vehicle |
| 12   | MALAPPURAM               | 12                           |                    | 06-06-2018      |                                   |
| 13   | KOZHIKKODE CITY          | 18                           | 2                  | 27-02-2017      |                                   |
| 14   | KANNUR                   | 23                           | 2                  | 01-02-2017      |                                   |
| 15   | KASARAGOD                | 12                           | 1                  | 00/05/2018      |                                   |

MAJOR ACHIEVEMENTS OF PPP

Around 2500 calls are received in a month to the PPP Control room. In Thiruvananthapuram City in 2017, 60 cases were registered in different Police Stations by the interventions of Pink Police Patrol. In 2018 it becomes 32, till date. POCSO, NDPS, Abkari cases are also included. Different Officers of the Pink Police Patrol Vehicleswere awarded GSE for the appreciable work done by them in different occasions. In the entire state, there is not a single registered complaint against Pink Police Patrol and the inaction of the Police Personnel except some baseless allegations, which were published in some daily only for devaluing the action of the Police before the public.

AREAS FOR IMPROVEMENT

**Strength:** Present strength allotted for the Pink Patrol is not sufficient. The shortage of women police officers in the district often affects the functioning of the Pink patrol system. Adequate strength should be given as per the current crime status in the District and its population.

**Vehicle:** Presently, the patrolling vehicles used in some districts are quite old and are in offload condition for most of the days in a month. Hence new vehicles to be allotted in orderto provide an uninterrupted service to the public.

**Training:** The officers working in patrol vehicle are often transferred due to some personal and administrative reasons. Hence training need to be given at frequent intervals (atleast quarterly).

Timely software updation is needed from CDAC

**Jurisdiction:** Though Pink Police Patrol systems are introduced in many districts, this facility is inaccessible for those in the interior area. Hence, it is suggested to introduce the system in sub divisional level during next phase of implementation.

**Welfare:** Though the patrolling team has a base station, it is often difficult to find a resting/refreshing place while patrolling. Presently, they manage to get access to washrooms of some shops/offices and even houses on their personal request. This can be avoided and necessary toilet facilities need to be identified in the patrolling route, which will increase their self-esteem in one way and efficiency of patrolling on the other way.

**Supervision:** Weekly and Monthly review meetings are conducted at the district level. At the same time, state level monitoring is required for overall coordination, ensuring uniformity in the implementation of the system and capacity building. Hence, it is suggested to appoint a State level Nodal Officer to monitor the overall works including adequate and timely training, solving the grievances of Police Personnel and for all administrative purpose which increase the efficiency of the Pink Police Patrol in the entire state.

**Interdepartmental Coordination:** During patrolling duty, Pink patrol team often encounters women and children in need of immediate care and protection, who are wandering in the road. After rescue, the patrol team is entrusted with the huge responsibility of providing safe shelter and sometimes immediate medical attention resulting in increased pressure on the officer both functionally and mentally. Hence proper co-ordination and sensitization of other department like Department of Women and Child Development and Department of Health is urgently required.

CHILD WELFARE POLICE OFFICER & SPECIAL JUVENILE POLICE UNIT.

As per, Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act, 2015 (107) Child Welfare Police Officer and Special Juvenile Police Unit.

1. In every police station, at least one officer, not below the rank of assistant sub-inspector, with aptitude, appropriate training and

orientation may be designated as the child welfare police officer to exclusively deal with children either as victims or perpetrators, in co-ordination with the police, voluntary and non-governmental organisations.

2. To co-ordinate all functions of police related to children, the State Government shall constitute Special Juvenile Police Units in each district and city, headed by a police officer not below the rank of a Deputy Superintendent of Police or above and consisting of all police officers designated under sub-section (1) and two social workers having experience of working in the field of child welfare, of whom one shall be a woman.

3. All police officers of the Special Juvenile Police Units shall be provided special training, especially at induction as child welfare police officer, to enable them to perform their functions more effectively.

4. Special Juvenile Police Unit also includes Railway police dealing with children.



ROLE OF THE POLICE IN SJPU AND AS CWOs

It is principally the police who arrests the juvenile and produces him before the Juvenile Justice Board. It is seldom, that a juvenile is produced by a non-public party or voluntary organization. Hence, a juvenile's first contact with the juvenile justice system is through the police. A non-public party or voluntary organization producing a juvenile before the Juvenile Justice Board ought to preferably inform the police regarding such production. Pending production before the Board, the juvenile is to be kept within the Observation Home. Under no scenario should a juvenile be kept within the police lock-up or jail. The SJPU or juvenile welfare officer should inform the parent or guardian or any other person of the juvenile's choice regarding the juvenile's apprehension. It is the police who investigates a juvenile case, and submits the charge-sheet before the competent authority and also on completion of inquiry, accompany the juvenile to the Special Home, or to his place of residence when below eighteen years of age.

The dispensing of distinct treatment to juveniles as supposed under juvenile legislation is defeated if the police treat juveniles in the same manner as they treat hardened offenders. So the Statement of Objects and Reasons of JJA 2000 embody 'creating special juvenile police units with a humane approach through sensitization and training of police personnel. Consequently, JJA 2000 envisages the setting-up of the SJPU in each district and town, and also the designation of a minimum of one police officer hooked up to a police headquarters as "the juvenile or the child welfare officer". JJA 2000 provides the police the authority to immediately on apprehension release a juvenile on bail. The same provision was contained in JJA 1986 and BCA 1948. However the police, even though the crime speculated to have been committed is insignificant, do not release a juvenile on bail as they would, an adult, alleged to have committed aailable offence. This cannot be the right practice. In the case of a juvenile it is not the offence that determines whether or not he ought to be discharged on bail or not, but the juvenile's situation, which can solely be determined by a body having the requisite experience and assistance. Moreover, the police's call to grant bail is also based on extraneous reasons, and leads to capriciousness. A juvenile's behavior and attitude make a difference in a police officer's use of discretion. A youth who is polite and respectful is more probable to induce off with a reprimand, whereas a negative and hostile perspective is probably going to lead to a court referral. Welfare of the juvenile is the principle on which all juvenile systems are based.

Special juvenile police unit includes law enforcement officials who manage juveniles or are primarily engaged within the prevention of juvenile crime or handling of the juveniles or youngsters under this Act to perform their functions more effectively; they shall be specially tutored and trained. In every police headquarters a minimum of one officer with ability and appropriate training and orientation is also designated as the 'juvenile or the child welfare officer' who can handle the juvenile or the child in co-ordination with the police. Special juvenile police unit, of which all the law enforcement officials designated as above, to handle juveniles or youngsters will be members, may be created in each district and town to co-ordinate and to upgrade the police treatment of the juveniles and the children.

In Kerala SJPU and CWPOs have already been created in all districts including railway police, as per the Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act, 2015 (107) and have functioned in an effective manner till date.



## STATE WOMEN CELL

The State Women Cell situated at the B1 & B2 quarters of Police Training College, Thiruvananthapuram is functioning under the direct control of the State Police Chief. It is headed by a Superintendent of Police. There is a DySP, 3 WSI, 4 Senior Civil Police Officers and 9 Civil Police Officers in the Cell.

The District Women Cells are functioning in 17 Police Districts in the State. There is a Women Circle Inspector in each Cell and Civil Police Officers in order to handle cases against women. These Cells are administered and controlled by the Superintendent of State Women Cell or concerned District Police Chiefs and DySPs of Crime Detachments of the Districts.

The main functions of the Cells are to prevent eve-teasing and atrocities against women especially in public places, bus stands, railway stations, etc. The Cells take stock of the cases against the harassment of women. In order to make people aware of the law and justice prevailing in the country, the Cells conduct Study Classes, Seminars etc. if it is necessary. The Women Cells also conduct Petition Adalath so as to provide justice to women against all kinds of atrocities.

## WOMEN POLICE BATTALION

As the first step towards increasing women representation, a Women Police Battalion: for the exclusive recruitment and training of women police constables was envisaged. The first ever Women Police Battalion in Kerala Police was created during January 2017. Initially the Women Police Battalion has been given a total strength of 451 posts, including 1 Commandant, 20 Women Police Havildars, 380 Women Police Constables, 5 Drivers, 10 Technical Category personnel, 1 Armourer ASI, 20 Camp Followers, 1 Administrative Assistant, 1 Junior Superintendent,

1 Cashier, 8 Clerks, 2 Typists and 1 Office Assistant. Later the Government issued orders that the recruitment of women police constables should be made only through the Women Police Battalion from the rank list of the respective districts. Subsequently around 10 acres of land at Games Village, Menamkulam near Kazhakuttam was allotted by the Government for setting up the Battalion Headquarters. 90 prefab structures constructed during the National Games are renovated and are being used to accommodate the Women Police Constables. The existing two storied concrete building and other structures were also renovated and are presently earmarked as the offices for Battalion Headquarters. The first ever Women Commando unit with 50 Commandos have been sanctioned by the Government. The training of the 1st batch of Women Police constables comprising 605 candidates commenced at Kerala Police Academy on 18th September, 2017 and after completion of their 9 months basic training 578 candidates have passed out on 31st July 2018. The women police constables were trained with the revised syllabus addressing the issues of modern day policing and basic training also includes modules on disaster management, self-defense, swimming and computer applications. A dedicated commando unit comprising of 44 women commandos were trained in jungle operation, advanced weaponry and anti-terror operations.

The State Government is planning to raise the strength of women in Kerala Police to 25%. As part of it, more women will be recruited in the coming years.

As part of their basic training Women Police Constables were given exposure in handling major festivals of Kerala like Trissur Pooram and Attukal Pongala. Immediately after their training Women Police Constables were sent to the worst flood affected parts of Kerala for rescue and relief operations. They were mainly deployed in relief camps for the safety and security of women and children. They also served in post flood cleaning operations.







# CHAPTER 09

INTELLIGENCE



INTELLIGENCE

SBCID collects, analyses and disseminates intelligence on a wide variety of issues and subjects. The following were the main issues addressed during 2018.

KERALA FLOOD - 2018

The State witnessed unprecedented rains last year from June to August resulting in heavy flood and landslides in most of the districts. The natural disaster caused colossal loss of life and property in the



- Details of severely flood affected areas and requirement of relief and rescue operation in those area;
- Conditions of rehabilitation centers;
- Health issues in flood affected areas;
- Progress of rehabilitation and reconstruction activities;

State and around 9 lakh people were rehabilitated in 3,341 rescue shelter homes. The rescue operation required deployment of whole state machinery and Kerala Police played a significant role through its operation “Jal Raksha” and rescued around 53,000 stranded citizens.

The SBCID Headquarters and its field units worked 24x7 and played a major role in coordination of rescue and relief operation by providing timely intelligence to the Government and the SPC on various aspects including following :



- Sanitation related issues like accumulation of garbage, floating of carcasses, contamination of water in the wells etc.;
- Details of locations requiring re-establishment of water and electricity connections;
- Issues relating to disbursement of relief funds etc..

SABARIMALA ISSUE

After the judgment of Hon. Supreme court on Sabarimala women entry issue, protest started all over the State by Hindu organisations. SBCID assessed the situation and informed the Government in advance about the organisations and their key leaders who are supporting the protest. The Government was also informed about the details of the protesters who were likely to agitate at Sabarimala premises. SBCID had submitted reports in advance alerting about large scale violence, if women entered Sabarimala. The State witnessed large scale violence on 02.01.2019 and harthal on 03.01.2019 following entry of two women into Sabarimala. All the accused in related cases were identified through the inputs given by the SBCID. On Sabarimala issue, a total of 37 forecast intelligence reports were submitted to the Government.

KEEZHATTOOR VAYALKILIKAL

The Farmers of Keezhattoor, Kannur district were protesting against the Government’s proposal to acquire paddy fields for the Bypass Project. The protest started in the name of Vayalkilikal and later many organisations, environmentalists and political parties like RSS, BJP and CPM(L) Red Star declared their support to the protest. Later, the protesters handed over their documents to the authorities following the notification of Central Government on the acquisition of land for the Bypass.

The SBCID had informed the Government in detail about the key leaders

involved in the protest and the affected owners of the paddy fields.



GAIL AGITATION

Protests and agitations started soon after announcement of GAIL gas pipeline project, for laying gas pipelines from Koottanad in Kochi to Mangalore, passing through Kozhikode, Malappuram and Kasargod districts. Major political parties like Congress and Muslim League came in support of the agitation. Meanwhile, seeing an opportunity out of the issue, some radical organisations like the SDPI, PFI, Welfare Party, Solidarity, BJP and the Sangh Parivar also rendered their full support to the agitation. The SBCID, through multiple UO notes, had informed the Government in detail about the issues being raised by the agitators against the project and had recommended a range of suggestions for better handling of the issue.

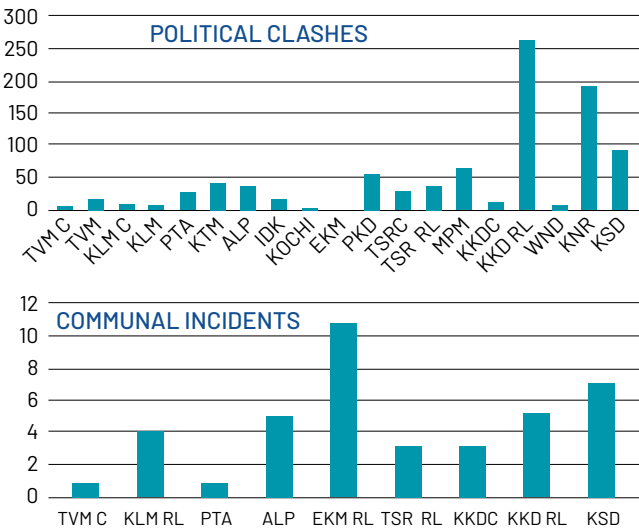
LAW AND ORDER INCIDENTS - 2018

The general law and order in the State was peaceful and under control in the year 2018 except during the protest against implementation of the Hon'ble Supreme Court order regarding women entry in Sabarimala temple and during social media harthal against the rape and murder of a minor girl in Jammu and Kashmir.

POLITICAL AND COMMUNAL CLASHES

941 cases of political clashes and 40 cases of communal clashes were reported in the State during 2018, as shown in the graphs. In addition, four political murders and two communal murders were reported in the State.

SBCID had provided prior information in many of these cases and had kept a close watch on developments arising out of political/ communal issues. SBCID had also supported investigation of some of these cases by sharing criminal intelligence on cases like Kevin murder case and Abhimanyu murder case.

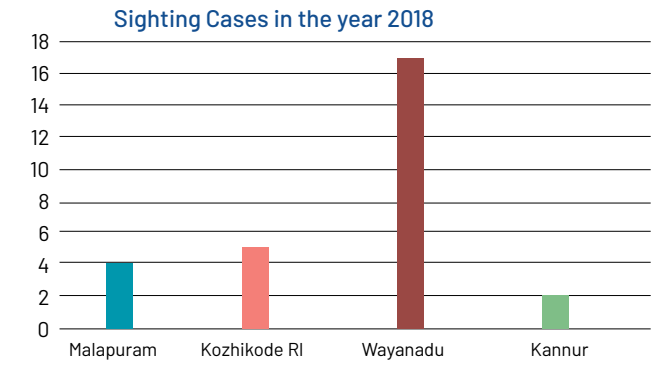


| CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INFORMATION SHARED BY SBCID INTELLIGENCE WING DURING THE PERIOD 01.01.2018 TO 31.12.2018 |     |       |                    |           |            |              |             |        |
|--|-----|-------|--------------------|-----------|------------|--------------|-------------|--------|
| DIVISION   | SPC | DPC   | DISTRICT COLLECTOR | VIGILANCE | HOME DEPT. | ADGP (ZONES) | OTHER DEPT. | TOTAL  |
| SBCID HQ   | 416 | 844   | 371                | 0         | 236        | 102          | 262         | 2,231  |
| RANGES   | 0   | 3     | 0                  | 0         | 0          | 0            | 0           | 3      |
| DETACHMENTS  | 0   | 7,303 | 1,990              | 59        | 0          | 0            | 341         | 9,693  |
| TOTAL  | 416 | 8,150 | 2,361              | 59        | 236        | 102          | 603         | 11,927 |

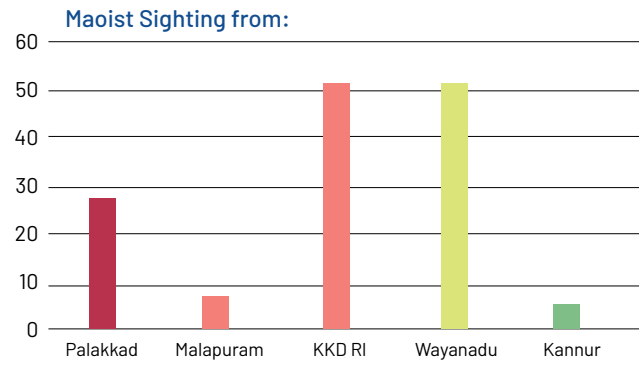
INTERNAL SECURITY

LEFT WING EXTREMISM ACTIVITIES 2018

CPI (Maoist) party, under Western Ghat Special Zonal Committee, has been trying to establish its presence in Kerala especially in places adjacent to the Tri-Junction area of Western Ghats. They have latest modes of communication and possess latest weaponry. The group is active in five northern district of Kerala State viz; Palakkad, Malappuram,



Kozhikode Rural, Wayanad and Kannur and they have formed five PLGA armed dalams viz Kabani Dalam, Nadukani Dalam, Bhavani Dalam, Siruvani Dalam and Varahini Dalam. Around 80 to 110 cadres are active in these dalams and 55 cadres have been identified by the SBCID. Most of the cadres are from States of Karnataka and Tamil Nadu.



In the year 2018 there are 136 Maoist sightings noted in the 5 districts as shown in graph here. 30 cases were registered against these sightings as shown in the graph.

Active PLGA Cadres of Kerala sighted in the year 2018





ACTIVITIES OF FRONTAL ORGANISATIONS

The front organisations of CPI (Maoist) serves as a recruiting base for party cadres and for identifying fellow travellers. Functionaries of front organisations provide intellectual face to the Maoist ideology, where they attempt to justify the Maoist world view to urban audience and the media. Ten organisations have been identified as frontal Organisations of CPI (Maoist). SBCID has developed substantial human and technical capacities to cover the activities of these organisations. Intelligence on activities of these organisations are being shared with concerned district police. Timely sharing of information about programme of these organisations has helped in maintaining law and order. The following agitation programmes were organised by these organisations in 2018 – Porattom (64 agitations), Janakeeya Manushyavakasa Prasthanam (35 agitations), Padanthram/ DSA (10 agitations), Njattuvela (22 agitations), Viplava Sthree Vadi Prasthanam (14 agitations), RDF (26 agitations), AVM (6 agitations), JVM (2 agitations) and Youth Dialogue (6 agitations). The activities of these organisations are being monitored and history sheets of main leaders are being maintained by the SBCID.

COMMUNAL & FUNDAMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN 2018

Unity March by PFI

PFI conducted a Unity March in Pathanamthitta, Ernakulam, Malappuram and Kasaragod Districts on 17.02.2018 to mark their formation day. In this connection, they organised various programmes including street dramas, public meetings, issue of pamphlets etc.. Advance intelligence inputs were collected from all the districts and advance alert messages were issued to all the DPCs and higher officials to take necessary precautionary measures to cover up the programme. Total 3,500 cadres and 16,200 activists had participated in the march and meeting.

SOCIAL MEDIA HARTHAL

In protest against the alleged brutal gang rape and killing of an eight-year-old girl in Jammu & Kashmir, certain youth while responding to a social media (WhatsApp) call, enforced a hartal in different parts of the State on 16.04.2018. The SBCID had given information to the SPC/ ADGPs/ IGP's and all DPCs regarding this sudden strike one day prior to the incident, which had helped the DPCs in making appropriate bandobast arrangements and deploying forces.

The strike supporters used social media groups extensively to strengthen their call for the strike with a motive to create communal polarisation. As per inputs, the perpetrators of the hartal were supported by certain organisations with radical and communal ideologies like SDPI, PFI, Samastha Kerala Sunni Yuvajana Sangham, Jamaath-e-Islami-e-Hind, Karnataka and Kerala Zones.

PERSONS FROM KERALA SUSPECTED TO HAVE JOINED ISIS

SBCID has being keeping a close watch on individuals who have either joined international terrorist groups like ISIS or are prone to get radicalised. The SBCID has been doing both online and physical surveillance of such individuals. Recently, SBCID had informed about suspected 10 individuals from Kannur District, who had gone to Dubai, to have joined ISIS in Afghanistan, by travelling via Iran from Dubai.

COUNTER RADICALISATION PROGRAMMES - 2018

The SBCID field units, including the IS wing, continued their successful de-radicalisation and counter-radicalisation programme in the year 2018. A total of 18 counter radicalisation programmes were conducted by SBCID and local police in various districts in Thrissur and Kozhikode Range jurisdiction of the SBCID. During the programme, our experts covered various aspects including the legal aspects of Indian Constitution, propaganda techniques of terrorist organisations such as ISIS, Al Qaeda, Al Nusra, etc., conditions on ground of individual who joined these groups, awareness against the false propaganda, false

interpretation of Quran and Hadis, Hijra, Jihad and Caliphate which were propagated by the ISIS through social media, etc. The programme has been greatly appreciated by Imams, Muslim Scholars and the public. Nearly 1,475 individuals participated in these programmes.



ORGANISED CRIME ACTIVITIES - 2018

The SBCID has been continuously collecting intelligence on organised crime, FICN networks, drugs and narcotic substances and their networks in different districts, illegal mining syndicates, hawala and Tube Money and sharing collected intelligence with the relevant authorities. SBCID has also been updating these data on CRISP software in a regular manner. During 2018, SBCID had shared 187 intelligence inputs with the SPC, DCs and DPCs on organised crime.

INFORMATION SHARED BY THE SBCID IS WING FROM 01.01.2018 TO 31.12.2018

| SL. No. | SUB                    | SPC | DC | DPC |
|---------|------------------------|-----|----|-----|
| 1       | FICN                   | 1   |    | 9   |
| 2       | Tube money             | 1   |    | 19  |
| 3       | Ganja/ narcotic drugs  | 9   |    | 38  |
| 4       | Blade mafia/ Chit fund | 6   | 1  | 30  |
| 5       | Migrant workers        | 1   | 2  | 12  |
| 6       | Illicit liquor         | 2   |    | 23  |
| 7       | Anti-socials           | 1   |    | 10  |
| 8       | Gambling               | 8   |    |     |
| 9       | Wealth amassment       | 1   |    | 7   |
| 10      | Illegal quarries       | 1   |    | 1   |
| 11      | Smuggling              | 1   |    | 4   |
|         | Total                  | 24  | 3  | 161 |

SECURITY

360 police personnel of various units are attached to SBCID (Security) wing on transfer/ working arrangement basis for security related duties with Hon. Governor of Kerala, Hon. Chief Minister, other Ministers, Speaker, Dy. Speaker, Leader of Opposition, former State Ministers, former Union Ministers, MPs, MLAs, Political Party Leaders and other categorised protectees. They are also deployed for the permanent

escort 1 & 2, Permanent Pilot, X-Ray Baggage Scanner & Special office security duty with Hon. Chief Minister of Kerala at Govt. Secretariat, permanent escort to Hon. Leader of Opposition and permanent escort to the State Secretary, CPI (M), Kerala.

DETAILS OF VVIP/ VIP VISITS

| DESIGNATION                  | PLACES VISITED                      | DURATION                 |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Hon. President of India      | TVPM and Thrissur                   | 05/08/2018 to 07/08/2018 |
| Hon. Vice President of India | TVPM and Kasaragod                  | 16/02/2018 to 17/02/2018 |
| Hon. Vice President of India | Kasaragod, Kochi and Pathanamthitta | 29/04/2018 to 30/04/2018 |
| Hon. Vice President of India | Ernakulam and Thrissur              | 21/05/2018               |
| Hon. Prime Minister of India | TVPM and Kochi                      | 17/08/2018 to 18/08/2018 |
| Congress Party President     | Various Districts                   | 28/08/2018 to 29/08/2018 |
| Hon. Home Minister of India  | TVPM                                | 01/05/2018               |
| Hon. Home Minister of India  | Ernakulam and Thrissur              | 06/07/2018 to 07/07/2018 |
| Hon. Home Minister of India  | Ernakulam and Kollam                | 26/09/2018 to 27/09/2018 |
| Hon. Home Minister of India  | Ernakulam                           | 12/08/2018               |



In addition to the above visits, SBCID Security Wing had ensured security to other State Governors, 58 "Z Plus" category scale of protectees, 82 "Z" Category scale of protectees and 17 "DF scale" category protectees during the year 2018.

MAINTENANCE OF ARMS AND AMMUNITION AND BDD/ SECURITY EQUIPMENT

The periodical repairs/ inspections of security equipment were conducted in a timely manner with the help of authorized technicians of the suppliers of equipment concerned. In addition to the above, around 450 numbers of various types of weapons and around 7,000 numbers of ammunition are under the custody of SBCID (Security) Wing. The Armourer DySP and Armourer Inspector have conducted periodical inspection of these arms and ammunition in time as per the approved schedule.

STATE POLICE COMMANDO WING

Around 50 NSG trained commandos of various units are attached to the State Police Commando Wing stationed at PTC under the command of an Inspector (Party Commander). They have performed security duty at Sabarimala during Festival Season, Sree Padmanabha Swami Temple Security on regular basis, VVIP/ VIP security duties, CT

VVIP/ VIP SECURITY

There were 10 visits of VVIPs/ VIPs, having special protection from the Central government, during the year. Fool proof security arrangements, plain clothes and anti-sabotage duties are performed by SBCID staff, ensuring safe and secure visit of the dignitary.



SBCID Security Wing also ensured security to Hon. Governor of Kerala, Hon. Chief Minister of Kerala, Council of Ministers, Hon. Speaker, Hon. Dy. Speaker, Hon. Leader of Opposition and other categorised protectees on regular basis, including their road/rail journey, function venues and places of halt.

exercise and mock drill practices in coordination with NSG/ SPG, on direction of SBCID (Security) Wing. SBCID (Security) Wing looks after routine training, periodical firing practices and deployment of duty of commando wing on a regular basis.

BDDS TEAM

The BDDS team has carried out Anti-Sabotage duties during VVIP/ VIP visits to the State, during sessions of Kerala Legislative Assembly, during Sabarimala festival and carried out explosives disposal of various cases during which explosives are seized by the local police. The BDDS team also attended following mock drill/ IED exercises:

VSSC, Valiyamala on 23.02.2018, 23.06.2018, 19.09.2018 & 20.12.2018.

VSSC, Thumba on 24.12.2018 , 24.06.2018, 15.09.2018 & 01.12.2018

Reserve Bank of India on 10.08.2018.

TVM Airport on 04.12.2018





DETAILS OF TRAINING CONDUCTED/ ATTENDED

| Sl. No. | NAME OF COURSE  | DURATION/ PERIOD | DATE       |            | NO. OF TRAINEES |
|---------|---|------------------|------------|------------|-----------------|
|         |   |                  | From       | To         |                 |
| 1       | Handling of IEDs & A/S Check course to officers/ personnel from Dist. ARs and Armed Police Battalions | 6 days           | 16.04.2088 | 21.04.2018 | 47              |
|         |   |                  | 23.04.2018 | 28.04.2018 | 45              |
|         |   |                  | 18.06.2018 | 23.06.2108 | 46              |
|         |   |                  | 25.06.2018 | 30.06.2108 | 53              |
| 2       | Pre-Course on Bomb Disposal NSG Course [ BD Adv (SP)-33]  | 5 days           | 23.04.2018 | 27.04.2018 | 4               |
| 3       | Anti-Sabotage Checking Course to the Watch & Wards of KLA   | 2 days           | 10.04.2018 | 11.04.2018 |                 |
|         |   |                  | 12.04.2018 | 13.04.2018 |                 |
| 4       | Explosives and Bomb Disposal to the Scientific officers (trainees), FSL, Tvm                          | 2 days           | 06.06.2018 | 07.06.2018 | 2               |
| 5       | Training to the handlers of BDD teams for newly purchased bomb suit                                   | 1 day            | 20.06.2018 |            | 20              |
| 6       | Handling of IEDs and Anti-Sabotage checking to the police personnel from AP BNs                       | 6 days           | 04.07.2018 | 10.07.2018 | 51              |
|         |   |                  | 16.07.2018 | 21.07.2018 | 53              |
| 7       | Anti-Sabotage checking to the women police personnel from districts at KEPA, TSR                      | 3 days           | 04.09.2018 | 06.09.2018 | 59              |
|         |   |                  | 10.09.2108 | 13.09.2018 | 46              |
|         |   |                  | 13.09.2108 | 15.09.2018 | 44              |
|         |   |                  | 17.09.2108 | 19.09.2018 | 48              |
| 8       | 1st Phase training to the participants of the A/S Check Team in connection with the AIPDM - 2018      |                  | 10.09.2108 | 31.12.2018 |                 |
| 9       | 'Bomb Detection, Disposal & A/S Checking' to the officers and personnel from districts and AP BNs.    | 1 Day            | 10.09.2108 | 12.10.2018 | 52              |
| 10      | Training on Bomb and IEDs for recruits' trainees at KAP 1ST Bn. Thrissur                              | 3 Days           | 02.07.2018 | 04.07.2018 | 315             |
| 11      | Training on Bomb and IEDs for recruits' trainees at SAP, TVM  | 3 Days           | 11.07.2018 | 13.07.2108 | 300             |
| 12      | 'Bomb Detection, Disposal & A/S Checking' to the officers and personnel from districts and AP BNs     | 1 Day            | 10.09.2108 | 12.10.2018 | 52              |
| 13      | Training to the participants of AIPDM at BDDS, SBCID HQ, Tvm  | 1 Week           | 13.11.2018 | 19.11.2018 | 7               |
|         |   |                  | 10.12.2018 | 15.12.2018 |                 |
| 14      | Training to the participants of AIPDM at KEPA, Thrissur   |                  | 01.10.2018 | 12.11.2018 | 12              |
|         |   |                  | 20.11.2018 | 09.12.2018 |                 |
|         |   |                  | 17.12.2018 | 31.12.2018 |                 |
| 15      | Training on BD related subjects to the Scientific Assistants from FSL                                 | 2 Days           | 26.11.2018 | 27.11.2018 | 9               |
| 16      | Assessment Test for AIPDM Participants at KEPA  | 1 Day            | 01.12.2018 |            | 12              |
| 17      | Training to the Dog Handlers in Reserve Bank of India, Thiruvananthapuram                             | 1 Day            | 07.12.2018 |            |                 |
| 18      | Training to the Recruits Police Constables at SAP, TVM  | 3 Days           | 17.12.2018 | 19.12.2018 | 176             |
| 19      | Attended Training on Robots   | 3 Days           | 13.11.2018 | 15.11.2018 |                 |
| 20      | Attended Training on Portable Mini Jammer   | 2 Days           | 16.11.2018 | 17.11.2108 |                 |
| 21      | VVIP/ VIP Security-Refresher Training   | 2 Days           | 05.03.18   | 06.03.18   | 49              |



|    |  |        |          |          |    |
|----|--|--------|----------|----------|----|
| 22 | VVIP/ VIP Security-Refresher Training  | 2 Days | 08.03.18 | 09.03.18 | 55 |
| 23 | VVIP/ VIP Security-Refresher Training  | 2 Days | 13.03.18 | 14.03.18 | 54 |
| 24 | Firing practice to the police personnel posted for the security of Hon. Chief Minister of Kerala | 2 Days | 16.07.18 | 16.07.18 | 10 |

### POLICE DUTY MEETS AND OTHER DUTIES

The BDD team had participated in the All India Police Duty Meet, 2017-18 which was held at Chennai in February 2018. The BDD team also contributed to conducting the Kerala Police Duty Meet which was held at KEPA from 6th to 9th May 2018. In connection with the condemnation process of old and unusable BDD/ Security equipment, BDDS HQ was entrusted the charge of collection, proper verification and lay out of the

old & unusable security/ BDD equipment from all districts, BDDS ranges and Security Wing. In connection with the incidents in Kuttippuram police station Cr. No.5/2018, BDDS Team had detected 5 nos. of Claymore Mines on 05.01.2018 and 04 Pierce Steel Plank on 12.01.2018 from Kuttippuram Bridge on Bharathapuzha River.

## ADMINISTRATION

### GENERAL

The administrative staff disposed of total 13,477 files during the year 2018. SBCID has also appointed 10 new ministerial staff based on PSC advice. The State Police Monitoring Room (SPMR), which collects intelligence and information 24X7 from field units was renovated and supplied with new equipment and infrastructure to improve its look and efficiency. A total amount of Rs. 12 lakhs, sanctioned by the SPC, was utilised for this purpose.

### REFURBISHING AND UPGRADATION OF SBCID BUILDINGS

Administrative Sanction was accorded by the Government for the "Additional Infrastructure, refurbishing and upgradation of SBCID Buildings" under "the Scheme for construction of SBCID Range Office Buildings" in Annual Plan 2018-19 with an outlay of Rs. 30 lakhs (Rupees Thirty Lakhs Only). The amount is utilized for the following work:

| Sl. No. | UNIT                        | AMOUNT         | WORK  | STATUS OF WORK   |
|---------|-----------------------------|----------------|---|--|
| 1       | SBCID Headquarters          | 15 lakhs       | Painting of SBCID HQ and renovation work of toilets (HLL) and the standardisation of electrical installations (PWD) | Work order issued to M/s HLL LIFE CARE for painting of SBCID HQ building costing 6 lakhs and to PWD for electrical work costing 9 lakhs (amount already transferred) |
| 2       | SBCID Alappuzha detachment  | Rs. 5,17,000/- | Repair and maintenance of building  | Work commenced by M/s SILK   |
| 3       | SBCID Kozhikode detachment  | Rs. 4,57,000/- | Repair and maintenance of SP's Chamber and renovation of KKD Range building   | Work has been entrusted to M/s KPHCC   |
| 4       | SBCID Malappuram detachment | Rs. 5,25,000/- | Repair and maintenance of building  | Work awarded to M/s KPHCC  |

### CONSTRUCTION OF NEW BUILDINGS

The Govt. accorded sanction for construction of SBCID Ernakulam Range and Thiruvananthapuram Range's buildings as per G.O. (Rt) No.3328/2018/Home dated 14.11.2018 and construction of SBCID HQ building as per G.O. (Rt) No.183/2019/Home dated 18.01.2019 under State Plan Scheme 2018-19. The progress is as follows:

#### SBCID ERNAKULAM RANGE

Work order has been issued to M/s SILK for carrying out the construction of SBCID Ernakulam Range office (9,250 sq. ft.) with an outlay of Rs. 3.27 crores and an amount of Rs. 66 lakhs has been received for carrying out the first phase of work.

#### SBCID THIRUVANANTHAPURAM RANGE

Work order has been issued to M/s HABITAT for carrying out the construction of SBCID TvpM Range office (19,400 sq. ft.) with an outlay of Rs. 3.78 crores and an amount of Rs. 75.6 lakhs has been received for carrying out the first phase of work.

#### SBCID HQ

Structural Design is yet to be obtained from M/s HABITAT. After receiving the design, technical sanction will be obtained from a committee chaired by the SPC for carrying out the construction of SBCID HQ (39.500 sq. ft.) with an outlay of Rs. 8.41 crores. An amount of Rs. 30 lakhs have been received for carrying out the first phase of work.

#### TRAINING PROGRAMME:

| THE FOLLOWING TRAINING PROGRAMS WERE CONDUCTED BY SBCID HQ DURING THE YEAR 2018 |  |  |        |
|---|--|--|--------|
| Sl. No.   | TOPIC/ SUBJECT   | DESCRIPTION  | DAYS   |
| 1   | Basic Intelligence – I   | Conducted from 04.01.18 to 06.01.18 for CPOs to SIs and 30 personnel attended the course               | 3 Days |
| 2   | Workshop on social media analysis                              | Conducted on 03.02.2018. 30 personnel up to the rank of DySP attended the course                       | 1 Day  |
| 3   | Basic Intelligence – II  | Conducted on 06.02.18 and 09.02.18. CPOs to SIs and 20 personnel attended the course                   | 4 Days |
| 4   | Refresher course for ministerial staff (Ist Batch)             | Conducted on 14.02.18 to 15.02.18 for SB Assistants up to SSs and 20 staff attended the course         | 2 Days |
| 5   | Refresher course for Ministerial staff (IInd Batch)            | Conducted on 20.02.18, 21.02.18 for SB Assistants to SSs and 20 staff attended the course              | 2 Days |
| 6   | Basic Intelligence – III                                       | Conducted from 06.03.18 to 09.03.18 for CPOs to SIs and 23 personnel attended the course               | 4 Days |
| 7   | Basic Intelligence – IV  | Conducted from 20.03.18 to 23.03.18 for CPOs to SIs and 24 personnel attended the course               | 4 Days |
| 8   | CRISP Training   | Conducted from 10.04.18 to 13.04.18 for Ministerial Staff of SBCID HQ                                  | 4 Days |
| 9   | DSR in CRISP Training  | Conducted on 22.05.18 for SB Staff   | 1 Day  |
| 10  | Collection of Criminal Intelligence and Police Professionalism | Conducted from 28.05.18 to 31.05.18 at IMG, for CPOs to CIs Level and 31 personnel attended the course | 4 Days |
| 11  | Cyber Intelligence   | Conducted from 17.07.18 to 20.07.18 at IMG, for SIs to DySPs and 25 personnel attended the course      | 4 Days |
| 11  | Cyber Intelligence   | Conducted from 17.07.18 to 20.07.18 at IMG, for SIs to DySPs and 25 personnel attended the course      | 4 Days |
| 12  | CRISP Training   | Conducted on 29.08.18 Rural dept., TvpM  | 1 Day  |
| 13  | Digital Intelligence and Method of Intelligence Collection     | Conducted from 24.10.18 to 27.10.18 at IMG, CPOs to CIs and 29 personnel attended the course           | 4 Days |
| 14  | CRISP Training   | Conducted on 25.10.18 at Kozhikode   | 1 Day  |
| 15  | Basic Intelligence and Cyber Chal- lenges (Course – V)         | Conducted from 18.12.2018 to 21.12.2018  | 4 Days |



# CHAPTER 10

## MODERNISATION





# INTRODUCTION

Selected 100 police stations were provided with basic hardware, software and furniture in the year 2016 - 17. While in the year 2017-18, 255 more police stations were provided with essential furniture. In 2018-19, Rs. 3 crores were utilised for furniture & essential hardware items. Also, body protectors, handcuffs & helmets have been procured for police stations.

In order to ensure efficiency and transparency in policing, 110 police stations were provided with CCTV cameras with remote viewing facility at District SP Offices. The action of extending the facility to 275 more stations is in the final stage.

Selected 250 police stations were provided with ramps, disabled friendly toilets, reception, restroom, women and children friendly/ senior citizen help desks.

State-of-the-art body protective gear is being procured for police stations, AR camps and Battalions to equip police personnel to deal with law and order situations.

State-of-the-art body-worn cameras have been introduced in Kochi and Trivandrum cities as a pilot project with advanced features of remote broadcasting, Push to Talk and GPS facility. It improves the transparency of police action, evidence collection and facilitates better police public interaction. Thereafter the project has been extended to Kollam City, Alappuzha, Thrissur City, Kozhikode City and Kannur. In 2018, 310 body-worn cameras have been purchased for PSs.

Child friendly spaces in 6 police stations (Fort TVPM City), Kollam East (KLM City), Kadavanthra (Kochi City), Thrissur East (Thrissur City), Kozhikode Town (Kozhikode City) and Kannur Town (Kannur) were inaugurated. In addition to the above funds @ Rs. 9 lakhs has been provided for 54 PSs this year. Work is in progress.

Coastal police stations: Aruthungar (ApLy), Munakkadavu (TSR RL), Thalassery (KNR), Thrikkarippur (KSGD), Kumbala (KSGD), Ponnani (MLPM)) have been inaugurated.

18 satellite phones have been purchased for coastal police stations in the year 2018.

New police station buildings: An amount of Rs.1,190 lakhs have been provided for the construction of 36 new police stations which includes reconstruction of 11 flood affected police stations also. New District Police Office buildings in Wayanad and Thrissur City were completed.

Fortification of police station building: An amount of Rs.1,500 lakhs has been provided for fortification of police buildings. Work is in progress.

Smart police station: Rs. 5 crores has been provided for making 100 police stations into smart standard.

The construction of state-of-the-art control rooms in Kannur, Kasargod, Malappuram, Thrissur Rural and Vadakara were initiated during this period and the same is under construction. In addition to this, an amount of Rs.150 lakhs is earmarked additionally for providing logistics for new control rooms and Rs. 80 lakhs is provided for setting up of District Control Rooms in KTYM & EKM RL.

Smart classrooms: They have been set up in PRC & KEPA. This year, Rs.14 crores have been provided for infrastructure development of KEPA such as auditoriums, smart class rooms, counter terrorism & counter insurgency training school, barracks, library etc.. Pink control rooms have been set up in 14 police districts (TVM C, TVM RL, KLM C, PTA, ALPY, KTYM, KOCHI C, EKM RL, TSR C, PLKD, MLPM, KKDC, KNR &

KSGD). The pink control rooms provide a 24x7 distress call relief centre which can be accessed by women in distress through a toll free number – 1515. The control rooms coordinate response through emergency response vehicles that are manned totally by women police officers.

DNA Lab: In order to improve scientific investigation facilities, a DNA lab has been set up in regional forensic labs of Kannur.

Cyber forensic lab: Opened in Thrissur and KNR and also setting up of a cyber forensic workstation is under progress at RFSL Kochi.

Regional forensic lab: A new regional forensic lab was constructed at Kochi and is in the process of getting equipped with necessary lab-ware and logistics, Rs. 53.50 lakhs has been earmarked for additional infrastructure (cubicles, compound wall, generators etc.) to ensure smooth functioning of the lab. The followings items were purchased for Regional Forensic Lab: UVVIS Spectrometer, HPLC, GCMSMS, Digital Microscope, Zoom Stereo Microscope and Fluorescent Microscope

- In order to facilitate speedy collection of evidence from the scene of the crime, a Mobile Forensic Unit with all necessary gadgets was set up in all 19 districts. Scientific assistant, fingerprint expert and photographer can now move with their specialised kits to the crime scene and collect evidence in a comprehensive manner.
- All Cyber Cells have been equipped with Big-Data Analysis software (C5), while the Cyber Dome has set up Social Media monitoring and Open Source Intelligence Monitoring Tools.
- 200 police personnel have been trained in cyber forensics. Selected police personnel were also trained in Ethical Hacking under a specialised course “Khaki Hats”.
- Scientific Investigation: Most modern equipments were purchased for the same.
- “Clone Free Smart ID Cards” were introduced for all police and ministerial staff numbering around 60,000 of the police department in coordination with C-DAC.
- The following Mobile Applications have been developed for better service delivery to the public and to improve efficiency:

a. Know your jurisdiction: Helps the user to understand the jurisdictional police station based on their GPS location and provides contact number and navigation aid.

b. Police Clearance Certificate: Helps users to apply for police clearance certificates. This application is currently under security audit of CERT Kerala and will be released soon for public use.

c. Online traffic offence reporting fine remittance system: It helps the public and police officers to track traffic offences and helps the public to pay traffic fines through the app. This is currently under the security audit of CERT and will be available soon for public use.

d. Citizen Safety App: It allows the public to take photographs of registration number of an auto/ taxi and send it across to the police before travelling. They can also enable their location to be tracked by police/ chosen relatives. In case of emergency they can push a panic button which raises an SOS to selected contacts and to the police control room. The police control room will coordinate response through control room vehicles.

e. Police Chat Bot: It is an interactive police chat platform which responds to questions on service delivery. The chat bot is available for

chat on Facebook and on the Kerala police website.

f. Trial monitoring: Enables police officers to keep track of prosecution.

g. Dial-a-cop: An application for police directory.

h. Sabarimala Police Application: An application designed for safe Sabarimala pilgrimage.

i. E-VIP system of passport verification based on the indigenously developed E-VIP application has been initiated in Malappuram and expanded to other districts. The project has created a revolution in the process of passport verification and users were able to complete verification in 3-4 days.

j. THUNA is a new venture of Kerala Police for providing services and information to citizens through a portal. THUNA is intended to act as a helping hand to the general public. Users will be able to login and download FIRs, raise complaints/ service requests and know its process status. Anonymous tips can also be lodged without logging in.

- Kerala Police Academy is being transformed into an E-Academy with campus WiFi, smart classrooms and e-learning facilities. The campus WiFi project is complete. The establishment of smart classrooms, online examination modules, narcotics training lab, cyber lab, baffle range, drill nursery and interrogation training centre is on the anvil.
- Work order has been placed with M/S. C-DAC at a total cost of Rs. 6.18 crores for the implementation of National Emergency Response System (NERS). NERS is an initiative of the Govt. of India which aspires to coordinate the emergency services: police, fire and health (ambulance) under a single umbrella of 112. The project will go live by March 2019.
- All police station vehicles have been provided with GPS trackers and their live locations are now visible from a dedicated web portal.
- i-ARC software has been commissioned for management of photographs: crime scene photos, asset photos and photos of ceremonies of the department.
- The community policing initiative of Kerala Police: Janamaithri Suraksha Project was expanded to all 472 police stations. Public Relations Officers (PRO) were designated to all police stations. Panchayat Beat was initiated where women police officers from all police stations visit the Panchayat once a week to take stock of the grievances of women there and to bring it before the SHO for necessary legal action where necessary.
- A project for Hotline System for senior citizens with the police station was executed as a pilot in Pala Sub-division of Kottayam district and has turned out to be a success. Thereafter, it has been decided to expand it to other districts.
- Student Police Cadet Project was expanded to 49 schools during this period.
- The Automated Fingerprint Identification System (AFIS) is a biometric identification methodology that uses digital imaging technology to obtain, store and analyse fingerprint data. The above work order has been entrusted with M/S. C-DAC in all police stations and the project has been completed.
- D-Space System: Database system (D-Space) has been set up in PHQ & CBCID for storing all data digitally.
- District Training Centres: An amount of Rs. 450 lakhs has been provided for setting up of District Training Centres in TVM City, PTA,

KTYM, Kochi City, PHQ & TSR City.

- Cyber Dome, TVM: More laptops, projectors, high speed internet dash boards, blade servers have been provided to Cyber Dome, TVM, for enhancing its functioning.
- New Cyber Dome is being set up in KKD City. Rs. 9 lakhs has been transferred to KKD City for the same.
- Cyber PS: It is being set up in TSR City, Kochi City & KKD City.
- Vehicles: 482 vehicles in different categories have been purchased at a total cost of Rs. 32,58,25,581/-. (148 2WD LMVs & 20 2WD LMVs for police stations)
- BDDS: Robotic Mobile Explosive Cutter Vehicle, Explosive Detector, Bomb Suit, Portable X-Ray Machines and Vehicle Mounted Baggage Inspection System were purchased for BDDS.
- Sabarimala Security: X-Ray Baggage Scanner, DFMD, HHMD were purchased. CCTV cameras have been installed at locations of Nilakkal, Sannidhanam, Pampa & Erumeli. New control rooms have been set up in Sannidhanam.





SOME NOTEWORTHY STEPS  
TOWARDS MODERNISATION

- AUTOMATIC FINGERPRINT IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM
- CENTRAL MONITORING SYSTEM
- CYBER FORENSIC TRAINING LABORATORY AT KEPA
- CYBER FORENSIC STATION AT REGIONAL FSL
- CYBER CRIME POLICE STATIONS AT KOCHI, THRISSUR, KOZHIKODE
- EMERGENCY RESPONSE SUPPORT SYSTEM
- BODY WORN CAMERAS
- UV VIS SPECTROMETER
- DIGITAL MICROSCOPE WITH MEASURING FACILITY & CAMERAS ATTACHMENT
- ZOOM STEREO MICROSCOPE
- FLUORESCENCE MICROSCOPE WITH ALL ACCESSORIES
- VEHICLE MOUNTED CAMERAS
- HEAVY MOVABLE BARRICADES
- PUBLIC ADDRESS SYSTEM
- BODY PROTECTIVE GEAR
- CONSTRUCTION OF 6 DISTRICT TRAINING CENTRES
- 2 DISTRICT CONTROL ROOMS(ERNAKULAM RURAL AND KOTTAYAM)
- FORTIFICATION OF POLICE STATIONS
- CONSTRUCTION OF QUARTER GUARD AND TRAINING CENTRE IN VANITHA BATTALION
- CONSTRUCTION OF SBCID RANGE OFFICES(ERNAKULAM, THIRUVANANTHAPURAM)
- INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT OF KERALA POLICE ACADEMY:
  - AUDITORIUM FOR KEPA
- CONSTRUCTION OF 5 SMART CLASSROOMS
- UPGRADATION AND RENOVATION OF EXISTING TRAINING INFRASTRUCTURE
- REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE OF DIFFERENT BLOCKS/ UNIT
- CONSTRUCTION OF VARIOUS AMENITIES AT DETACHMENT UNIT OF KEPA
  - a. For counter terrorism and counter insurgency training school at Pandikkad, Malappuram, Police Training College etc.
  - b. Construction of barracks at KATS Hqrs, Areacode
- INTEGRATED TRAINING CENTRE
- DIGITAL MOBILE RADIO
- MOBILITY: Light motor vehicles for operational purposes, for NERS PROJECT, Police stations, highway patrols and Pink Patrols
- TECHNOLOGY UPGRADATION OF CYBER CRIME INVESTIGATION:
  - Capacity building and training in cyber investigation, cybersecurity and data security, management of softwares and data servers for at least 100 police officers
  - Infrastructure for Cyber Cells in Districts: Desktops, Laptops, Write Block Forensic Device, Digital cameras
  - Infrastructure for HTECH CELL; Desktops, Forensic Writer Blocker Kit
  - Infrastructure for Cyberdome: Burp Suit, Online mobile forensic tools
  - Darknet crime prevention Hardware/ Software- Darknet Crawlers and intelligence analysis with computer dashboard
  - COCON Cyber Security Conference
  - Advanced cyber training at Police Training College and Kerala Police Academy
  - Upgradation of Scientific Investigation Facilities





## IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PROJECT AUTOMATED FINGERPRINT IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM (AFIS)

The Automated Fingerprint Identification System (AFIS) is a biometric identification (ID) methodology that uses digital imaging technology to obtain, store, and analyse fingerprint data.

Automated fingerprint identification is the process of using a computer to match fingerprints against a database of known and unknown prints. Automated Fingerprint Identification Systems (AFIS) are primarily used by law enforcement agencies for criminal identification purposes, the

most important of which is the identification of a person suspected of committing a crime or linking a suspect to other unsolved crimes.

The Government has accorded administrative sanction for the purchase of Fingerprint Live Scanner under various schemes as detailed below and as per the techno commercial proposal received from M/S. C-DAC, work order has been placed with M/S. C-DAC, Tvpm as follows:

| Sl. No. | SCHEME                              | ALLOTTED AMOUNT (in lakhs) | ADVANCE PAY-MENT RELEASED | BALANCE TO BE PAID | DISTRICT IN WHICH PROJECT IS BEING IMPLEMENTED   |
|---------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|--|
| 1       | State Plan Scheme 2016-17           | 150.00                     | 60.00                     | 90.00              | Kottayam, Idukki, Ernakulam & Thrissur   |
| 2       | MoPF Scheme 2016-17 (Central Share) | 198.00                     | 79.20                     | 118.80             | 19 units, which will integrate all the Verifi cation Devices, Dossier Centres and Query Terminals in a holistic platform |
| 3       | MoPF Scheme 2016-17 (State Share)   | 340.00                     | 136.00                    | 204.00             | Thiruvananthapuram, Kollam, Pathana mthitta & Alappuzha  |
| 4       | MoPF Scheme 2017-18 (State Share)   | 150.00                     | 60 .00                    | 90.00              | Palakkad, Malappuram, Kozhikode, Wayanad, Kannur and Kasaragod   |

### CHECKLIST

| Sl. No. | PARTICULARS   | REMARKS  |
|---------|---|--|
| 1       | Name and year of scheme with allotted amount  | i. State Plan Scheme 2016-17 Rs. 150 Lakh<br>ii. MoPF Scheme 2016-17(CS) Rs. 198 Lakh<br>iii. MoPF Scheme 2016-17(SS) Rs. 340 Lakh<br>iv. MoPF Scheme 2017-18(SS) Rs. 150 Lakh |
| 2       | Implementing agency   | C-DAC, TVPM  |
| 3       | Date of work order  | i. H8/73909/2017/PHQ Dated 18.07.2017<br>ii. H8/74173/2017/PHQ Dated 18.07.2017<br>iii. H8/74181/2017/PHQ Dated 18.07.2017<br>iv. H8/73718/2017/PHQ Dated 09.01.2018           |
| 4       | Total amount of work order (4 Nos.)   | Rs. 838 lakhs  |
| 5       | Date of completion as per work order  | For work order i, ii and iii. 17.10.2017 iv. 08.03.2018  |
| 6       | State Level Project Committee<br><br>DySP HITECH Cell, PHQ viii. SI HITEC Cell, PHQ | i. ADGP Crimes, ii. IGP Crimes, iii. SP ICT iv. SP Traffic SZ, v. Director FPB, vi. System Analyst, SCRB, vii.   |
| 7       | Advance payment released  | Rs. 335.20 lakhs   |
| 8       | Balance to be released after completion   | Rs. 502.80 lakhs   |
| 9       | Whether SLA executed or not   | SLA executed   |

Single Digit Finger Print Scanner has been provided in all Police Stations. Training of the police personnel has been completed at their headquarters as part of the implementation. Remote Dossiers at SDPOs and Police Stations adjacent to Court have been supplied and the same has been installed in TVPM City, TVPM RL, Kochi City, Ernakulam Rural, Thrissur City, Thrissur Rural, Kottayam and Idukki. AFIS server has been installed in PHQ. SPC has also issued direction to ADGP Crimes to conduct regular meetings with the concerned stakeholders to ensure

the AFIS system is installed in a mission mode manner. Also M/S. BSNL has provided Cyber Broadband Connection (FTTH connection) to PHQ.

The installation of devices and training has been completed in all districts. There are some connectivity issues in certain locations where the speed of the Internet is not up to the required level. Therefore C-DAC has been addressed to coordinate with SP Tele to discuss the connectivity shortcomings location-wise. Now the trial run has been

completed. Further C-DAC has informed that AFIS System is live and running and to take necessary action to release the payment. As such, a district level verification committee has been constituted under the chairmanship of concerned District Police Chiefs for the verification of hardware supplied by M/S. C-DAC and the State Level Project Committee under the chairmanship of ADGP, Crime Branch was directed to consolidate the report from the District Level Verification Committee and to submit the verification report on aspects ad functionalities of supplied hardware and software on or before 15/02/2019.

### II. CMS PROJECT AT PHQ AND 21 REMOTE LOCATIONS (DISTRICTS AND CBCID AND SBCID HQS)

Central Monitoring System (CMS) is approved by the Cabinet Committee on Security, to legally intercept call, SMS and data services under Department of Telecommunications. It is to be set up by both Central and State Governments in coordination. CMS will have its Central Data Server in Delhi and Disaster Recovery Server in Bangalore. Regional Monitoring Centres will be set up at all Licensed Service Areas. ISF Nodes (for automatic storage and forward) will come up at all the nodes of service providers. These will be installed by the Central Government with the help of C-DoT.

State Governments have to set up LEMF (Law Enforcement Monitoring Facility) solution for managing, monitoring & analysing intercepted data along with site preparation, hardware, third party software and connectivity. Accordingly it has been decided to implement the same at Police Department with one hub at Police Headquarters and 21 remote monitoring locations in 19 districts, CBCID Headquarters and SBCID Headquarters. Based on the above instructions proposal has been obtained from M/S. BSNL for the site preparation, supply of hardware and connectivity and C-DoT for installing LEMF Solution.

The action taken to implement the project is as follows.

- Rs. 150 Lakh was allotted for the implementation of the Project Plan Scheme 2017-18
- Work order was given to BSNL for an amount of Rs. 1,49,75,699/-
- 40% of the cost (Rs. 59,90,280/-) was released to BSNL as advance
- Balance Rs. 89,85,419/- proposed and transferred to ELA which is available
- An amount of Rs. 50/- lakhs has been provided for the implementation of CMS project in the current year plan scheme and Govt. orders were received
- Subsequently BSNL Thiruvananthapuram has submitted demand notice, for an amount of Rs. 32,43,848/- for the connectivity charges of the implementation of CMS system
- Work order on this has issued to BSNL for an amount of Rs. 32,43,848/-
- C-DoT has submitted a proposal for supply and installation of the LEMF application software for an amount of Rs. 25,96,000/-. Accordingly work order in this regard has been issued to C-DoT
- Payment proceedings issued to release balance payment to M/S. BSNL towards the supply and installation of hardware
- Connectivity charges to BSNL Rs. 32,43,848/- (connectivity charges) can be made only after verification

- Charges for software updation to C-DoT- Rs. 25,96,000/-. Advance payment of Rs. 4,86,750/- has been given to C-DoT
- In order to monitor the above project, a committee under the chairmanship of ADGP Crimes has also been constituted

### CHECKLIST

| Sl. No. | PARTICULARS                                  | REMARKS   |
|---------|--|---|
| 1       | Name and year of scheme with allotted amount | CMS Project<br>i. Plan Scheme 2017-18 Rs. 150 lakhs<br>ii. Plan Scheme 2018-19 Rs. 50 lakhs   |
| 2       | Implementing agencies                        | BSNL & C-DoT  |
| 3       | Details of work order                        | i. H10/124410/2017/PHQ Dated 26.02.2018 to M/S. BSNL for Rs. 1,49,75,699/-<br>ii. H10/124410/2017/PHQ Dated to M/S. BSNL for Rs. 32,43,848 /-<br>iii. H10/124410/2017/PHQ Dated to M/S. C-DoT for Rs. 25,96,000/- |
| 4       | Advance payment details                      | Rs. Rs. 59,90,280/- to BSNL and Rs. 4,86,750/- to C-Do  |
| 4       | Project Monitoring Committee                 | ADGP Crimes   |

BSNL informed that they have completed the civil work, electrical work, MPLS connectivity and supply and installation of hardware and integration of network in all districts and LEMF software by C-DoT. A committee has already been constituted under the chairmanship of IGP Intelligence by the ADGP Crimes has been entrusted to verify the completion status of connectivity made by BSNL & software installation carried out by C-DoT.

The verification committee after verification submitted an interim report. As per the report M/S. BSNL has completed the entrusted work but the final verification of the LEMF software from C-DoT can only be done after authorising at least one officer at each remote location. Also, reported that payment to C-DoT can only be made after the verification of software from remote location by the committee and training is imparted on the software to the team authorised by SPC.

Based on the report payment proceedings issued to release balance payment to M/S. BSNL towards the supply and installation of hardware, after deducting penalty. Also, note was given to IGP (HQ) to identify a team of police personnel/ staff and to give training and commission the project, considering the confidentiality.

### III. CYBER CRIME PREVENTION AGAINST WOMEN & CHILDREN (CCPWC) - SETTING UP OF CYBER FORENSIC LAB CUM TRAINING CENTRE AT KEPA

An amount of Rs. 3.94 crores was sanctioned by MHA as grant-in-aid for the purpose of setting up 'Cyber Forensic Lab cum Training Centre' towards implementation of the project 'Cyber Crime Prevention against Women & Children' for the financial year 2017-18. It is proposed to be set up at KEPA.

The amount was released by State Govt. through Supplementary Demand for Grants under the head of account '2055 Police-116 Forensic Science-98 Setting up of Cyber forensic Lab cum Training Centre' for the financial year 2017-18. Hence a letter was sent to Govt vide PHQ



letter.No.H9/24247/2018 dated 20.02.2018 for administrative sanction. But administrative sanction was not received from Govt during the previous financial year and the amount was not utilised during the financial year 2017-18.

Therefore a letter was sent to the Govt. of Kerala for revalidation of the fund for the financial year 2018-19 vide PHQ letter. No. H9/24247/2018 dated 05.04.2018 and to accord administrative sanction for utilising the fund. Administrative sanction received on 07.09.2018.

Accordingly a detailed Project Report (DPR) was submitted by M/S. C-DAC and work order was issued to M/S. C-DAC on 20.06.2018 in anticipation of administrative sanction and fund from the Govt.

MHA has issued guidelines on how to utilise the funds. Primarily the fund was meant for Cyber Forensic Work Stations, forensic tools and other hardware. It is informed that funds have to be utilised only for the purchase of cyber forensic tools and lab resources and it cannot be used for civil work/ construction of lab.

C-DAC has submitted a revised DPR amounting to Rs .3.39 crores including supply of C-DAC in-house tools, supply of lab support equipment, site preparation charges, centre's overhead cost on third party tools, installation & commissioning including travel & training, manpower cost and GST @18%. Revised work order has been placed with C-DAC on 26.07.2018.

The DPR makes an attempt to conduct a brief study of the requirements of Kerala Police. The report envisages deploying one training lab for 40 participants with C-DAC cyber forensic tools per lab. It also intends to install and commission the various cyber forensics tools for the lab and provide training on installed products and provide warranty and support for three years.

It has been decided to earmark a space of 1,200 sq. ft. for a Cyber Forensic Training Centre and 600 sq. ft. for Cyber Forensic lab in KEPA administrative/ training block.

IGP (Admn) was nominated as the Coordinator cum Nodal Officer and SP, ICT was nominated as the Asst. Nodal Officer for the project.

MHA has sanctioned an amount of Rs. 29,00,000/- as grant-in-aid for purpose of capacity building training towards implementation of the project CCPWC and an amount of Rs.12,00,000/- to engage the services of two Junior Cyber Forensic Consultants at Rs. one lakh per month for one year. The amount for hiring the services of Junior Cyber Forensic Consultant is released by state Govt. (Rs. 12 Lakh). Reminder sent to Govt. for getting Administrative Sanction for Rs. 29 lakhs and Rs. 12 lakhs.

| SI. No. | PARTICULARS                                  | REMARKS  |
|---------|--|--|
| 1       | Name and year of scheme with allotted amount | CCPWC Project, 2017-18, Rs. 435 lakhs<br>As received on 07.09.2018 (GO(Rt) No. 2588/2018/Home Dated 07.09.2018)    |
| 2       | Nodal Officer and Assistant Nodal Officer    | i IGP Admin and ii. SP ICT   |
| 3       | Details of project implementation committee  | i. ADGP Training – Chairman, ii. IGP TVPM Range iii. Principal, PTC, iv. Director, FSL v. SHO Cyber Crime PS, TVPM |
| 3       | Project details                              | i. Setting up of Cyber Forensic Lab cum Training at KEPA – Rs. 394 lakhs   |

|    |                                      |  |
|----|--------------------------------------|--|
|    |                                      | ii. Capacity Building Training – Rs. 29 lakhs<br>iii. Appointing Junior Cyber Forensic Consultant – Rs. 12 lakhs   |
| 5  | Fund status                          | Rs. 394 lakhs released by State Govt. through SDG in the FY 2017-18. But the fund could not be utilised and resumed by the Govt.. The amount was released by the Govt. during this financial year along with administrative sanction. Fund sanctioned for hiring the services of Junior Cyber Forensic Consultant was received from Govt. (Rs. 12 lakhs). But administrative sanction is not yet received from the State Govt.. Similarly Rs. 29 lakhs sanctioned for capacity building training is also not released by the State Govt. along with administrative sanction. |
| 6  | Implementing agency                  | C-DAC, Thiruvananthapuram  |
| 7  | Work order no. with date             | i. H9/24247/2018 Dated 26.07.2018 for Rs. 339.77 lakhs for Setting up of Cyber Forensic Lab cum Training at KEPA. ii. Direction given to ADGP Training to select 2 Nos. of Junior Cyber Forensic Consultant for a period of 12 months in consultation with C-DAC on 26.07.18.  |
| 8  | Date of completion as per work order | Within 100 days after making advance payment   |
| 9  | Whether SLA executed or not          | SLA executed   |
| 10 | Work status                          | C-DAC has visited the proposed site at KEPA, TSR and started purchase and e-tendering activities for the lab maintenance work, equipments and software to be procured as part of the lab setting.  |
| 11 | Fund utilization status              | An amount of Rs. 1,35,90,773/- was released to M/s. C-DAC as advance payment as per PHQ order No.H9/24247/2018 dated 26.11.2018  |

A letter has been sent to the Director, KEPA and Principal PTC for making necessary arrangements for conducting the training programme. Sri. Starmon Pillai, API, HITECH Cell has been directed to co-ordinate the training programme in consultation with IGP HQ/IGP Admn. 36 SHOs were given 5 days training in Cyber Crime Investigation and 112 WCPOS were given 3 days training in Cyber Crime Awareness.

#### IV. SETTING UP OF CYBER FORENSIC WORK STATION AT RFSL, KOCHI UNDER ANNUAL PLAN SCHEME 2018-19 (GREEN BOOK)

Govt. has accorded administrative sanction along with an amount of Rs. 90 lakhs for the setting up of Cyber Forensic Work Station at RFSL, Kochi through C-DAC on turnkey basis as per G.O(Rt)No.1334/2018/ Home dated 09.05.2018 (Plan Scheme).

Accordingly, M/S. C-DAC has submitted a techno commercial proposal limiting to the outlay of Rs. 89.9 lakhs including site preparation & infrastructure, supply of C-DAC in-house tools & third party tools,

installation, commissioning & training charges and C-DAC overhead charges along with 18% GST.

The techno commercial proposal is submitted for verification by a committee headed by ADGP (Crimes) on 07.07.2018 for verification and report on the technical and financial suitability of the proposal. The report is received from the committee. The recommendation of the committee is forwarded to C-DAC for submitting a revised proposal. C-DAC has sought some clarifications on the proposal.

As per the techno commercial proposal, 40% of the total cost is to be paid as advance and the remaining 60% after installation and commissioning of equipments. The funds sanctioned for the purpose has been transferred to Director, FSL. It is ascertained from FSL that they have placed work order to M/S. C-DAC.

| SI. No. | PARTICULARS                                  | REMARKS  |
|---------|--|--|
| 1       | Name and year of Scheme with allotted amount | Setting up of Cyber Forensic Work Station at RFSL, Kochi, State Plan Scheme 2018-19, Rs. 90 lakh   |
| 2       | Implementing agency                          | C-DAC, TVPM  |
| 3       | Fund status                                  | Administrative sanction along with fund of Rs. 90 lakhs transferred to Director, FSL               |
| 4       | Controlling authority                        | Director, FSL  |
| 5       | Project committee                            | ADGP Crimes, SP ICT, SFO PHQ, Director FSL, SA SCRB, Joint Director (General), FSL, SI HITECH Cell |
| 5       | Present status of the project                | Action is in progress with Director FSL  |

#### V. INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT IN THE NEWLY CREATED CYBER CRIME POLICE STATIONS IN KOCHI, THRISSUR & KOZHIKODE CITIES

As per G.O (MS)No.68/2018/Home dated 17.04.2018 sanction was accorded for starting Cyber Police Stations in Kochi, Thrissur and Kozhikode Cities. A proposal for minimum requirements for the smooth functioning of proposed Cyber Crime Police Stations was submitted by SHO, CCPS, and TVPM which includes hardware items, software & office peripherals.

M/S. C-DAC was asked to submit a techno commercial proposal for basic site preparations along with C-DAC cyber forensic tools/ indigenous C-DAC tools and also for some hardwares. Accordingly M/S. C-DAC has submitted the techno commercial proposal for an amount of Rs. 89.18 lakhs.

The techno commercial proposal is sent for verification by a Committee headed by ADGP (Crimes) and committee submitted the report. Based on the recommendation of the Committee, C-DAC has been addressed to send a revised proposal. In the meantime, M/S. C-DAC has informed that, there is no need to send a revised proposal. Considering their reply, it has been directed M/S. C-DAC to furnish the reasons for hike in the prices of C-DAC in-house tools.

| SI. No. | PARTICULARS                                  | REMARKS   |
|---------|--|---|
| 1       | Name and year of scheme and estimate         | Infrastructure development in the newly created Cyber Crime Police Stations in Kochi, Thrissur & Kozhikode Cities, Rs. 90 lakhs   |
| 2       | Implementing agency                          | C-DAC, TVP  |
| 3       | Fund status                                  | SPC has ordered to utilise Rs.100 lakhs proposed for Social Media Lab & Internet Monitoring Hardware and Software at Cyber Dome Kozhikode under State Plan Scheme 2018-19 |
| 4       | Technical cum financial evaluation committee | ADGP Crimes – Chairman, IGP Crimes, IGP TVPM Range and SP ICT   |

An amount of Rs. 30 lakhs is earmarked for each police station. But, we have no fund and administrative sanction for the purpose. It has been decided to utilise the fund sanctioned for Cyberdome under State Plan Scheme 2018-19 for setting up of Cyber Police Stations in 3 districts. The funds were transferred to concerned Range IGsP for procurement of hardware and software for Cyber Police Stations.

#### VI. EMERGENCY RESPONSE SUPPORT SYSTEM (ERSS) - EARLIER KNOWN AS NATIONWIDE EMERGENCY RESPONSE SYSTEM (NERS)

The scope of the project is establishing a Single Emergency Number ‘112’ all over the country in place of all existing emergency numbers like 100 (Police), 101 (Fire & Rescue), 108 (Ambulance), 181 (Women & Child Care) etc. to provide assistance for distress. Total amount released by Govt. of India is Rs. 7,33,27,000/-. M/S. C-DAC, Thiruvananthapuram is selected as the implementing agency. ADGP HQ has been nominated as the Nodal Officer of the project.

Work order issued on 05.12.2017 for Rs. 6,18,27,717/- to C-DAC. The project includes:

I. SOFTWARE AND SERVICES: C-DAC PSAP Solution, C-DAC Services, Project Management, Facility Management Services – PSAP, C-DAC – District Solutions, Platform Software (COTS), Connectivity Charges, AMC for C-DAC's Software for 5 years.

II. MATERIAL TO BE PROVIDED: Hardware for NERS Voice Solution, PSAP – Other Hardware Equipment, Hardware for District Coordination Centre, AMC for Hardware for 5 years.

An amount of Rs. 25 lakhs has been allotted to M/S. C-DAC from M&E funds. 15 Mahindra TUV (LMV) – Rs. 1,09,60,470/- and 9 Hero Achiever motorcycles – Rs.5,26,279/- have been purchased for ERSS project and released the cost of 15 Mahindra TUVs only. Since we surrendered funds from NERS head as per Govt. direction, we wrote to the Govt. for an amount of Rs. 6,23,53,996/-. But the Govt. sanctioned only Rs. 2,52,58,000/- through additional authorisation. From this, an amount of Rs. 5,26,279/- was released for the purchase of 9 Hero Achiever motorcycles. An amount of Rs. 1,75,00,000/- has been released to C-DAC as advance (total advance Rs. 200 lakhs). Work order has been issued to M/S. SILK, Thrissur for site preparation works at a total cost of Rs. 25,00,000/-. Balance available under NERS Head is Rs. 72,31,721/-.



Utilisation Status: Utilisation status of fund received under NERS Scheme is tabulated below:

| Sl. No.   | PARTICULARS  | AMOUNT      | TOTAL       |
|---|--|-------------|-------------|
| A   | FUND RECEIVED FROM MHA   |             | 7,33,27,000 |
| B   | EXPENDITURE  |             |             |
| 1   | Payment towards 15 nos. of LMVs  |             | 1,09,60,470 |
| C   | BALANCE FUND   | A - B       | 6,23,66,530 |
| GOVT. RESUMED THIS BALANCE FUND OF RS. 6,23,66,530/- AND NEWLY ALLOTTED RS. 2,52,58,000/- |  |             |             |
| D   | NEW ALLOTMENT FROM GOVT. OF KERALA   |             | 2,52,58,000 |
| E   | EXPENDITURE FROM RS. 2,52,58,000/-   |             |             |
| 1   | Advance payment to C-DAC   | 1,75,00,000 | 1,80,26,279 |
| 2   | Payment towards 9 nos. of motorcycles  | 5,26,279    |             |
| F   | PRESENT BALANCE FUND UNDER NERS HEAD   | D - E       | 72,31,721   |
| G   | AMOUNT COMMITTED FOR NERS  |             |             |
| 1   | Balance payment to be given to C-DAC against work order  | 4,18,27,717 | 4,79,17,777 |
| 2   | Payment to be given to SILK for site preparation for SER   | 25,00,000   |             |
| 3   | Payment to be given to SILK for site preparation for SER   | 9,39,660    |             |
| 4   | Payment to be given to M/S. Colocube Technologies Private Ltd for 8 nos. of Inverter Cassette AC | 9,50,40     |             |
| 5   | Approximate amount for the supply & installation of 2 nos. of 20 KVA UPS with accessories        | 17,00,00    |             |
| H   | BALANCE FUND REQUIRED FROM GOVT.   | G - F       | 4,06,86,056 |

Additional Fund Required: An amount of Rs.4,06,86,056/- (Rupees Four Crores Six Lakhs Eighty Six Thousand and Fifty Six Only) is required for completing the NERS project. We did not expect the expenditure for Site Preparation, False Ceiling Work, Air Conditioner & UPS. Hence action has been taken from Budget Branch to request Govt. for an additional amount of Rs. 4,06,86,056/- for completing the project.

### VII. SABARIMALA - PURCHASE OF SECURITY EQUIPMENT

A committee under the Chairmanship of IGP, TvpM Range was constituted to conduct security audit at Pampa and Sannidhanam and to furnish a report on the equipments that are to be procured to ensure smooth security in the upcoming season. The committee submitted its report on 21.03.2018 and accordingly Govt. was addressed to modify

the list of equipments for which Administration Sanction was issued for procurement in accordance with the list of equipments recommended by the committee. Govt. vide letter dated 16.07.2018 requested to clarify whether the revised list of equipments recommended is in consonance with the requirement assessed by the committee. A detailed reply in this regard has been furnished on 23.07.2018.

Vide GO (Rt) No.6110/18/Fin Dated 18.07.2018 Govt. has authorised additional expenditure to the tune of Rs. 1,48,79,000/- to meet the expenses towards the reallocation of funds from STSB A/C. 24 (maintained for Sabarimala) and the funds have been credited back to the STSB A/C. 2 Control Rooms and 14 ANPR Cameras have been incorporated in the project and accordingly a new revised list submitted to the Govt. along with the DO letter of SPC on 14.08.2018. Vide GO(Rt) No. 2589/2018/Home Dated 07.09.2018 revised administrative sanction was accorded by modifying the list of equipments submitted earlier. Sanction for 2 Control Rooms and 14 ANPR Cameras is not included in the new GO.

An amount of Rs. 5,76,73,812/- is required for procurement of new equipments and after deducting the fund returned to STSB A/C, an amount of Rs. 4,27,95,112/- is required. Govt. has released the fund through additional authorisation under the head of account “2055-00-001-99-19 M&E”

The following supply orders are placed with M/S. Keltron, TVPM in connection with the upcoming festival season.

- 7 Types of security equipments for Rs. 1,89,34,545/- . 6 types of equipments were supplied and an amount of Rs. 1,04,12,429/- was sanctioned for payment. Bill submitted to treasury.
- CCTV Cameras System at Nilakkal Rs. 86,83,989/-. Work completed. Payment has to be released.
- Revamping of existing CCTV Camera system at Pampa Rs. 49,93,807/- . Work completed. Payment has to be released.
- Setting up of Control Room at Sannidhanam Rs. 49,99,564/-. Work completed. Payment has to be released.
- An amount of Rs. 49,97,302/- transferred to DPC, Kottayam to installation of CCTV Camera Surveillance System at Erumeli with modern Command and Control Room.

### VIII. PURCHASE OF HARDWARE FOR CCTNS PROJECTS

Crime and Criminal Tracking Network System project (CCTNS) is a Government of India project funded by the Central Government. The policy decisions with respect to the CCTNS project are taken by the Apex Committee as per the guidelines of the Govt. of India. The Apex committee chaired by the Chief Secretary decided to procure hardware for CCTNS project: 1,674 Laptops, 550 High End PC, 214 UPS, 214 Duplex Laser Printers and 214 Multi-function Laser Printers in its meeting held on 3/3/2017.

The decision on the modalities of procurement of hardware for CCTNS is to be taken by the Empowered Committee for CCTNS project. Empowered Committee is chaired by the State Police Chief with Head of SCRB (Co-Chair), representative from NCRB, representative from State Home Department, representative from State Finance Department, Director e-governance or representative from IT Department, NIC representative and representative of State Implementation agency as members and Nodal Officer as Convener. The Empowered Committee had unanimously taken a decision to procure the hardware from GeM (e-procurement portal of the Govt of India notified under 149 GFR) in the meeting held at Police Headquarters on 06.06.2017.

The technical specifications for each of the items which were decided to be procured were drafted by a committee under the Chairmanship of Superintendent of Police (HQ) including members from Kerala State IT Mission (KSITM) & National Informatics Centre (NIC).

As per the requirement of GFR, any purchase above 30 lakh in GeM has to be done through a competitive open bidding process similar to the e-tender system. Hence open bids were placed in GeM for Laptops, High End PCs and UPS, based on the specifications drafted by the committee.

After finalising the bidding process, the request for convening Departmental Purchase Committee and issuing Administrative Sanction was forwarded to Govt. of Kerala on 19.12.2017. Based on the request, sanction was issued Vide G.O (Rt) No 94/2018/Home Dtd 09.01.2018 for purchase through M/s KELTRON. This G.O was corrected by the Govt.

## ‘COCON’ – INTERNATIONAL CYBER SECURITY CONFERENCE

### INDIA'S LONGEST RUNNING CONFERENCE ON THE THEME OF CYBER SECURITY AND DATA PRIVACY

The “International Cyber Security Conference” titled c0c0n is an annual conference conducted and spearheaded by Kerala Police. c0c0n, previously known as Cyber Safe, is conducted as part of the International Information Security Day. Various technical, non-technical, legal and community events are organised as part of the program. The number of digital security incidents and cyber-crimes are increasing daily on a proportionate rate. The Cyberspace is demanding more and more security professionals and controls to curb this never ending threat to information systems. c0c0n is aimed at providing a platform to discuss and share new information and latest trends in cyber crimes, across the world.

COCON is aimed at providing a platform to discuss, showcase, educate, understand and spread awareness on the latest trends in information, cyber and hi-tech crimes. It also aims to provide a hand-shaking platform for various corporate, government organisations including the various investigation agencies, academia, research organisations and other industry leaders and players for better co-ordination in making the cyber world a better and safe place to be.

Cyber crime is a new challenge to the global community, industry and law enforcement. The anonymous nature of the Internet makes it an attractive medium to commit crimes and fraud. A crucial aspect of cyber crime is that it is not confined to any national boundary. So, it is much more difficult to control the extent of criminal activity. Though cyber crime is on the rise and it is becoming a great matter of concern, there is still lack of awareness among the general public. Individuals are not coming forward to report such crimes either due to a lack of awareness or their perception that such crimes would not be given due importance. The current trends and evidence shows that cyber crime is likely to grow in extent and complexity as more and more people are using net services for various purposes. It is desirable that industry, law enforcement agencies and supporting groups come forward to empower and protect individuals and organisations from cyber crime and other online threats. Information Technology is one of the fastest growing industries in India today and is making an important contribution towards the economic development of the country. The increasing use of IT, brings with it new challenges and threats. Amongst the most significant is the security threat, including data theft, piracy, hacking, identity theft, violation of intellectual property rights, etc.. Such cyber crimes are on the rise around the world, and India is no exception. Given the importance and potential of IT in India, there is a need for special efforts to fight these illegal activities.

The emergence of “Kerala Police Cyberdome”, Centre of Excellence for

and revised directions were issued vide G.O(Rt.) No. 387/2018/Home dated 05.02.2018. Based on the revised G.O., Department Purchase Committee was scheduled on 28.02.2018. In the process, 2½ months have already elapsed. However, based on the Government Order, supply orders were placed with L1 firms (for laptops M/S. Dell International Pvt. Ltd, Bengaluru, for desktops M/S. SS Informations, Chennai and UPS. M/S. Uniline Energy Pvt. Ltd). But the firms have expressed their inability to supply the items since the bid validity has already expired.

Departmental Purchase Committee meeting was held on 16.01.2019 in the chamber of Addl. Chief Secretary to Government, Home Department for the procurement of laptops and desktops through Govt. CPRCS portal, Government order in this regard is awaited.



Kerala Police was the net result of inspiration accrued from previous COCON conferences. Cyberdome is formed to meet the long term security challenges in the digital arena of the modern world, by bridging the gap between the latest changes and innovations in the cyber space and the skill set development of Kerala Police, in combating the emerging cyber threats. It is envisaged as a collaboration centre for both the public and private fraternity to converge and share information, as well as resources, which will escalate the safety of our cyber space.

COCON serves as a premier international forum to highlight the importance of empowering citizens, business and government to improve their cyber security preparedness. Kerala Police is also proud to announce that it has won, five prestigious International and National recognitions/ Awards, for its unique initiative in the area of Cyber Security.

Kerala Police Cyber Dome has been selected for the prestigious:

- Showcased Honouree in the Managerial Professional for an InfoSec Project Category for #ISLA Asia-Pacific 2018
- SKOCH Order-of-Merit
- FICCI SMART Policing Awards 2018 in the category of Cyber Security
- K7 MEDAL OF HONOUR 2018
- Indian Express technology sabha awards 2018

Kerala Police is constantly working to improve computer security as a whole, using “best practices” including user awareness of security issues, promoting the use of security tools and providing workshops and conferences. By fostering the collaboration of the public and private sectors, our goal is to conceive new, innovative countermeasures against cyber security threats and crimes against women.

C0c0n Conference is specially designed for the IT Industry, Government Departments, Banking Institutions, Public Sector Undertakings, IT Companies and all Managerial Institutions that have an IT Infrastructure, to make them aware of the latest threats in the Digital World and measures to keep one's data safe. The latest trending topics of Data Privacy, Block Chains, Cyber Crimes, Cyber Warfare, IoT etc. are discussed in great detail, during the conference.

COCON 2018 offered 3 different tracks. The first one is a General Track, where all the policy was discussed. The second is a Technical Track and third is a Live Track where live demonstrations were conducted on the use of various technologies, latest cyber crimes, hacking of



aeroplanes, hacking of cars, hacking through UAVs, etc. and these were demonstrated, for making the delegates aware of all the dangers, that lurk in the bits and bytes of the net.

This year C0c0n was attended by around 1,500 delegates from 50 odd countries and the renowned speakers from around the globe like Dr. Gulshan Rai, Shri. Ambassador Adam Blackwell, Smt. Besty Broder, Smt. Bessie Pang and Smt. Cecilia Wallan spoke at the conference. There was a Pre-Conference Workshop on 3rd and 4th October on the trending topics, which was taken by world renowned trainers in their respective fields:

- 1. ARM Exploitation 101
- 2. Attacking & Auditing Docker Containers
- 3. Attack Weak Crypto Implementation
- 4. Building Real World Attack Monitoring Solution By the Elk Stack

- 5. Burp Suite for Web and Mobile Security Testing
- 6. Javascript for Pentesting the modern Application Stack
- 7. Secure Core Audit
- 8. Mobile App Exploitation

A modern exhibition of Cyber Security, Data Privacy and Digital Threats was also organised along with the conference, where representatives from major IT companies in the world participated.

Over the last 12 years C0c0n has transformed to be the most useful, educative and vibrant conference, to be conducted in this part of the globe. It has become one of the most sought after conferences for all IT Savvy individuals, companies, organisations and be a part of the movement to make our digital world safe and also to ensure data

SABARIMALA DIGITAL Q-SYSTEM

Sabarimala is the most visited pilgrim centre in Kerala. The number of devotees to Sabarimala is increasing every year exponentially. Kerala Police is responsible for the crowd management of the pilgrims visiting Sabarimala during the pilgrimage season starting from October to January. To regulate and streamline the devotees at Sabarimala, the Kerala Police had designed and developed software titled “Sabarimala Virtual Q-System” which was introduced in the 2011-12 season and was continued in the 2012-13, 2013-14, 2014-15, 2015-16, 2016-17, 2017-18 and 2018-19 seasons.

The portal(www.sabarimalaq.com)enabled the pilgrims to reserve their place in the queue for the Sabarimala pilgrimage at a specified hour on any day when the shrine is open on a “First Come, First Serve” basis. The pilgrims could select the date and time of joining the queue, by accessing the web portal and they were provided accommodation in the queue subject to availability.

During the year 2012-13, Kerala Police had further improved and refined the application software and introduced a new web portal for Virtual Queue in Sabarimala with the help of Keltron, a Govt. undertaking. These services were made available on www.sabarimalaq.com in Cloud Environment.

Devotees from all over the world who propose to visit Sabarimala would benefit by this portal. The portal had more details, information and guidelines which are very useful for the Sabarimala pilgrims, with multi-language support.

It is to be noted that this facility was utilised by 7.43 lakh pilgrims in 2011-12 season, 15.65 lakh pilgrims in 2012-13, 15.3 lakh pilgrims in 2013-14 season, 16.66 lakh pilgrims in 2015-16 season and 16.46 lakh in 2016-17 season and 15.95 lakh in 2018-19 season. We had observed that pilgrims speaking Malayalam, Tamil, Telugu and Kannada languages domiciled in all parts of the country had availed it.

HOW IT WAS USED

Booking in the Virtual-Q system in every season started from the first week of October. Pilgrims could book their slots 6 to 8 weeks in advance in the Virtual-Q system. While registering, the pilgrims had to furnish their name, age, address, photograph, details of photo identity card, etc.. The date and time of joining the queue could be chosen by the pilgrim according to the availability of hourly slots. After successful booking, pilgrims had to download and print their coupons. The Virtual-Q Coupon contains the date & time of darshan, name and photograph of the pilgrim, barcode, etc. During the pilgrimage the pilgrims carried these coupons and the photo identity card used for registration.

By way of confirmation of the reservation made by a pilgrim for joining the queue at Sabarimala, an email or an SMS is generated by the system and sent to the person who makes the reservation.

Pilgrims produced the coupon and photo identity card at the Queue Coupon Verification Counters facilitated exclusively for this purpose at Pampa. After verification a Virtual Entry card will be given to the pilgrim along with verified coupon. Only those who carried ‘Verified’ coupons with Virtual Entry Cards were entitled to avail the facilities of Virtual-Q System from Pampa to Sannidhanam.

Virtual-Q-Coupon facility was provided by Kerala Police as a part of Crowd Management which in turn saves precious time for the Pilgrims. This facility was absolutely free of cost to the pilgrims as it was funded by advertisement revenue as permitted by the Govt. of Kerala. Pilgrims without Virtual-Q-Coupon can also have their pilgrimage as in the previous years, through the conventional queue. Pilgrims coming through the Virtual-Queue System are allowed to join the queue at

Sannidhanam Nadapanthal.

ACHIEVEMENT OF THE PROJECT/OUTCOME OF THE PROJECT

- 1. Pilgrims were able to determine their preference for darshan and accordingly obtain a place in the Virtual Queue for darshan.
- 2. Uncertainty for the pilgrims for darshan at Sabarimala removed.
- 3. Able to streamline the crowd at Sabarimala using this preferential system.
- 4. Sabarimala web site(www.sabarimala.keralapolice.gov.in) is published in English and four regional languages viz Malayalam, Tamil, Telugu and Kannada.

STEPS INITIATED IN SUSTAINING THE PRACTICE AND DISSEMINATING THE SUCCESS OUTCOMES

- The Sabarimala Virtual Queue system has received appreciation from various corners like public, dailies, visual media, online publications, etc..
- This project during the season 2010-11 won Kerala State Chief Minister’s Award for Innovation in Public Policy under Public Service Delivery category for Sabarimala Virtual Queue and Web Portal System.
- The system continued in 2012-13 season by introducing cloud server facilities to avail 24 x 7 uninterrupted services with the help of Keltron.
- During 2012-13 season verification counters were installed at Pampa for coupon verification by reading barcodes of virtual queue coupons for avoiding duplication of coupon.
- During 2013-14 season Virtual Queue Entry cards were introduced. Verified pilgrims will be given a colour coded Entry Card along with the verified coupon.
- During 2014-15 season, Virtual Queue Entry Cards were resized and redesigned so as to enable tearing counterfoil from one end of Entry Cards through perforation.
- During 2015-16 season Virtual Queue Entry cards were redesigned.
- During 2016-17 season Virtual Queue Entry card were redesigned so as to include invisible Ultra Violet (UV) Marks.
- Kerala police launched a mobile application in multi platform on 18.11.2016 for the virtual queue booking, for knowing the present status of queue at Sannidhanam, availability of vehicle parking slots at various parking locations, weather at Pampa and Sannidhanam etc.. In addition to the facility of Virtual Queue booking this application provides general details of Sabarimala in all South Indian languages as well as vital information like route map to Sabarimala, nearest Hospitals, ATMs, Petrol Pumps, Police Stations etc., to the pilgrims. This application will share the details like daily rituals, important contacts, lost and found, Do’s & Don’ts, security alerts, press release, photo gallery etc. with pilgrims. It can be downloaded from Google Play for Android Mobile
- The system will be continued in the coming years by introducing new features and facilities.





## THUNA

THUNA is a new venture of Kerala Police for providing services and information to citizens through a portal. Just as the name suggests, THUNA is intended to act as a helping hand to the general public. Users will be able to login and download FIRs, raise complaints/service requests and know its processing status. Anonymous tips can also be lodged without logging in.

Services available in Thuna:

Online complaint registration  
Online employee verification  
Character Certificate  
Request for sanction for events and performances  
Request for sanction of protests and strikes  
Procession request  
Mike sanction  
No Objection Certificate for purchase of vehicles

## iAPS

### E-Petition Login

Citizens can register and know the status of their petitions through iAPS

### Petition Status

Citizens can know the status of the petition submitted by them in any police office through the iAPS website/ Touch Screen Kiosks/ From any police station in the State.

### File Status

The citizens/ employees can know the present position of their applications in various police offices.

### Recruits Login

New recruits in Police Department can register their details through iAPS.

## E-REKHA

Mobile Application for registration of workers from other States.

The inflow of workers from other States to Kerala is increasing nowadays and they are engaging in various work especially in the Construction field, Hotels, Factories etc.. It is also noticed that a few of them are involving in various illegal activities like transportation and sale of Ganja, Anti-national activities etc..

As a value addition to the existing solution for collecting database of these workers, a mobile application namely E-Rekha has been launched which helps each policeman to collect data of other State workers, their sponsor and house owners using their android mobile phone. A provision to search the details of workers whose data is already collected is also available in the application.

## E-VIP

The applications (ie., PP Forms) which are submitted at the Passport Office are fully downloaded at District Special Branch Office, Thrissur City from the website 'Passport India'. The respective downloads are then uploaded to the database of E-VIP. Thereafter, same will be to DCRB via online through the Daily Roster of E-VIP. The application will subsequently get reverted to Special Branch Office via online from DCRB after the completion of criminality verification process. They are then sent to the predefined field verification officers of respective Police Stations on the same day to their mobile phones, through the dispatch option in the software. The field officers will then send back

the enquiry reports to Special Branch Office via online, after the successful completion of the enquiry. Pursuantly, after proper scrutiny and verification, those applications will be uploaded in the site of Passport India after the indentation of the digital signature of Assistant Commissioner of Police, District Special Branch, Thrissur City. This process is carried out by the assigned Police personnel handling Passport Section at District Special Branch Office, Thrissur City.

Based on this feedback, Passport Officer will take further necessary actions. On an average, Thrissur City Police will accomplish all the enquiry formalities within a span of three days.

## CLUES(CRIMINAL LEGACY UPDATION & ENQUIRY SYSTEM)/ SAS(SECURITY ALERT SYSTEM)

This is an information system comprising details of persons involved in major crime cases in Kerala. This system is developed for verifying the antecedents/criminal background of a person for Police Department and security purposes. The crime details and accused details are captured and updated at the investigation officer level and approved the data by higher authorities. The photograph, address details and other important details which are helpful to identify the accused or arrested person are entered in the application. These details can be accessed and searched over the Internet by any police officer having designated username and password. All police stations and higher officers were given username and password for accessing the application.

## CRIME DRIVE

### A CRIME RECORD MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

Crime Drive is a web based application that provides facility for recording crimes online. The proposed system specifically looks into the subject of Crime Records Management. User (daily duty police personnel) can register case details on daily basis online. The system at any point of time can provide the details of existing statuses. All officers can watch the status of cases through their smartphones also. All police personnel of entire police stations of the State can check details of missing persons, unidentified dead bodies, LP warrantees etc. by using this system. The system at any point of time can provide the details of a police station and can also show most wanted person details online. The system at any point of time can provide the details of victims of the registered FIRs. Using this system any number of clients can connect to the server and at any point of time can provide the details of evidence and their sequence. This software is the better replacement of record keeping in the police stations manually and written in big books for different registers. This system will avoid more manpower to track the records of crimes as and when any query from superiors, media and public. It is very easy to provide statistical data to higher offices. Eg. Legislative Assembly Sessions, SCRB, NCRB and other higher offices and very user friendly. Retrieving old crime records is very time consuming.

In this system, the user can register and update the cases in Crime Drive application and it will automatically generate various reports required for all offices. The system provides proper security and reduces the manual work. The efficiency of the police function and the effectiveness with which it tackles crime depend on what quality of information it can derive from its existing records and how fast it can have access to it. It is proposed to centralise Information Management in Crime for the purposes of fast and efficient sharing of critical information across all police stations across the State and it can be used in our country. The proposed system helps the user to work user friendly and they can easily do jobs without time lag.

- Crime Drive Records Management System researches, gathers, compiles, analyses, and prepares a variety of data from police reports.

- Details of Anti-Social Elements of all stations(ROWDY, KD, DC, SUSPECT).
- Face recognition technology included by using machine learning technology for identifying anti socials, unidentified dead bodies etc.
- Weekly arrests, information gathering processes and obtains required data and information for analysis.

- Responds to requests in searching computerised data to locate suspect descriptions, crime elements, and similar suspect vehicles; matches stolen property with recovered property from arrests and search warrants.

- Identifies, tracks and reports on systems issues; extracts statistical information from the computer system and prepares reports and analysis; supports data management and computerised mapping quality assurance checks of data input.

- Provides database querying, statistics, and other types of law enforcement information on demand; prepares charts, graphs, and maps for reports, presentations for various conferences.

- Facilitates distribution of data provided to officers crime series and suspects to patrol, investigative staff, and outside law enforcement agencies;conducts criminal history searches on crime suspects; reviews crime and arrest reports.

- Compiles statistical data for police department staff to prepare monthly and quarterly reports and the Police Department's records database; prepares detailed reports; maintains records of crime analysis data and reports.

- Responds to questions and concerns from the general public, departmental staff, and other agencies.

- A blog module included in the system helps to prepare periodic crime bulletins, suggestions, updation required etc. for Police Department; may be exposed to confidential and privileged information during the course of duties.

## COMPUTER AIDED POLICE SERVICES (CAPS)

The CAPS will integrate Common Integrated Police Application (CIPA) and Crime Criminal Tracking Networking System (CCTNS), along with providing facilities like sharing images and fingerprints of criminals, tracking the progress of cases registered in any police station in the State, sharing Modus Operandi, Criminal Data and better interaction among Special Investigation Teams.

The goal is to make Kerala Police the most technologically advanced force in the country

## MOBILE APPS



Kerala Police launched a number of mobile apps for the common people in Kerala

## Dial A Cop

Kerala Police has come up with a unique idea of implementing a mobile application for the quick reach of users to a Police Officer or a Office within a finger touch. The app is developed in house by the software development team of Kerala Police Information Communication and Technology Centre.

Kerala Police Dial a Cop Provides the Following Utilities to Users

- 1) Search and Find a Police Officer/Office Contact of Kerala Police (Land-phone, Mobile Number, Email, VPN).
- 2) Nearest Police Stations Through Dial a Cop, users can get the nearest Police Station and navigate to that Police station with the help of GPS.
- 3) Closed User Group Utility This app provides a unique utility that will help to find a particular police officer's number of Kerala Police.
- 4) True Cop True Cop is another utility of the app that will automatically provide details of the officer in Kerala Police who is calling to the users mobile (If the call is from an official number).
- 5) Sharing of Contact Users can share the contacts in this app via SMS, email , WhatsApp etc.
- 6) Emergency Contact of Kerala Police Users can access the list of Emergency Contacts which would be most helpful in a panic situation.
- 7) Favourite Users can add the frequently used contact to Favourite list so that to reduce time searching and finding a particular contact of Kerala Police in an emergency situation.
- 8) Push Notifications The new version of Dial a Cop gives push notification to the public(Traffic Alert, Missing Persons, Most Wanted Persons etc.).
- 9) Sharing of Text data Through Dial a Cop Now users can share text data to contact in Dial a Cop.
- 10) CUG Profile Verification.



## TRAFFIC OFFENCE REPORTING

The purpose of the app is to provide provisions to report traffic violation offences by the citizen. All you need to do is to take a photograph of the violation and report it. The police will verify the credibility of the photograph and take necessary action. The photograph should contain the vehicle registration number while reporting the offence. The app also provides an option for payment of traffic fines.



TRAFFIC GURU

Traffic Guru is a traffic awareness simulator with realistic physics available in popular platforms. Unlike other racing games where ‘learning and safety’ has no importance, ‘Safe Driving’ is the master key with Traffic Guru. Traffic Guru has been conceptualised under the supervision of the Kerala Police. Kerala Police here intends to educate and create awareness about the important traffic rules and regulations in the country. Kerala Police requests everyone to play Traffic Guru on a regular basis.

Whether you are a layman or experienced driver, ask yourselves ‘Do you follow all the vital traffic regulations?’ the answer would be a big NO. We are responsible for the road accidents, it’s time to change, “learn, practice, follow & enjoy”. Expert, selected HD tutorials to provide the step-by-step way to follow particular topics in the traffic regulations. Traffic Guru has raised the quality bar for any educational game, with its stunning visuals.

Game Highlights:

- Realistic breathtaking roads with real life scenarios
- Dynamic bumper to bumper traffic, seasons, time of the day
- Drive safe, gain badges
- Popular vehicles, immersive experiences
- Learn to drive, park, lane discipline, overtaking, speed control & many more.

Features:

- Learn to play through interesting tutorials
- High-end realistic graphics
- Choose and customise your favourite vehicle from the popular vehicle list
- Enjoy dynamically changing climates and time of the day
- Dynamic traffic to replicate a challenging and realistic environment
- Cool sound effects and attractive music tracks
- Five real life scenarios, to replicate the driving conditions

The player can choose from a variety of vehicles at the beginning of the game. The player will get an “on-road” experience of driving in which he/she will have to follow all the traffic rules and regulations there are in real life. The objective of the game is not to rush to be the first but to showcase safe and sound driving. A player should not violate any traffic rules even if he gets prompted. The freedom to choose the directions in the city will make the game more interesting for the player.

KNOW YOUR JURISDICTION

e-Learning project of Kerala Police Academy “KeLS” has stood in first place. Which includes the entire study materials like law classes, police subjects, outdoor subjects, etc.. in a downloadable format. Timetables with faculty members and subject, the feedback of trainees about the class or subject. This application is also available on mobile phones. Its features are given here:

1. Notifications – Showing new updates of the application
2. Materials – The study materials in downloadable format like. pdf, docx, .mpg etc.
3. Grievances – The trainee can convey their grievances to the higher authority directly
4. Time Table – Pre-designed timetable is published through this, having faculty and their subjects
5. Feedback – The trainee can convey the feedback to the faculty and the authority after the session
6. Gallery – Includes pictures of various events
7. Profile – User profile with photo and PEN
8. Settings – For customisation of administrator

List of items/equipments procured for RFSL, Kochi

| SL.No | EQUIPMENT  | PRICE         |
|-------|--|---------------|
| 1     | UV VIS Spectrometer  | Rs. 13,24,302 |
| 2     | Gas Chromatograph with Mass Spectrometer with A& HS imported (GCMS MS) | Rs. 89,49,710 |
| 3     | Digital Microscope with measuring facility and camera attachment       | Rs. 2,47,800  |
| 4     | Zoom stereo Microscope   | Rs. 1,51,040  |
| 5     | Labware & Glassware  | Rs. 1,76,266  |
| 6     | Chemicals  | Rs. 1,46,774  |
| 7     | Micrometer   | Rs. 4,500     |
| 8     | Electronic balance   | Rs. 15,000    |
| 9     | Dial Thickness Gauge   | Rs. 5,500     |
| 10    | Brass Test Sieve Set   | Rs. 4,000     |
| 11    | Table Top Centrifuge   | Rs. 19,258    |
| 12    | LED X-ray View Box   | Rs. 6,490     |
| 13    | Refrigerator   | Rs. 56,000    |
| 14    | Printer  | Rs. 12,980    |
| 15    | Centrifuge with Angle Rotor  | Rs. 14,800    |
| 16    | Digital Vernier  | Rs. 12,300    |

CHILDREN & POLICE (CAP) PROGRAM



One of the fundamental duties of police is to create an invisible wall of protection around every child. CAP is an umbrella program consisting of several police initiatives to prevent abuse and violence against children and to ensure better protection of children.

CAP facilitates inter-sectoral collaboration of all the agencies and departments working for the protection and development of children, especially those at risk.

The general perception about police among the public is that they are distant, insensitive and brutal. Whereas the perception of police about the general public is that they are unfriendly, non-cooperative and non-law abiding. This disharmony results from an absence of opportunities to work together beneficially. CAP provides a platform for constructive engagement between police and the general public; especially budding youngsters.

CHILD FRIENDLY POLICE STATIONS



CAP RECOGNISES THAT:

1. The extent of our children’s commitment towards responsible citizenship depends on the footing which they get in their childhood.
2. Commonly, problems faced by children not only go unacknowledged, but are often unattended. Even if identified they are often unreported. In some cases they are attended unscientifically, causing a damaging effect.
3. The present process of handing youngsters with deviant behaviour needs a scientific re-visit as isolating them from the social mainstream may only serve to enhance the negative tendencies within.





DEMONSTRATE CHILD FRIENDLINESS IN:

- Attitude
- Infrastructure
- Enforcement
- Ambience
- Procedure

They facilitate partnerships, function as knowledge hubs and perform as strict enforcers of child related laws. 'Child Friendly Police Stations' are police stations transformed as abodes of justice to provide effective, timely and friendly services to children and their guardians.

UNIQUE FEATURES

- Child friendly infrastructural arrangements
- Police personnel with the necessary child friendly qualities
- A designated Child Welfare Officer
- Work rigorously and meticulously based on the legal provisions and acts related to child rights and child protection
- Cater services to children in need of care and protection, children in conflict with the law, children in contact with the law and other vulnerable children
- Pool of peer/celebrity/social mentors, resource persons and experts

- Data bank regarding vulnerable children
- Active functioning of school protection groups to ensure safety in and around schools
- Emphasis on "why" rather than "what" while dealing with children in conflict with the law
- Acknowledge the fact that the deviance in children is due to the collective failure of parents, teachers and society including police
- Police personnel assuming the role of mentors while dealing with any child in contact with the station

FACILITIES

- Mini library with books, news dailies, magazines etc. to engage children and other people visiting the station, and books and materials based on the acts and rules related to children
- Separate space to interact with children
- Facility for sitting, toilet and safe drinking water
- Child friendly ambience with attractive paintings, drawings, recreational arrangements and so on
- Designate space with facilities to accommodate women comfortably, especially feeding mothers
- Information boards with name and contact details of the Child Welfare Officer and other information or communication material



ALBATROSS SWIMMING POOL - CHLORINE FREE SWIMMING POOL AT CSN STADIUM

Kerala Police Sports and Youth Welfare Society has set up a chlorine-free swimming pool, the first of its kind in the state, at Chandrasekharan Nair Stadium complex. Named 'Albatross', the pool is semi-Olympic size which means unlike the ones used in Olympics which are 50m long, the pool here will be 25m long and have a width of 13m. The pool, as well as the newly built police physiotherapy centre, was inaugurated by the Hon'ble Chief Minister Pinarayi Vijayan on 2nd October 2018.

The Swimming Pool with an attached world class physiotherapy centre is open for the policemen and public alike and Male and female trainers are available to train beginners. The physiotherapy centre has six cubicles and boasts of latest machines for Physiotherapy from the

United States. Both male and female physios will be available for service round the clock.

The pool and the physiotherapy centre were constructed by Steel Industrials Kerala Limited, a Kerala Government enterprise. With the arrival of the swimming pool and physiotherapy centre, Chandrasekharan Nair stadium sports complex has become one of the premier sporting hubs in the state. The complex already houses synthetic athletic track, football ground, indoor basketball court, indoor volleyball court, badminton complex, squash court, gymnasiums, yoga centre and athletic dormitory.





# CHAPTER 11

## PROVISIONING & LOGISTICS





DETAILS OF MACHINERY, EQUIPMENT OR OTHER ASSETS COSTING RS. 5 LAKHS AND MORE PURCHASED DURING THE YEAR

| SCHEME YEAR    | CATEGORY                         | ITEM  | NO./ UNITS         | AMOUNT UTILISED |
|----------------|----------------------------------|---|--------------------|-----------------|
| 2014-15        | Equipment                        | Body Protective Gear  | 1,450              | 10,959,390.00   |
| 2014-15        | Traffic                          | Speed Radar   | 22                 | 14,433,719.00   |
| 2016-17        | Training                         | District Training Centres - Amount allotted to districts and PTC    | 22                 | 9,000,000.00    |
| 2013-14 (Plan) | Building                         | Construction of DPO at PTA, KTM and TSR                             | 3                  | 17,759,900.00   |
| 2013-14 (Plan) | Building                         | Construction of Barracks and Police Lines                           | 3                  | 30,000,000.00   |
| 2013-14 (Plan) | Building                         | Construction of Classrooms at KEPA                                  | 10                 | 10,000,000.00   |
| 2014-15 (Plan) | Building                         | Construction of DPO Building at KLM Rural                           | 1                  | 27,600,000.00   |
| 2014-15        | Equipment                        | Vehicle Mounted X-Ray Baggage Scanner                               | 1                  | 5,605,920.00    |
| 2014-15        | Equipment                        | Body Protective Gear  | 757                | 5,721,557.00    |
| 2014-15        | Scientific Aids to Investigation | Implementation of Image Information cum Archive Web Portal          |                    | 526,006.00      |
| 2013-14 (Plan) | Building                         | Construction of DPO Building at Malappuram                          | 1                  | 6,000,000.00    |
| 2013-14 (Plan) | Building                         | Construction of DPO Building at TSR Rural                           | 1                  | 6,240,100.00    |
| 2013-14 (Plan) | Building                         | Fortification of PSs at MLPM  |                    | 13,000,000.00   |
| 2013-14 (Plan) | Building                         | Modern Public Response Facilitation Centre                          | 5                  | 25,000,000.00   |
| 2014-15 (Plan) | Building                         | Construction of Police Stations                                     | 3                  | 18,000,000.00   |
| 2013-14        | Weapons                          | Sniper Rifles   | 22                 | 6,879,400.00    |
| 2014-15        | Scientific                       | Aids to Investigation Millipore                                     | 1                  | 493,000.00      |
| 2016-17        | Scientific Aids to Investigation | Implementation of AFIS  | PSs and CI Offices | 7,920,000.00    |
| 2013-14 (Plan) | Building                         | Construction of DNA Lab in Thrissur                                 | 1                  | 5,000,000.00    |
| 2013-14        | Traffic                          | Setting Up of Hi-Tech Control Room at PLKD                          | 1                  | 2,489,068.00    |
| 2013-14        | Communication                    | Payment of Spectrum Charges to Ministry of Communication, New Delhi |                    | 37,500,000.00   |
| 2013-14        | Training                         | GHAATAK 9mm Pistols   | 129                | 5,980,893.00    |
| 2013-14        | Training                         | Auto 9mm Pistols  | 100                | 4,232,230.00    |
| 2013-14        | Training                         | Cartg. 7.62mm for AK 47   | 100,000            | 4,859,712.00    |
| 2013-14        | Training                         | Cartg. 9mm Ball MK II   | 5,000              | 2,006,472.00    |
| 2014-15        | Scientific Aids to Investigation | FTIR Spectrometer   | 2                  | 4,399,477.00    |
| 2016-17        | Scientific Aids to Investigation | AFIS Software   |                    | 13,600,000.00   |
| 2013-14 (Plan) | Housing                          | LSQs (Allotted to KEPA)   | 9                  | 10,771,875.00   |
| 2013-14 (Plan) | Building                         | DNA Lab at KNR (Allotted to DGP KEPA)                               | 1                  | 5,000,000.00    |
| 2014-15 (Plan) | Housing                          | USQ   | 12                 | 33,600,000.00   |
| 2014-15 (Plan) | Building                         | Circle Offices/ SDP Offices   | 3                  | 12,000,000.00   |
| 2016-17        | Training                         | Laptops   | 40                 | 2,277,000.00    |

|                |                                  |  |                    |                |
|----------------|----------------------------------|--|--------------------|----------------|
| 2014-15        | Traffic                          | Illuminating Traffic Baton   | 3,570              | 5,444,001.00   |
| 2013-14        | Training                         | Operational Mats   | 553                | 1,858,130.00   |
| 2013-14        | Scientific Aids to Investigation | Advanced Equipment for Document Examination                              | 1                  | 1,743,750.00   |
| 2013-14        | Equipment                        | Access Control System at SBCID   | 1                  | 1,855,193.00   |
| 2017-18        | Scientific Aids to Investigation | IBM SPSS Modeler   |                    | 308,000.00     |
| 2017-18        | Scientific Aids to Investigation | Acunetix WVS   |                    | 500,000.00     |
| 2017-18        | Scientific Aids to Investigation | Splunk   |                    | 500,000.00     |
| 2017-18        | Scientific Aids to Investigation | Fire Walls   |                    | 1,000,000.00   |
| 2017-18        | Scientific Aids to Investigation | Check Point Solutions  |                    | 1,500,000.00   |
| 2017-18        | Training                         | District Training Centres (TVPM City/ KLM City/ KTM/ TSR City/ KKD City) | 5                  | 10,000,000.00  |
| 2013-14 (Plan) | Housing                          | USQs at Bhakthivilasom   |                    | 7,302,056.00   |
| 2017-18        | Scientific Aids to Investigation | Implementation of AFIS   | PSs and CI Offices | 6,000,000.00   |
| 2014-15 (Plan) | Building                         | LSQs   | 26                 | 36,923,072.00  |
| 2014-15 (Plan) | Building                         | LSQs   | 2                  | 23,076,928.00  |
| 2017-18        | Equipment                        | Portable X-Ray Machines  | 2                  | 5,600,000.00   |
| 2016-17        | Mobility                         | Water Tanker   | 1                  | 1,421,936.00   |
| 2013-14        | Equipment                        | Robotic Mobile Cutter Vehicle  | 1                  | 3 5,760,000.00 |
| 2014-15        | Scientific Aids to Investigation | Refractometer  |                    | 1,477,454.00   |
| 2016-17        | Equipment                        | Bomb Suit  | 1                  | 2,429,930.00   |
| 2014-15        | Scientific                       | Aids to Investigation Laptops  | 20                 | 872,964.00     |
| 2013-14 (Plan) | Housing                          | USQ  |                    | 5,476,542.00   |
| 2013-14 (Plan) | Housing                          | USQs at Bhakthivilasom   |                    | 30,521,402.00  |
| 2016-17        | Training                         | Laptops  | 20                 | 886,600.00     |
| 2016-17        | Communication                    | High Band Handheld Set   | 1,387              | 12,408,024.00  |
| 2016-17        | Scientific                       | Aids to Investigation PCR Machine  | 2                  | 1,094,450.00   |
| 2017-18        | Mobility                         | Force Traveller  | 17                 | 19,128,740.00  |
| 2014-15        | Communication                    | VHF Low Band Mobile Set  | 300                | 3,123,005.00   |
| 2016-17        | Communication                    | Secondary Battery  | 810                | 11,707,383.00  |
| 2014-15 (Plan) | Building                         | Citizen Facilitation Centre  |                    | 12,500,000.00  |
| 2014-15        | Scientific Aids to Investigation | UV VIS Spectrometer  | 2                  | 1,511,604.00   |
| 2017-18        | Training                         | Training Infrastructure at KEPA  |                    | 20,920,000.00  |
| 2017-18        | Training                         | Smart Class at PTC   |                    | 10,000,000.00  |
| 2013-14 (Plan) | Housing                          | LSQs   |                    | 27,528,125.00  |
| 2016-17        | Training                         | Diesel Generator   | 2                  | 1,531,460.00   |



INFRASTRUCTURE FACILITIES LIKE BUILDINGS, ROADS, BRIDGES ETC. COSTING RS. 50 LAKHS OR MORE CREATED DURING THE YEAR AND EXPENDITURE INCURRED

| MOPF 2013-14 (PLAN - STATE SHARE) |   |                            |               |       |                       |  |
|-----------------------------------|---|----------------------------|---------------|-------|-----------------------|--|
| Sl. No.                           | ACTIVITY  | SANCTIONED OUTLAY (in Rs.) | DISTRICT      | UNITS | DETAILS FUND UTILISED | PROPOSED LOCATIONS   |
| 1                                 | DPO Building (2 Nos.)   | 30,000,000                 | PTA           | 1     | 6,524,550             | Vehicle Shed and Compound Wall at DPO Pathanamthitta                             |
|                                   |   |                            | KTM           | 1     | 3,091,250             | Providing Work Station and Additional Electrification Work at DPO Kottayam       |
|                                   |   |                            | TSR City      | 1     | 8,143,848             | Providing Lift Facility and Fire Fighting System at Thrissur City Police Complex |
|                                   |   |                            | MPM           | 1     | 6,000,000             | Construction of Compound Wall of Areacode Camp, MPM                              |
|                                   |   |                            | TSR RI        | 1     | 6,240,352             | Construction of Thrissur Rural DPO Building                                      |
| 2                                 | Barracks (3 Nos.)   | 30,000,00                  | MPM           | 1     | 30,000,000            | AR Camp  |
|                                   |   |                            | TVPM          | 1     |                       | Wome Police Bn   |
|                                   |   |                            | KSGD          | 1     |                       | AR CAMP  |
| 3                                 | Construction of DNA Laboratory of RFSLs at Kannur & Thrissur (2 Nos.) | 10,000,000                 | TSR           | 1     | 5,000,000             | RFSL Thrissur  |
|                                   |   |                            | Kochi         | 1     | 5,000,000             | RFSL Kochi   |
| 4                                 | Construction of LSQs (32 Nos.)  | 38,300,000                 | KEPA          | 9     | 27,528,125            | KEPA   |
|                                   |   |                            | Kollam C      | 8     |                       | Kollam C   |
|                                   |   |                            | EKM RI        | 10    |                       | Ankamali   |
|                                   |   |                            | Thrissur City | 5     |                       | Thrissur City  |
| 5                                 | Construction of USQs  | 43,300,000                 | TVM C         | 4     | 43,300,000            | SPC & ADGP Villas at Bhakthivilasom  |
| 6                                 | Construction of Classrooms at KEPA                                    | 10,000,00                  | TSR           | 5     | 10,000,000            | KEPA   |
| MOPF 2013-14 (PLAN - STATE SHARE) |   |                            |               |       |                       |  |
| 7                                 | Construction of Police Stations - 3 @ Rs. 180 Lakhs                   | 18,000,00                  | Alappuzha     | 5     | 10,000,000            | Aroor  |
|                                   |   |                            | KKD RI        | 5     | 5,000,000             | Chombala (Phase I)   |
| 8                                 | Construction of Circle Offices/ SDP Offices - 3 @ Rs. 120 Lakhs       | 12,000,000                 | TVPM City     | 1     | 5,000,000             | Pinarayi (Phase II)  |
| 9                                 | Construction of District Police Office at Kollam - 1 @ Rs. 276 Lakhs  | 27,600,00                  | Kollam RI     | 1     | 27,600,000            | Kollam Rural   |
| 10                                | Construction of LSQs - 26 Nos. @ Rs. 600 Lakhs                        | 60,000,000                 | Kottayam      | 10    |                       | Muttamblam   |
|                                   |   |                            | Palakkad      | 6     |                       | Mankara  |
|                                   |   |                            | PHQ           | 2     | 60,000,000            | PHQ  |

|                           |  |            |            |   |            |                         |
|---------------------------|--|------------|------------|---|------------|-------------------------|
|                           |  |            | TVPM City  | 2 |            | Nemom                   |
|                           |  |            | Idukki     | 5 |            | Marayoor                |
| 11                        | Construction of USQs – 12 Nos. @ Rs. 336 Lakhs   | 33,600,000 | TVPM City  | 4 | 33,600,000 | Palayam                 |
|                           |  |            | Kochi City | 4 |            | Ernakulam Town North PS |
|                           |  |            | KKD City   | 4 |            | KKD Town PS             |
| STATE PLAN SCHEME 2017-18 |  |            |            |   |            |                         |
| 12                        | Construction of Janamaithri Headquarters Building & Logistics                                      | 10,000,000 | TVPM C     | 1 | 10,000,000 | SAP                     |
| 13                        | Construction of Student Police Cadet Directorate and Development of its Infrastructure & Logistics | 10,000,000 | TVPM C     | 1 | 10,000,000 | SAP                     |
| 14                        | Construction of District Training Centres – (Rs. 90 lakhs x 5 Nos.) – reg                          | 45,000,000 | Kasaragod  | 1 | 9,000,000  | Kasargod                |
|                           |  |            | Wayanad    | 1 | 9,000,000  | Wayanad                 |
|                           |  |            | Palakkad   | 1 | 9,000,000  | Palakkad                |
|                           |  |            | Kochi City | 1 | 9,000,000  | Kochi City              |
|                           |  |            | Alappuzha  | 1 | 9,000,000  | Alappuzha               |

MOUNTED POLICE UNIT

The Mounted Police Unit, a symbol of majesty of Kerala Police is housed in 1.14 acres of Government land at Kannettumukku, Thycaud, Thiruvananthapuram, only one of its kind in entire Kerala Police.

The beginning of Mounted Police Unit in the State can be traced back to the year 1880, the then His Highness The Maharajas of Travancore paved the way and was known as “The Raja Pramukhas Body Guards” till the independence of the nation from the British Colonial Rule. It was situated in the Body Guard Square, at Palayam. There was an array of high breed horses including foreign breeds, which were considered as a symbol of pride used for protection from enemies and pulling of chariots of the royal families etc..

The present Mounted Police Unit was established in the year 1961 vide G.O(Ms) 508/Home, dated 14.11.1961 and continued to be situated at Cantonment Camp (Body Guard Square), Palayam till 1981. Post the

construction of the Assembly complex at Palayam, the unit was shifted to the present premises. Formerly horses were bought from Armed Forces stable or abroad with high pedigree and quality. Purchases were done from North India in 1984, 1987 and 1999. There are 28 stables in the present unit. The sanctioned strength of horses is 35 and the present strength is 11.

The Reserve Inspector (Mounted Police) is the Controlling Officer of this unit who is supervised by the Assistant Commandant AR, Thiruvananthapuram City under the administrative control of the Commissioner of Police, Thiruvananthapuram City. The present Mounted Police Unit is functioning in a two-storied building. Offices and Veterinary Hospital is in the ground floor and 28 stables in two buildings. Police Band Unit also occupies this campus. The first floor is used as barrack for the men.

DUTIES PERFORMED:

\* Regular Parade

\* Ceremonial Functions

\* Night Patrol

\* Private Functions

\* Shooting for Films and Serials

\* Riding Practice





## KERALA POLICE SPORTS TEAMS IN 2018

The performance of all the Kerala Police Sports Teams in 2018 was outstanding in many respects. Kerala Police has always concentrated on Team Games and the performances were noteworthy. Kerala Police Team also completed the construction of India's first ultra modern Sports Hostel at Peroorkada, with top class amenities and a Gymnasium. The Performance of each of the teams is detailed below.

The Performance of the Kerala Police Volleyball Team (Women) was the best, wherein they won all the major tournaments in the Year 2018.

| SL. No. | NATURE OF TOURNAMENT   | VENUE       | RESULT/ PERFORMANCE |
|---------|------------------------|-------------|---------------------|
| 1       | All India Police Games | Ranchi      | Winner              |
| 2       | All India              | Guntur      | Winner              |
| 3       | All India              | Egmore      | Winner              |
| 4       | All India              | Thoothukudi | Winner              |
| 5       | All India              | Kasargod    | Winner              |
| 6       | All Kerala             | Adoor       | Winner              |
| 7       | Inter Club             | Vadakara    | Winner              |
| 8       | All Kerala             | Ambalapuzha | Winner              |

The Performance of the Kerala Police Volleyball Team (Men) was satisfactory and the major results are listed below:

| SL. No. | NATURE OF TOURNAMENT   | VENUE     | RESULT/ PERFORMANCE |
|---------|------------------------|-----------|---------------------|
| 1       | All India Police Games | Ranchi    | Runner Up           |
| 2       | All India              | Gothavari | 2nd Runner Up       |
| 3       | All India              | Egmore    | 4th Place           |
| 4       | Inter Club             | Vadakara  | Runner Up           |



### ATHLETIC TEAM - (MEN)

| SL. No. | NAME       | RANK & GL. NO. | UNIT  | MEET   | PERFORMANCE/POSITION | YEAR |
|---------|------------|----------------|-------|--|----------------------|------|
| 1       | Anoop C.B. | Hdr. 9407      | KAP 1 | Senior National                                      | 5th Position         | 2018 |
|         |            |                |       | National Inter State                                 | 3rd Position         | 2018 |
| 2       | Sirajudeen | Hdr.14165      | MSP   | Open National  | Participation        | 2018 |
|         |            |                |       | Still Practicing in Kerala State Elite Camp at LNCPE |                      |      |
| 1       | Abin B.    | Hdr. 8076      | KAP 3 | Open National  | Participation        | 2018 |
|         |            |                |       | All India Police Meet                                | Triple Jump - 4th    | 2018 |

### ATHLETIC TEAM - (WOMEN)

| SL. No. | NAME              | RANK & GL. NO. | UNIT    | MEET                  | PERFORMANCE/POSITION        | YEAR |
|---------|-------------------|----------------|---------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|------|
| 1       | Sini S.           | WSI            | KAP 2nd | All India Police Meet | 100 m - 2nd 4 x 100 m - 3rd | 2018 |
| 2       | Reshma Raveendran | WHdr. 12927    | SAP     | Open National         | Pole Vault - Participation  | 2018 |
|         |                   |                |         | All India Police Meet | Pole Vault - 5th            | 2018 |
| 3       | Manju K.          | WHdr. 14162    | MSP     | Open National         | Participation               | 2018 |
|         |                   |                |         | All India Police Meet | 4 x 100 m - 3rd             | 2018 |
| 4       | Aryanath          | WHdr.8072      | KAP 3   | All India Police Meet | 4 x 100 m - 3rd             | 2018 |



|   |               |            |       |                       |                   |      |
|---|---------------|------------|-------|-----------------------|-------------------|------|
| 5 | Shilbi A.P.   | WHdr.8073  | KAP 3 | All India Police Meet | 4 x 100 m – 3rd   | 2018 |
| 6 | Jenimol Joy   | WHdr.8075  | KAP 3 | Open National         | Participation     | 2018 |
|   |               |            |       | All India Police Meet | Triple Jump – 2nd | 2018 |
| 7 | Sinju Prakash | WHdr.9795  | KAP 4 | Open National         | Participation     | 2018 |
|   |               |            |       | All India Police Meet | Pole Vault – 2nd  | 2018 |
| 5 | Shilpa Chacko | WHdr.14164 | MSP   | All India Police Meet | Triple Jump – 4th | 2018 |

| SL. No. | NAME OF TOURNAMENT | NAME OF TROPHY VENUE | YEAR | POSITION |
|---------|--------------------|----------------------|------|----------|
| 1       | All India          | Madhya Pradesh       | 2018 | Winner   |
| 2       | All India          | Odisha               | 2018 | Winner   |
| 2       | All India          | Nagpur               | 2018 | Winner   |

#### PERFORMANCE OF KERALA POLICE HANDBALL TEAM -2018

| SL. No. | NAME OF TOURNAMENT  | VENUE  | RESULT / PERFORMANCE | POSITION |
|---------|---------------------|--------|----------------------|----------|
| 1       | All India           | Kannur | Participation        | 2018     |
| 2       | 35th Federation Cup | Punjab | Participation        | 2018     |

#### PERFORMANCE OF KERALA POLICE JUDO TEAM IN 2018

| SL. No. | NATURE OF TOURNAMENT | VENUE | RESULT / PERFORMANCE   |
|---------|----------------------|-------|--|
| 1       | ASWIN P.C.           |       | Asian Games Participation in Khurash – 2018, All India Police Judo Championship 2017, 2018 |
| 2       | JITHIN KUMAR V.      |       | All India Police Judo Championship 2017, 2018, Commonwealth Games Selection Trail – 2018   |

#### TEAM PERFORMANCE

- Mens team champions in Senior State Judo Championship – 2018
- Overall 1st runner up in Senior State Judo Championship – 2018
- Senior Champions in State – Kurash Championship – 2017-201

#### PERFORMANCE OF KERALA POLICE SWIMMING TEAM IN 2018

| SL. No. | NAME              | GL.NO./ RANK | BEST/ HIGHEST PERFORMANCE/ PARTICIPATION IN 2018 YEAR      | POSITION                                       |
|---------|-------------------|--------------|--|--|
| 1       | Sajan Prakash     | API          | Asian Games participation – 2018<br>Senior National – 2018 | 100 m Butterfly -12th<br>200 m Butterfly – 5th |
| 2       | Rahul Krishnan K. | HDR. 12929   | All India Police Aquatic Meet – 2018                       | Bronze Medal                                   |
| 3       | Rakesh R.         | HDR. 12930   | Senior National 2016, All India Police Aquatic Meet – 2018 | Bronze Medal                                   |
| 4       | Vaisakh S.S.      | HDR. 13933   | All India Police Aquatic Meet – 2018                       | Bronze Medal                                   |
| 5       | Renjith H.R.      | HDR. 12931   | All India Police Aquatic Meet – 2018                       | Bronze Medal                                   |
| 5       | Aneesh U.         | HDR. 12932   | All India Police Aquatic Meet – 2018                       | Bronze Medal                                   |

#### PERFORMANCE OF KERALA POLICE BASKETBALL TEAM (WOMEN) 2018 SEASON

| SL. No. | NATURE OF TOURNAMENT | VENUE            | DISTRICT/ STATE | RESULT/ PERFORMANCE |
|---------|----------------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| 1       | All India            | Coimbatore       | Tamilnadu       | Semi Final          |
| 2       | All Kerala           | Athirampuzha     | Kottayam        | Runner Up           |
| 3       | Senior State         | Athirampuzha     | Kottayam        | Runner Up           |
| 4       | All Kerala           | Champions Trophy | Ernakulam       | Winner              |

#### PERFORMANCE OF KERALA POLICE WEIGHTLIFTING TEAM

| SL. No. | NAME       | GI.No./ RANK | BEST/ HIGHEST PERFORMANCE/ PAR-TICIPATION 2018 YEAR | POSITION  |
|---------|------------|--------------|---|---|
| 1       | YASIR P.   | HDR. 12591   | Senior State Medalist – 2018                        | 1st   |
| 2       | STIJO JOSE | CPO 7756     | Senior State Medalist – 2018                        | 1st – Individual Champion-<br>Selected for State Camp |
| 3       | MADHU      | CPO 5139     | Senior State – 2018                                 | 4th   |

#### PERFORMANCE OF KERALA POLICE WRESTLING TEAM

| SL. No. | NAME              | GI.No./ RANK | BEST/ HIGHEST PERFORMANCE/ PAR-TICIPATION 2018 YEAR |
|---------|-------------------|--------------|---|
| 1       | ABDUL RASHID P.A. | PC 8595      | Senior National – 2018                              |
| 2       | NOUFAL M.         | PC 8846      | Senior National – 2018                              |
| 3       | ARUN T.T.         | PC 5641      | Senior National – 2018                              |

#### ‘JAVELIN’- INDIA'S FIRST EXCLUSIVE POLICE SPORTS HOSTEL

Kerala Police had achieved its highest successes in the history of Sports during the period between1984-1990. Kerala Police had strong teams in volleyball, basketball, athletics, swimming and football. These teams had performed outstandingly in Federation cup, All India Police Meet, other National meets etc.. One or two members of Indian teams were always from the Kerala Police. About 173 sports persons were recruited to Kerala Police in sports quota during this period.

For the next 10-12 years, these recruitments could not be done due to many reasons. In 2009, Kerala Police had come up with a new recruitment policy and 64 sportsmen were recruited into the Police Department followed by recruitment of 24 women personnel next year. As a result, Kerala Police had won many events in the year 2010. This process of recruitment was pursued in the coming years also as part of strengthening various teams of Kerala Police.

However, the accommodation facilities for these sports persons were quite insufficient. It was decided to construct a new Sports Hostel building with all facilities. Now, a Sports Hostel for Kerala Police has been constructed in a three storied building with all modern amenities such as gym, kitchen, dining hall, recreation hall, rooms for accommodation etc.. Being a Sports Hostel under the control of Police Department, this is unprecedented in the history of Indian police. This was made possible only by the interest of the Government of Kerala in sports and games. By constructing separate Sports Hostel for men and women, the Government has put a strong step forward to strengthen Sports in Kerala.

During 1984-90, Kerala Police had only 5 teams. However, as of now, the teams have been increased by including Judo, handball, wrestling, shooting etc..









# CHAPTER 12

WELFARE &  
GENERAL  
ADMINISTRATION



SUBSIDIARY CENTRAL POLICE CANTEEN (SCPC)

As per GO (MS) No. 176/11/11 dated 0.08.2011 a Subsidiary Central Police Canteen started at Kerala Police Academy for the police persons of Thrissur. The canteen is having an area of 7,000 sq. ft. consisting of 4 bill counters. Home Appliances, Computer Peripherals & Electronics like USB, Headphone, UPS, Mobile Phone, LCD & TVs, Textiles, Cosmetics, Crockery, Utensils, Stationary, Groceries, Vegetables and Bakery Items are available at CPC for Police, Excise, Fire and Rescue Forces and retired personnel from above. Kerala Police opened a new Subsidiary Central Police Canteens (SCPC) at AR Camp, Thiruvananthapuram City vide reference Order No.CXVII.2/CPC/2009-CPC-7230 dated 22.11.2011 of the Central Office, CPC, New Delhi with the canteen at GC CRPF Camp, Pallippuram, TVPM as the approved

- Subsidiary Central Police Canteen, Nandavanam, AR Camp, Thiruvananthapuram City
- Subsidiary Central Police Canteen, Kollam Branch, No. KC 44/972, Armed Reserve Camp Kollam - 691001
- Subsidiary Central Police Canteen, IV/476, Earth Grama Panchayat, Paruthipara, Valaya. P.O., Adoor Pathanamthitta - 691554
- Subsidiary Central Police Canteen, District Police Headquarters Camp 42/70, Civil Station Ward Alappuzha Collectorate P.O., Alappuzha - 688001
- Subsidiary Central Police Canteen, XIV/64, Police Camp, Muttambalam Village Collectorate P.O., Keezhukunnu, Kottayam - 686002
- Subsidiary Central Police Canteen, XIII/11 Vazhathoppu Panchayath AR Camp Painavu P.O.
- Subsidiary Central Police Canteen, XVI/81, 82.83, AR Camp Compound, Hill Palace, Thripunithura, Ernakulam - 682301

Master Canteen. As such the SCPC at AR Camp, TVPM City has already started functioning since January 2012. As agreed by the Govt. of Kerala, Branch Distribution Centre of SCPC, AR Camp, TVPM City was opened at the rate of one for each Revenue District in the State for purchase and sale of commodities purchased from the CPC. As such, 13 Police Canteens are working in other districts of the State as the Branch Distribution Centres of the Subsidiary Central Police Canteen, AR Camp, Nandavanam, Thiruvananthapuram City for administrative convenience. The average monthly turnover in respect of each Canteen is around Rs. 50 lakhs. The average monthly turnover of 14 branches together will be roughly around Rs. 4 crores. Out of 14 canteens in the State, the details are as follows:

- Subsidiary Central Police Canteen, Thrissur Branch IX/131/143. Kerala Police Academy Ramavarmapuram, Thrissur - 680631
- Subsidiary Central Police Canteen, Pirayiri Grama Panchayath , Old No.19/349, New No. 17/264. AR Camp, Kallekkad. P.O., Palakkad - 678006
- Subsidiary Central Police Canteen, MSP Camp, UP Hill, Building No.347, 348/XIII, Malappuram Municipality, Malappuram. P.O., Malappuram - 676505
- Subsidiary Central Police Canteen, 11/409, Constable Hostel, AR Camp, Kozhikode City - 67301
- Subsidiary Central Police Canteen, Building No.4 ,Ward No. XXII, A.R. Camp, Puthoorvayal. P.O., Meppai Panchayath, Wayanad - 673121
- Subsidiary Central Police Canteen, Building No.TTN/9/663, Kannur Municipality, Civil Station, Kannur - 670002
- Subsidiary Central Police Canteen, Building No. 8/452, Madhur Panchayath, R.D. Nagar P.O., Kasargod - 671125

II. CMS PROJECT AT PHQ AND 21 REMOTE LOCATIONS (DISTRICTS AND CBCID AND SBCID HQS)

| SCHEME YEAR | CATEGORY  | ITEM                          | NO./ UNIT | AMOUNT UTILISED |
|-------------|-----------|-------------------------------|-----------|-----------------|
| 2013-14     | Mobility  | Purchase of Open Lorries      | 3         | 4,423,704.00    |
| 2013-14     | Mobility  | Ambulance                     | 2         | 1,651,729.00    |
| 2016-17     | Mobility  | Bullet Resistant Vehicle      | 1         | 3,301,200.00    |
| 2013-14     | Mobility  | Buses                         | 10        | 16,732,500.00   |
| 2013-14     | Mobility  | Buses                         | 5         | 8,510,576.00    |
| 2014-15     | Mobility  | Buses                         | 6         | 10,148,700.00   |
| 2017-18     | Mobility  | Innova Crysta                 | 2         | 2,551,354.00    |
| 2013-14     | Equipment | Robotic Mobile Cutter Vehicle | 1         | 5,760,000.00    |
| 2016-17     | Mobility  | Force Traveller               | 6         | 6,669,291.00    |
| 2017-18     | Mobility  | Force Traveller               | 17        | 19,128,740.00   |
| 2016-17     | Mobility  | 4 Wheel Drive Vehicle         | 9         | 5,447,943.00    |
| 2017-18     | Mobility  | Mahindra TUV                  | 15        | 10,960,470.00   |
| 2016-17     | Mobility  | Water Tanker                  | 1         | 1,421,936.00    |

KERALA POLICE WELFARE BUREAU

The Police Welfare Bureau (PWB) is constituted under section 104 of Kerala Police Act 2011, intends to meet the welfare needs of the police force of the State. It was constituted by PHQ Order No. J4 (welfare)/91680/2011 dated 10/10/2011. Its functions commenced from November 2011 onwards. The PWB is headed by the DGP & SPC, under the Chairmanship of an officer not below the rank of ADGP and Secretary not below the rank of IGP. Presently ADGP (HQ) and IGP (HQ) are holding these positions. The committee includes advisory members fixed by the SPC and includes District Police Chief, TVPM City, President, KPSOA State Committee, President and Secretary of KPOA State Committee, President, Secretary and Treasurer of KPA State Committee. In addition, SHO Vanitha PS, TVPM City is included as a Special Invitee. The committee will convene bimonthly to discuss and formulate various welfare measures and for implementing the same.

For implementing the welfare activities and programmes, a Welfare Fund under PWB has been formulated since November 2011. The source of fund is the subscription collected from the members (The members of PWB comprises of State Police Chief to Recruit Police Constables and retired police personnel who remit subscription). Subscription includes Rs. 1,000/- (Rupees One Thousand only) per annum for gazette officers, Rs. 50/- (Rupees Fifty only) per month for others and Rs. 500/- per annum from retired police officers/ personnel.

There is a joint account of PWB in the name of Chairman and Secretary at SBI Althara Branch, TvpM, where the Welfare Fund is accumulated. The account number is 32043046889. The welfare funds collected by all units are directly deposited by the concerned units in to this account. For any type of withdrawals or transfer of fund from this account, the signatures of both Chairman and Secretary are necessary. There is no direct cash dealing in the Police Welfare Bureau.

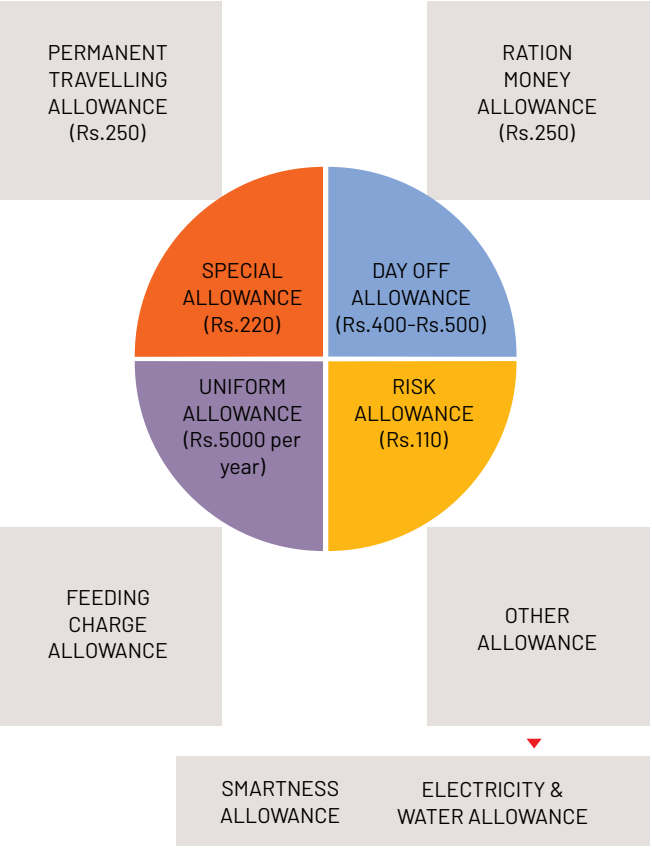
As a part of welfare measures, PWB is sanctioning Grant and Interest Free Loans to the serving personnel who are subscribers to PWB fund and Grant to the retired personnel for serious ailments like Cancer, Kidney & Liver Problems(Non-alcoholic cause), Stroke/Paralysis, Cardio Thoracic Diseases, Spinal Cord & Neuro Problems, serious permanent disabilities etc.. In case of emergency, cases on medical ground, DGP & SPC can sanction emergency financial assistance and same will be ratified as loan or grant by the next committee of PWB. The maximum amount of financial assistance one can avail from PWB is Rs. 3,00,000/- as non refundable grant and Rs.3,00,000/- as interest free loan. Loan will be recovered in instalments of Rs. 5,000/-.

In the case of financial assistance for treatment of serious diseases, a person subscribed to Police Welfare Bureau can apply for the same through their unit by submitting a request to the unit head along with his treatment records including copy of bills, hospital records, doctor certificate etc. The unit heads will forward the contents to the Chairman PWB after conducting a detailed enquiry by the District Special Branch/ AC (Adj).

SERVING POLICE PERSONNEL

|   |                    |       |
|---|--------------------|-------|
| Timely Promotions & 8 Hours Duty System | Special Allowances | HATS  |
| Comprehensive Stress Management Scheme  | SHAPE              | GPAIS |

SPECIAL ALLOWANCES



HELP AND ASSISTANCE TO TACKLE STRESS (HATS)

- Counselling centres at the district level to help personnel suffering from stress
- Total 5,084 police personnel benefitted during 2016 & 2017.



COMPREHENSIVE STRESS MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME

- To identify and address work related and other types of stress which they confront during their day to day life
- In association with a group of Psychologists and an NGO (CARE WORLD FOUNDATION)
- 5 master trainers in every district



ACCIDENT INSURANCE

- No premium
- Rs. 10 lakh assured sum
- Complete educational expenses for selected 14 children (deserving) till they get appointment on compassionate ground
- Scholarship for students (merit based professional courses) - grant Rs. 1 lakh

SHAPE

- Systematic Health Assessment for Police Personnel
- Launched in association with the Health Department rendering free and regular health check-ups exclusively for the police personnel



GROUP PERSONNEL ACCIDENT INSURANCE SCHEME

- Premium - Rs. 400
- In case of death - Assured sum of Rs. 10 lakhs

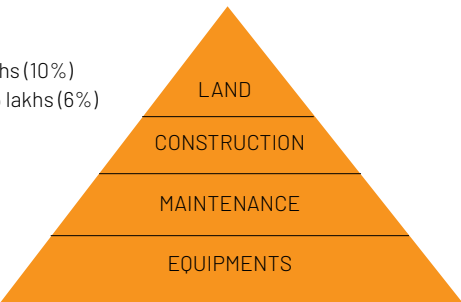
HOUSING

- Kerala Police Housing Cooperative Society (KPHCS)
- In case of death - Assured sum of Rs. 10 lakhs

KPHCS

- Aim is to fulfill the housing needs of the police personnel by provid ing loans
- Membership Rs. 500/-
- Turnover - 500 crores, Profit - Rs. 12 crores
- KPHCS extends loans for:

Housing - 30 lakhs  
Maintenance - 10 lakhs (10%)  
Educational Loan - 5 lakhs (6%)



KERALA POLICE HOUSING CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY

Housing loans distributed from Kerala Police Housing Co-operative Society

| Sl. No. | FINANCIAL YEAR | HOUSING LOAN   | HOUSE CONSTRUCTION MATERIAL LOAN |
|---------|----------------|----------------|----------------------------------|
| 1       | 2014-15        | 24,63,00,000   | 28,31,00,000                     |
| 2       | 2015-16        | 43,16,00,000   | 63,13,00,000                     |
| 3       | 2016-17        | 66,97,00,000   | 52,27,00,000                     |
|         | TOTAL          | 2,34,76,00,000 | 1,43,71,00,000                   |

WELFARE SCHEMES IN KPHCS

- CPAS - Collective Posthumous Aid Scheme  
Rs. 18,000 - 20 Installments  
On Death - Rs. 51 lakhs  
On Retirement - Principal + 2% Int
- CARE - Critical Ailment Relief Endowment  
Rs. 6000 - 20 Installments  
For all major treatments - Rs. 3 lakhs (dependent)  
Refundable
- Investment & Share  
2% share in every loan taken yields 25% as dividend every year

KERALA POLICE FAMILY HEALTH SCHEME (KPFHS)

- Treatment under Central Government Health Scheme rate by selected hospitals in districts
- Police personnel pay Rs. 15/-for lifetime health coverage
- Health Card issued. Beneficial for dependents too
- This scheme is introduced in four Police Districts; Thrissur City, Thrissur Rural, Kochi and Kollam

APPOINTMENT ON COMPASSIONATE GROUND

- Appointment to the force have been done on compassionate grounds
- During the period of 2012 - 2014 a total of 548 personnel were appointed on compassiobable ground. Around 395 petitions are pending and the process is on

CBSE SCHOOL

- Two Kendriya Vidyalaya Schools in Trivandrum and Thrissur districts
- Police land given on lease for 99 years
- More than 50% of strength - Childern of Police Personnel



POLICE CONSUMER SOCIETY

- Groceries and other essential commodities for police personnel
- It is governed by a democratically elected body (Police Officers)

CENTRAL POLICE CANTEEN & SUBSIDIARY POLICE CANTEEN

- At present our State has 14 outlets of Subsidiary Central Police canteens in 14 revenue districts
- Central management commitee headed by an officer in the rank of ADGP and assited by officer in the rank of Inspector General of Police and Superintendents of Police
- Smart card system with varying limits of purchase to Gazetted and Non Gazatted Officers
- Families of police personnel are invited in various activities in the functioning of the Police Canteen
- Caters to the needs of the staff of Fire Force, Transport, Excise Department etc.
- 2% of profit goes to welfare fund
- CPC items from CRPF Canteen, Trivandrum
- Purchase committee for Non CPC item. Price of Non CPC item fixed usually 25% less than MRP
- There is a District Committee also to govern the functions of canteen headed by DPC as President and DySP Admin as Secretary

FINANCIAL SECURITY

|                                      |
|--------------------------------------|
| KERALA POLICE WELFARE BUREAU         |
| KERALA POLICE WELFARE & AMENITY FUND |
| DISTRICT POLICE CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY |
| FAMILY AID SCHEME                    |



KERALA POLICE WELFARE BUREAU

- Constituted under section 104 of Kerala Police Act 2011 to meet the welfare needs of police personnel
- Chairman - ADGP (HQ); Secretary - IGP (HQ); Advisory members not exceeding ten from different ranks of Police Force
- Fix the policies and norms in respect of welfare of the police and supervise the welfare activities of various police units

POLICE WELFARE FUND

|   |
|---|
| Financial Assistance from Government  |
| Contribution from police officers   |
| Fine realised from police officers as penalties in inquiry proceedings                      |
| Contribution from individuals or institutions as permitted by Govt.                         |
| Operational profit from institutions or programmers conducted as part of welfare activities |

- Contribution from police personnel:
  - Self Drawing Offices - Rs. 1000 per annum
  - Others - Rs. 50 per annum
- PWB sanctions grants and interest free loans to the serving personnel who are subscriber to PWB
- Grant given as legal assistance for the officers facing legal battles, as a result of official duties
- The maxium amount of financial assistance:
  - Non refundable grant - Rs. 3,00,000/-
  - Interest free loans - Rs. 3,00,000/-
- Loan will be recovered in instalments of Rs. 5000/-
- Caters to the needs of retired personnel by providing grants in case of serious ailments like Cancer, Kidney & Liver Problems (Non-alcoholic cause) Stroke/ Paralysis, Cardio Thoracis Diseases, Spinal Coard & Neuro Problems, serious permanent disabilities etc.

KERALA POLICE WELFARE BUREAU

Financial assistance given on medical grounds from police welfare fund:

| Sl. No. | FINANCIAL YEAR | INTEREST FREE LOAN | NON REFUNDABLE GRANT |
|---------|----------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| 1       | 2015-16        | 1,31,90,000        | 2,02,41,500          |
| 2       | 2016-17        | 1,43,15,000        | 1,63,30,900          |
| 3       | 2017-18        | 2,32,09,000        | 1,68,23,000          |
|         | TOTAL          | 5,07,14,000        | 5,33,95,400          |

FINANCIAL SECURITY

- Objective is to relieve the distress among subscribers and their families in unforeseen conditions by giving financial support
- Setup with the contribution of all police personnel of and below the rank of inspectors and ministerial staff (Rs. 60/-per year) and with the help of Government grant
- Grant and loan to police personnel and ministerial staff and their families on medical emergencies. Educational scholarships, funds to sports and cultural activities

FUNCTIONING BODY





DISTRICT POLICE CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY

- To provide financial security to police personnel and to protect them from debit traps
- Advantages are speedy loan and security up to Rs. 1,50,000/-
- Functioning body: President - District Police Chief and Executive members are elected

|   |   |
|---|---|
| LOAN<br>to be recovered in 120<br>instalments | Education (10% interest)<br>House Maintenance (10.5% int)<br>Emergency (up to Rs. 75,000) 10.5% int |
| SAVINGS                                       | Chit Funds<br>Fixed Deposits  |
| SAVINGS                                       | Free Medi Claim Policy (Rs. 30,000/year)  |

FAMILY AID FUND

- The object of the fund is to provide financial assistance to the families of Kerala Police Personnel who lay down their lives while in the line of duty
- The fund has been collected from police officers in district/unit basis
- According to the number of police officers in the district/unit this amount varies from 8.5 lakhs to 13 lakhs

NEW POLICE STATIONS INAUGURATED IN 2018

1. Government has sanctioned 7 police stations namely Achankovil (Kollam Rural), Koppam (Palakkad), Thondarnad (Wayanad), Nagaroor (Thiruvananthapuram Rural), Kaipamangalam (Thrissur Rural) and Pinarayi (Kannur) and Puthur (Palakkad) vide GO (MS) NO. GO (RT) NO. 2487120171 Home dated 22.09.2011.

2. Among them Pinarayi Police Station inaugurated on 30.06.2018 by Hon'ble Chief Minister physically. The rest of the police stations were inaugurated on 13.08.2018 by Hon'ble Chief Minister. Nagaroor PS was inaugurated physically and the rest (Achankovil, Koppam, Thondarnad, Kaipamangalam) through video conferencing.

3. Puthur police station was sanctioned, but not inaugurated.



BROADLY

|         |         |         |          |           |
|---------|---------|---------|----------|-----------|
| FINANCE | HOUSING | MEDICAL | CONSUMER | EDUCATION |
|---------|---------|---------|----------|-----------|





# CHAPTER 13

## SPECIAL CELLS & UNITS





## COASTAL SECURITY

After the 26/11 Mumbai attacks, The Indian Government, along with various States located in coastal areas, have ensured in forming a specialised police force to maintain security of the coasts and conduct patrolling in the sea up to 5 nautical miles (9.3 km). The cases reported on the sea (in the territorial waters) will be investigated by the Coastal Police. In Kerala, 1st Coastal Police Station was started at Neendakara in Kollam District in the year 2009.

In Kerala, 14 Coastal Police Stations are existing now. Assistant Inspector General of Police is the present supervisory head of Coastal Police Stations.

- Vizhinjam Coastal Police Station
- Neendakara Coastal Police Station
- Thottappally Coastal Police Station
- Fort Kochi Coastal Police Station
- Azhikode Coastal Police Station
- Beypore Coastal Police Station
- Azheekal Coastal Police Station
- Bekal Coastal Police Station
- Arthunkal Coastal Police Station
- Ponnani Coastal Police Station
- Munakkakavadu Coastal Police Station
- Thalassery Coastal Police Station
- Kumbla Coastal Police Station
- Thrikaripur Coastal Police Station



### OBJECTIVES OF COASTAL POLICE

The establishment of Coastal Police Stations, which undertake patrolling of the seas near the land boundaries, help to prevent and curb the illicit drugs/ arms/ ammunition/ explosives smuggling.

- To provide an additional line of defence in the coast line of the country
- To prevent the intrusion of militants and anti-national elements into the country through the sea
- To prevent smuggling of petrol, diesel, medicines, illicit liquor and other commodities and valuable items from the country to other countries through sea and vice versa
- To prevent illegal transportation of arms/ ammunition, explosives, narcotic substances and also to prevent human trafficking from and to the country through the sea
- To prevent collusion between some fishermen and smugglers or militants for committing unlawful acts
- To obtain community participation in Coastal Security

- To collect intelligence on all the above matters
- To coordinate among related agencies like State Police, Indian Navy, Coast Guard, Fisheries Department, Customs etc. to improve quality of coastal policing
- To help the District Administration in the coastal districts in disaster management
- To handle law & order situations which may arise on account of clashes between various communities/ groups both on shore/ offshore
- To effectively impose ban on monsoon trawling in some States and enforce the law of the State relating to fishing, if so desired by the concerned State
- To handle environmental issues like oil-spills and pollution by toxic substances on territorial waters through coordination among various agencies
- To protect the maritime interest of the country by such acts as prescribed/ directed by the concerned State/ Union Territory

## TOURISM POLICE

Tourism Police was formed in the State to deal with complaints of cheating, overcharging and victimisation of tourists, both foreign and domestic. As the normal Police Force is heavily pre-occupied with various engagements, the need to set up Tourism Police was felt, in order to help the cause of tourism in the State. As a first step, Government had accorded sanction in 1997 for the creation of 150 posts of PCs and 30 posts of HCs in the Police Department to set up a separate wing of Tourism Wing in the State. These Tourist personnel are deployed at major tourist destinations of the State. The Tourist Police Personnel play a very important role in the development of tourism by providing assistance to tourists, patrolling areas of tourism importance, preventing crimes in tourist centres and by lending a helping hand to the tourists. Their services have been appreciated by one and all considering the nature of their duties.



## POLICE TELE COMMUNICATION

Police Tele Communication Unit is a State wide unit and is under the command and control of one Superintendent of Police, who is supervised by Director General of Police, State Crime Records Bureau. The Superintendent of Police, Telecommunication is assisted by Deputy Superintendent of Police, Telecom viz. C&T (Communication & Training) and C&W (Crypto and Workshop). Each Police District and Central Workshop, Stores, HF Control, Cipher Cell are supervised by concerned Inspectors of Police.

Maintaining of various communication networks such as High Frequency communication (HF), Trunk, District and Town VHF communication, COB communication and POLNET are carried out by each Tele Communication sub unit located at all districts and through repeater stations. The Police Tele Communication Unit undertakes the repair and maintenance of all communication equipment and periodical checking of all communication equipment, batteries installed in all units other than Police Tele Communication Unit and computers and accessories installed in every office.



# KERALA GOVERNMENT RAILWAY POLICE

## ORGANISATIONAL SET UP OF KERALA GRP

Kerala Railway Police functions under the direct supervision of ADGP (Intelligence & Railways) & IG (Intelligence & Railways), headed by Superintendent of Police, designated for this purpose and assisted by 4 DySPs, 4 IRPs and 19 Sub Inspectors. Railway Police District is divided into two sub divisions, 4 Circles and 13 Railway Police Stations.

## JURISDICTION

The jurisdiction of Kerala Railway Police extends within the boundary of the Railway line of 1,027 km in the State. 174 railway stations are there within this area.

## STRENGTH

Present strength of GRP, Kerala is SP - 1, DySP - 4, Inspectors - 4, SI/ASI - 25 and SCPOs/CP0/WCP0s - 654.

The Railway Police provides security to passengers in more than 286 trains that are running through Kerala daily, by way of deploying Beat and MoP. Security of the railway stations and prevention of drug trafficking, terrorist activities, extremist activities etc. are also the major tasks to be performed by Railway Police, other than the prevention and detection of crime.



## CRIME ON RAILWAYS (MEASURES TO CONTROL PASSENGER OFFENCES LIKE THEFT, SNATCHING/ ROBBERY, DACOITY & DRUGGING)

- Mobile Patrol and Beat Duties**  
Almost 286 trains are running through Kerala daily. As part of imparting safety and security to the passengers and their property, Kerala GRP is deploying Beat and Mobile Patrols in trains and platforms. With the available strength, we are able to cover 160 trains running through Kerala.
- Installation of Security Cameras**  
Security cameras are installed in major Railway stations (table attached) with monitoring rooms to screen the movements of passengers in the railway stations and platforms.

| Sl. No. | RAILWAY STATION | NUMBER OF CAMERAS INSTALLED |
|---------|-----------------|-----------------------------|
| 1       | TVC             | 79                          |
| 2       | Kollam          | 41                          |
| 3       | Ernakulam Jn    | 80                          |
| 4       | Ernakulam Town  | 17                          |
| 5       | Kottayam        | 20                          |
| 6       | Chengannur      | 20                          |
| 7       | Thrissur        | 18                          |
| 8       | Kozhikkode      | 50                          |
| Total   |                 | 325                         |

Ministry of Women and Children Empowerment, Govt. of India has allotted funds to Indian Railways under 'Nirbhaya Project' for the installation of CCTV cameras in railway stations. We have identified the railway stations wherein these CCTV Cameras are to be installed and the process is under progress. By use of these CCTV cameras, we will be able to locate suspicious characters and the crimes can be detected in a scientific manner.

- Action Taken Against Habitual Offenders**  
As a part of taking preventive measures against crimes, especially

| SECTION OF LAW    | 2016     |          | 2017     |          | 2018     |          |
|-------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
|                   | REPORTED | DETECTED | REPORTED | DETECTED | REPORTED | DETECTED |
| 109 CrPC          | 6        | 2        | 0        | 0        | 3        | 3        |
| 110 CrPC          | 5        | 2        | 0        | 0        | 3        | 3        |
| 151 CrPC          | 2        | 2        | 0        | 0        | 5        | 5        |
| 102 CrPC          | 1        | 1        | 4        | 4        | 2        | 2        |
| 4(1)(d), 102 CrPC | 3        | 3        | 4        | 4        | 6        | 6        |
| 107 CrPC          | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        | 6        | 6        |
| Total             | 17       | 10       | 8        | 8        | 25       | 25       |

- Enforcement of Kerala Antisocial Activities (Prevention) Act 2007 (KAAPA)**  
For the prevention of crimes, especially theft, GRP has succeeded in enforcing 2 cases under Kerala Antisocial Activities (Prevention) Act 2007. This is a good action by the GRP which reduced the reporting of theft cases and imparted a secure feeling among the commuters.
- Formation of District Anti Narcotic Special Action Force (DANSAF)**  
In view of combating illegal transportation of narcotic substances through trains, District Anti Narcotic Special Action Force (DANSAF) has been constituted in Kerala GRP. Detection of narcotic substances has been enhanced since then and illegal transportation through trains has been reduced. Details of detection of NDPS cases are as follows:

| NDPS CASES REPORTED IN RAILWAYS DURING THE YEAR 2018 |  |
|--|--|
| TOTAL CASES  | 90                                       |
| ARREST   | 101                                      |
| TOTAL QUANTITY SEIZED                                | GANJA132.871 kg & 224 NITRAZEPAM TABLETS |
| NDPS CASES REPORTED IN RAILWAYS DURING THE YEAR 2017 |  |
| TOTAL CASES  | 50                                       |
| ARREST   | 61                                       |
| TOTALQUANTITY SEIZED                                 | GANJA 83.182 kg                          |

- Detection of Property Cases for the last 3 years - Robbery**
  - During 2018, 12 robbery cases are reported and 10 are detected
  - In 2017 a total of 30 robbery cases were reported and 27 were detected
  - 9 robbery cases out of 11 reported were detected during 2016
- Ordinary Theft**
  - During 2018, 121 theft cases are reported and 77 cases are detected
  - During 2017, 105 cases were detected out of 167 reported cases
  - During 2016, a total of 134 cases were reported and 92 cases were detected

theft, GRP has succeeded in enforcing 2 cases under Kerala Antisocial Activities (Prevention) Act 2007 (KAAPA). This is a good initiative by the GRP which reduced the reporting of theft cases and imparted a secure feeling among the commuters. Besides, security proceedings u/s 107, 109 & 110 CrPC are being initiated against habitual criminals and antisocial elements and History Sheets are opened against them to prevent theft and other criminal activities. Details of security proceedings initiated by Kerala GRP for the last 3 years is as follows:

- Awareness Campaigns and Distribution of Awareness Pamphlets**  
Special Awareness campaigns to prevent property offences and for ensuring safety, security and dignity of women commuters were organised at various railway stations in coordination with the Student Police Cadets and Women NGOs. Awareness pamphlets containing Kerala Railway Police Control Room Number 9846200100 and RPF Control Room Number 9995040000 and guidelines for safe travel were distributed among the passengers in all railway stations and trains in the State in view of preventing crimes like theft, snatching, drugging etc..
- Implementation of Janamaithri Police Project (Community Policing)**  
'Janamaithri Suraksha Project' (Community Policing) is a flagship programme of Kerala Police. The prime objectives of this project is to improve and maintain a warm Police-Public relationship and thereby prevent crime, improve cooperation of the Police and the Public in security matters and to ensure mutual cooperation of members of the public in the domain of security through coordinated efforts by the Police and the People. To ensure public cooperation in all aspects of policing, Community Police Project has been launched in Kerala GRP recently. The committee consists of regular passengers, railway staff, RPF officials, porters, taxi drivers, vendors, TTEs, volunteers of women association etc.. Janamaithri Committees have been constituted in every Railway Police Station and monthly meetings of these committees will be held. This is expected to lower passenger offences and property cases by virtue of healthy relationship between Police and Public.

Formation of Dog Squad[ Text Wrapping Break][ Text Wrapping Break] A dedicated 'Dog Squad' for Kerala GRP has been constituted recently for the detection of drugs, liquor, arms & ammunitions etc.. These squads will function in Thiruvananthapuram, Ernakulam, Kozhikode and Palakkad districts.

## SAFETY OF RAILWAYS TRACKS AND RAILWAY PROJECTS

- Joint Combing Operations**  
Frequent Joint Combing Operations and Special Drives in





with RPF are being organised in trains, tracks and railway premises to prevent and detect property offences and avoid any kind of sabotage activities. During 2018, 60 Joint Combing Operations were conducted by GRP, Kerala in co-ordination with RPF, District BDDS Teams, Dog Squads of Districts and RPF in various railway stations and tracks. In addition to this, Track Patrols are being conducted during special occasions like National Days, on receiving important intelligence reports etc. in cooperation with RPF and railway gang men especially in the areas mapped as vulnerable such as junctions, abandoned places etc. to avoid any kind of track sabotage activities.

- Janamaithri Committees have been constituted in every Railway Police Station including members of local Self Government bodies like Panchayats and Corporations and the general public residing nearby the tracks and vital Railway Installations. Objective of including local residents/Panchayat members in these Committees is to collect information regarding any kind of disturbance/sabotage in railway tracks and railway projects and to take adequate preventive measures.

On reporting any kind of untoward incidents on tracks or stone pelting incidents towards running trains, Kerala GRP is concentrating on conducting campaigns in affected areas to create awareness among public in healthy co-ordination with Ward Members/Councillors and local Police.

### USE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SAFEGUARD AGAINST CYBER CRIME, MOBILE APPLICATION FOR RAILWAY PASSENGERS

#### Cyber Cell

A Cyber Cell is functioning in Kerala GRP Headquarters round the clock. The issues related to cyber crimes have become high-profile in recent days, particularly those surrounding hacking, copyright infringement, unwarranted mass-surveillance, sextortion, child pornography, child grooming etc.. To battle with these kinds of cyber crimes and other cyber needs related to man missing cases, theft of electronic gadgets, mobile phone missing and other cyber enquiries, a full-fledged Cyber Cell with adequate staff pattern is still required to Kerala GRP.

#### Formation of 'WhatsApp' Groups

As part of utilising the modern aspects of Information Technology for preventing/detecting property offences and finding out the missing persons/children, different 'WhatsApp' Groups are created. Rail Alert Control Room is monitoring the 'WhatsApp' groups. 'WhatsApp' Groups containing various members are in operation in Kerala GRP. It includes Supervisory officers of GRP, Intelligence duty personnel, GRP SHOs/personnel, RPF personnel, Railway staff, vendors, taxi drivers etc. Effective dissemination of information about the missing persons, unidentified bodies, criminals involved in various offences within the Railway Police network local Police, RPF etc. are ensured through this platform.

#### Mobile Application 'Raksha'

Kerala Police has launched a mobile application called 'Raksha'. This application will get updated regularly on the activities and services of Police in Kerala. Various information such as alert messages, safety tips, traffic information etc. will be available on this App. A telephone directory that has the phone numbers, E-mail IDs of all relevant police officials will be available in the application. Railway Passengers on board can seek help through this App in case of distress.

#### Rail Alert Control Room

Rail Alert Control Room of Kerala GRP is functioning 24x7 to help passengers. A proposal for establishing Computer Aided Dispatch based Alert and Response System to attend and redress the grievances of the railway commuters is under process in GRP Kerala. C-DAC has been requested to conduct a detailed study on the deployment of GRP as well as RPF all over Kerala and also requested to develop a computer based platform to receive calls and messages from the commuters and despatch it to the field officials/police personnel who are responsible for responding in case of emergency. This will be implemented soon in Kerala Railway Police.

### SECURITY OF WOMEN, TRAFFICKED/RUNAWAY/ DESTITUTE CHILDREN & SPECIALLY ABLED PERSONS FOUND ON TRAINS.

Kerala GRP is taking the following steps to ensure safe journey of women passengers.

- A scheme for passengers to register complaints with beat officers on train and avail a copy of the complaint is launched in Kerala GRP. The scheme is to help passengers avoid going to a police station and they can receive status of the case through telephone. This will be further improved this year based on feedback from the public.
- The ladies compartments in local trains are being escorted by GRP and RPF during peak/non-peak hours. Staff deployment is made during late night and early morning local trains to ensure proper security for lady passengers.

- Women Safety awareness programmes such as Janayathra Suraksha Committee and Janamaithri Committees are organised with the participation of women and other passengers, porters and other railway employees for ensuring the safety and protection.

- Security Helpline number is operational in GRP Control Room to enable women passengers to seek security related assistance on real time basis.

- Awareness campaign to lady passengers about alerting the security forces/stopping the train in emergency situations for saving life and valuables will be conducted.

- Formation of District Missing Persons Tracing Unit (DMPTU)

District Missing Persons Tracing Unit has been constituted in GRP, Kerala for dealing with the man missing cases, including missing children.

#### Missing Children (under the age of 18)

- Runaway/missing children in contact with the railways are traced/ recovered by the Kerala Railway Police and are handed over to the parents/Child Welfare Committees as per the norms laid down in the Standard Operating Procedure of Railways.

- During 2016 a total of 47 child missing cases(35 boys and 12 girls) were registered and all cases were traced.

- During 2017, out of 10 child missing cases(8 boys and 2 girls) all cases were traced.

- No child missing cases were reported in 2018.

### CO-ORDINATION MECHANISM BETWEEN POLICE, GRP AND RAILWAYS

#### Interstate transfer of cases

On the basis of investigation, cases are transferred to the concerned GRP of other States on point of jurisdiction. But it is noted that some of the GRPs are sending back the CD files without sufficient reasons. This is an issue is to be discussed. More than that, the cross crime numbers of cases are pending from some of the States, as a result the files concerned are still pending with us. Despite repeated requests and sending of persons to the GRP offices, we are not in receipt of the same.

#### Exchange of Information/Intelligence on Criminals

Since railway commuters are a floating population, criminals and miscreants will be operating from different places across the country. Different States in the Indian Railway network faces a serious challenge due to frequent thefts in running trains and platform doping cases, transportation of contraband articles, smuggling of goods and currency(pipe money), threat from terrorists and LWE activities, illegal activities of rail goons etc.. Successful investigation of cases of above nature would not be successful due to lack of information on criminals since the accused involved in such cases operate by traveling in trains across the Southern States. For the purpose, exchange of information and intelligence among neighbouring States is inevitable.

#### Effective Escorting of VVIP/VIPs by GRP

Kerala Railway Police is providing foolproof security to the Hon'ble Governor of the State, Hon' Ministers, MPs, MLAs, political party leaders, higher Govt. Officials etc..

### RAILWAY COURIER SERVICE

In Kerala Police, a Railway Courier Service started functioning from 1984 onwards, with a view to collect and distribute mails(Tapals/ Daks) from Police Headquarters to various districts and from the districts to the concerned places and Police Headquarters. A Railway Police Constable detailed for the Courier Service Duty collects the Dak from Police Headquarters every day evening and travels in the evening train from Thiruvananthapuram to Kasaragod(South to North) passing through all the districts.



ANTI NAXAL FORCE (ANF)/ ATF/ THUNDERBOLT COMMANDO FORCE

The Kerala Anti-Terrorist Squad (KATS) was established with an objective to efficiently tackle the Maoist (LWE) issues prevailing in the northern districts of Kerala.

The Kerala Anti-Terrorist Squad (KATS) is generally divided into two units, namely "Thunderbolt Commando Force" and "Anti Naxal Force (ANF)". The commandos of Thunderbolt are fully under the command and control of State Police Chief, Kerala. The nodal officers for KATS is now the Inspector General of Police, Kannur range. The field operations are

commanded and coordinated by Superintendent of Police (Operations) and the KATS having Headquarters at Areacode with a strength of 241 Commandos. The willing personnel from the IR Battalion will be trained and deputed as Thunderbolt Commandos, as and when required.

The Anti Naxal Force (ANF) which is to be deployed in the 5 LWE affected districts will consist of personnel from Battalions, other districts and from their respective local district as well.



HI-TECH CRIME ENQUIRY CELL

Hi-Tech Crime Enquiry Cell has been created to prevent and detect serious and organised Cyber Crimes. It is a special cell of Kerala Police which started functioning on 5th May 2006 by a special order of DGP of Kerala. Hi-Tech Cell currently functions under the direct supervision of SP, HQ Crime Branch and the overall command of Addl. Director General of Police, Crimes.

Hi-Tech Crime Enquiry Cell generally enquires into matters such as hacking of websites, online cheating, email hacking, phishing, identity theft, child pornography, social media abuse, mobile phone abuse, loss/ theft of mobile phones and a growing list of computer, internet and mobile phone facilitated crimes. Hi-Tech Crime Enquiry Cell undertakes extensive awareness activities on cyber-crimes and its prevention among students, employees of various organisations and the general public.



Hi-Tech Crime Enquiry Cell functions as an expert support and analysis unit to various police stations and other police units in the matter concerning Investigation of cyber-crimes and other crimes where technology has been used, requiring technical expertise to retrieve technical evidence.

The cell has not been given powers to register criminal cases relating to cyber-crimes and conduct investigation of criminal cases.

This cell is the Nodal Unit for the entire Kerala Police to interact with such units like C-DAC, C-DIT, NIC, Kerala IT Mission, KELTRON, Reprographic Centre, All mobile/ Internet Service Providers as far as crime investigation and related matters are concerned.



CHILD PORNOGRAPHY

Detected and traced the accused persons in several cases, who were regularly watching and transmitting child pornography.

WHATSAPP HARTHAL

Hi-Tech Crime Enquiry Cell assisted the investigation of hartal called by social media for collecting and tracing the suspects by analysing mobile numbers, social media accounts and mobile phones all over Kerala.

PIRACY

Hi-Tech Cell has provided assistance to Anti-piracy Cell for collecting and tracing the main admin details of "Tamil Rockers".

SOCIAL MEDIA MONITORING

In the recent agitation at Sabarimala, Hi-Tech Cell traced and identified the trouble makers who propagated derogatory and communally sensitive posts against Police and Government. Similar efforts were also taken against the spreading of rumours about NIPAH virus and Measles Rubella Vaccination.



AWARENESS CLASS TO SCHOOL/ COLLEGES/ OTHER INSTITUTIONS

Awareness classes to various schools/ colleges and other institutions were taken by the officials of Hi-Tech Crime Enquiry Cell.





## ICCACOPS (INTERNET CRIMES AGAINST CHILDREN - TASK FORCE)

Hi-Tech Cell is the nodal agency of Kerala Police, to do continuous monitoring of online child pornography. The suspect person's IP & Port details were collected through the web portal of ICCACOPS and recommended for registering case against the identified user.

## CYBER CHANGATHI AND HI-TECH CELL FACEBOOK PAGE.

Hi-Tech Cell Facebook Page, Cyber Changathi (Twitter account handled by Hi-Tech Cell) are used for circulating tips for preventing cyber offences and creating awareness among the people to be safe while using social media and online money transactions.

## DISTRICT CYBER CELLS

Cyber Cells are assisting investigation officers in proper analysis of digital records including CDRs/ Tower Dumps/ IPDR and in systematic collection of digital evidence (seizure of hard disks, memory cards, mobile phones, collection of CCTV footage) in cyber-crimes. Cyber

Cells provide all necessary assistance to the investigating officers for collecting digital evidence.

Besides this, District Cyber Cells have been providing training on prevention, detection, investigation of cyber-crime to police officers across districts. A Cyber Forensic Team comprising of 3 police officers has been constituted in each police station, to enquire/ investigate cases/ petitions involving cyber offences reported at the police station level. The Cyber Forensic Team is also instructed to train all police officers on various aspects of prevention, detection and investigation of cyber-crimes/ petitions. A Social Media Monitoring Cell has been constituted and is giving emphasis to vernacular/ hate/ Communal/ Political content. Precaution tips against cyber financial frauds and other cyber-crimes are being circulated through various social media platforms. Posts/ slides focused on creating awareness among users of cyber space about various channels through which cyber complaints can be routed are also circulated through various social media platforms. Public awareness programmes on Do's and Don'ts/ careful handling/ precaution tips against cyber financial frauds are very frequently conducted by Cyber Cells.



## KERALA POLICE CYBERDOME

Cyberdome is a technological research and development centre of Kerala Police Department conceived as a cyber centre of excellence in cyber security as well as technology augmentation for effective policing. It functions as a high tech public-private partnership centre of collaboration for different stakeholders in the domain of cyber security and handling of cyber-crimes in a proactive manner. One of the main objectives of the Cyberdome is to prevent cyber-crimes through developing a cyber-threat resilient ecosystem in the State to defend against the growing threat of cyber attacks by synergising with other departments and nodal agencies of the State. Cyberdome makes a collective coordination among the Government departments and agencies, academia, research groups, non-profitable organisations, individual experts from the community, ethical hackers, private organisations, and other law enforcement agencies in the country with an aim of providing a safe and secure cyber world for each and every citizen in the State. We are also linked up to many national and international cyber security collaborations as well as to the law enforcement agencies to fight against the borderless nature of cyber-crimes. In order to address the highly challenging and dynamic nature of cyber threats, apart from the Government stakeholders, the centre is also working hand in hand with industry fraternity in public-private partnership model for equipping the Kerala Police by adapting the latest technologies of rapidly changing environment. The industry and the software/ technology companies are providing their technical expertise and capabilities to assist the police in various fields of cyber security and technology augmentation for effective policing such as developing new software, providing technical assistance, sharing of their resources, giving extensive training and knowledge sharing sessions, awareness creation, contributing to the research and adding development activities in the pertinent domains, and being a host of

other areas as well. Centre is also aligned with lot of individual experts those who are having domain knowledge, unblemished background and committed to serve the society for a better tomorrow. Cyberdome is operating an online office of technical experts, ethical hackers, and competent cyber security professionals who can assist the police in the area of cyber security, cybercrime investigation and domain knowledge updating. This online office is also holding a group of specially selected experts having professional competency who can give assistance and suggestions to the police to tackle the various cyber policing issues cropping up in the cyber world.





### ACHIEVEMENTS

- Cyberdome bagged the Information Security Leadership Achievements Asia-Pacific (ISLA Asia-Pacific) Award 2018 for its efforts in cybercrime prevention.
- Won the FICCI Smart Policing Awards 2018 in the category of cyber security during the Homeland Security 2018 conference for public private participation in cyber security.
- Bagged the SKOCH Order-of-Merit Award - 2018.
- The award will be conferred during the 52nd SKOCH Summit with the underlying theme of 'State of Governance', in New Delhi.
- Kerala Police Cyberdome detected UPI Apps that could be used for financial frauds and based on the same, the National Payment Corporation of India & the RBI had taken action to withdraw two unsafe UPI Apps
- The online financial fraud project of Cyberdome was able to refund more than 40 lakhs to the victims of online fanatical fraud. Reserve Bank of India, based on the success of our project, is replicating this model throughout India from their regional officers. RBI Delhi has already started the initiative with the help of Kerala police Cyberdome
- Discovered and reported a critical vulnerability in TCS Core Banking website (SBI) and this was patched and major financial fraud possibility was plugged.
- Cyberdome operation namely Operation P-Hunt has traced the presence of many child pornographic groups formed with mobile apps, including Telegram, that provide strong encryption, secret chat options and identities without linking them to mobile phone numbers. Many accused were arrested in the cases from around the State.
- CODSEC - Conducted an event titled CODSEC-2018 for promoting secure coding as well as for inviting innovative ideas for smart policing. Around 200 people from both public and private sector participated in the event. 30 innovative ideas presented, out of these 30, three ideas were selected for implementation and first phase of the implementation happened last year
- Started a technology blog for Cyberdome, where new technological advancements are shared.
- Cybersecurity training has been given to Indian Navy, various Govt departments, Police officials in various aspects of cybersecurity and social media analysis, etc..
- 25+ VAPT done for Government websites, private websites, college websites etc. and vulnerabilities were communicated for patching and correction.
- Investigated various malware/ ransomware attacks that happened throughout the State and secured the infected devices.
- Co-hosted the c0c0n conference in partnership with ISRA and POLCYB, for the eleventh year in succession.
- The Social Media Lab for tackling all the challenges that the Social Media poses for the police department using various softwares, including the one developed by IIT Delhi for social media analytics
- Monitoring the Darknet - In association with certain companies and individuals, Cyberdome is monitoring the Darknet for proactive security.

- Offensive Strike Capabilities - A Cyber Defence Corp has been setup with a group of individual experts from the Cyber Security Industry, capable of offensive cyber-attacks.
- Piracy Tracker - A software has been developed in partnership model and this has been very successful in preventing piracy of films, particularly Malayalam movies.
- Online Safety of Children - A programme named "KIDGLOVE" is initiated in areas for enhancing online safety of children, engaging parents in the cyber world thus helping to create good digital parents and it is expected to be extended to all the schools in Kerala.
- Association of Mobile Wallets - A close liaison is being maintained with all mobile wallets on a shared platform to plug holes in the transactions related to mobile wallets under the close supervision of the RBI.
- Cyber Augmented Reality Character for Cyber Security Awareness - Release of Apps with Cyber Augmented Reality Character for Cyber Security Awareness among students. This was done for around 4,000 students in Kerala for cyber security awareness.
- Botnet and Malware Analysis Centre - Cyberdome has also setup "Botnet and Malware Analysis Centre" as one of the biggest threats in the current scenario is malware being embedded into hardware systems. In order to understand how technology fails and can thus be improved, to identify how assets are targeted and how they can be better protected, and to identify evidence that may be useful in pursuing attribution of adversaries
- Research Centre - Cyberdome is a cutting-edge Research and Development facility for the identification of cyber-crimes and criminals, innovative training, operational support and partnerships. Here the experts in the Police Department and IT cybersecurity industry experts, work together to bridge the gap, which previously existed in the investigation of cyber-crimes, thereby, channelling the resources and expertise to address cybersecurity, which has emerged as one of the most important national security challenges that our country is facing in the present scenario.



### KERALA POLICE CYBERDOME - WINS THE ISLA ASIA-PACIFIC 2018 AWARDS, SKOCH AWARD 2018 AND FICCI SMART POLICING AWARDS 2018, IN THE CATEGORY OF INNOVATIONS IN CYBER SECURITY



Kerala Police is proud to announce that three prestigious International and National recognitions/ awards, for its unique initiative in the area of Cyber Security. Kerala Police Cyberdome has been selected for the prestigious -

- 1 Showcased Honoree in the Managerial Professional for an InfoSec Project Category for #ISLA Asia-Pacific 2018.  
  
(ISC)<sup>2</sup>® and its Asia-Pacific Advisory Council, selected Kerala Police Cyberdome for the 12th annual (ISC)<sup>2</sup> Asia-Pacific Information Security Leadership Achievements (ISLA<sup>®</sup>) as the Showcased Honoree in the Managerial Professional for an Information Security Project category.
- 2 SKOCH Order-of-Merit - Cyberdome project has been selected for being conferred the SKOCH Order-of-Merit, having been rated and qualified on three parameters, namely, early bird, jury evaluation and popular vote. The award was conferred during the 52nd SKOCH Summit (21st-23rd June 2018) with the underlying theme of 'State of Governance', at Constitution Club of India, Rafi Marg, New Delhi.
- 3 FICCI SMART Policing Awards 2018 in the category of Cyber Security - The award was handed over during the Homeland Security 2018 conference, which was scheduled on May 31st, 2018 at FICCI, Federation House, Tansen Marg, New Delhi. Cyberdome - A public-private partnership initiative for cyber security.

Cyberdome is the technological research and development centre of Kerala Police Department conceived as a cyber centre of excellence in cyber security as well as technology augmentation for effective policing. It encompasses as a high tech public-private partnership centre of collaboration for different stakeholders in the domain of cyber security and handling of cyber crimes in a proactive manner. It is the only law enforcement organisation which has gained the ISO-27001 certification for Information Security Management.

The major achievements of Cyberdome in the last Year, which were considered by the Awards Committee are as follows:

1. A new Social Media Lab for tackling all the challenges that Social Media poses for the police department is opened under Cyberdome. The centre is using various software, including the one developed by IIT Delhi for Social Media analytics and also Cyberdome has tied up with various private companies for Social Media Management and analytics, free of cost.
2. Cocon Conference - An annual International conference titled 'COCON' has successfully been organised for last few years by Kerala Police, to create a rapport with industry, academia and international collaborators in this domain.
3. VAPT Analysis - VAPT (Vulnerability Assessment and Penetration

Testing) was done on all major Government websites and Cyberdome reported the vulnerabilities to the concerned departments for correction.

4. Workshops/ Training - Training/ workshops are conducted regularly on latest issues and trends in cyber security for officials and members of the public in Thiruvananthapuram.

6. Monitoring the Darknet - In association with certain companies and individuals, Cyberdome is monitoring the Darknet for proactive security.

7. Offensive Strike capabilities - A Cyber Defence Corp has been setup with a group of individuals and experts from the Cyber Security Industry, capable of offensive cyber attacks.

8. Piracy Tracker - A software has been developed in partnership model and this has been very successful in preventing piracy of films, particularly Malayalam movies.

9. Online Safety of Children - A programme named "KIDGLOVE" is initiated in areas like enhancing online safety for children, engaging parents in the cyber world thus helping to create good digital parents and it is expected to be extended to all the schools in Kerala.

10. Parental Control Software - A new software to tackle this global menace of Online Child Abuse & Exploitation in order to protect and/or rescue children by establishing legislation, raising awareness, reducing access to harm and supporting children from abuse or exploitation, is under development.

11. Anti Bank Fraud Cells - A Special Cell with a helpline has been created in association with RBI to tackle bank fraud, with particular reference to OTP frauds, online frauds and hacking of the Banking Sector. An online office of all the major banks is made operational for information sharing.

12. Association of Mobile Wallets - A close liaison is being maintained with all mobile wallets on a shared platform to plug holes in the transactions related to mobile wallets under the close supervision of the RBI.

13. Location Tracking - Cyberdome in association with IIITMK has developed a new software for exact pinpointing of mobile phone locations using the various GPRS coordinates available from the Cell ID and this will be useful to track down absconding accused.

14. Traffic Apps - Cyberdome in association with Strava Technologies has developed a Kerala Police Traffic Apps with a host of features for the benefit of the travelling public.

15. Cyber Augmented Reality Character for Cyber Security Awareness - Release of an App with Cyber Augmented Reality Character for Cyber Security Awareness among students. This was done in around 4,000



students in Kerala for cyber security awareness.

16. Botnet and Malware Analysis Centre - Cyberdome has also setup "Botnet and Malware Analysis Centre" as one of the biggest threats in the current scenario is malware being embedded into hardware systems. In order to understand how technology fails and can thus be improved, to identify how assets are targeted and how they can be better protected, and to identify evidence that may be useful in pursuing attribution of adversaries

17. Training Courses - Cyberdome helps to build the capacity of our policemen within our country and other countries, equipping them with the knowledge, skills and best practices needed to meet today's policing challenges. Partnerships with the public and private sectors, ensure the continued relevance of our training courses and access to the latest thinking and expertise. Training courses cover specialised crime areas such as terrorism, drugs and human trafficking, investigative support tools, forensic techniques etc.

18. Research Centre - Cyberdome is a cutting-edge Research and Development facility for the identification of cyber crimes and criminals, innovative training, operational support and partnerships. Here the experts in the Police Department and IT cyber security industry experts, work together to bridge the gap which previously existed in the investigation of cyber crimes, thereby channeling the resources and expertise to address cyber security, which has emerged as one of the most important national security challenges that our country is facing in the present scenario.

The mission/ vision of the Cyberdome Centre is to "Ensure a Cyber Secure World" and in this drive we have got a huge response from the industry, the private sector and professionals engaged in IT Industry, who have come forth to partner with us in this novel venture. Cyberdome is thus marching ahead as a law enforcement entity, in the vast and borderless world of internet, to keep it safe and secure. The model has now been adopted in many States including Assam, Punjab, Tamil Nadu, and many more States are on the anvil.

With the huge success of the Cyberdome Initiative, Kerala Government has now approved the establishment of Cyberdome wings in Calicut and Kochi. The Calicut wing has already started operations and the Kochi wing is expected to kickstart in the next two months.

Kerala Police is proud to share the credit of this recognition with all the citizens of the State and particularly with all the Cyberdome volunteers who have contributed immensely to the success of the project.







# CHAPTER 14

CONTROL ROOM



# FUNCTIONING OF POLICE CHIEF CONTROL ROOM(PCCR) AT POLICE HEADQUARTERS

The Police Chief Control Room started functioning at Police Head Quarters on 14 July 2017. PCCR is under the command and control of IGP (Administration). SP Headquarters looks after the day-to-day functioning of the Control Room. Function of the PCCR is round the clock.

The police officials at PCCR monitors the information received from District Special Branch, field staff and other sources, the actual serious or sensational incidents that occur are reported time to time to the State Police Chief and higher officials directly. Various news channels are monitored and important flash news appearing in various TV channels, are informed to the State Police Chief. The incidents having political, communal, extremist and law & order nature are monitored and further details collected from the local police authorities and actual facts will be communicated to the SPC on time. The phone calls through various sources are received and remedial actions are offered.

The functions are mainly categorised into:

**Communication Division:** Which enables the complete internal and external communication of the department without compromising the confidentiality of the matter.. Extending services to the needy in coordinating the actions inside and outside of the department and also the State. 5 Telephones including 3 CUG connections being handled by the office at a time always being connected to the Special Branch Unit of all districts, especially the sensitive areas in the districts. The sensitive matters informing the State Police Chief and higher officials directly over the phone or WhatsApp messages.

**Monitoring Division:** Maximum news channels are being monitored through 5 monitors at a time and the State Police Chief is directly informed of all the relevant factors which may affect the law and order situation or anything related for the policies of the departments. All incidents noticed are being recorded at the office and the further information is collected from the Special Branch Unit of the particular area.

**Disaster Management Division:** In case of emergency situations in which police has to act are being coordinated by the division. In time of Ockhi storm, police assumed a major role in coordinating the rescue operations and acted as an emergency control room in which phone

calls from the public were connected to the coastal security wing, coordinating in the rescue operation in the other State and collected the locations from the affected people and joined hands with the state disaster control room in all rescue action. After Ockhi, day to day data collection, Ockhi affected rescued deceased damaged property etc. are done at the office and made many other communication work in coastal security unit.

In time of the floods during August 2018, the office played a prominent role in connection with operation Jalaraksha. Attended phone calls from the affected and the other informers and passed the location to the concerned rescue teams through various mediums like phone, wireless message, WhatsApp message etc.. Coordinated the activities at rescued camps. Collected data of people affected, rescued, people deceased, damaged property, police personnels etc. from various sources and for various purposes.

Security Division: Daily location of Golf, Victor Eagle and other VIP/ VVIPs are being updated on daily basis and routine of each VVIP movement are being monitored. Necessary arrangements for safe movement are coordinated.

VHF communications are being monitored round the clock.

All the duties assigned by the Superior Officers are being carried out effectively on time like report collection, communicating/ alerting/ reminding superior officers' orders to the various destinations.

All communications to and from the other States are being monitored and coordinated with action according to the requirements.

The following communication facilities are as follows :-

Mob No.: 9497900999  
9497900286  
9497900296  
Land No.: 04712722500  
Email: pccr.pol@kerala.gov.in

## CONTROL ROOMS

Police Control Room (Fleet Strength of 4 wheelers and 2 wheelers)

| Sl. No | DISTRICT                 | CONTROL ROOM VEHICLE |             |
|--------|--------------------------|----------------------|-------------|
|        |                          | FOUR WHEELER         | TWO WHEELER |
| 1      | Thiruvananthapuram City  | 23                   | 0           |
| 2      | Thiruvananthapuram Rural | 2                    | 1           |
| 3      | Kollam City              | 8                    | 2           |
| 4      | Kollam Rural             | 3                    | 0           |
| 5      | Pathanamthitta           |                      |             |
| 6      | Alappuzha                | 4                    | 0           |
| 7      | Kottayam                 | 5                    | 0           |
| 8      | Idukki                   |                      |             |
| 9      | Kochi City               | 15                   | 0           |
| 10     | Ernakulam Rural          | 2                    | 0           |
| 11     | Thrissur City            | 10                   | 3           |
| 12     | Thrissur Rural           | 5                    | 5           |
| 13     | Palakkad                 | 4                    | 4           |
| 14     | Malappuram               |                      |             |
| 15     | Kozhikode City           | 20                   | 1           |
| 16     | Kozhikode Rural          | 11                   | 8           |
| 17     | Wayanad                  | 3                    | 0           |
| 18     | Kannur                   | 21                   | 0           |
| 19     | Kasaragod                | 9                    | 13          |

## WORKING OF PCR VEHICLES POPULATION IN KERALA

- Assisting local police and traffic police in crime prevention and traffic regulations
- Patrolling
- Participation in special drives
- Safety of girls' schools and colleges
- Visibility of police vehicles
- Safety and security of women
- Training in life saving drills
- Shifting of injured to hospital

Control Room vehicles located in various police station premises act as first Police Presence and they handle the L&O situation till the Police Party comes from concerned police station. Moving vehicles also proclaim the Police Presence in order to prevent crime and they also check the vehicles to reduce traffic accidents and regulate traffic. CRVs are conducting petty case detection so as to prevent vehicle theft, criminals and transportation of illicit materials are also being checked during night hours.

## PATROLLING

Control Room Vehicles are patrolling around the clock in the locations and station premises allotted to each vehicle, thereby the public can avail more safety and security as well as the enhancement of confidence level among them. It also ensures enforcement at earliest mode of arrival at distress points.

## PARTICIPATIONS IN SPECIAL DRIVES

Control Room Vehicles are patrolling around the clock in the locations and station premises allotted to each vehicle, thereby the public can avail more safety and security as well as the enhancement of confidence level among them. It also ensures enforcement at earliest mode of arrival at distress points.

## SAFETY OF GIRLS' SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES

The locations are diligently charted to ensure timely and continuous police presence especially near schools and colleges. In morning and evening time it is ensured that Police Presence is established through CRVs in the front of schools and colleges where girls and women are present in larger numbers.

## VISIBILITY OF POLICE VEHICLE

The Police Presence is ensured mainly by CRVs. Various locations have been allotted in consideration with the nature and priority of concerned locations in which presence of more people i.e. shopping malls, bus stands, railway stations, schools, colleges etc.. Accordingly the crime rate has been reduced in a remarkable manner and we are also able to prevent a crime well in advance.

All the PCR vehicles are active and visible to the public. They halt at main junctions, bye-pass areas, bus stops, railway stations, school areas, function places etc.. Hence the visibility of the PCRs are assured.

## SAFETY AND SECURITY OF WOMEN

In most of the districts Pink Police is operating to ensure the safety and security of women. Anyone can avail Women Police Assistance at any time. Instructions have been given to the CRVs for close watch in areas where women and children presence is high. They also conduct patrolling in the areas including Vanitha Mandiram, women's hostels etc. to enhance the confidence level of women. Awareness class and self defence classes are being given to women and children.

## TRAINING IN LIFE SAVING DRILLS

Life saving drills are being given to the Police Personnel in control by the help of technical team from qualified and skilled faculty from the institutions which are handling explosive and hazardous gas and chemicals like BPCL, IOC, FACT etc.. Trauma care and first aid classes are also being given to the Police Personnel from Control Room and Traffic, those who regularly interfere with such conditions with the joint help of hospital authorities and doctors. Sunrise hospital, Welcare, PVS and Lake Shore hospitals. Control Room Police officers and men are also participating in mock drills which are being conducted by Distress Management, IOC, and Shipyard.

## SHIFTING OF INJURED TO HOSPITALS

Highway Police and CRVs play a major role by reaching the accident scene, thereby providing immediate assistance to the victims for shifting them to the nearest hospital and save their life. To strengthen the main objective of rescue operations the awareness classes with practical demonstration have being given to all Highway Surksha Jagratha Samithi Members to act prominently in accident sites. As a result death rate has been reduced considerably.





FUNCTIONS

- Surveillance cameras installed in various locations in cities and rural areas.
- Conducts vehicles patrolling in day and night in all jurisdictions.
- All PCR vehicles are participating in special drive and other duties.
- All PCR vehicles are conducting school traffic point duties on all working days morning and evening.
- All PCR vehicles cover railway stations, bus stands, beaches within 24 hours and the duty of PCR vehicles are visible to the public.
- PCR vehicles and ambulances are operating in C/Room for helping the injured persons in accident and other occasions helping them to reach the nearest hospital.
- All PCR vehicles detect Suo Moto cases which are handed over to the respective police stations. Every accident case is reported through phone calls or visualised during patrolling are handled with utmost care. During heavy traffic conditions PCRs assist Traffic Police for the smooth flow of traffic. Active patrolling through 24 hours prevents most of the criminal activities.
- Patrolling in highways and local areas helped to act upon crimes and increase the feel of security in the society.
- CRVs participation in special drive includes Combing operations, Suo Moto, MV petty detection, school time tipper checking.

STATISTICS OF PCR CALLS RECEIVED ON DIAL 100

The main goal of Control Room is assigned as, to attend the phone calls from public who are in need of police aid and other matters. Control Room takes on the role of coordinator by receiving information from public and other sources by means of telephone and wireless set and convey the same to the concerned police force for taking necessary action.

| Sl. No. | DISTRICT                 | AVRG. NO. OF CALLS RECEIVED DURING THE YEAR 2018 |
|---------|--------------------------|--|
| 1       | Thiruvananthapuram City  | 959460   |
| 2       | Thiruvananthapuram Rural | 32850  |
| 3       | Kollam City              | 73000  |
| 4       | Kollam Rural             | 10000  |
| 5       | Pathanamthitta           |  |
| 6       | Alappuzha                | 7930   |
| 7       | Kottayam                 | 4380   |
| 8       | Idukki                   |  |
| 9       | Kochi City               | 912500   |
| 10      | Ernakulam Rural          | 18250  |
| 11      | Thrissur City            | 13000  |
| 12      | Thrissur Rural           | 252200   |
| 13      | Palakkad                 | 2026   |
| 14      | Malappuram               |  |
| 15      | Kozhikode City           | 7984   |
| 16      | Kozhikode Rural          |  |
| 17      | Wayanad                  | 1825   |
| 18      | Kannur                   | 255500   |
| 19      | Kasargod                 | 10950  |

GOOD WORK DONE

The integrity of service of PCR Vehicles was remarkable during the recent floods that hit our State. The PCR stood ahead in rescue by directing and transporting the boats and coastal fishermen who played a vital role in the life saving activities in the flood hit areas.

UPGRADATION OF TECHNOLOGIES IN POLICE CONTROL ROOM AND COMMUNICATION INCLUDING IMPLEMENTATION OF GIS-GPS

Crime Mapping Software is GIS based Web Application used to create a centralised spatial database of crime in real time for better planning, decision making and effective policing activities. Most of the PCR and highway patrol vehicles are installed with GPS systems, all the GPS systems are working and the reporting of the concerned crimes have been marked in the GIS web portal.

PINK PATROLS



The presence of Pink vehicles in areas where Women and Children are prone are playing a vital role in bringing down eve-teasing and similar activities. Moreover their presence is fuelling confidence for the public, especially among women and children.







# CHAPTER 15

HEADQUARTERS  
& RECRUITMENT



HUMAN RESOURCES

SANCTIONED STRENGTH AS ON 31.03.2018

1. Staff Strength (Temporary/ Permanent) of Various Cadres and Men in Position (Only Numbers)

(A) PERMANENT

| SL. No. | DESIGNATION                                     | NO. OF POSTS |
|---------|---|--------------|
| 1       | Director General of Police & State Police Chief | 1            |
| 2       | Additional Director General of Police           | 7            |
| 3       | Inspector General of Police                     | 12           |
| 4       | Deputy Inspector General of Police              | 10           |
| 5       | Superintendent of Police IPS                    | 50           |
| 6       | Superintendent of Police (non-IPS)              | 20           |
| 7       | Deputy Superintendent of Police                 | 247          |
| 8       | DC AR CAMP                                      | 8            |
| 9       | AC AR CAMP                                      | 44           |
| 10      | INSPECTOR OF POLICE                             | 354          |
| 11      | RESERVE INSPECTOR                               | 43           |
| 12      | DC AP BATTALION                                 | 11           |
| 13      | AC AP BATTALION                                 | 36           |
| 14      | API   | 65           |
| 15      | W DYSP  | 1            |
| 16      | W CI  | 22           |
| 17      | SI (KCP)  | 2,197        |
| 18      | ASI (KCP)                                       | 2,051        |
| 19      | SCPO (KCP)                                      | 7,499        |
| 20      | CPO   | 23,996       |
| 21      | W CPO   | 3,088        |
| 22      | W SI  | 129          |
| 23      | W ASI   | 3            |
| 24      | W SCPO  | 168          |
| 25      | AP SI   | 188          |
| 26      | AP ASI  | 80           |
| 27      | BATTALION HAVILDAR                              | 1,387        |
| 28      | BATTALION POLICE CONSTABLE                      | 7,001        |
| 29      | BN HW HC  | 20           |
| 30      | BN W PC   | 760          |
| 31      | DYSP ARMOUR                                     | 1            |
| 32      | IP ARMOUR                                       | 5            |

|    |                    |       |
|----|--------------------|-------|
| 33 | SI ARMOUR          | 21    |
| 34 | ASI ARMOUR         | 17    |
| 35 | HC ARMOUR          | 53    |
| 36 | PC ARMOUR          | 67    |
| 37 | DYSP MT            | 5     |
| 38 | MT                 | 17    |
| 39 | MT SI              | 8     |
| 40 | MECH ASI           | 1     |
| 41 | MECH HAVILDAR      | 30    |
| 42 | FITTER/ MECH PC    | 61    |
| 43 | ELECTRICIAN PC     | 34    |
| 44 | CLEANER PC         | 30    |
| 45 | SI DRIVER          | 30    |
| 46 | PC DRIVER          | 3,031 |
| 47 | MOTOR CYCLE RIDER  | 2     |
| 48 | BAND SI            | 8     |
| 49 | BAND HAVILDAR      | 17    |
| 50 | BAND PC            | 191   |
| 51 | BUGLER SI          | 4     |
| 52 | DRUMMER SI         | 3     |
| 53 | BUGLER PC          | 94    |
| 54 | DRUMMER PC         | 71    |
| 55 | ORCHESTRA SI       | 1     |
| 56 | ORCHESTRA HC       | 1     |
| 57 | ORCHESTRA PC       | 12    |
| 58 | TAILOR PC          | 21    |
| 59 | CARPENTER PC       | 36    |
| 60 | PAINTER PC         | 25    |
| 61 | CINEMA OPERATOR PC | 1     |
| 62 | LATEH OPERATOR PC  | 1     |
| 63 | BLACKSMITH PC      | 13    |
| 64 | MASON PC           | 1     |
| 65 | MACHINIST PC       | 1     |
| 66 | UPHOLSTER PC       | 1     |
| 67 | WELDER PC          | 1     |
| 68 | FARRIER PC         | 2     |
| 69 | BINDER PC          | 1     |



|     |                                      |       |
|-----|--------------------------------------|-------|
| 70  | Sr. AA                               | 7     |
| 71  | AA                                   | 38    |
| 72  | SS/ AO/ MANAGER                      | 63    |
| 73  | JS                                   | 192   |
| 74  | CASHIER/ HEAD CLERK/ ISA/ SA         | 100   |
| 75  | Sr. CLERK/ CLERK                     | 1,301 |
| 76  | CLERK CUM TYPIST                     | 3     |
| 77  | CA                                   | 110   |
| 78  | FCS                                  | 39    |
| 79  | SELECTION/ SENIOR/ UD/ TYPIST        | 333   |
| 80  | CHIEF PHOTOGRAPHER                   | 1     |
| 81  | PHOTOGRAPHER                         | 23    |
| 82  | MALAYALAM TRANSLATOR                 | 1     |
| 83  | ATTENDER                             | 46    |
| 84  | RONEO OPERATOR                       | 1     |
| 85  | BINDER                               | 2     |
| 86  | PACKER                               | 2     |
| 87  | LASCAR                               | 2     |
| 88  | OA                                   | 134   |
| 89  | FTS                                  | 24    |
| 90  | PTS                                  | 770   |
| 91  | CF                                   | 1,231 |
| 92  | SYCE                                 | 15    |
| 93  | SADLER                               | 3     |
| 94  | DYSP TELE                            | 2     |
| 95  | IP TELE                              | 24    |
| 96  | SI TELE                              | 188   |
| 97  | ASI TELE                             | 40    |
| 98  | HC TELE                              | 209   |
| 99  | PC TELE                              | 387   |
| 100 | DIRECTOR, FINGER PRINT BUREAU        | 1     |
| 101 | DEPUTY DIRECTOR, FINGER PRINT BUREAU | 1     |
| 102 | TESTER INSPECTOR                     | 23    |
| 103 | FINGER PRINT EXPERT                  | 44    |
| 104 | FINGER PRINT SEARCHER                | 25    |
| 105 | DIRECTOR FSL                         | 1     |
| 106 | JOINT DIRECTOR FSL                   | 6     |

|     |                        |        |
|-----|------------------------|--------|
| 107 | ASSISTANT DIRECTOR FSL | 19     |
| 108 | SCIENTIFIC OFFICER     | 38     |
| 109 | LAB TECHNICIAN         | 1      |
| 110 | MECHANIC               | 1      |
| 111 | DIRECTOR, SHB          | 1      |
| 112 | CHIEF REPORTER         | 3      |
| 113 | SENIOR GRADE REPORTER  | 5      |
| 114 | REPORTER GRADE         | 15     |
| 115 | REPORTER GRADE II      | 8      |
| 116 | SENIOR GRADE ASSISTANT | 22     |
| 117 | ASSISTANT GRADE        | 126    |
| 118 | ASSISTANT GRADE II     | 35     |
| 119 | CRIMINOLOGIST          | 1      |
|     | TOTAL                  | 58,964 |



(B) TEMPORARY TRAINING POSTS

| Sl. No. | Designation | No. of Posts |
|---------|-------------|--------------|
| 1       | AC          | 11           |
| 2       | API         | 23           |
| 3       | AP SI       | 67           |
| 4       | AP ASI      | 22           |

|   |                  |       |
|---|------------------|-------|
| 5 | HAVILDAR         | 325   |
| 6 | POLICE CONSTABLE | 1,400 |
| 7 | CAMP FOLLOWERS   | 225   |
|   | TOTAL            | 2,073 |



2. STAFF STRENGTH(PHQ)

| Sl. No. | CATEGORY             | SANCTIONED STRENGTH | EXISTING STRENGTH      |
|---------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------------|
| 1       | JS                   | 20                  | 20                     |
| 2       | FCS                  | 4                   | 4                      |
| 3       | Cashier              | 1                   | 1                      |
| 4       | HC                   | 1                   | 1                      |
| 5       | HA                   | 1                   | 1                      |
| 6       | ISA                  | 1                   | 1                      |
| 7       | CA                   | 19                  | 19                     |
| 8       | Sr.Clerk/ Clerk      | 119+30 (SN)         | 119+29 (SN)            |
| 9       | Typist               | 28                  | 27                     |
| 10      | OA                   | 17                  | 17                     |
| 11      | Malayalam Translator | 1                   | 1                      |
| 12      | Binder               | 3(2+SN1)            | 3(2+1)                 |
| 13      | Lascar               | 2                   | 2                      |
| 14      | Packer               | 2                   | 2                      |
| 15      | Roneo Operator       | 1                   | 0                      |
| 16      | FTS                  | 3                   | 3<br>(Temporary basis) |
| 17      | PTS                  | 16                  | 16                     |

3. DETAILS OF EMPLOYEES WORKING ON CONTRACT/ DEPUTATION/ DAILY WAGES/AS GUESTS (CATEGORY WISE NUMBERS)

(a) Details of employees working on deputation in Police Department

| Sl. No. | CATEGORY            | 2017-18 |
|---------|---------------------|---------|
| 1       | Staff Nurse         | 6       |
| 2       | Pharmacist          | 12      |
| 3       | JPHN                | 3       |
| 4       | Livestock Inspector | 1       |
| 5       | Nursing Assistant   | 6       |
| 6       | Hospital Attendant  | 4       |
| TOTAL   |                     | 32      |

(b) Details of employees sent on deputation -21

| Sl. No. | CATEGORY       | 2017-18 |
|---------|----------------|---------|
| 1       | JS             | 1       |
| 2       | FCS            | 1       |
| 3       | SB Asst. Gr. I | 1       |
| 4       | Clerk          | 18      |
| 5       | OA             | 0       |
| TOTAL   |                | 21      |

4. RECRUITMENTS MADE DURING THE YEAR (CADRE WISE NUMBERS) INCLUDING COMPASSIONATE APPOINTMENTS (CATEGORY WISE NUMBERS)

(a) Recruitment made during the year (PHQ)

| Sl. No. | CATEGORY | 2017-18 |
|---------|----------|---------|
| 1       | CA       | 5       |
| 2       | Clerk    | 6       |
| 3       | Typist   | 2       |
| 4       | PTS      | 0       |
| 5       | OA       | 3       |
| TOTAL   |          | 16      |

(b) IRB Commando wing

Police Constable - 163

A. KAP - I

Police Constable - 361

Drivers - 46

5. RETIREMENTS DURING THE YEAR (GAZETTED &NON-GAZETTED OFFICERS)

(a) List of Gazetted Officers who are due to retire from service during 2017 - 2018

| Sl. No. | CATEGORY           | 2017-18 |
|---------|--------------------|---------|
| 1       | SP Non IPS         | 20      |
| 2       | DySP/ AC/ DC       | 50      |
| 3       | JPHN               | 34      |
| 4       | Tester Inspector   | 1       |
| 5       | Assistant Director | 2       |
| 6       | Sr. AA             | 3       |
| 7       | AA                 | 5       |
| 8       | AO                 | 5       |
| 9       | SS                 | 13      |
| 10      | CA (Sel Grade)     | 4       |

(b) List of Non Gazatted Officers who are due to retire from service during 2017 - 2018

| Sl. No. | CATEGORY                   | 2017-18 |
|---------|----------------------------|---------|
| 1       | Sub Inspector (Civil)      | 205     |
| 2       | Sub Inspector (Women)      | 8       |
| 3       | Sub Inspector (Technical)  | 9       |
| 4       | Asst Sub Inspector (Civil) | 293     |
| 5       | SCPO                       | 729     |
| 6       | HC/ SCPO (Technical)       | 51      |
| 7       | CPO                        | 135     |
| 8       | CPO (Technical)            | 5       |
| 9       | Staff Nurse                | 1       |

|    |                     |    |
|----|---------------------|----|
| 10 | JS                  | 36 |
| 11 | CA                  | 1  |
| 12 | Head Clerk/ Cashier | 38 |
| 13 | Senior Clerk        | 48 |
| 14 | FCS                 | 8  |
| 15 | SGT                 | 5  |
| 16 | OA                  | 4  |
| 17 | Attender            | 2  |
| 18 | FTS                 | 3  |
| 19 | PTS                 | 10 |
| 20 | Camp Followers      | 38 |

6. DISMISSAL/ RETRENCHMENTS DURING THE YEAR (2017-18)

(a) Dismissal

|                      |
|----------------------|
| IRB Thrissur         |
| Police Constable - 1 |
| Recruited PC - 1     |

RECRUITMENT OF SIS (Trainee) - 2018

The sanctioned cadre strength of Sub Inspector of Police (KCP cadre) in police department was 2,024. As such, the quota of the direct recruits was 1,012. But, there was a litigation between the rank holders about the RSI posts shifted to KCP consequent on the integration vide GO(P) 268/2010. In the Final Order dated 14.07.2017 in OA No. 1958/2016 the Administrative Tribunal Ordered that 'the Sanctioned Strength of SIs being 2,024, for direct recruitment 50% of the same (1,012) will have to be reckoned'.

On the basis of the said Final Order in the OA No. 1958/2016 filed by Sri. Unnikrishnan Nair & others, a clarification was offered from and ordered to report the clear vacancies of Sub Inspector of Police to KPSC. It was also ordered that, if the vacancies exist outside the Quota of Direct SIs, the same vacancies should be reported to KPSC only provisional, subject to the confirmation of Court Judgment. Accordingly, a total of 191 vacancies of SIs (KCP) had been reported to KPSC and KPSC had advised 191 candidates for the appointment to the SI of Police. After completing all formalities, 146 candidates were found suitable to be appointed as SI Trainee.

Out of the 146 candidates, now, 115 SI Cadets are undergoing basic training at KEPA. 48 NJD vacancies have already been reported to KPSC. 6 candidates applied for extension of joining time and the same were forwarded to Govt. Remaining 22 NJD vacancies will be reported to KPSC after completing all formalities as per rules.

RECRUITMENT OF WSIS (TRAINEE) - 2018

Department has reported 30 vacancies of WSI to KPSC. Out of the 30 advices, 20 WSI Cadets are undergoing training at KEPA. Total 7 NJD has already been reported to KPSC. Remaining, 3 candidates have applied for extension in joining time.

SPORTS RECRUITMENT TO THE HAVALDAR CATEGORY IN 2018

1. As per the Government order in GO(MS) No.203/2017/Home dated 07.10.2017, the Govt. accorded sanction for appointing 3 players to Kerala Police Volleyball Women's team. As per the letter No. 67/

Camp/ADGP TRG/2018 dated 22.05.218, the selection committee had submitted the select list in which 3 players each were placed in the main list and reserved list respectively. As per the G.O. No. 129/2018/home dated 09.08.2018, the three candidates in the main list was appointed in the Armed Battalions and at present they are undergoing training.

2. As per the G.O. (Rt) No.16/2019/Home dated 31.01.2019, the Govt also accorded sanction for appointing 3 more woman players who were placed in the reserve list of volleyball recruitment mentioned above. The process for the appointment of these candidates is being processed.

3. As per the Govt. letter No.A1/388/2017/Home dated 11.07.2018, the Govt. has directed to furnish a detailed proposal regarding the recruitment of sports personnel (volleyball men) for effecting the recruitment through Kerala Public Service Commission. The Govt. was indented to take such a decision due to the observance of a lot of allegations in the selection process conducted in previous years. In this regard, the central sports officer was instructed to submit a detailed report as mentioned above. Awaiting the report.

In the case of water polo, even though the Government had set aside the selection process and decided to conduct the selection process afresh including the same candidates who participated in the previous selection trials. But, the Hon'ble KAT has quashed the Government's decision and directed to appoint all the eligible candidates who are included in the select list prepared by the selection committee constituted for the recruitment of water polo players.

SPECIAL TRIBAL RECRUITMENT OF PCS - 2018

As per the G.O. (Rt) No.183/16/Home dated 27.06.2016 the Govt. created 75 PCs (54 CPOs & 21 WCPOs) posts for the recruitment of men from tribal pockets in Wayanad, Palakkad & Malappuram districts. Out of which, 67 tribal youths were recruited (50 CPOs & 17 WCPOs ) and they are undergoing training at present.

RECRUITMENT OF DRIVERS - 2018

Vide G.O. (MS) No.07/2017/Home dated 17.01.2011 the Govt. has created 400 driver PC posts and the same was distributed to 19 Police Districts in the force. A total number of 468 vacancies were reported to PSC. Out of which, the training for 398 mens was completed, 5 undergoing training and 4 advices received from PSC are under process. Awaiting 61 advices from KPSC.

RECRUITMENT TO INDIA RESERVE BATTALION - 2018

Commando PCs

As per G.O. (MS) No.72/2017/Home dated 31.03.2017 the Govt. has created 210 Commando PCs. All these vacancies were reported to PSC, of which, 152 Rt PCs were recruited and undergoing training at present. Recruitment process to the remaining 41 vacancies yet to be commenced.

Regular PCs

Out of 262 existing vacancies 172 PCs are undergoing training and 52 advice received from PSC are under process. Remaining advices yet to be received from PSC.

RECRUITMENT OF PCS, AP BN - 2018

Out of the 3,365 recruits, 2,325 have successfully completed the training and inducted in to the force during 2018. 853 recruits are now undergoing training in various Battalions in the State. 89 candidates were relegated and 597 advices against the (NJD/ fresh) reported vacancies have to be received from KPSC. The KPSC had issued notification and the written examination for the fresh recruitment has already been conducted. Physical test yet to be conducted.



RECRUITMENT OF WPCS, AP BN – 2018

Out of the 837 recruits, 573 recruits have successfully completed the training and inducted in to the force during 2018. 151 recruits are now undergoing training in various Battalions in the State. 64 candidates were relegated and 49 advices against the (NJD/ fresh) reported vacancies have to be received from KPSC.

DETAILS OF POSTS/ PERSONNEL TRANSFERRED TO LOCAL BODIES – NIL

PERSONNEL SENT ON DEPUTATION

IPS officers – 74  
Ministerial – 21  
KAP I – 3  
IRB – 8

DETAILS OF POSTS CREATED/ ABOLISHED DURING THE YEAR

1 post of ADGP IS and 1 post of DIG IS was created during the year

210 Commando Police Constable post created vide Go. No. 72/2017 dated 03.03.2017

SUPERNUMERARY POSTS OPERATED DURING THE YEAR

Supernumerary Post Created In PHQ

Clerk – 4 (Sports Quota)  
TVPM Range – 3  
KAP I – 3  
IRB clerk – 2  
SBCID – 9

CONSULTANT ENGAGED DURING THE YEAR 2017-18: NIL

VARIOUS COURSES ATTENDED BY IPS OFFICERS – JANUARY 1, 2018 ONWARDS

| Sl. No. | NAME                           | RANK | TRAINING TOPIC  |
|---------|--------------------------------|------|---|
| 1       | Dinendra Kashyap IPS           | IGP  | Regional workshop for effective implementation of umbrella scheme                               |
|         |                                |      | Phase II Mid career training programme  |
| 2       | Vijayan IPS                    | IGP  | Addressing participants of the Phase III Mid career training programme                          |
| 3       |                                |      | VISIT – Interact with the course participants on the topic ‘student policing’ on 21 March, 2018 |
| 4       | Anup Kuruvila John IPS         | DIG  | Vertical interaction course   |
| 5       | Kaliraj Mahesh Kumar IPS       | SP   | Cyber Crime   |
| 6       | Jacob Job IPS                  |      | Security (VIP & Industrial)   |
| 7       | Yathish Chandra IPS            | SP   | Law and order   |
| 8       | Harisankar IPS                 | SP   | Regional workshop for effective implementation of umbrella scheme                               |
| 9       | Arul R.B. Krishna IPS          | SP   | Mid career interaction training   |
| 10      | J.Himendranath IPS             | SP   | Counter Terrorism Interview and Investigation   |
| 11      | Merin Joseph IPS               |      | Course on Ethical Leadership  |
|         |                                |      | Bangkok   |
| 12      | Aadithya IPS                   | SP   | Course on Ethical Leadership  |
|         |                                |      | Security (VIP & Industrial)   |
| 13      | Karthikeyan Gokulachandran IPS | SP   | Workshop on CCTNS   |
| 14      | Zacharia George IPS            | SP   | Mid career interaction training   |
| 15      | Chaithra Teresa John IPS       | ASP  | Cyber Crime Investigation   |
| 16      | Sujith Das IPS                 | SP   | Urban operations  |

(b) Training Attended By Police Officers/ Men During 2017-201

| Sl. No. | NAME OF COURSE   | No. of Personnel |
|---------|--|------------------|
| 1       | Cyber crime investigation  | 10               |
| 2       | Investigation  | 9                |
| 3       | Mobile forensics and CDR analysis  | 2                |
| 4       | Workshop on homeland security with special reference to contemporary issues  | 2                |
| 5       | CCTNS  | 10               |
| 6       | RTI  | 1                |
| 7       | Counter insurgency and jungle warfare  | 7                |
| 8       | Crime against women and juvenile justice                                     | 1                |
| 9       | Ethical hacking and cyber crime  | 1                |
| 10      | Explosives, IEDs and post blast procedures                                   | 1                |
| 11      | High altitude training   | 14               |
| 12      | Departmental enquiry   | 1                |
| 13      | Radio communication security course  | 8                |
| 14      | Document examination for CJF   | 1                |
| 15      | Scientific investigation of crime involving firearms                         | 3                |
| 16      | Traffic management   | 5                |
| 17      | Crime scene investigation  | 3                |
| 18      | SPF  | 32               |
| 19      | OSC functionaries  | 5                |
| 20      | ToT on disaster management   | 10               |
| 21      | ToT on intelligence  | 15               |
| 22      | Cyber policing   | 3                |
| 23      | Investigation of atrocities against SC/ST and weaker sections                | 2                |
| 24      | Drug law enforcement   | 1                |
| 25      | Interrogation  | 7                |
| 26      | Role of forensic science and forensic medicine in increasing conviction rate | 2                |
| 27      | Intelligence   | 1                |
| 28      | Workshop on combating violence against women and girls                       | 1                |
| 29      | Investigation of terrorist crime and post blast investigation                | 2                |
| 30      | Cyber law  | 3                |
| 31      | Drug law enforcement   | 3                |
| 32      | Collection and preservation of digital evidence                              | 2                |
| 33      | Mobile forensics   | 9                |
| 34      | Communication technology appraisal course                                    | 1                |
| 35      | Drug law enforcement   | 3                |
| 36      | Police basics cipher course (PBCC-350)                                       | 2                |

|    |  |    |
|----|--|----|
| 37 | Disaster management  | 3  |
| 38 | Investigation of fake Indian currency notes  | 1  |
| 39 | LC Mass for Analysis of drugs and explosives   | 5  |
| 40 | WMD CCI  | 1  |
| 41 | Course on Investigation and Terrorist Crime and Post Blast Investigation   | 4  |
| 42 | Self-development and conflict management for middle level women police officers                                  | 1  |
| 43 | Crime scene evidence   | 4  |
| 44 | VIP security   | 4  |
| 45 | Economic offence   | 2  |
| 46 | Bomb disposal advanced course  | 5  |
| 47 | Investigation of special crime including homicide and anti-human trafficking cases                               | 1  |
| 48 | Impact of forensic reports on judicial decisions   | 1  |
| 49 | Drug law enforcement   | 1  |
| 50 | Cyber forensics and admissibility of digital evidence  | 2  |
| 51 | Kaval  | 15 |
| 52 | BDDS   | 3  |
| 53 | IED disposal course  | 13 |
| 54 | Individual identification techniques   | 2  |
| 55 | Geographical investigation system  | 2  |
| 56 | Veterinary nursing course  | 33 |
| 57 | Technology in law enforcement  | 2  |
| 58 | Fire and explosives investigation  | 3  |
| 59 | Collection and preservation of digital evidence  | 3  |
| 60 | National standard for forensic DNA profiling   | 2  |
| 61 | OCC  | 3  |
| 62 | NSG  | 17 |
| 63 | Urban operations   | 3  |
| 64 | Explosives   | 1  |
| 65 | Vertical interaction course on LWE appreciation  | 1  |
| 66 | Law and order  | 4  |
| 67 | Activities of fundamentalist/radical groups and their impact on national security                                | 2  |
| 68 | Missing children   | 3  |
| 69 | MCIT between armed forces and civil service officers in disaster relief and civil military relations during HADR | 1  |
| 70 | Crime and justice  | 1  |
| 71 | Joint Interpol and US federal bureau of investigation  | 2  |
| 72 | Commando course  | 12 |
| 73 | Mid career interaction training between the armed forces and civil service officers on jihadist threat in India  | 2  |



8. AWARDS, REWARDS, CERTIFICATES, ETC. FOR MERITORIOUS SERVICE

(a) Presidents Police Medal For Distinguished Service Declared On The Occasion Of Independence Day 2017

- 1. Sri. N. Ramachandran IPS, DPC, Kottayam
- 2. Sri. P.K. Madhu SP, HHW-II, CBCID, Ernakulam

(b) Presidents Police Medal For Meritorious Service Declared On The Occasion Of Independence Day 2017

- 3. Sri. K.T. Chacko, Deputy Commandant, KAP-III, Pathanamthitta
- 4. Sri. Mohammed Shafi K., DySP, Kalpetta, Wayanad
- 5. Sri. K.M. Sabu Mathew, DySP, District Special Branch, Idukki
- 6. Sri. S. Santhosh Kumar, APSI, KAP-II Bn, Palakkad
- 7. Sri. P.M. Raphi, ASI, SPI Branch, Thrissur
- 8. Sri. G. Jayachandran Nair, SI, DCRB, Pathanamthitta
- 9. Sri. N.K. Anilkumar, Senior Civil Police Officer, SBCID, Thrissur Rural
- 10. Sri. P.C. Sunil, Senior Civil Police Officer, DCB, Thrissur Rural
- 11. Sri. D. Mohanan, SP, Intelligence, SBCID HQrs, Thiruvananthapuram
- 12. Sri. A.R. Premkumar, SP, Admin & Crimes, DPO Kochi City
- 13. Sri. K.K. Aji, DySP, KEPA, Thrissur
- 14. Sri. T.K. Suresh, DySP, Internal Security, SBCID, Kozhikode Range
- 15. Sri. E.N. Suresh, DySP, Special Team, PHQ
- 16. Sri. M.A. Manojkumar, Asst. CMT, KAP-II Bn, Palakkad
- 17. Sri. V.M. Satheesh Kumar, SI, CWS, Tele HQrs
- 18. Sri. M.L. Sunil, SP, SBCID, Kozhikode Range

Meritorious Service Entries are awarded for conspicuous good work meriting special recognition. Deputy Superintendent of Police and Inspectors of Police and Officers of corresponding ranks will be eligible for these awards which will be made by the Inspector General of Police.

(c) Participation in fairs/ exhibitions

During the year 2017-2018 Police Department participated in the following fairs and exhibitions:

- 1. Bangalore Trade Fair - 2017
- 2. India International Trade Fair (New Delhi) - 2017
- 3. 2nd Anniversary of Kerala Govt. (State level exhibitions) - 2018

(d) Awards/ rewards/ citations received by the department/organisation from external agencies/ Govt. of India/ Non Govt.

- 1. URBAN Mobility India 2017 – Award for the best practice projects in Urban transport (Given to Sri. Manoj Abraham IPS, IGP, TVM Range)
- 2. Cyber COP Award - 2017 (Given to Sri. K.E. Biju, V & ACB)

9. DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS INITIATED AGAINST DEPARTMENTAL PERSONNEL

Disciplinary proceedings are being initiated against the Police Personnel as per Kerala Police Departmental Inquiry Punishment and Appeal Rule, 1958. Details of disciplinary proceedings initiated against Police Personnel for the year 2017-2018 are furnished below:

| YEAR      | ORAL ENQUIRY | NON ORAL ENQUIRY |
|-----------|--------------|------------------|
| 2017-2018 | 46           | 16               |

Total number of disciplinary proceedings are being initiated against police personnel from all districts are 175.











# CHAPTER 16

KPHCC



# ABOUT KERALA POLICE HOUSING & CONSTRUCTION CORPORATION LTD.

The Kerala Police Housing and Construction Corporation Ltd. was established in 1990 with the objective of taking up the construction of buildings and quarters to the end-users in the 17 Police Districts of Kerala State. The Corporation is proud to carry out various construction activities for the various Government Departments like the State Police, the Vigilance and Anti-Corruption Bureau, the Prisons and the Fire and Rescue Services. Recently, the Corporation has begun expanding its horizon by undertaking the work of other Departments/Organisations entrusted to the Corporation by the State Government. KPHCC Ltd.'s main focus of activity is towards the construction of residential buildings and quarters for the Police Department under various State/ Central Government schemes. The main sources of funds to this corporation are through the declared Central Government schemes like Modernisation of Police Forces and Finance Commission Awards. Certain major projects undertaken by the Corporation are also funded by the State Government. The KPHCC raised loans from various institutions like HUDCO and LIC Housing Finance Corporation for selected projects approved by the State Government. Such loans were raised with the prior approval of the Government and upon Government guarantee.

The Kerala Police Academy, Thrissur is the initial milestone and one among the major initial projects undertaken by the KPHCC utilising loans from HUDCO. The administrative sanction for the project was Rs. 22 cores. The Police Headquarters has ordered and sanctioned a number of projects coming under various Central Government schemes like Modernisation of Police Forces & Finance Commission Awards also at the Kerala Police Academy campus. The Police Headquarters Complex at Vazhuthacaud is another major project which is under construction utilising loans from financial institutions and plan funds of the Corporation. A large number of Police Stations, Circle Offices, Sub-Divisional Police Offices, Extension to Police Stations, AP Bn Barracks, District Police Offices, CBCID/ SBCID Offices, Police Control Rooms, Lower Subordinate Quarters, Upper Subordinate Quarters, Passport Cells etc. are under various stages of construction by the Corporation. Work under modernisation of Prisons Administration is also awarded to the Corporation by the Prisons Department.

The work of other organisations such as Kerala Metal Mineral Ltd., Indian Space Research Organisation, Kerala Medical Service Corporation Ltd., Kerala Live Stock Development Board, Kerala Books & Publication Society etc. are also awarded to the Corporation.

## MAIN OBJECTIVES OF THE CORPORATION

To acquire land, with or without buildings, undertake construction and maintenance of houses, offices and other buildings and let out on rent, lease or any other arrangement and on such terms and conditions as may be agreed, for housing personnel of the Police, the Vigilance, the Fire and Rescue Services and Prison Departments of the Govt. of Kerala or for use as Offices, Police Stations, Training Institutes, Forensic Science Laboratory, Barracks, Stores etc.. Of the said departments to the Govt. or to any institution or body and to sell, exchange, transfer or otherwise dispose of such land and buildings to the Government or other institutions or body for whom the work concerned is undertaken by the Company or to enter into any agreement with them for the above purpose.

To carry on the business of builders, real estate agents, property developers, consultants, contractors, engineers, architects, interior decorators and designers, buyers/sellers and transferors, execute turnkey projects, value added services, act as total solution providers, importers, dealers in distributors of all kinds of building material, furnishings and to undertake planning and construction of various types of civil structures including buildings for the Govt. Offices, Local bodies, Municipal Corporations and Non- Government entities and

housing for their employees and residential houses, flats apartments for individuals and others.

To carry on the business as estate developers, agents and managers and to collect rents, arrange repairs, look after and manage immovable properties of persons, Firms and Companies, Governments and others, to give, take, sublet lease out any property, to carry out, undertake or supervise any building construction, altering, improving , demolishing and repairing structures and other work and operations relating to townships, colonies and others.



## OBJECTIVES INCIDENTAL OR ANCILLARY TO THE ATTAINMENT OF THE MAIN OBJECTIVES

- To raise funds necessary for the above and other allied objects, by securing loans from the Government and other sources, including financial institutions and banks on reasonable rate of interest, to arrange for their utilisation and proper repayment, to obtain grants available from the Central or/and State Governments to achieve the aforesaid objects.
- To borrow or raise money from issue of or upon bonds, debentures, bills of exchange, promissory notes or other obligations or securities of the company, or by mortgage, hypothecation pledge or charge of all or any part of the property of the company or of its uncalled capital or in such other manner as the company shall think fit.
- To enter into contract with persons, institutions or organisations to carry out the objects of the company.
- To employ or pay experts, consultants etc., in connection with the planning and development of all business connected with the Company's operations.
- To procure and arrange for necessary machinery, material, equipment, technical and managerial assistance, information, instruction, inspection, supervision and other facilities for the purpose of carrying into effect any of the objects of the Company.
- To acquire by purchase, exchange, lease, transfer or otherwise however, the land and or/ buildings necessary for carrying out any of the objects of the Company.
- To purchase, take on lease, transfer or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any real or personal property and any rights or privileges, which the company may think necessary or convenient for the purpose of its activities and in particular any land, buildings, easement, machinery, plant and stock in trade.
- To enter into agreement with the Government of Kerala, the Governments of India , Governments of Other State or Corporate Body or Local Authority or any Persons for carrying out the objectives of the company or furthering its interests and to obtain from such Government, local authority, Corporate Body or person, any charts, subsidies, loans, indemnities, grants contracts licences, rights, concessions, privileges or immunities which the company may think it desirable to obtain and exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions.
- To make, draw, accept, endorse, discount, execute, issue and negotiate cheques, bills of exchange, promissory notes, debentures and other negotiable or transferable instruments but the Company shall not carry on the business of banking as defined in the Banking Regulation Act, 1949.
- To invest any money of the Company not for the time being required for any of the Company in such investments (other than shares or stocks in the company) as may be considered proper and to hold or otherwise deal with such investments.
- To receive money or deposit and to utilise the same for the objectives of the Company. the acceptance of deposit shall be subject to the provision of section 58A of the Companies Act 1956 and the rules framed thereunder.
- To enter into partnership or into any agreements for sharing profits, union of interest, cooperation, joint venture, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company or companies carrying on or engaged in or adopt to carry on, or engage in any business or

transaction which this company is authorised to carry on, engage in or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this Company.

- From time to time, to establish or to subscribe or contribute guarantee money or to give donation to any charitable, benevolent, religious, scientific or national trusts, fund, associations and institutions and to any other useful objects, purpose, fund, institutions of a public character which in the opinion of the Board of Directors is likely to promote the interests of the business of the Company or to further its objects or to increase its reputation or popularity among its employees, its customers, or the public or otherwise and/or to any charitable or useful funds whatsoever or for any exhibition subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956.
- To provide drainage facilities, lighting, laying of roads, paths and parks etc. in the construction and for housing schemes formulated, propounded, executed or adopted by the Company.
- To lay or re-lay, out of any land comprised in the schemes, to distribute or redistribute sites or houses, to close or demolish obstructive buildings or portions of building, unfit for the human habitation, to demolish obstructive buildings or portions of buildings, the construction and reconstruction of buildings, their maintenance and preservation, the construction and alteration of streets and back lanes, the provision of drainage, water supply and lighting of the area included in the schemes, the provision of park, playgrounds and open spaces for the benefit of any area comprised in the schemes or any adjoining area and the enlargement of existing parks, approaches etc..
- The collection of such information, data and statistics as may be necessary for carrying out its objectives.
- To refer all questions, disputes or differences (whether present or future) arising between the company and any other person whosoever in connection with or in respect of any matter either relating to the business or affairs of the Company or otherwise to arbitration, either in India or abroad in such manner and upon such reference to arbitration may be made in accordance with the provisions of any law in India relating to arbitration or in accordance with any other foreign system of law or in accordance with the rules of any Chamber of Commerce (either Indian or International);
- Subject to provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 or any other enactment in force, to indemnify and keep indemnified members, officers, directors, agents, employees and servants of the Company against proceedings, costs, damages, claims and demands in respect of anything done or ordered to be done by them for and in the interest of the company and for any loss, damage or misfortune whatever which shall happen in the execution of the duties of their office or in relation thereto.





BUSINESS OF THE COMPANY IS MANAGED BY THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

To acquire land, with or without buildings, undertake construction and maintenance of houses, offices and other buildings and let out on rent, lease or any other arrangement and on such terms and conditions as may be agreed, for housing personnel of the Police, the Vigilance, the Fire and Rescue Services and Prison Departments of the Govt. of Kerala or for use as Offices, Police Stations, Training Institutes, Forensic Science Laboratory, Barracks, Stores etc.. Of the said departments to the Govt. or to any institution or body and to sell, exchange, transfer or otherwise dispose of such land and buildings to the Government or other institutions or body for whom the work concerned is undertaken by the Company or to enter into any agreement with them for the above purpose.

To carry on the business of builders, real estate agents, property developers, consultants, contractors, engineers, architects, interior

decorators and designers, buyers/sellers and transferors, execute turnkey projects, value added services, act as total solution providers, importers, dealers in distributors of all kinds of building material, furnishings and to undertake planning and construction of various types of civil structures including buildings for the Govt. Offices, Local bodies, Municipal Corporations and Non- Government entities and housing for their employees and residential houses, flats apartments for individuals and others.

To carry on the business as estate developers, agents and managers and to collect rents, arrange repairs, look after and manage immovable properties of persons, Firms and Companies, Governments and others, to give, take, sublet lease out any property, to carry out, undertakes or supervise any building construction, altering, improving , demolishing and repairing structures and other work and operations relating to townships, colonies and others.

|                            |                             |                                |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Shri .N. Shanker Reddy IPS | Director General of Police  | Chairman and Managing Director |
| Shri. S. Sreejith IPS      | Inspector General of Police | DIRECTOR                       |
| Smt. Suprabha              | Joint Secretary (PWD)       | DIRECTOR                       |
| Smt. Ramani Mathew         | Joint Secretary (Home)      | DIRECTOR                       |
| Shri. Gopakumar            | Joint Secretary (Fin)       | DIRECTOR                       |

AUTHORITY AND RESPONSIBILITY

Procedure followed in decision making processes including channels of supervision and accountability:

The Board of Directors of the Corporation is empowered to take all the policy decisions and Managing Director is vested with powers to conduct or manage the business of the company, subject to the control and supervision of the Board of Directors.

The Managing Director is appointed with the prior approval of the Government for such period as deemed fit. The Managing Director is authorised by the Board to exercise such powers and discretion in relation to the affairs of the Company as specifically delegated by the Board of Directors of the Company.

The Technical supervision of the work is carried out by the Project Engineer/ Assistant Project Engineer and Site Supervisors appointed by the Managing Director on contract basis subject to the general control and supervision of the Chief Engineer.

The management of funds of the Corporation is vested with Managing Director assisted by the Finance Manager of the Corporation. The bank accounts of the Corporation are strictly operated by the Managing Director/ Finance Manager. All administrative functions are under the direct control of the Managing Director who is assisted by Administrative Manager and Finance Manager.

All major decisions relating to execution of work, fund management and administrative matters are taken only with the approval of Managing Director. All the financial transactions as well as other administrative matters are managed from the Corporate Head Office of the KPHCC.

WINGS OF THE CORPORATION

- 1. Technical
- 2. Finance
- 3. Administration
- 4. Vigilance

The Technical Wing of the Company is headed by a Chief Engineer/ Executive Engineer assisted by Asst. Executive Engineers/ Assistant Engineers and other staff taken on contract basis for the completion of specific projects. The Chief Engineer/ Asst. Executive Engineer/ Assistant Engineer are taken on deputation from the Civil Construction wings of the State/ Central Government Departments. Shri. Ashraf (CE i/c). is presently the Chief Engineer of the Corporation.

The Finance Wing is headed by a Finance Manager taken on deputation from the Finance Department of State Government. He is assisted by an Administrative Manager, Junior Superintendents, Upper Division/ Lower Division Clerks and Accountants taken on deputation/ contract basis. Shri. Taratious is presently heading the Finance Wing as Finance Manager. Shri. Taratious (AM i/c) is the Administrative Manager.

A VIGILANCE WING HAS ALSO BEEN CONSTITUTED WITH THE FOLLOWING OFFICERS

- 1. Finance Manager as Vigilance Officer (Chairman, Vigilance Wing)
- 2. Asst. Executive Engineer, KPHCC as Asst. Vigilance Officer

To carry out various construction activities and related administration, experienced hands are taken on contract basis for the completion of specific projects. Such temporary contract staff are paid a retainer fee for the services rendered by them.

The Company utilizes the services of a concurrent auditor to scrutinise its accounts and all financial transactions. In addition to the above, the accounts of the Corporation are audited by the Internal Auditors, the Statutory Auditors and the Accountant General.

UNIQUENESS OF KPHCC

- Intelligent architecture & quality in structural design for both office and housing projects
- Speedy arrangements for execution as per the norms and needs of the customer department
- Timely completion of projects
- Corruption-free implementation
- Adhering to all norms of State Public Works Department
- Economy in execution

YEARLY REPORTS

Various Financial Schemes (MoPF/ MGP/ Xth FCA/ XI FCA)

Audited Financial Reports

The Company has not engaged any full time Company Secretary as the paid-up share capital of the Company is less than Rs. 2 crores. However, the Company has to furnish the compliance certificate by a practicing Company Secretary as contemplated in S.383(A) of the Companies (Amendment) Act, 2000 and Companies (Compliance Certificate) Rules 2001. Accordingly, the services of Shri. G. Raman Pillai, FCS has been engaged in this regard.

In addition to the above, the accounts of the Corporation are audited by the Internal Auditors, the Statutory Auditors and the Accountant General.

The audit of the company has been completed for 2009-10 and the Annual Report published.

The internal audit for the financial year 2012-13 has been completed. The Internal Audit of 2013-14 is also in progress.

The accounts are expected to be updated by March, 2017.

ACHIEVEMENTS

The Board in its 74th meeting approved the proposal to secure ISO 9001:2000 Certification and authorised the Managing Director to proceed further in the matter.

Accordingly, this Corporation was successful in achieving an ISO 9001:2008 Certification, pioneer of its kind in any Government Corporation engaged in construction activity with effect from 9th June 2008, thereby acquiring an:

- Improved consistency with traceability
- Enhanced customer focus
- Focused leadership
- The involvement of employees
- A systematic approach to management
- Continual improvement in the quality of work undertaken
- A factual approach to decision making and
- A mutually beneficial relationship

OUR QUALITY POLICY

“We at KPHCC are driven by our emphasis and thrust towards the continuous improvement of quality in all the activities undertaken by us and to provide our customers with quality products and services on time, upholding ethics and good business practices.”

POLICE DEPARTMENT WORKS

- Armed Police Line
- Armed Police Building
- Administration Blocks
- Aquatic Training Centre
- Barracks
- Building for Intelligence & Cyber Centre
- Building for Armed Police Training
- Campus Area Network
- CBCID Offices
- CBCID Police Stations
- Circle Offices
- Coastal Security Police Stations
- CPD Buildings
- Cyber Crime PS
- DPO Buildings
- District Police Control Room
- District Police Line
- District Armed Reserve Line
- Explosive Magazine
- Firing Range construction/ Modifications
- Indoor Training Centre
- Kennels
- Lower Subordinate Quarters
- Office Blocks
- Out Posts
- Police Aid Posts
- Passing Out Parade Pavilion
- Police Station Buildings
- Police Headquarters Complex
- Range Offices
- Regional Training Centre
- SBCID Office
- SDP Offices
- Training Infrastructure
- Traffic Training School
- Traffic Police Station
- Training Seminar Hall
- Upper Subordinate Quarters
- Vanitha Cell
- Zonal Offices

OTHER DEPARTMENT PROJECTS

- Nursing College Hostel (CAPE)
- Industrial GALA
- Veterinary Council work
- Rehabilitation Plantation Labour Tenants
- National Games
- ISRO Buildings
- Kerala State Sports Council
- Elephant Proof Wall and Forest Office - Forest Department
- Kerala Tourism Department
- Titanium Sponge Plant at KMML
- Modernisation of Jails
- Kerala Medical Service Corporation Ltd.
- Kerala Books & Publications Ltd.
- Regional Dairy Lab and Training Centre - Kerala Livestock Development Board
- High-Tech Dairy - Dairy Development Department
- Renovation of NRHM Building
- Hyper Market, Civil Supplies Corporation
- Renovation of Dairy, State Dairy Farm

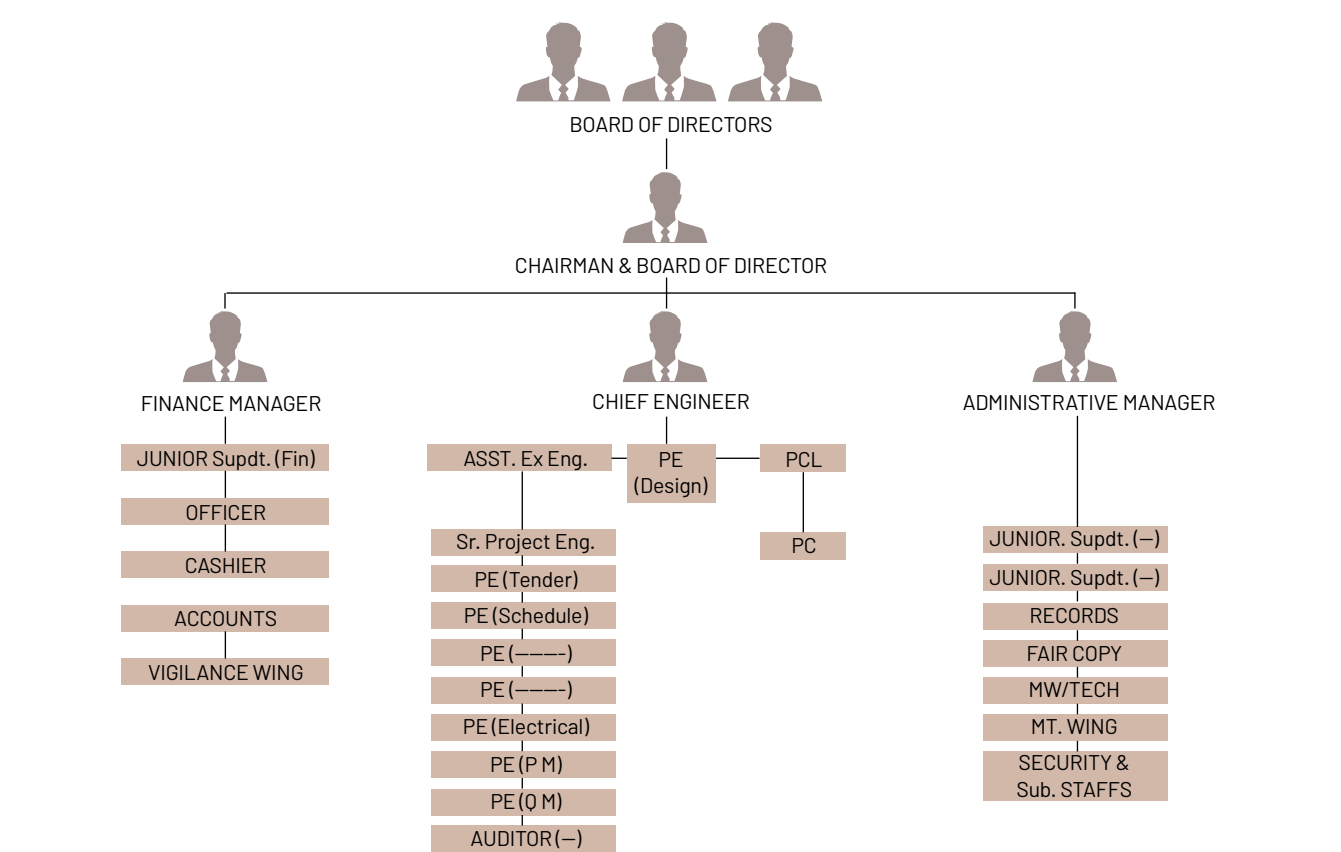


MAJOR ONGOING PROJECTS

| NAME OF WORK   | SCHEME  |
|--|---|
| Barrack for IR Battalion   |   |
| Commando Barrack for IR Bn                                       |   |
| Construction of Balance Floor of PHQ                             | 13th FCA, Capital outlay, Plan fund 2011-12, 12-13, 13-14 |
| Kottayam DPO   | 13th FCA, Plan Fund 2010-2011                             |
| CPO Building at Thrissur   | MoPF 2011-12, FCA, MoPF                                   |
| Barrack at AR Camp Thrissur                                      | MoPF 2011-12  |
| A Type Dormitory   | 13th FCA  |
| USQ 10 No. at Bhakthivilasom                                     | MoPF  |
| LSQ 5 No. at Harippad  | MoPF  |
| CBCID Office at Kottayam   | MoPF  |
| LSQ 8 No. at Kuttikkanam, Idukki                                 | MoPF  |
| Regional Forensic Science Laboratory at Thrippunithura           | MoPF  |
| Barrack at AR camp, Palakkad                                     | MoPF  |
| LSQ at Chinthavalappu, Kozhikkode                                | MoPF  |
| District Training centre at Kannur                               | MoPF  |
| Barrack at Periya, Kasaragod                                     | MoPF  |
| Regional Dairy Laboratory and Dairy Training Centre at Kasaragod | OD  |
| Typical House (25 no.) in Tribal Colony at Kuriyottumala         | OD  |
| Infrastructure for Thrissur Zoological Park, Puthur              | OD  |
| Elephant Proof Stone Wall at Kasaragod                           | OD  |
| Additional Construction of ITI for Women at Thottada,Kannur      | OD  |
| SIMC, Pangappara, Thiruvananthapuram                             | OD  |
| Construction of Vijnjanvadies in Various Districts               | OD  |

MAJOR UPCOMING PROJECTS

| NAME OF WORK  | SCHEME |
|---|--------|
| Construction of CBCID Office, Palakkad                                      | MoPF   |
| Construction of CID Office, Mananthavady                                    | MoPF   |
| Construction of LSQ 10 no. at Kalamassery                                   | MoPF   |
| Construction of LSQ 10 no. at Nemom   | MoPF   |
| Construction of CBCID Office, Kannur  | MoPF   |
| Construction of Urban PS (5 No.)  | MoPF   |
| Training Infrastructure Development, KEPA                                   | MoPF   |
| Mess Hall at Pampa & Sannidhanam  | MoPF   |
| Construction of Quarantine Barrack/ Sports Hostel at Thiruvananthapuram     | MoPF   |
| Public friendly Service Delivery Oriented Police Station buildings (10 Nos) | MoPF   |











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